



**FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT
SERVICE MANUAL**

**MODELS: MFC3360C
FAX1960C
FAX1860C**

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Preface

This Service Manual is intended for use by service personnel and details the specifications, construction, theory of operation, and maintenance for the Brother machines noted on the front cover. It includes information required for troubleshooting and service--disassembly, reassembly, and lubrication--so that service personnel will be able to understand equipment function, repair the equipment in a timely manner and order spare parts as necessary.

To perform appropriate maintenance so that the machine is always in the best possible condition for the customer, service personnel must adequately understand and apply this manual.

The table below shows the functional comparison between the models covered by this manual.

Model	MFC3360C	FAX1960C	FAX1860C
RAM	16 MB		
LCD	16 characters x 1 line, monochrome		
Handset (Hook switch PCB)	√	---	√
Cordless handset (Cordless PCB and charge PCB)	---	1 unit*	---
Backup battery	---	√	---
TAD	---	√	---
ADF	√	√	√
Movable platen	---	---	---
PhotoCapture Center	---	---	---
Photo tray	---	---	---

* Number of cordless handsets that the machine has as standard. Up to four cordless handsets including optional ones can be registered.

This manual describes the models and their versions destined for major countries. The specifications and functions are subject to change depending upon each destination.

How this manual is organized

This manual is made up of nine chapters and appendices.

CHAPTER 1 PARTS NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

Contains external views and names of components and describes their functions. Information about the keys on the control panel is included to help you check operation or make adjustments.

CHAPTER 2 SPECIFICATIONS

Lists the specifications of each model, which enables you to make a comparison of different models.

CHAPTER 3 THEORY OF OPERATION

Gives an overview of the scanning and printing mechanisms as well as the sensors, actuators, and control electronics. It aids in understanding the basic principles of operation as well as locating defects for troubleshooting.

CHAPTER 4 ERROR INDICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Details error messages and codes that the incorporated self-diagnostic functions display if any error or malfunction occurs. If any error message appears, refer to this chapter to find which components should be checked or replaced.

The latter half of this chapter provides sample problems that could occur in the main sections of the machine and related troubleshooting procedures. This will help service personnel pinpoint and repair defective components.

CHAPTER 5 TRANSFER OF DATA LEFT IN THE MACHINE TO BE SENT FOR REPAIR

Describes how to transfer data left in the machine to be sent for repair. The service personnel should instruct end users to follow the transfer procedure given in this chapter if the machine at the user site cannot print received data due to the printing mechanism defective. End users can transfer received data to another machine to prevent data loss.

CHAPTER 6 DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATION

Details procedures for disassembling and reassembling the machine together with related notes. The disassembly order flow provided enables you to see at a glance the quickest way to get to component(s) involved.

At the start of a disassembly job, you check the disassembly order flow that guides you through a shortcut to the target components.

This chapter also covers screw tightening torques and lubrication points to which the specified lubricants should be applied during reassembly jobs.

CHAPTER 7 ADJUSTMENTS AND UPDATING OF SETTINGS, REQUIRED AFTER PARTS REPLACEMENT

Details adjustments and updating of settings, which are required if the head/carriage unit, main PCB and some other parts have been replaced.

CHAPTER 8 CLEANING

Provides cleaning procedures not covered by the User's Guide. Before starting any repair work, clean the machine as it may solve the problem concerned.

CHAPTER 9 MAINTENANCE MODE

Describes the maintenance mode which is exclusively designed for the purpose of checks, settings and adjustments of the machine using the keys on the control panel.

In the maintenance mode, you can update memory (EEPROM: electrically erasable programmable read-only memory) contents for optimizing the drive conditions of the head/carriage unit or the paper feed roller and paper ejection roller in the engine unit, if those units have been replaced, or for setting the CIS scanner area, for example. You can also customize the EEPROM according to the shipment destination of the machine concerned. In addition, you can perform operational checks of the LCD, control panel PCB or sensors, perform a print test, display the log information or error codes, and modify firmware switches (WSW).

For models with a cordless handset, the maintenance functions dedicated to cordless handsets are provided.

Appendix 1 Reading Labels

Shows the location of labels put on some parts and describes the coding information for serial number, property data, and manufacturing information.

Appendix 2 Firmware Installation

Provides instructions on how to change firmware stored in the flash ROM on the main PCB or load firmware to a new main PCB from the host PC.

Appendix 3 EEPROM Customizing Codes

Provides instructions on how to set up the EEPROM customizing codes for the various preferences exclusively designed for each destination. The specified customizing code is stored in the EEPROM mounted on the main PCB. If the main PCB is replaced, therefore, you need to set up the proper customizing code with the machine in the maintenance mode.

Customizing codes customize firmware for individual models, enabling the common firmware to be used for various models. A list of EEPROM customizing codes comes with the firmware data provided by Brother Industries.

Appendix 4 Firmware Switches (WSW)

Describes the functions of the firmware switches, which can be divided into two groups: one is for customizing preferences designed for the shipping destination (as described in [Appendix 3](#)) and the other is for modifying preferences that match the machine to the environmental conditions. Use the latter group if the machine malfunctions due to mismatching.

Appendix 5 Wiring Diagrams

Provides the wiring diagrams that help you understand the connections between PCBs.

Appendix 6 Circuit Diagrams

Provides the circuit diagrams of the MJ PCB and power supply PCB.

Appendix 7 Deletion of Personal Information

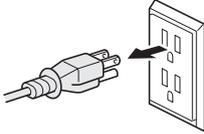
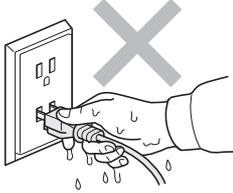
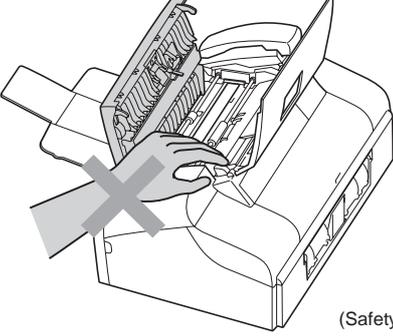
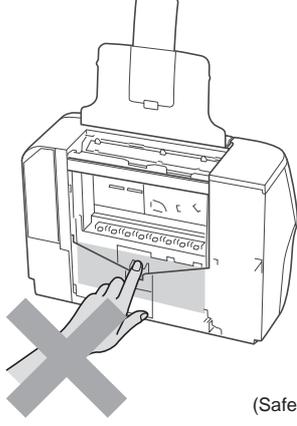
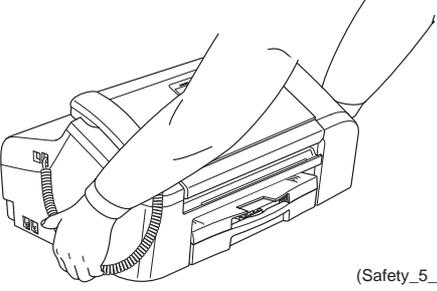
Provides instructions on how to delete personal information recorded in the machine and cordless handset(s).

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

To use the machine safely

Please refer to these instructions for later reference and before attempting any maintenance.

WARNING

	<p>There are high voltage electrodes inside the machine. Before you clean the machine, make sure you have unplugged the telephone line cord first and then the power cord from the AC power outlet.</p>  <p>(Safety_1)</p>	 <p>Do not handle the plug with wet hands. Doing this might cause an electrical shock.</p>  <p>(Safety_2)</p>
	<p>To prevent injuries, be careful not to put your hands on the edge of the machine under the panel cover.</p>  <p>(Safety_3_BHL7_SF)</p>	 <p>To prevent injuries, be careful not to touch the area shaded in the illustration.</p>  <p>(Safety_4_BHL7_SF)</p>
	<p>When moving the machine you must lift it from the base, by placing your hand at each side of the unit as shown in the illustration. Do NOT carry the machine by holding the panel cover.</p>  <p>(Safety_5_BHL7_SF)</p>	

 **WARNING**

- Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines. Never touch telephone wires or terminals that are not insulated unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the wall jack. Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm. Never install a telephone wall jack in a wet location.
- This product must be installed near an AC power outlet that is easily accessible. In case of emergencies, you must disconnect the power cord from the AC power outlet in order to shut off power completely.
- To reduce the risk of shock or fire, use only a No. 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

 **Caution**

- Lightning and power surges can damage this product! We recommend that you use a quality surge protection device on the AC power line and on the telephone line, or unplug the cords during a lightning storm.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

When using the machine, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and injury to persons, including the following:



1. Do not use this product near water, for example, near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or washing machine, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
2. Avoid using this product during a lightning storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
3. Do not use this product to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
4. Use only the power cord provided with the machine.

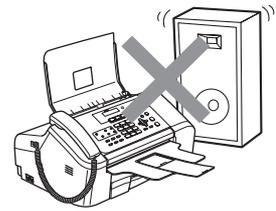
SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Choosing a location

Place the machine on a flat, stable surface that is free of vibration and shocks, such as a desk. Put the machine near a telephone wall jack and a standard, grounded AC power outlet. Choose a location where the temperature remains between 50°F and 95°F (10°C and 35°C).

Caution

- Avoid placing the machine in a high-traffic area.
- Avoid placing the machine on the carpet.
- Do not place the machine near heaters, air conditioners, water, chemicals, or refrigerators.
- Do not expose the machine to direct sunlight, excessive heat, moisture, or dust.
- Do not connect the machine to electrical outlets controlled by wall switches or automatic timers.
- Disruption of power can wipe out information in the machine's memory.
- Do not connect the machine to electrical outlets on the same circuit as large appliances or other equipment that might disrupt the power supply.
- Avoid interference sources, such as speakers or the base units of cordless phones.



(Location_BHL7_SF)

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- Certificates of Deposit
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- Passports
- Postage Stamps (cancelled or uncanceled)
- Immigration Papers
- Welfare documents
- Cheques or Drafts drawn by Governmental Agencies
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- Licences and Certificates of Title to motor vehicles

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CHAPTER 1

PARTS NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

CHAPTER 1 PARTS NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

This chapter contains external views and names of components and describes their functions. Information about the keys on the control panel is included to help you check operation or make adjustments.

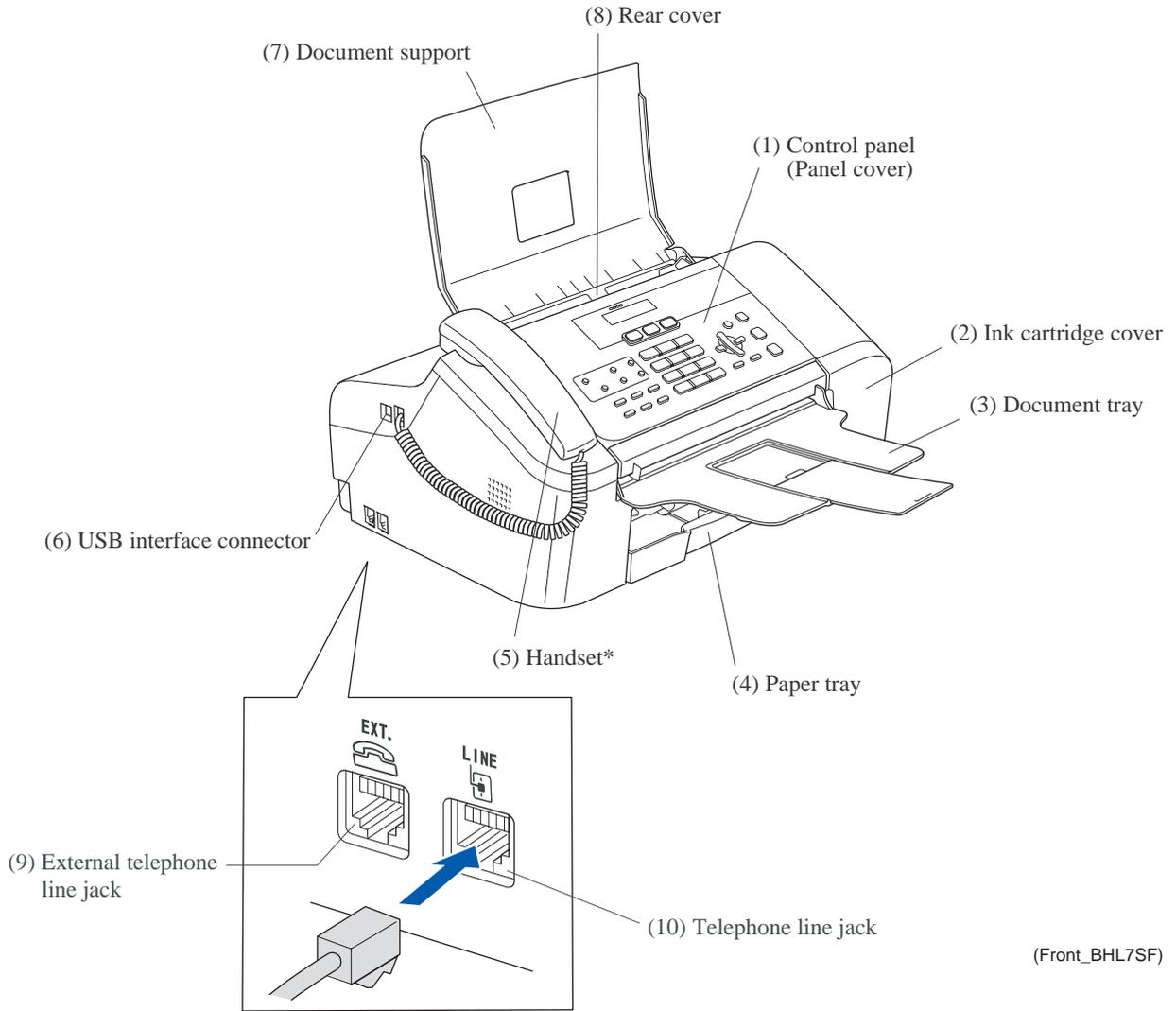
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1.1 OUTLINE

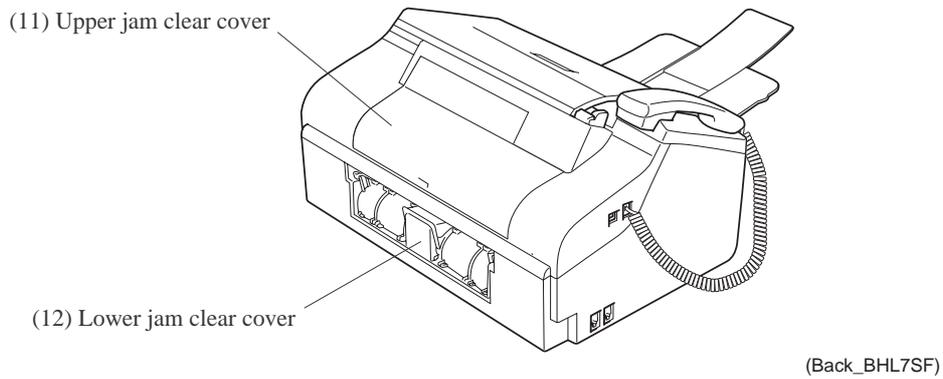
■ Fax machine

Front view



* For models with handset

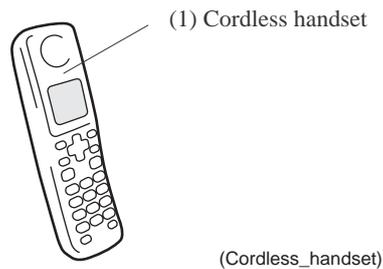
Back view



No.	Name	Description
(1)	Control panel (Panel cover)	Use the keys to operate the machine. The liquid crystal display (LCD) shows the machine operation status.
(2)	Ink cartridge cover	Open to replace ink cartridges.
(3)	Document tray	Scanned documents come out here.
(4)	Paper tray	Load paper here. Paper will be fed into the machine, sheet by sheet.
(5)	Handset*	Use for telephone conversations.
(6)	USB interface connector	Connect the USB cable here.
(7)	Document support	This supports documents (originals) loaded.
(8)	Rear cover	Load documents (originals) here.
(9)	External telephone line jack	Plug in the modular plug on the external telephone line here.
(10)	Telephone line jack	Plug in the modular plug on the telephone line here.
(11)	Upper jam clear cover	Open to remove paper jammed inside the machine.
(12)	Lower jam clear cover	

* For models with handset

■ **Cordless handset (For models with cordless handset)**



No.	Name	Description
(1)	Cordless handset	Use for telephone conversations.

1.2 CONTROL PANEL

■ Fax machine

MFC3360C (U.S.A. model)



FAX1960C



FAX1860C



1 On/Off

You can turn the machine on or off.

2 LCD (liquid crystal display)

Displays messages on the screen to help you set up and use your machine.

3 One-Touch keys

Instantly accesses your stored Quick-Dial numbers.

■ Shift

When held down, lets you access One-Touch numbers **6** to **10**.

4 Fax keys

■ Redial/Pause

Redials the last number called. It also inserts a pause when programming quick-dial numbers.

■ Resolution

Lets you temporarily change the resolution when sending a fax.

■ Hook/Hold

Press before dialing if you want to make sure a fax machine will answer, and then press **Black Start** or **Color Start**.

Also, press this key after picking up the handset of an external telephone during the F/T double/pseudo-ring.

Also, lets you place telephone calls on hold.

■ Receive Mode (FAX-1860C only)

Press to select how your fax machine will handle incoming calls. (See *Choosing the Receive Mode* on page 30.)

5 Copy keys

■ Quality (MFC-3360C only)

Lets you temporarily change copy quality setting.

■ Options (MFC-3360C only)

Lets you temporarily change multiple copy settings.

■ Copy Options (FAX-1860C only)

Lets you temporarily change multiple copy settings.

6 Ink

Lets you clean the print head, check the print quality, and check the available ink volume.

7 Dial Pad

Use these keys to dial telephone and fax numbers and as a keyboard for entering information into the machine.

(Canada only) The # key lets you temporarily switch the dialing mode during a telephone call from Pulse to Tone.

8 Menu keys:

■ Menu

Lets you access the Menu to program your settings in the machine.

■ ▲ Search/Speed Dial

Lets you look up and dial numbers that are stored in the memory.

■ Volume keys



In Fax mode, you can press these keys to adjust the ring volume.

■ ◀

Press to scroll backward to a menu selection.

■ ▲ or ▼

Press to scroll through the menus and options.

■ Clear/Back

Press to cancel the current setting.

■ OK

Lets you store your settings in the machine.

9 Start keys:

■ Color

Lets you start sending faxes or making copies in full color. For MFC-3360C, also lets you start a scanning operation (in color or black & white, depending on the scanning setting in the ControlCenter software).

■ Black Color

Lets you start sending faxes or making copies in black & white. For MFC-3360C, also lets you start a scanning operation (in color or black, depending on the scanning setting in the ControlCenter software).

10 Stop/Exit

Stops an operation or exits from a menu.

11 Mode keys:

■ Fax

Lets you access Fax mode.

■ Scan (MFC-3360C only)

Lets you access Scan mode.

■ Copy

Lets you access Copy mode.

12 Microphone (FAX-1960C only)

Used by the Speaker Phone feature, and to record messages.

13 Message Center keys (FAX-1960C only)

■ MC On/Off

Turns the Message Center on or off. Will also flash if you have new messages.

■ Erase

Deletes voice/fax messages.

■ Play

Plays voice messages stored in the memory.

European Model of the MFC3360C

The European model of the MFC3360C does not have the **Hook/Hold**, **Quality**, or **On/Off** key, but it has the following keys that are not on the U.S.A. model.

■ Mute

Puts the current phone call on hold.

■ Tel/R

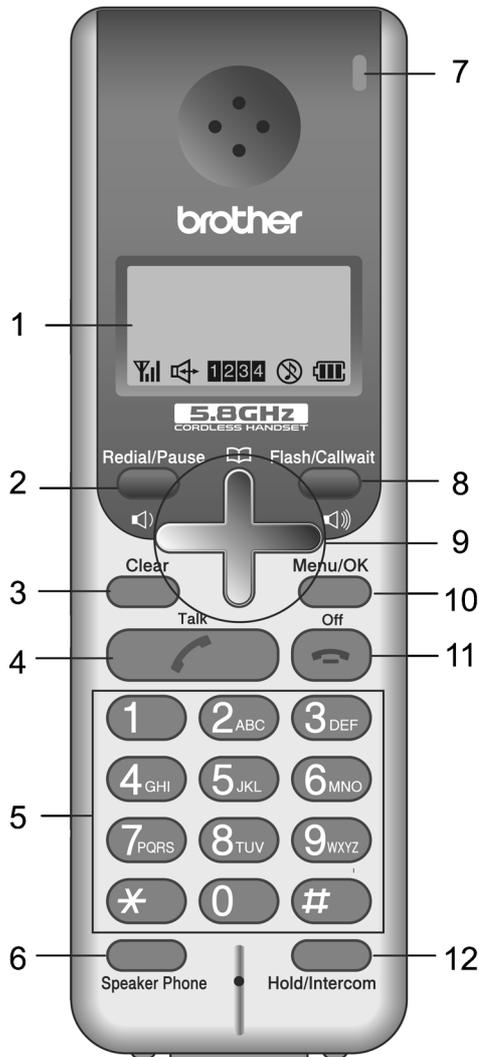
This key is used to have a telephone conversation after picking up the external handset in F/T pseudo-ringing.

Also, use this key to gain access to an outside line or transfer a call to another extension when it is connected to a PBX.

■ Power Save

Puts the machine into Power Save mode.

■ Cordless handset (For models with cordless handset)



1 LCD (liquid crystal display)

Displays messages on the screen to help you set up and use your cordless handset.

2 Redial/Pause

Redials any of the last 10 numbers you called. It also puts a pause in Quick-Dial numbers.

3 Clear

Press to back up a cursor and delete a letter.

4  Talk

Press to make or receive a phone call.

5 Dial Pad

Use these keys to dial a telephone number and as a keyboard for entering information into the cordless handset.

6 Speaker Phone

Turns the speaker phone on or off.

7 Charging LED

Turns yellow when the cordless handset is being charged.

8 Flash/Callwait

Use this key to answer another phone call when you hear beeps during the conversation. This feature requires the Call Waiting subscriber service offered by many local telephone companies.

9 Menu keys:

■ **Volume keys**



You can press these keys to adjust the ring, speaker or handset volume of the cordless handset.

■ **▲ ▲** 

Lets you look up numbers that are stored in the dialing memory.

■ **▲ or ▼**

Press to scroll through the menus and options.

10 Menu/OK

Lets you access the Menu to program or store your settings in the cordless handset.

11  Off

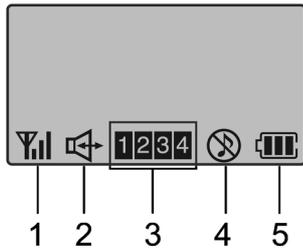
Press to hang up or cancel the current operation.

12 Hold/Intercom

Lets you place telephones call on hold. You can also transfer a call to the machine (base unit) or to another cordless handset.

LCD display screen

The LCD shows the current cordless handset status.



1 Cordless status

A four level indicator shows the current cordless handset signal strength.



2 Speaker Phone

Lets you see when you are speaking with the Speaker Phone.

3 Cordless handset number

Lets you see your cordless handset numbers that have been registered.

4 Ring volume status

Lets you see when the ring volume is set to off.

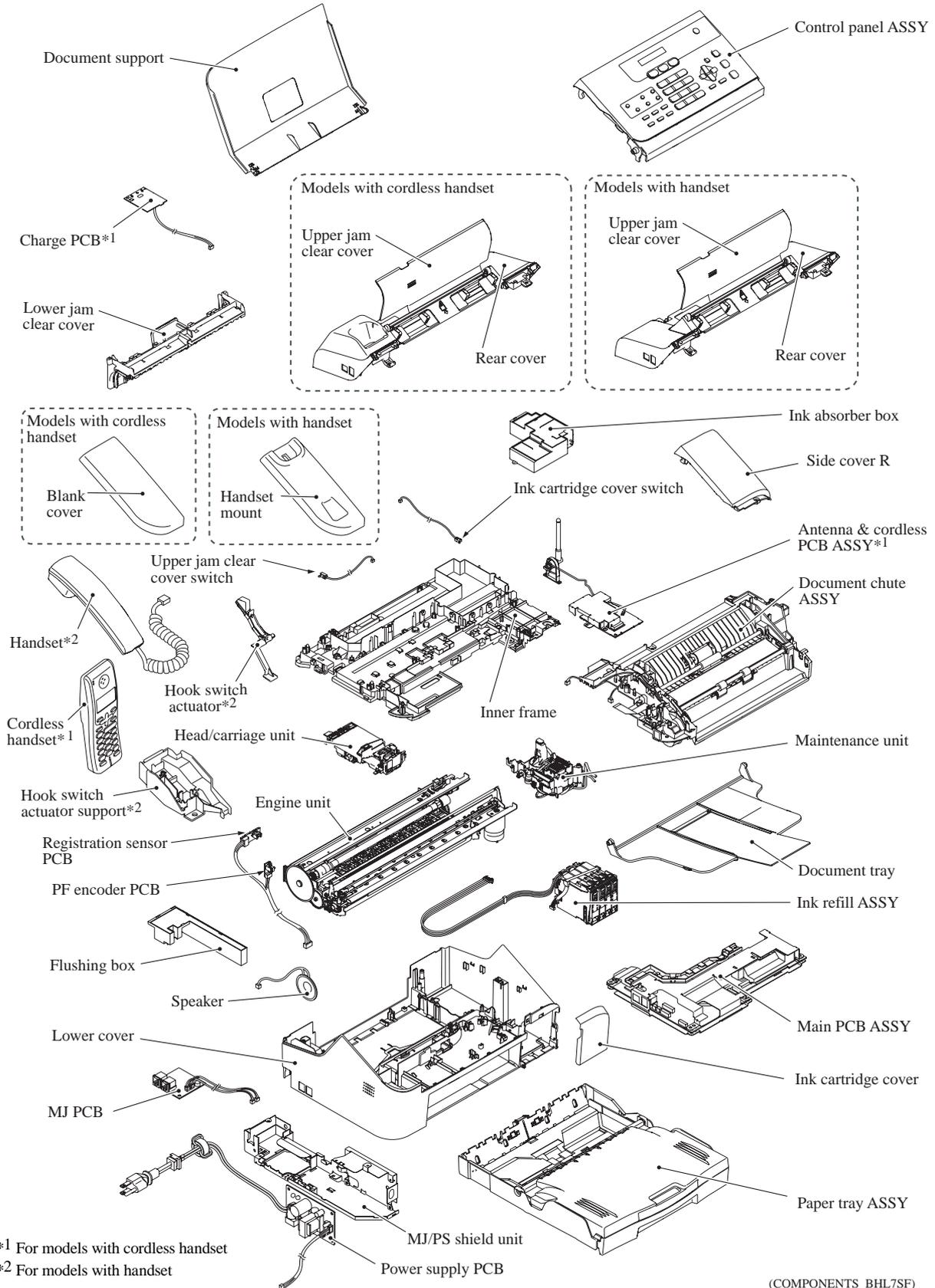
5 Battery status

A four level indicator shows the available battery.



1.3 COMPONENTS

The machine consists of the following major components:



*1 For models with cordless handset
 *2 For models with handset

CHAPTER 2

SPECIFICATIONS

CHAPTER 2 SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter lists the specifications of each model, which enables you to make a comparison of different models.

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2.1 GENERAL

2.1.1 General Specifications

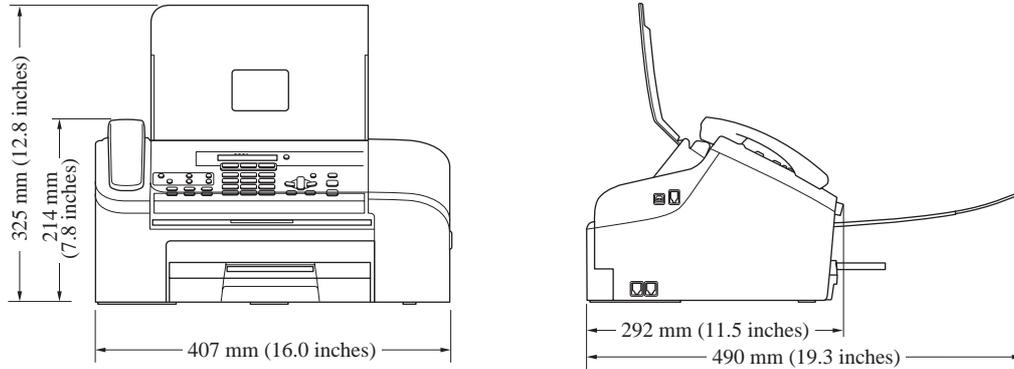
Memory Capacity	16 MB
Automatic Document Feeder (ADF)	Up to 20 pages
Paper Tray	100 sheets, 80 g/m ² (20 lb)
Printer Type	Ink Jet
Print Method	Piezoelectric, 376 nozzles (47 nozzles x 2 lines staggered, for each color)
Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)	16 characters x 1 line
Operating Environment	50°F to 95°F (10°C to 35°C)
Best Print Quality	68°F to 91°F (20°C to 33°C)
Power Source	100 to 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz (U.S.A./Canada) 220 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz (Europe/Asia)
Power Consumption	

		U.S.A. models	European/Asian/Oceanian models
MFC3360C	Minimum:	4 W	4 W
	Standby:	6 W	6 W
	Peak:	27 W	26 W
FAX1960C	Minimum:	7 W	—
	Standby:	8 W	—
	Peak:	30 W	—
FAX1860C	Minimum:	4 W	—
	Standby:	6 W	—
	Peak:	27 W	—

Dimensions (W x D x H)

Models with handset

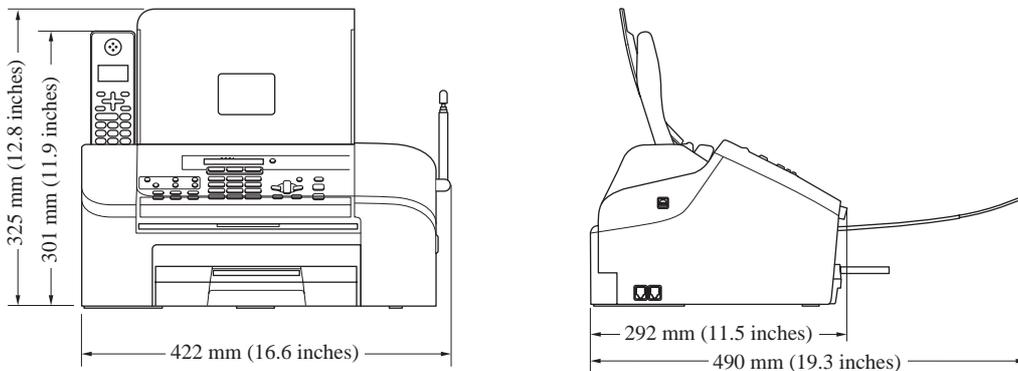
407 x 292 x 214 mm (16.0 x 11.5 x 7.8 inches)
407 x 490 x 325 mm (16.0 x 19.3 x 12.8 inches)
(with document support and document tray opened)



(Dimension_MFC3360C&FAX1860C)

Models with cordless handset

422 x 292 x 301 mm (16.6 x 11.5 x 11.9 inches)
422 x 490 x 325 mm (16.6 x 19.3 x 12.8 inches)
(with document support and document tray opened)



(Dimension_FAX1960C)

Weight

6.0 kg (13.2 lb)

2.1.2 Paper Specifications

Recommended Paper

Brother Paper

Paper Type	Item	Paper Type	Item
Letter Plain	BP60PL	A4 Plain	BP60PA
Letter Glossy	BP61GLL	A4 Glossy	BP61GLA
Letter Inkjet (Photo Matte)	BP60ML	A4 Inkjet (Photo Matte)	BP60MA
4 x 6 inch Glossy Photo	BP61GLP	10 x 15 cm Glossy Photo	BP61GLP

Transparencies: 3M Transparency Film

Paper Type and Size for Each Operation

Paper Type	Paper Size mm (inches)		Usage		
			Fax	Copy	Printer
Cut Sheet	Letter	216 x 279 (8 1/2 x 11)	Yes	Yes	Yes
	A4	210 x 297 (8.3 x 11.7)	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Legal	216 x 356 (8 1/2 x 14)	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Executive	184 x 267 (7 1/4 x 10 1/2)	-	-	Yes
	JIS B5	182 x 257 (7.2 x 10.1)	-	-	Yes
	A5	148 x 210 (5.8 x 8.3)	-	Yes	Yes
	A6	105 x 148 (4.1 x 5.8)	-	-	Yes
Cards	Photo	102 x 152 (4 x 6)	-	Yes	Yes
	Photo 2L	127 x 178 (5 x 7)	-	-	Yes
	Index Card	127 x 203 (5 x 8)	-	-	Yes
	Post Card 1	100 x 148 (3.9 x 5.8)	-	-	Yes
	Post Card 2 (Double)	148 x 200 (5.8 x 7.9)	-	-	Yes
Envelopes	C5 Envelope	162 x 229 (6.4 x 9)	-	-	Yes
	DL Envelope	110 x 220 (4.3 x 8.7)	-	-	Yes
	COM-10	105 x 241 (4 1/8 x 9 1/2)	-	-	Yes
	Monarch	98 x 191 (3 7/8 x 7 1/2)	-	-	Yes
	JE4 Envelope	105 x 235 (4.1 x 9.3)	-	-	Yes
Transparencies	Letter	216 x 279 (8 1/2 x 11)	-	Yes	Yes
	A4	210 x 297 (8.3 x 11.7)	-	Yes	Yes

Paper Weight, Thickness and Capacity

Paper Type		Weight	Thickness	No. of sheets
Cut Sheet	Plain Paper	64 to 120 g/m ² (17 to 32 lb)	0.08 to 0.15 mm (0.003 to 0.006 inch)	100*
	Inkjet Paper	64 to 200 g/m ² (17 to 53 lb)	0.08 to 0.25 mm (0.003 to 0.01 inch)	20
	Glossy Paper	Up to 220 g/m ² (Up to 58 lb)	Up to 0.25 mm (Up to 0.01 inch)	20
Cards	Photo 4 x 6 inches	Up to 240 g/m ² (Up to 64 lb)	Up to 0.28 mm (Up to 0.01 inch)	20
	Index Card	Up to 120 g/m ² (Up to 32 lb)	Up to 0.15 mm (Up to 0.006 inch)	30
	Post Card	Up to 200 g/m ² (Up to 53 lb)	Up to 0.23 mm (Up to 0.01 inch)	30
Envelopes		75 to 95 g/m ² (20 to 25 lb)	Up to 0.52 mm (Up to 0.02 inch)	10
Transparencies		-	-	10

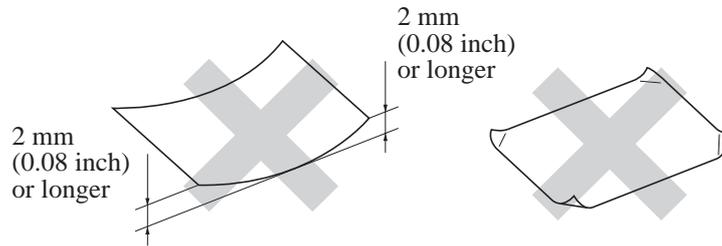
* Up to 100 sheets for paper of 80 g/m² (20 lb)
Up to 50 sheets for Legal size paper of 80 g/m² (20 lb)

Output Paper Capacity of the Paper Tray Cover

Paper Tray Cover	Up to 50 sheets of 80 g/m ² (20 lb) (Letter) - Transparencies or glossy paper must be picked up from the paper tray cover one page at a time to avoid smudging.
------------------	---

⊘ Do not use paper or envelopes:

- that are damaged, curled, wrinkled, or irregularly shaped



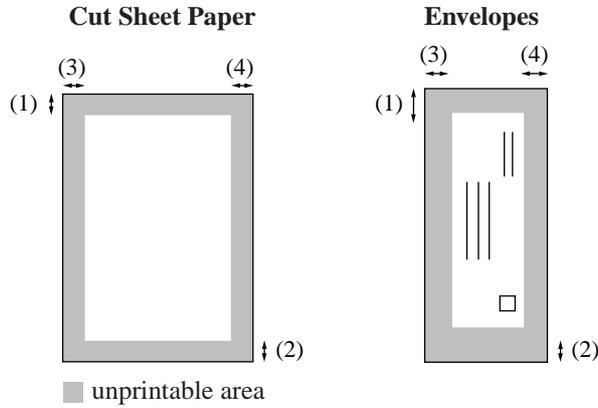
- that are extremely shiny or highly textured
- that were previously printed by a printer
- that cannot be arranged uniformly when stacked
- that are made with a short grain

⊘ Do not use envelopes:

- that are of a baggy construction
- that are embossed (have raised writing on them)
- that have clasps on them
- that are not sharply creased
- that are preprinted on the inside

2.1.3 Printable Area

The printable area depends on the settings in the application you are using. The figures below show the unprintable areas on cut sheet paper and envelopes.



Paper	(1) Top	(2) Bottom	(3) Left	(4) Right
Cut sheet	3 mm (0.12 inch) 0 mm (0 inch)*			
Envelopes	12 mm (0.47 inch)	24 mm (0.95 inch)	3 mm (0.12 inch)	3 mm (0.12 inch)

* When you set the borderless printing feature to ON.

Printable area depends on the printer driver settings.

The figures above are approximate and the printable area may vary depending on the type of cut sheet paper you are using.

The borderless feature is not available for envelopes.

2.2 SPECIFICATIONS LIST

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
GENERAL					
Print Head	BH7 (KKCCMMYY) 47 nozzles x 2 lines / each color				
Technology	Inkjet				
Scanning Method	CIS				
CPU Speed	RISC 133MHz				
Back up Clock	Yes				
Operating Environment Temperature (Best Print Quality)	5 - 35 (20 - 33) degrees Centigrade				
Humidity	20 - 80% (without condensation)				
On/Off Switch	Yes				
Demo Model	Yes	-		Yes	
Panel Key for demo sheet	FAX + COPY	-		FAX + COPY	
Simultaneous Operation	Yes				
Test Sheet	Yes: Print Quality / Alignment (in Ink Key)				
Minimum Input of ADF (Width / Height)	89 / 127mm (3.5 / 5")				
Maximum Input of ADF (Width / Height)	215.9 / 355.6mm (8.5 / 14")				
Minimum Output of Auto Cut sheet Feeder (Width / Height)	89 / 127mm (3.5 / 5")				
Maximum Output of Auto Cut sheet Feeder (Width / Height)	216 / 356mm (8.5 / 14")				
Sheet Weight (Paper tray)	64 - 220g/m2 (17 - 58lb)				
Sheet Weight (ADF)	64 - 90g/mm2 (17 - 24lb)				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
ADF (pages)	Yes (20)				
Paper Capacity (sheets)	100 (80g/m2)				
Output Paper Capacity (sheets)	50 (80g/m2)				
Brother Paper (for Plain, Glossy and Inkjet)	LETTER Plain LETTER Glossy LETTER Inkjet 4x6" Glossy	A4 Plain A4 Glossy A4 Inkjet 4x6" Glossy		LETTER Plain LETTER Glossy LETTER Inkjet 4x6" Glossy	
Recommended Paper Only for Transparency	3M 3410 Transparency film				
LCD Size	16 x 1line				
LCD Language	English French for Canada model	Depend on each country	English	English French for Canada model	
Illuminated Mode Key	Fax / Scan / Copy			Fax / Copy	
Illuminated Mode Key Color	Yellow green for Mode key, TAD key				
Memory Capacity (physical: Mbytes)	RAM 16MB				
Memory Backup (with battery 24 hour)	-			For with MC or FAX Preview Only	
Back Up Print: ON/OFF (in function Menu)	Yes				
Memory Security	-			Yes	
Transmission Lock	Yes			-	
Power Source	AC 120V 50/60Hz	AC 220-240V 50/60Hz		AC 120V 50/60Hz	
Power Consumption (Peak/Minimum/Stand by)	27W/4W/6W	26W/4W/6W		27W/4W/6W	30W/7W/8W
Energy Star Compliant	Yes				
Machine Noise (Operating)	50dB				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
Ink Gauge Indication	Yes -In ink key -Status Monitor			Yes -In ink key -Status Monitor Download only	
LIST/REPORT					
Activity Report / Journal Report	Yes (up to 200)				
Transmission Verification Report	Yes				
Help List	Yes				
Caller ID List	Yes		Yes Depends on countries	Yes	
Quick Dial List	Yes (Print / Display)				
System Setup (User Setting) List	Yes				
INTERFACE					
Host Interface	2.0				
SUPPLIES/OPTIONS					
Ink Cartridge	LC51BK LC51C LC51M LC51Y	LC1000BK LC1000C LC1000M LC1000Y	LC57BK LC57C LC57M LC57Y	LC51BK LC51C LC51M LC51Y	
Bundled Ink (Life / Yield)	Approximately 370 / 240 pages (Normal @5%)				
Supply Ink Cartridge (Life / Yield)	Approximately 500 / 400 pages (Normal @5%)				
SERVICE INFORMATION					
Monthly Volume	2500 pages				
Machine Life (year)	30000 pages or 5 years				
MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures)	4000 hours				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
MTTR (Mean Time To be Repaired)	30 minutes				
TELEPHONE					
Handset	Yes (Non detachable)				-
Digital Cordless Handset	-				Yes (Non detachable)
Hook	Yes	-	Yes		
Duplex Speaker Phone	-				Yes
Chain Dialing	Yes				
Automatic Redial	Yes 1 time / 5 minutes	Yes 3 times / 5 minutes		Yes 1 time / 5 minutes	
Recall	-		Yes	-	
PBX Feature	-	Yes	-		
Handset Volume	-			Yes (2 steps + Amplify)	-
Speaker Volume	Yes (3 steps + OFF)				
Ring Volume	Yes (3 steps + OFF)				
Hold / Mute Key	-	Yes (Mute)	Yes (Hold)		Yes (Hold / Intercom)
One-Touch Dial	Yes (10)				
Speed Dial	100				
Figures of One-Touch & Speed Dial	20 digits				
Resisterable Number of Characters	16 characters				
Group Dial	Yes (up to 6 groups)				
Telephone Index (Search / Speed dial key)	Yes				
Backup Caller ID list	-				Yes
Caller ID	Yes				
Call waiting Ready	-				Yes Cordless only

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
External TAD Interface	Yes				
Distinctive Ringing	Yes	Yes Denmark / UK only	Yes Australia / New Zealand / Singapore / Hong Kong only	Yes	
COLOR FAX					
Modem Speed (bps)	33600bps (Fax)				
Transmission Speed (seconds)	Approximately 3 seconds (Brother#1, MMR)				
ITU-T Group	Super G3				
Coding Method	Monochrome : MH/MR/MMR / Color : JPEG				
FAX/TEL Switch	Yes (Hook key)	Yes (by H/S)			Yes (HS or SPK)
Super Fine	Yes (TX & RX: Black & White only)				
Gray Scale	Monochrome: 64 / Color: 256				
Contrast (Auto/S.Light/S.Dark)	Yes				
Dual Access	Yes (Black & White only)				
Enhanced Remote Activate	Yes				
Station ID	Yes (20 digits / 20 characters)				
RX Mode Indication	LCD				
Resolution Indication	LCD				
Paper Handling Size	LETTER, A4, LEGAL (with ADF)				
Document Scanning Width	208 mm				
Delayed Timer	Up to 50 (Black & White only)				
Polled Sending (type) Black & White only	Yes (Standard)	Yes (Standard / Secure)		Yes (Standard)	
Batch Transmission	Yes (Black & White only)				
Quick-Scan (Memory Transmission)	Approximately 3.7 seconds / page@LETTER Approximately 3.93 seconds / page@A4				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
Memory Transmission (ITU-T Test Chart #1 / MMR)	Up to 170 pages			Up to 250 pages	
Memory Transmission (Brother Chart / MMR)	Up to 200 pages			Up to 300 pages (MMR)	
ECM (Error Correction Mode)	Yes				
Broadcasting (Speed+OneTouch+Manual)	Yes (160 locations)				
Manual Broadcasting	Yes (50 locations)				
Easy Receive / FAX Detect	Yes				
Polling Receiving (type) Black & White only	Yes (Standard / Sequential)	Yes (Standard / Sequential / Secure / Timer)		Yes (Standard / Sequential)	
Auto Reduction	Yes				
Out-of-Paper Reception (ITU-T Test Chart #1 / MMR)	Up to 170 pages			Up to 250 pages	
Out-of-Paper Reception (Brother Chart / MMR)	Up to 200 pages			Up to 300 pages	
Remote Access	Yes				
FAX Retrieval	Yes (Black & White only)				
FAX Forwarding	Yes (Black & White only)				
Paging	Yes	-		Yes	Yes (FAX & Voice)
Color FAX (Document Send / Receive)	Yes / Yes (ITU-Color FAX)				
Color FAX (Memory Send / Receive)	No / Yes (ITU-Color FAX)				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
COLOR PRINTER					
Color / Monochrome	Color				
Resolution (horizontal x vertical)	Up to 1200 x 6000 dpi				
Speed (ppm) 12(n) sheets print time between first sheet out and 11(n-1) sheets out	25 / 20 ppm (Monochrome / Color: 600 x 150 dpi)				
Fonts CD Based	Yes (35 True Type)			-	
Paper Handling Size (Paper Tray)	A4, LETTER, LEGAL, EXECUTIVE, JIS B5, A5, A6, Photo (102x152mm/4x6"), Index Card (127x203mm/5x8"), Photo L (89x127mm/3.5x5"), Photo 2L (127x178mm/5x7"), Post Card 1 (100x148mm/3.9x5.8"), Post Card 2 (Double)(148x200mm/5.8x7.8"), C5 Envelope, Com-10, DL Envelope, Monarch, JE4 Envelope				
Media Type (Paper Tray)	Plain, Inkjet, Brother Photo, Other Photo Transparency				
Print Paper Margin (upper, lower, left, right)	Borderless ON:0,0,0,0mm* OFF:3,3,3,3mm/0.12,0.12,0.12,0.12*** * Borderless for A4 /LETTER/A6/Photo(102x152mm/4x6"), Index Card (127x203mm/5x8"), Photo L (89x127mm/3.5x5"), Photo 2L(127x178mm/5x7"), Post Card 1(100x148mm/3.9x5.8")only ** 12,24,3,3mm/0.47x0.95x0.12x0.12" for Envelops				
Variable Dot Print	Yes (3 sizes)				
Minimum Droplet Size	1.5 pl				
Color Enhancement	Yes				
COLOR COPY					
Color / Monochrome	Color				

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
Speed (cpm) *time calculated including paper feeding **EU's default is calculated by "normal mode" speed	18 / 16 cpm				
Multi Copy (Stack)	Yes (99)				
Multi Copy (Sort)	Yes (Monochrome only)				
Reduction / Enlargement (%)	25 - 400 in 1% increments				
Resolution (horizontal x vertical)	Print: Maximum 600x1200 dpi / Scan: Maximum 600x1200 dpi				
N in 1	2 in 1 / 4 in 1 (A4/LETTER, Monochrome only)				
Paper Handling Size (Paper Tray)	LETTER, LEGAL, A4, A5, 100x150mm(4x6")				
Media Type (Paper Tray)	Plain, Inkjet, Brother Photo, Other Photo Transparency				
Print Paper Margin (upper, lower, left, right)	3,3,3,3mm / 0.12, 0.12, 0.12, 0,12"				
Resolution Indication	LCD				
COLOR SCANNER					
Color / Monochrome	Color			-	
Resolution (horizontal x vertical)	600 x 1200 dpi			-	
Interpolated Resolution (dpi)	up to 2400 x 2400 dpi (for Windows XP with special tool) up to 1200 x 1200 dpi (for Windowxs XP without special tool)			-	
Gray Scale	256			-	
Document Scanning width	210mm			-	
Scan Image	Yes (Scan Key)			-	
Scan to OCR	Yes (Scan Key)			-	

AREA	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
Scan to E-mail	Yes (Scan Key)			-	
Scan to File	Yes (Scan Key)			-	
Scan speed (Monochrome / Color @100dpi)	Maximum 3.81 / 8.49 seconds (LETTER) Maximum 4.05 / 9.03 seconds (A4)			-	
Color Depth (Input / Output)	36 / 24 bit color processing			-	
MESSAGE CENTER					
TAD	-			Yes	
ICM Recording Time	-			Maximum 29 minutes or Maximum 99 messages (Maximum 180 seconds / 1 message)	
Toll Saver	-			Yes	
Memo / Recording Conversation	-			Yes	
OGM (MC/TAD,F/T)	-			Yes	
User Recording OGM Time (MC/TAD, F/T)	-			Yes (20 seconds)	
PC FAX					
Supplier	Brother				
Color / Monochrome	Monochrome				
Sending	Yes (USB only)			Yes (USB only / Web Download option)	
Receiving	-				
PC-FAX Protocol	TX: PC-FAX Driver				
Broadcasting	Up to 50				

<i>AREA</i>	USA	Europe	Asia / Oceania	USA	USA
Model name	MFC3360C			FAX1860C	FAX1960C
<i>Others</i>					
Cordless Handset	-				Up to 4
Remote Set Up (USB)	Yes			-	

CHAPTER 3

THEORY OF OPERATION

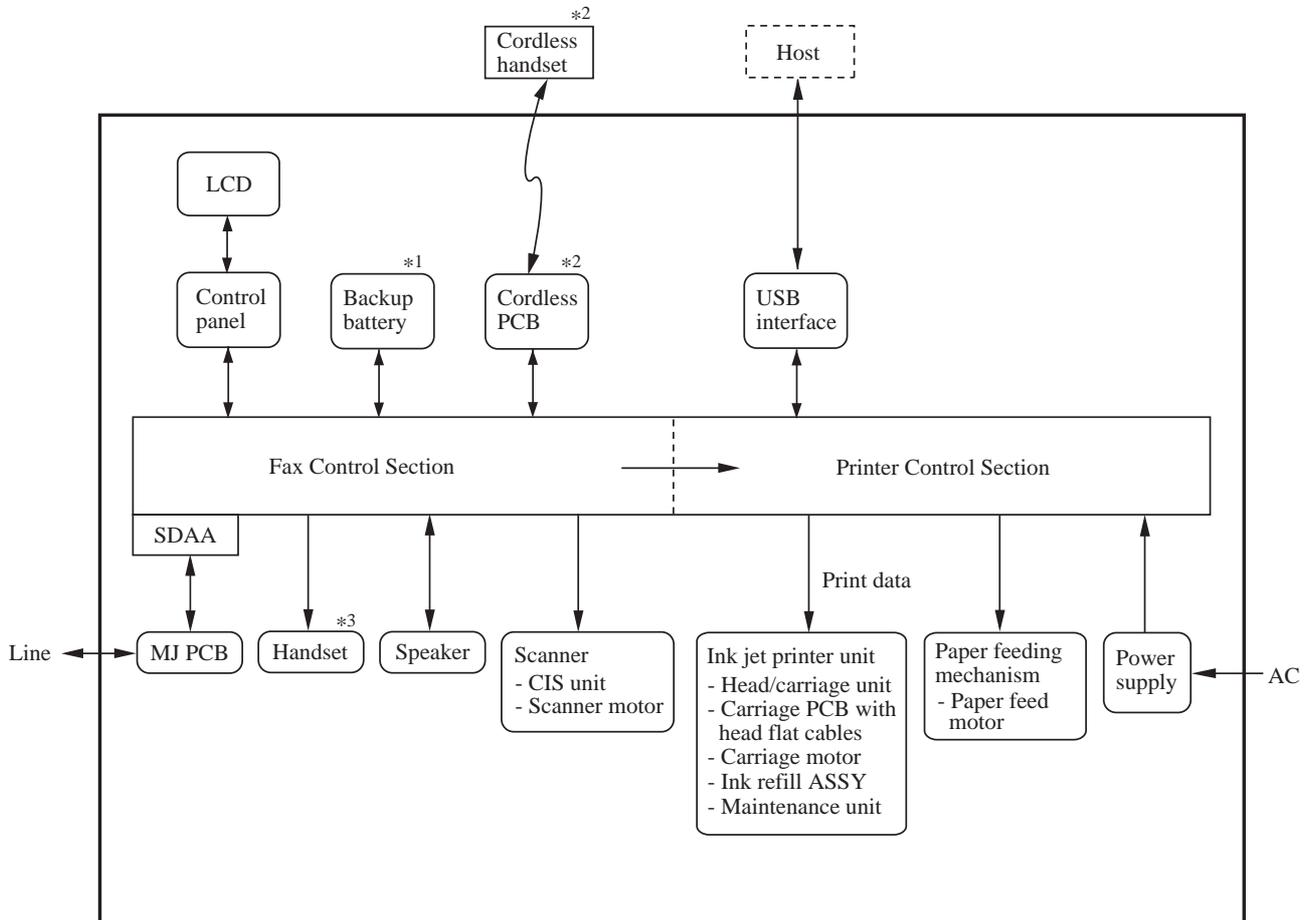
CHAPTER 3 THEORY OF OPERATION

This chapter gives an overview of the scanning and printing mechanisms as well as the sensors, actuators, and control electronics. It aids in understanding the basic principles of operation as well as locating defects for troubleshooting.

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3.1 OVERVIEW

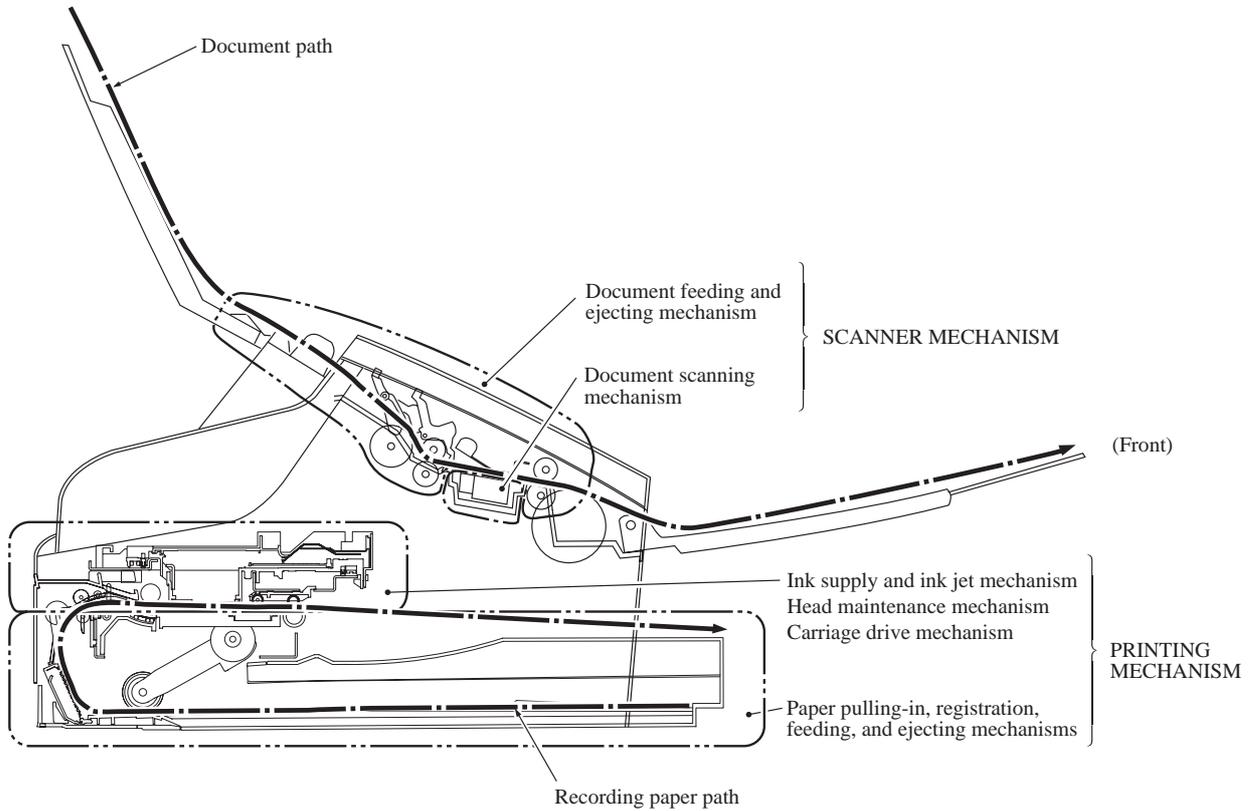


(Overview_BHL7SF)

- *1 For models with backup battery
- *2 For models with cordless handset
- *3 For models with handset

3.2 MECHANICAL COMPONENTS

This machine consists of the following mechanisms and uses three motors, two encoders, various sensors, and thermistors.



■ Scanner Mechanism (See Section 3.2.1.)	- Document feeding and ejecting mechanism (See Section 3.2.1.1.) - Document scanning mechanism (See Section 3.2.1.2.)	Scanner motor (stepping motor)
■ Printing Mechanism (See Section 3.2.2.)	- Ink supply and ink jet mechanism (See Section 3.2.2.1.)	
	- Head maintenance mechanism (head capping, carriage lock, purge, head wiper, and air removing) (See Section 3.2.2.2.)	Paper feed motor (DC motor)
	- Carriage drive mechanism (See Section 3.2.2.3.)	Carriage motor (DC motor)
	- Paper pulling-in, registration, feeding and ejecting mechanisms (See Section 3.2.2.4.)	Paper feed motor (DC motor)
■ Encoders (See Section 3.2.3.)	- Carriage motor (CR) encoder - Paper feed motor (PF) encoder	
■ Sensors (See Section 3.2.3.)	- Document front and rear sensors - Ink cartridge cover switch - Upper jam clear cover switch - Registration sensor - Paper width (media) sensor - Ink cartridge sensors - Purge cam switch -Hook switch*	
■ Thermistors (See Section 3.2.3.)	- Head thermistor - Casing internal temperature thermistor	

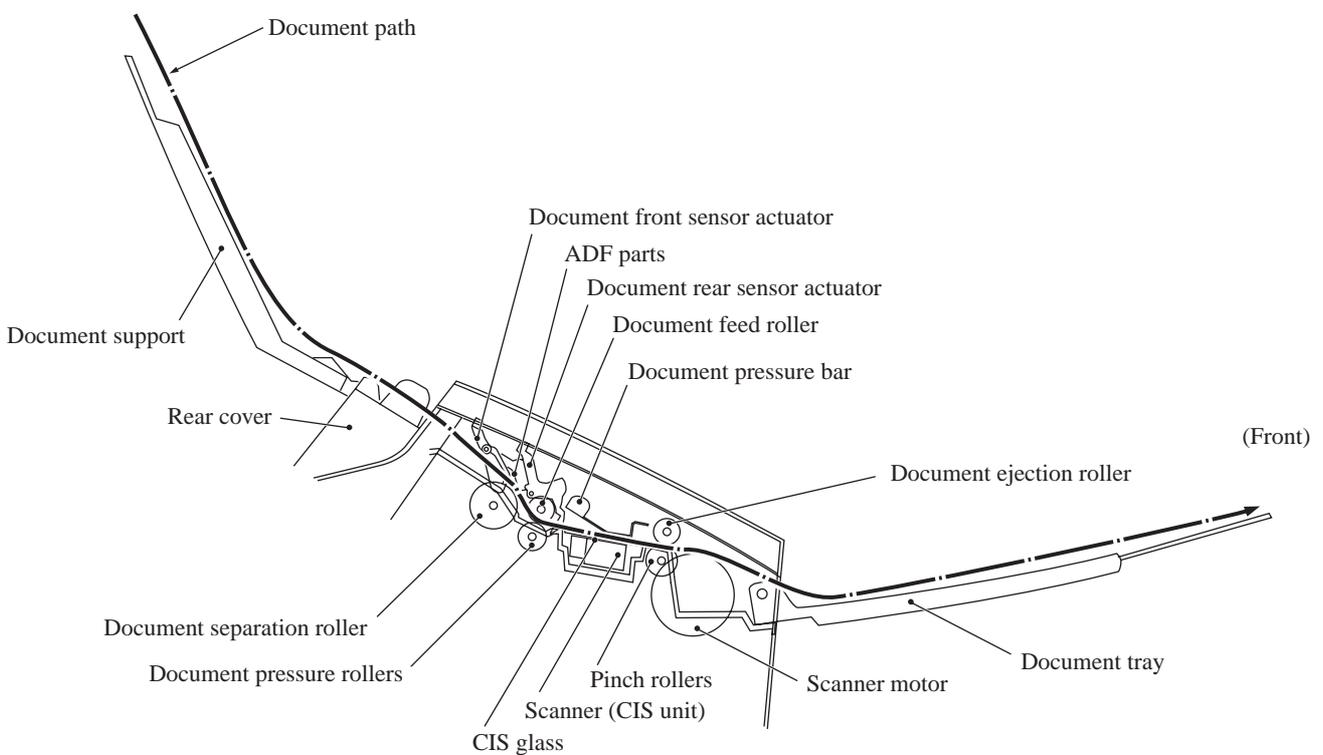
*For models with handset

3.2.1 Scanner Mechanism

3.2.1.1 Document feeding and ejecting mechanism

This mechanism consists of the document support, automatic document feeder (ADF), document feed roller, document ejection roller, and document sensors. (For details about the sensors, refer to [Section 3.2.3.](#))

Placing documents *face down* on the rear cover and starting the scanning operation activate the scanner motor so that the ADF (consisting of the document separation roller and ADF parts) feeds the documents into the machine, *starting from the bottom* (first page), page by page. Each document advances with the document feed roller to the scanner, and then it is fed out of the machine with the document ejection roller.



(3_02_BHL7SF)

3.2.1.2 Document scanning mechanism

The scanner uses a contact image sensor (CIS) unit which consists of a document illumination LED array, a self-focus lens array gathering the light reflected from the scanned image, a CIS PCB converting the light input to pixel data output, and CIS glass on which a document advances. When the document passes between the document pressure bar and the CIS glass, it is scanned.

3.2.2 Printing Mechanism

The printing mechanism consists of the following.

- Ink supply and ink jet mechanism (Section 3.2.2.1)
- Head maintenance mechanism (Section 3.2.2.2)
- Carriage drive mechanism (Section 3.2.2.3)
- Paper pulling-in, registration, feeding and ejecting mechanisms (Section 3.2.2.4)

The **ink supply mechanism** supplies ink to the head/carriage unit, in which the **ink jet mechanism** sprays ink droplets from the head nozzles onto paper.

The major components of the ink supply mechanism are:

- Ink refill assembly: This secures the ink cartridges and connects them to the corresponding ink supply tubes.
- Ink supply tubes: These supply the head/carriage unit with ink fed from the ink cartridges via the ink refill assembly.

The major components of the ink jet mechanism (head/carriage unit) are:

- Front end: This is an ink-jet head consisting of piezoelectric plate (PZT), metal plates, nozzle plate, and head driver. It jets out ink to produce images on paper.
- Back end: This consists of damper assemblies and an air vent unit. Each damper assembly dampens the ink pressure fluctuations in the corresponding ink supply tube and collects air bubbles that result from pressure changes on the ink.

To keep the optimum head performance, the **head maintenance mechanism** caps the head nozzles to prevent them from drying up, purges for removing air bubbles from the head/maintenance unit, and wipes off any ink remaining on the head nozzle surface.

The **carriage drive mechanism** moves the head/carriage unit with a DC motor (carriage motor) along the recording paper. It has a CR encoder sensor that scans the CR encoder strip and monitors the current head position relative to the home position and the current travel speed.

The **paper pulling-in, registration, feeding and ejecting mechanisms** are driven by a single DC motor (paper feed motor).

The major components are:

- Paper tray: Recording paper is stored in this tray.
- Paper pull-in rollers and their holder: These pull in paper into the machine.
- Bank ASSY: This separates paper, sheet by sheet, to feed it into the printer section.
- Upper and lower jam clear covers: Removing these covers allows the user to access paper jammed. The lower jam clear cover also guides paper pulled in from the paper tray into the printer section.
- Paper feed roller: This roller performs paper registration and feeds paper to the printer section precisely.
- Paper ejection roller: This roller ejects paper and keeps paper tension tight.
- Paper feed motor: This motor is the drive source for rollers.
- Clutch gear: This gear switches the transmission route of the paper feed motor rotation torque between three gears--SF changeover gear, HS changeover gear, and purge gear, enabling the torque to be applied to the various mechanisms.
- PF rotary encoder: This generates a signal indicating the rotation speed of the PF roller gear. The signal is sent to the controller and used for controlling the paper feed position and speed.

3.2.2.1 Ink supply and ink jet mechanism

[1] Overview

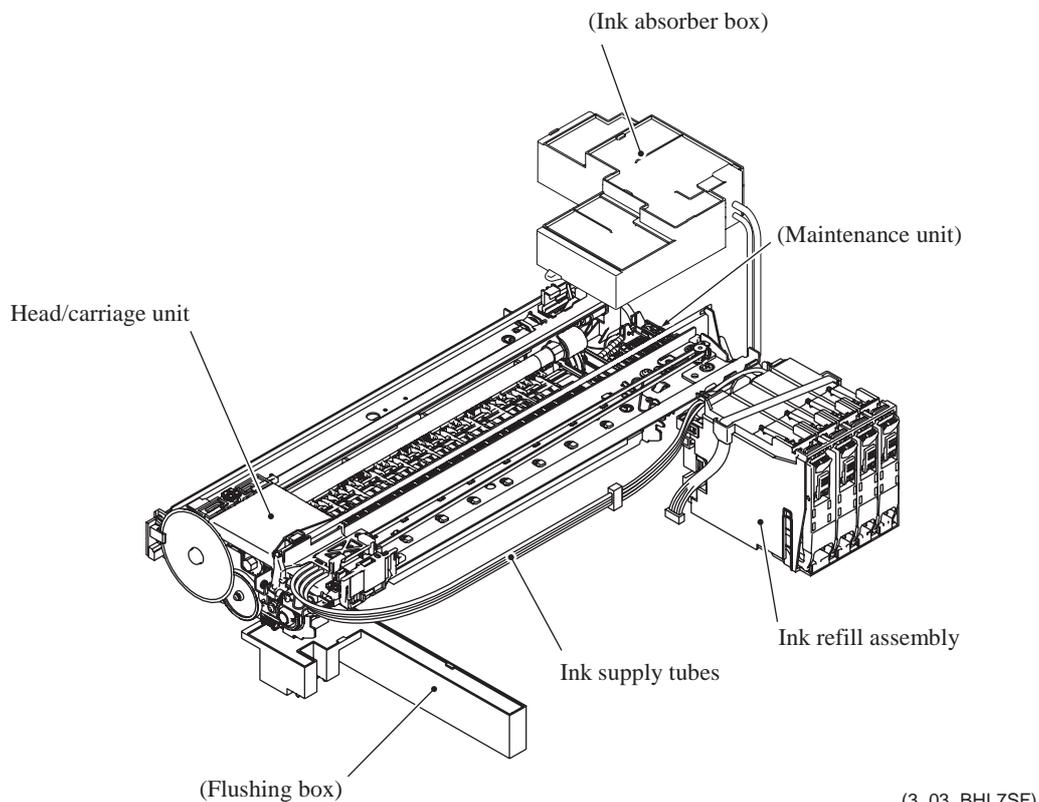
The ink supply and ink-jet mechanism consists of the head/carriage unit, four ink cartridges, ink refill assembly, and ink supply tubes.

The head/carriage unit scans the surface of the recording paper, jetting out ink supplied through the ink supply tubes onto the paper to produce images. For further details, see "[3] Head/carriage unit" below.

The four ink cartridges (black, yellow, cyan, and magenta) are mounted on the ink refill assembly. For further details, see "[4] Ink cartridges" below.

The ink refill assembly secures the ink cartridges and connects them to the corresponding ink supply tubes. For further details, see "[5] Ink refill assembly" below.

The ink supply tubes supply the head/carriage unit with ink fed from the ink cartridges via the ink refill assembly. For further details, see "[6] Ink supply tubes" below.



[2] Features

A distinct feature of this machine is the use of ink supply tubes between the ink cartridges and the head/carriage unit. Relieving the head/carriage unit of the task of carrying heavy ink cartridges back and forth across the page, the approach generally adopted by other ink-jet printers, offers the following advantages.

- Smaller unit size--lower height, in particular
- Lower power consumption
- Lower noise levels
- Lower vibration

During print operation, the ink-jet mechanism inside the head/carriage unit sprays ink droplets from the head nozzles. The loss of this ink from the head produces a negative pressure that replenishes the head with ink from the ink tank through the supply tubes.

Note, however, that the above ink flow is only possible when the ink supply tubes are full of ink. The factory therefore primes the ink supply path by applying strong suction to the head nozzles with the maintenance unit to suck both air and ink through the ink supply tubes.

Leaving too long interval between this priming and actual use, however, risks air bubbles, increased viscosity, and other quality issues with the ink in the supply tubes. Before using this machine for the first time, therefore, this machine automatically replaces the ink supply path contents with fresh ink using an initial purge, a repeat of this priming operation.

When the machine is on standby, a constant negative pressure (which is produced according to the difference in height between the head/carriage unit and ink cartridges) is applied to the rear of the print head, thus preventing ink from leaking out of those nozzles.

NOTE: The above applies only as long as this machine rests on a horizontal surface. Standing this machine on end or even just tilting it backwards with the print head uncapped risks overcoming this slight negative pressure preventing ink leakage from the head nozzles.

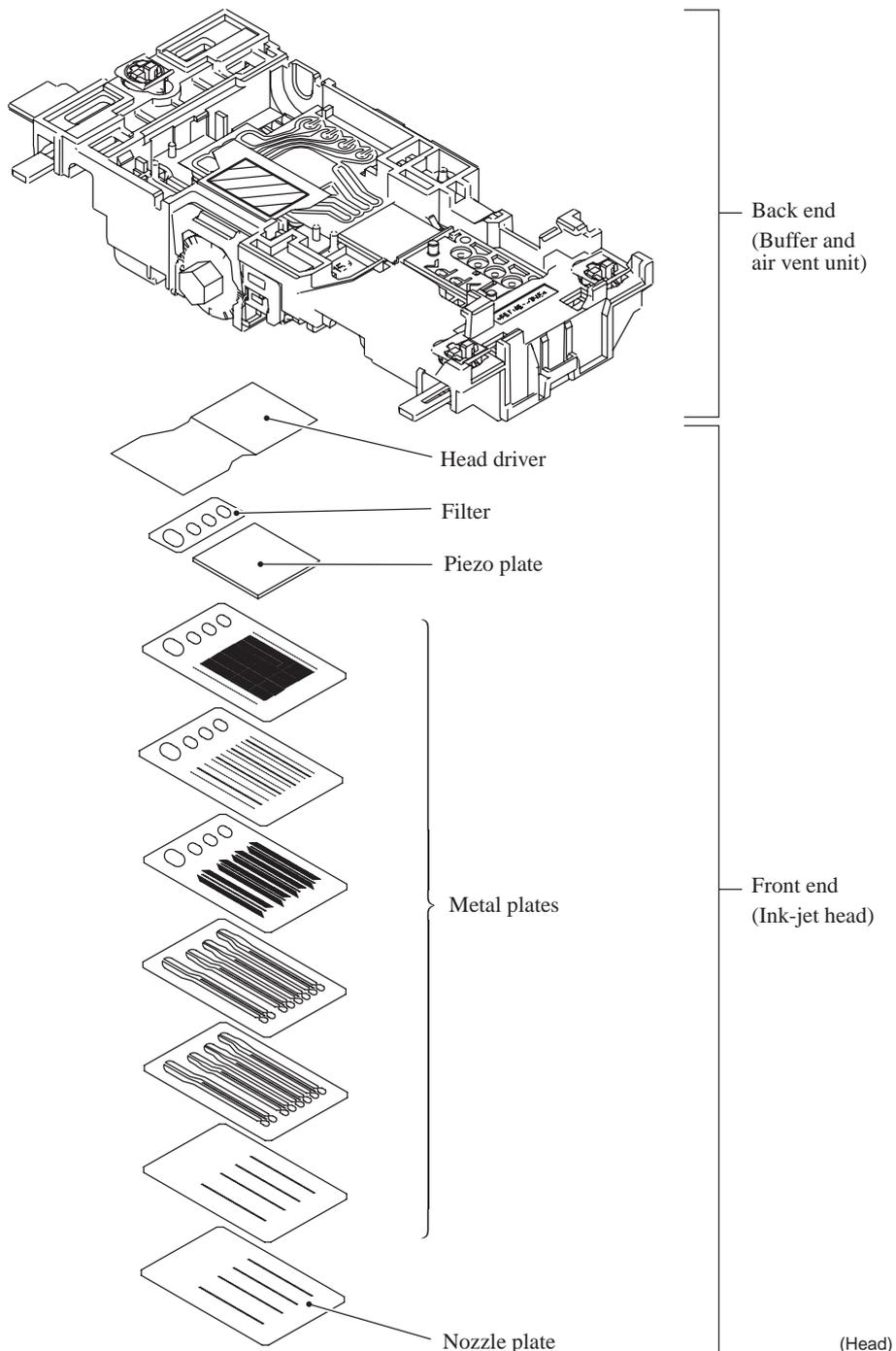
Piezoelectric ceramic actuators inside the print head convert this ink to droplets sprayed onto the paper. For further details, see "[3] Head/carriage unit" below.

[3] Head/carriage unit

The head/carriage unit consists of a front end (ink-jet head) and a back end (buffer and air vent unit) as shown below.

The front end consists of metal plates laminated together and etched to form ink flow channels.

Piezoelectric ceramic actuators generate the spray pressure. The response of individual front ends to applied voltages and waveforms varies, however, because of the nature of piezoelectric materials, fluctuation in manufacturing accuracy, and other factors. The front end therefore leaves the production line with head property labels giving property data. The manufacturer writes this data to the EEPROM on the main PCB incorporating this unit to insure consistent performance without fluctuations.

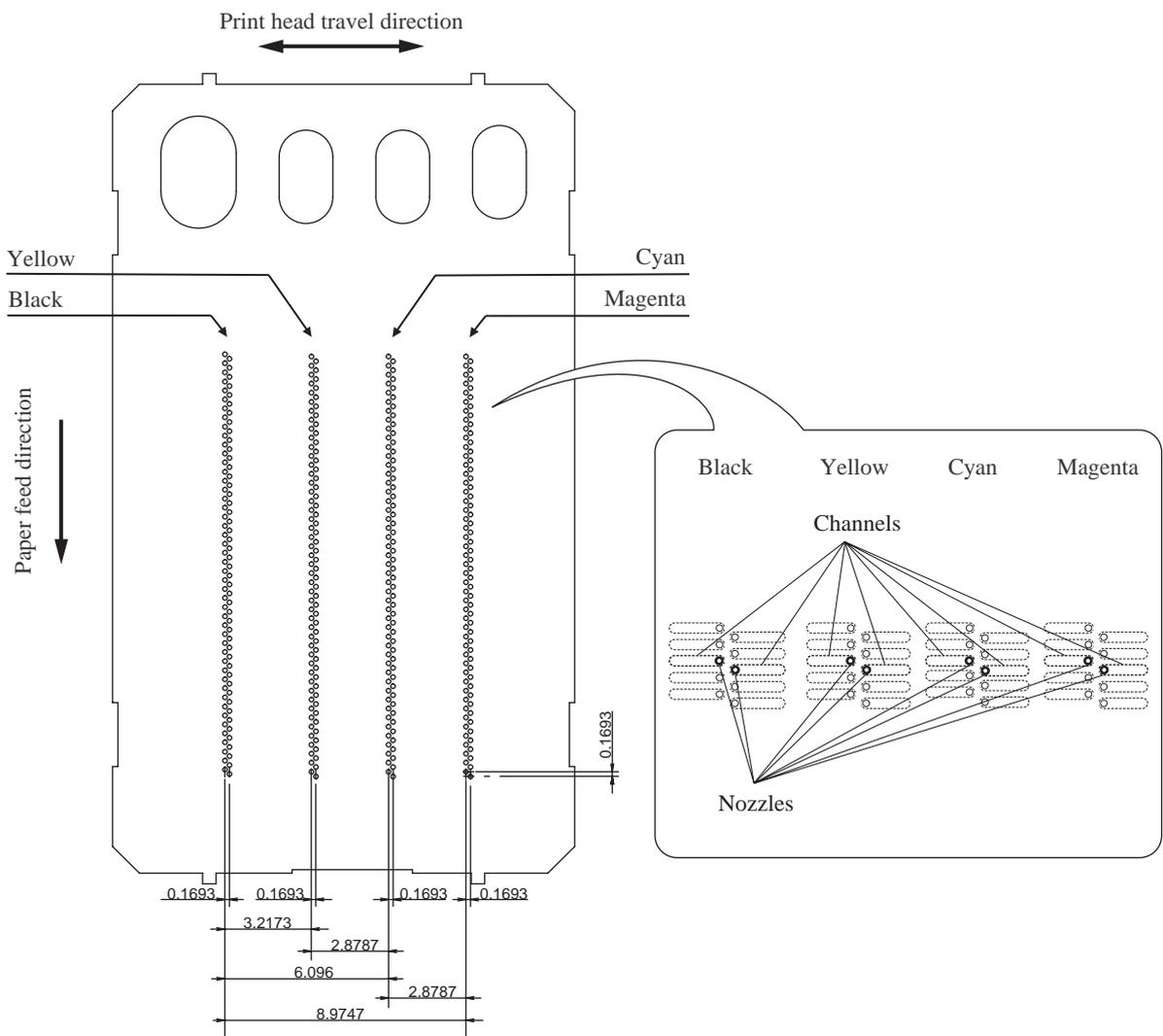


■ **Front end**

Front end components and their main roles

- Piezoelectric plate
Applying a voltage stretches the plate, serving as the actuator for spraying ink. Consisting of thin piezoelectric plates laminated together, this plate can be driven even by a low voltage.
- Filter
This removes foreign materials from the ink.
- Metal plates
These form the head nozzle pressure chambers, ink flow paths, and manifolds.
- Nozzle plate
This plate has a total of 376 nozzles, 47 nozzles x 2 lines staggered x 4 colors (black, yellow, cyan, and magenta).
- Head driver
This flexible circuit board holds the piezoelectric driver chip.

Nozzle array (head bottom plate viewed from the top)



Ink-jet unit (Viewed from the top)

(Nozzle)

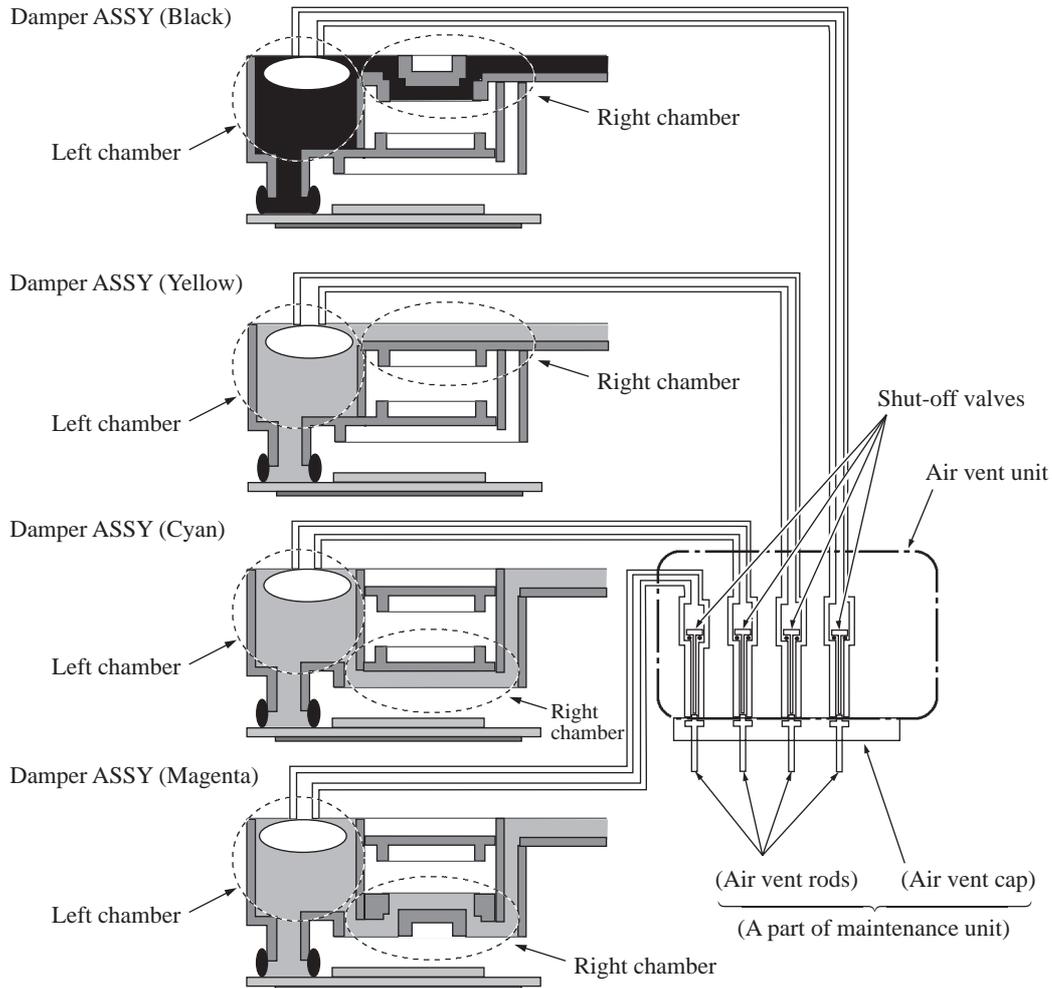
Ink spray function

The head employs drop-on-demand ink-jet printing.

Print commands to the drive circuit apply a bias voltage to the layer electrodes on the piezoelectric ceramic surface stretching the elements perpendicular to that surface. Drive signals removing this voltage for specific channel electrodes allow the piezoelectric elements to return to their original shape, sucking ink into the corresponding channels*. Reapplying the bias voltage stretches the elements once again, applying pressure to the ink, spraying it from the head nozzle. The ink drop hits the paper on the platen, forming a dot.

* Pressure chambers for individual nozzles

■ Back end



(BackEnd)

Back end components and their main roles

- Damper assemblies

Each assembly has two roles: dampening the ink pressure fluctuations* in the ink supply tube as the carriage moves and collecting air bubbles that grow in the ink flow path.

* Ink pressure fluctuations: As the head/carriage unit travels, inertia means that the ink remains in the same place, temporarily raising or lowering the pressure in the right chamber.

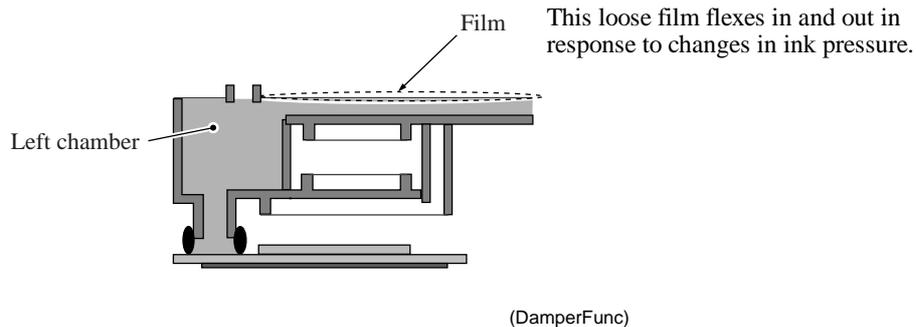
- Air vent unit

At regular scheduled intervals, this vents any air bubbles that have accumulated in the damper assemblies. The air vent rods in the maintenance unit push up the shut-off valves, opening the air vent flow paths.

Damping

Without damping, ink pressure fluctuations directly affect the size of ink-jet head droplets, risking lower print quality.

Each damper assembly has two chambers. The one on the right in the illustration below has a loose film across its top and serves as a damper. The film immediately flexes in and out in response to falls and rises in pressure, adjusting the chamber volume to counteract pressure fluctuations in the ink supply tubes.



Air buffering

Liquid ink contains trace amounts of air. These molecules coalesce into air bubbles as the piezoelectric ceramic actuators vary the pressure on the ink in the ink-jet head channel. (See the illustration on [page 3-9](#).) Removing as many of these bubbles as possible before the ink reaches the ink-jet head is essential to maintaining proper print quality. The above illustration shows how the damper assemblies provide air buffers, the chambers on the left, for consolidating these air bubbles away from the ink-jet head and vent flow paths for purging them at regular scheduled intervals.

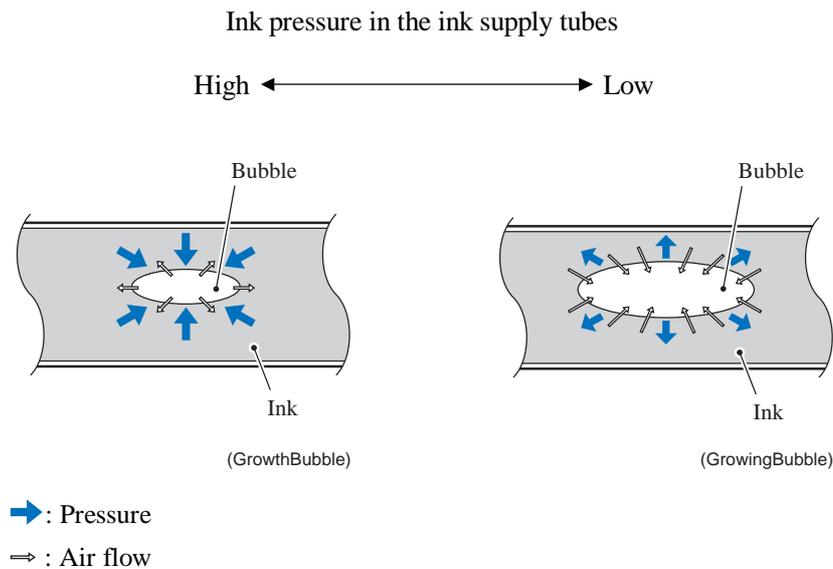
[**Tip: Air bubble growth**]

Liquid ink contains trace amounts of air. The amount varies with the pressure on the ink because increasing the pressure raises the ink's ability to absorb air from its surroundings and lowering the pressure forces the ink to give up some of this air.

The ink pressure fluctuations caused by the piezoelectric ceramic actuators repeatedly expand and contract any air bubbles, growing them larger gradually. This is because the amount of the air per unit area passing through the boundary surface between the ink and the bubble is always constant but the boundary surface area decreases or increases when the bubble contracts or expands, respectively.

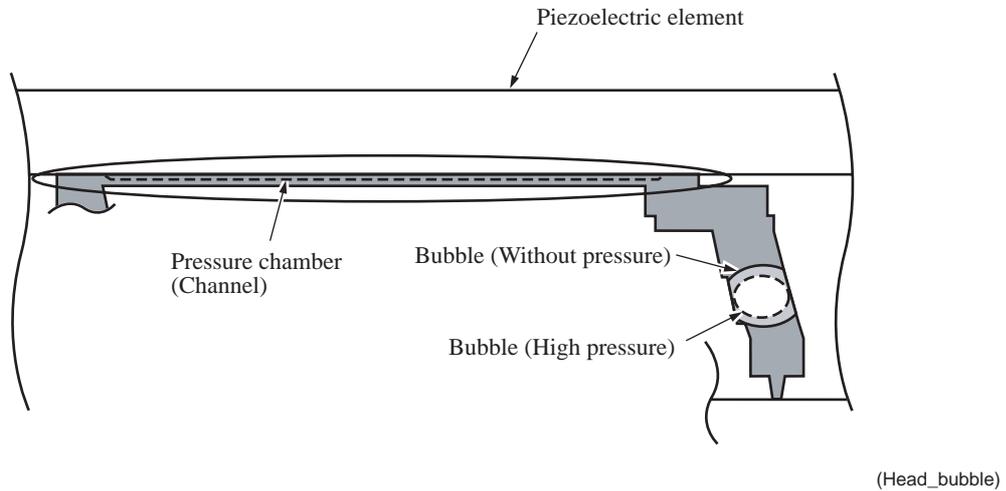
That is, when the pressure becomes high, the bubble contracts so that the amount of air moving from the bubble to the ink decreases in proportion to the boundary surface area decreased. On the contrary, when the pressure becomes low, the bubble expands so that the amount of air moving from the ink to the bubble increases in proportion to the boundary surface area increased.

The design therefore compensates by allowing the purging/flushing of air bubbles during printing to keep the amount of air dissolved in the ink to a minimum.



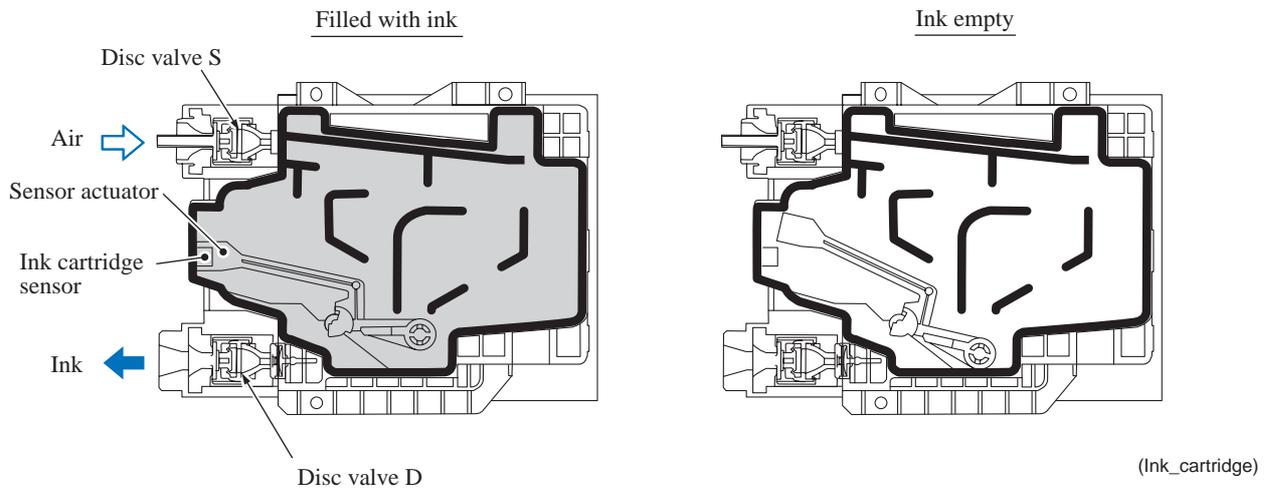
[**Tip: What's so bad about air bubble growth?**]

Pressure fluctuations do not affect the volume of a liquid (ink), but Boyle's Law says that the volume of a gas (air) varies with the pressure on it. The main issue with air bubbles in the ink flow path is their damping effect, absorbing the pressure from the piezoelectric ceramic actuators and thus degrading ink-jet performance.



The above illustration shows an example of an extremely large air bubble reaching the head nozzle from the channel ink flow path; the dotted line, the changes resulting from applying a voltage to the laminated electrode, expanding the piezoelectric ceramic actuator. Note how contraction of the air bubble absorbs the pressure from the piezoelectric ceramic actuator, preventing ink ejection.

[4] Ink cartridges



Ink cartridge features

This machine uses four ink cartridges: a black one and three color ones with a slightly lower capacity. It features horizontal insertion in the ink refill base over plastic needles.

Each cartridge has two ports: one supplying the ink for printing and another supplying air to replace that ink. Both ports have a disc valve preventing ink leakage. Mounting a cartridge over the plastic needles in the ink refill base forces these valves open to secure flow paths for both the ink and the air.

Inks

"Removing air"

An earlier page explained how too much air in the ink risks air bubbles degrading ink-jet performance. The manufacturing process prevents such air bubbles with a step, deaeration, that removes air from the ink before injection into the cartridge. Vacuum packaging then prevents air contamination during shipping and storage.

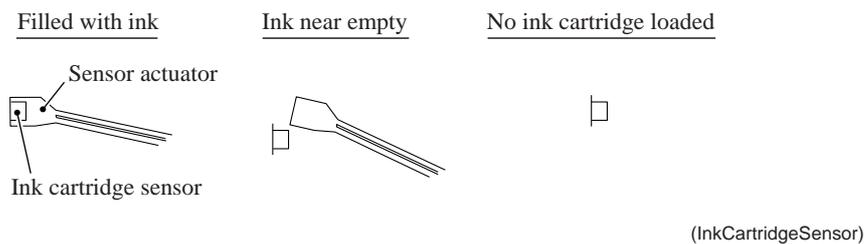
"Pigment-based ink"

Previous Brother machines used only dye-based inks. This one switches to a pigment-based ink for black only, reducing fuzziness from print character outlines, boosting resolution for black dots, and producing clearer images on plain paper.

This machine provides separate head caps and individual vent unit drive mechanisms for this black pigment-based ink and its dye-based color counterparts. Such special design measures are necessary because any mixing of the two types triggers a chemical reaction producing residue clogging head nozzles, filters, maintenance unit piping, and other components, degrading print performance.

Ink cartridge components and their main roles

- Disc valve S
A plastic needle in the refill base opens this valve to supply air to the ink cartridge. Removing the ink cartridge closes this valve to prevent leakage due to ink backflow.
- Disc valve D
A plastic needle in the refill base opens this valve to allow ink to flow out of the ink cartridge. Removing the ink cartridge closes this valve to prevent leakage.
- Sensor actuator
This actuator indicates the amount of ink remaining. Certain positions cut the light beam to the ink cartridge sensor on the ink cartridge PCB inside the ink refill assembly.



These ink cartridges are single-use affairs. There is no provision for refilling them. The design reduces environment load by using no metals and only burnable materials yielding no toxic substances.

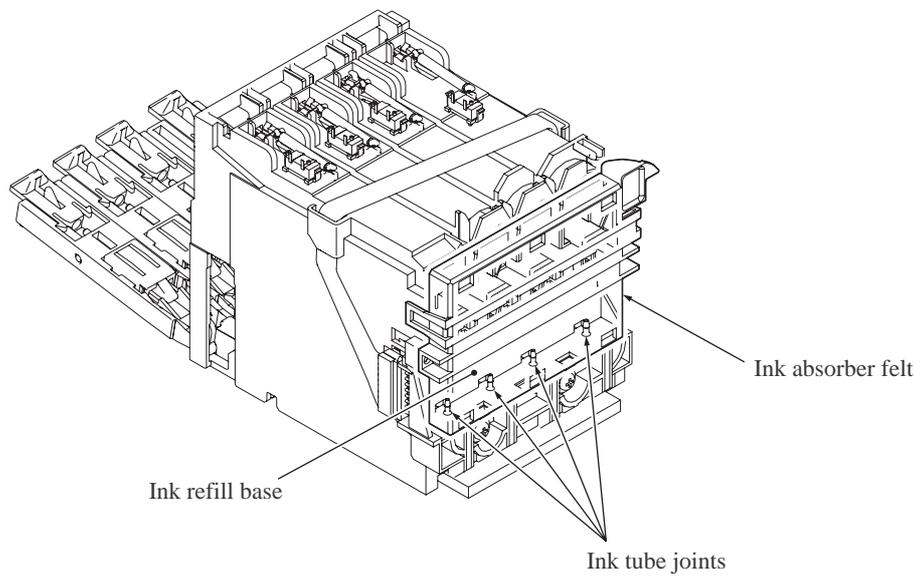
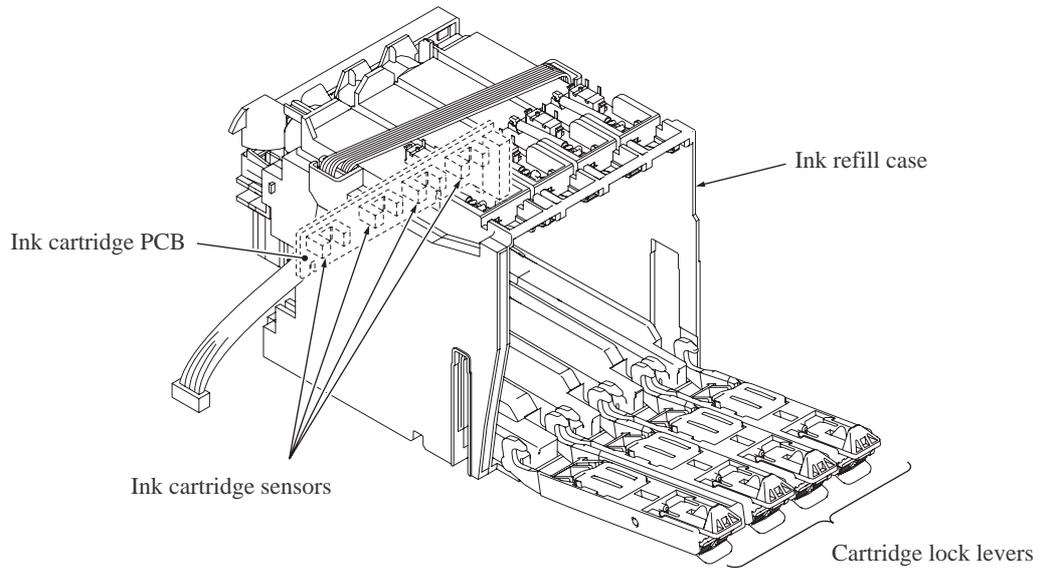
Ink near-empty detection

The ink refill assembly has four ink cartridge sensors (photosensors of transparent type) that monitor the ink levels with sensor actuators inside the ink cartridges.

Attached to one end of the sensor actuator is a float. When there is ink in the cartridge, buoyancy lifts the float, rotating the sensor actuator about a pivot near the center of the actuator to block the light beam to the sensor, indicating that there is ink. As the ink level in the ink cartridge drops, however, the float falls, eventually moving the sensor actuator out of the beam.

Light hitting the sensor is the signal that ink is running low ("Ink near-empty"), activating a firmware counter tracking ink usage during ink-jet printing, purges, and other operations. When this counter reaches a predetermined limit, the firmware considers the "ink empty" and prompts the user to replace it.

[5] Ink refill assembly



(3_04)

Ink refill assembly components and their main roles

- Ink refill case
- Cartridge lock levers
- Ink refill base
- Ink tube joints
- Ink cartridge sensors (on the ink cartridge PCB)
- Ink absorber felts

Inserting the ink cartridges into the ink refill case and securing them with the cartridge lock levers forces the cartridges' ink supply ports into close contact with the ink refill base to prevent ink leakage.

The ink from the ink cartridges flows through the ink refill base into the ink supply tubes connected to the ink tube joints. As the ink level in an ink cartridge drops, the pressure inside falls, drawing air in the ink cartridge.

An ink cartridge sensor actuator blocking light to an ink cartridge sensor indicates that there is ink in the ink cartridge. When ink runs low, the actuator moves out of the beam, activating the sensor ("Ink near-empty"). (Note that the firmware also interprets a missing ink cartridge as running low on ink.)

At the back of and beneath the ink refill case are ink absorber felts that absorb any ink that leaks from the ink cartridges, limiting its spread and thus reducing the risk of damage to other components.

[6] Ink supply tubes

These are made of an elastomer providing a highly impermeable barrier against air ingress and drying out of the ink during extended periods of nonuse. This material is also soft and highly flexible to better withstand the sharp and frequent bending associated with high-speed head operation repeated over extended periods.

3.2.2.2 Head maintenance mechanism

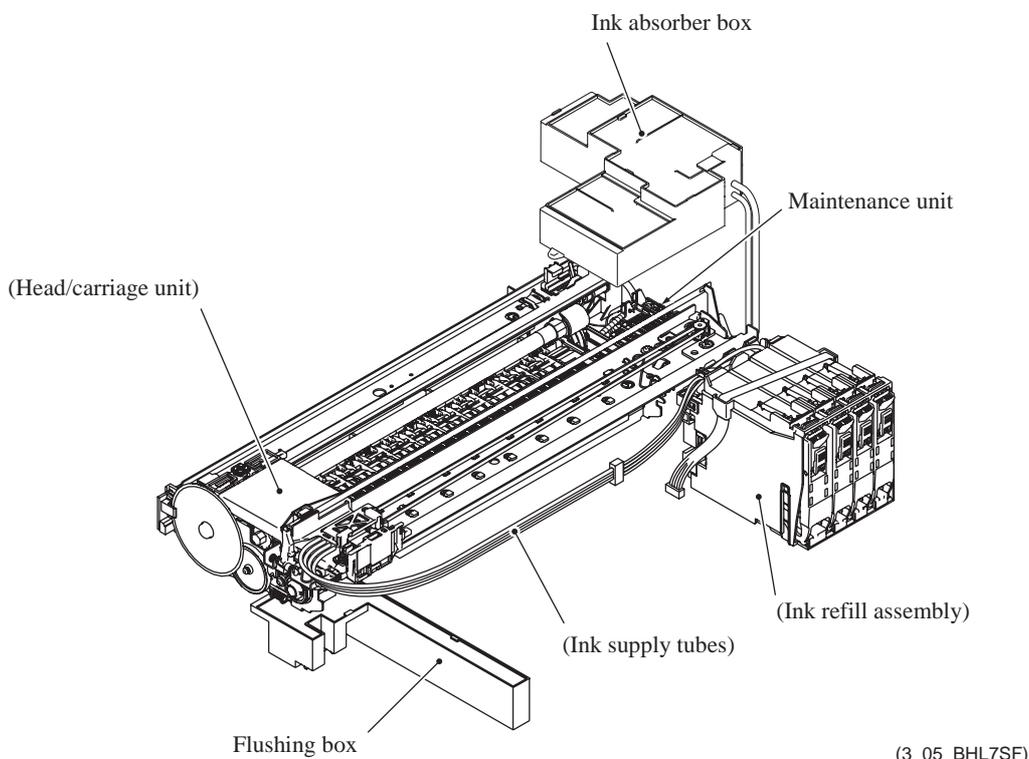
[1] Overview

The head maintenance mechanism consists of the maintenance unit and the ink absorber box. (See the illustration below.)

The maintenance unit has the following mechanisms.

- Head capping mechanism (See page 3-21.)
- Carriage lock mechanism (See page 3-22.)
- Purge mechanism (See page 3-22.)
- Head wiper mechanism (See page 3-24.)
- Air removing mechanism (See page 3-25.)

The ink absorber box absorbs the ink sucked out by purge operations.



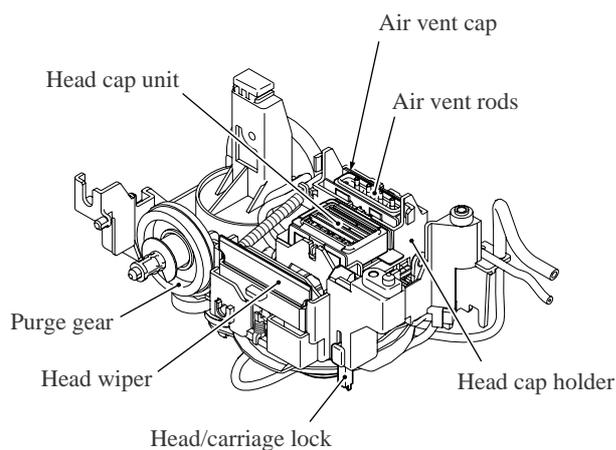
[2] Maintenance unit components

See the illustration given on the next page.

- Pump switching unit
This switches the application target of the negative pressure generated by the tube pump (see the next page) between the head cap for black ink, the one for color ink, and the air vent cap. Usually the pump switching unit is switched to the opening tube to the atmospheric air so that the pressure in the head caps and air vent cap is equal to the normal atmospheric pressure.
- Purge cam
This rotating cam drives the carriage lock, the pump switching unit, the air vent rods, the head wiper, etc.
- Head/carriage lock
This locks the head/carriage unit in its home position so that the head cap unit (see the next page) protects the head nozzles.

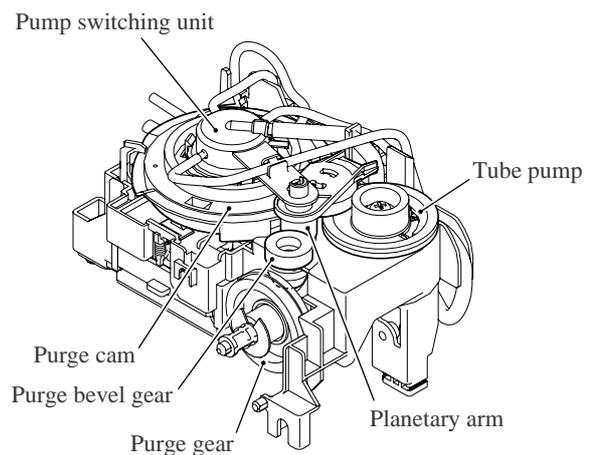
- Purge gear and purge bevel gear
These gears transmit the power from the clutch gear (detailed in [4] later) to the planetary arm.
- Planetary arm
This switches power to the tube pump or pump switching unit depending on the direction of paper feed motor rotation.
- Tube pump
A roller squeezes the main drain tube looped inside, forcing their contents toward the ink absorber box and creating negative pressure.
- Head cap unit
When the power is off or the machine is not printing, the head cap unit fits tightly over the print head to prevent the head nozzles from drying up and to seal the head nozzles for purge operations to suck up old ink.
- Air vent cap and rods
During air venting with the tube pump, the air vent cap fits tightly over the air vent unit in the head/carriage unit so that the negative pressure applies to the air vent unit. Pushing up the air vent rods opens the shut-off valves inside the air vent unit, removing air trapped in the damper assemblies. (For the air vent unit, see [Section 3.2.2.1, \[3 \]](#).)
- Head wiper
As the head/carriage unit moves, this wipes off any ink remaining on the head nozzle surface.
- Head cap holder
This moves to the right together with the head/carriage unit as the latter returns to its home position. Rightward motion of the head cap holder turns the lift arms, fitting the head cap unit tightly over the print head to seal the head nozzles.

Viewed from the top



(3_05_1)

Viewed from the bottom



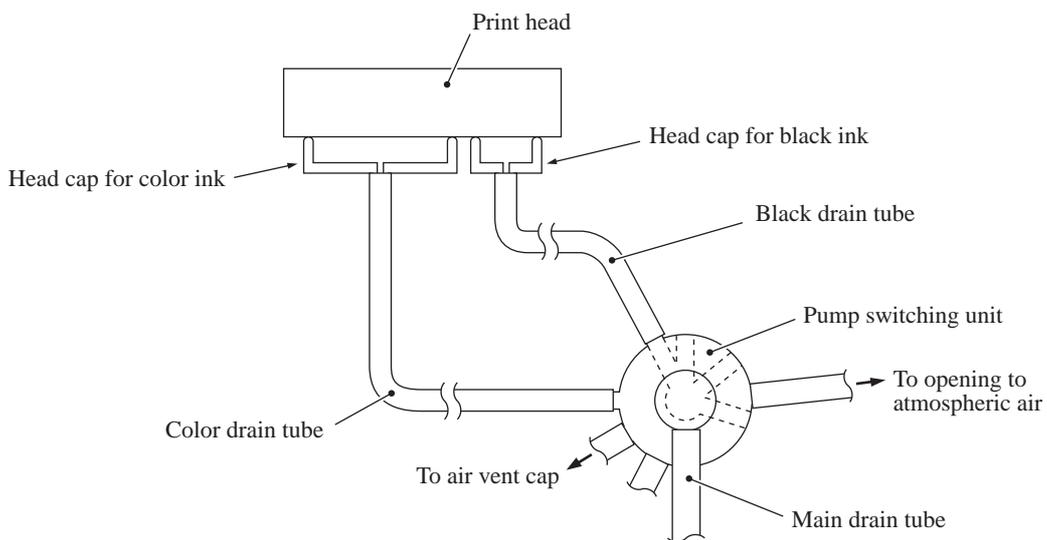
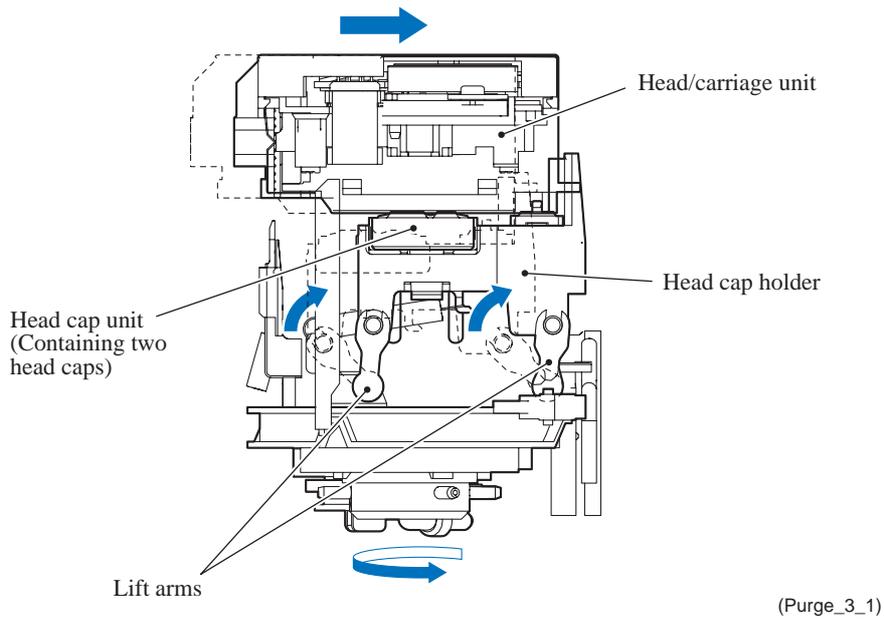
(3_05_2)

[3] Mechanisms constituting the head maintenance mechanism

(1) Head capping mechanism

When the power is off or the machine is not printing, this mechanism fits the head cap unit (which contains two head caps) tightly over the print head to prevent the head nozzles from drying up and to keep dust off the head nozzle surface.

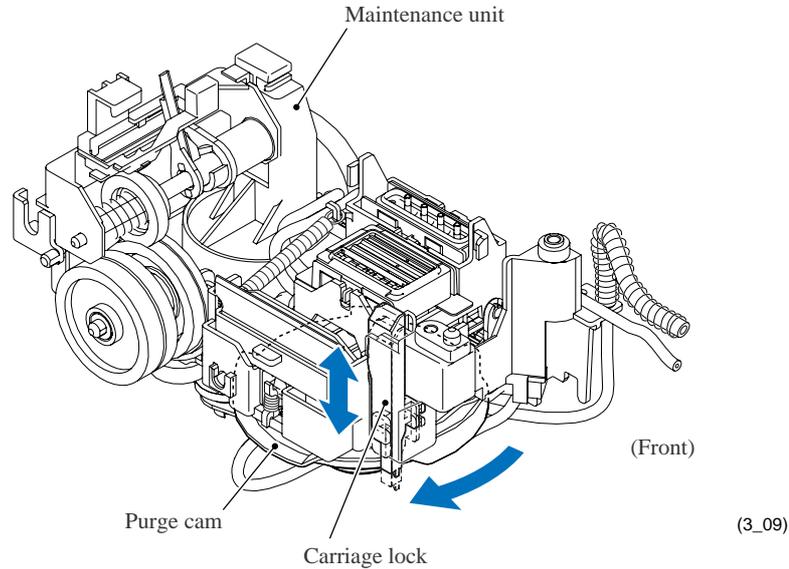
This mechanism is driven by the head/carriage unit. When the head/carriage unit returns to its home position, it presses against the head cap holder in the maintenance unit. The lift arms in the maintenance unit raise the head cap unit, fitting it tightly over the head nozzle surface to protect it.



(2) Carriage lock mechanism

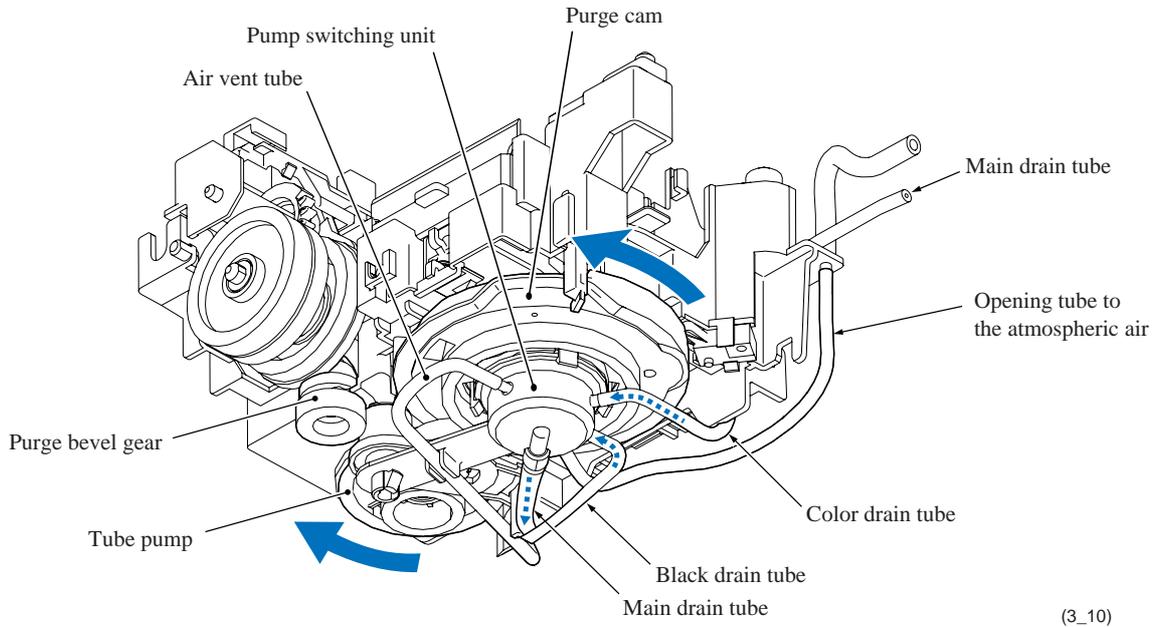
This mechanism locks the head/carriage unit to prevent the head nozzles from getting out of the head cap unit accidentally due to external vibration or impact when the machine is not printing, when the power is off, or during transport.

Driving the purge cam causes the carriage lock to pop up in order to lock the head/carriage unit when the head caps are tightly pressed against the ink-jet units.



(3) Purge mechanism

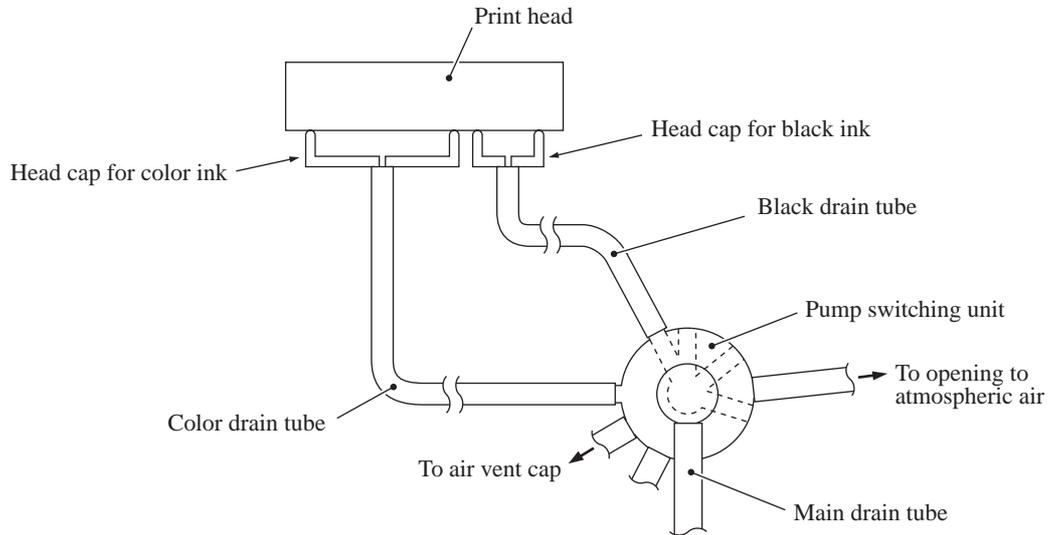
Driving the purge cam to the pump switching unit's black or color ink drain position reverses the paper feed motor and activates the tube pump, producing negative pressure to drain the air and old ink from the head nozzles and channels into the ink absorber box.



(3.1) Switching pump

The pump switching unit switches the application target of the negative pressure generated by the pump between the head cap for black ink, the one for color ink, and the air vent cap.

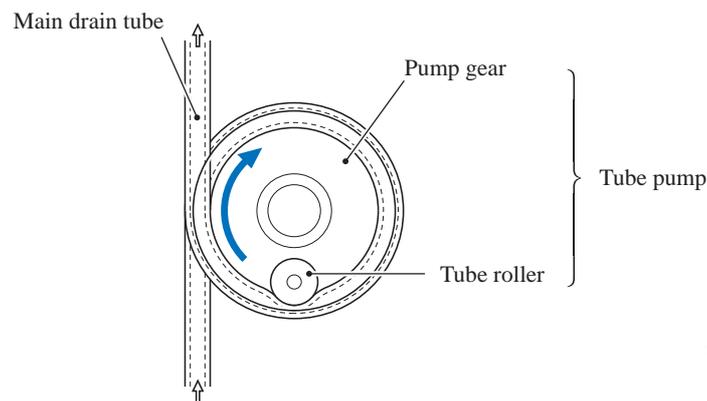
When the purge cam is in a head capping position and the carriage lock fits the head cap unit tightly over the print head, the pump switching unit is switched to the opening tube to the atmospheric air so that the pressure in the head caps and air vent cap returns to the normal atmospheric pressure.



(Purge_3_2)

(3.2) Draining ink

The tube pump consists of a pump gear and tube roller. As the pump gear rotates, the tube roller on its circumference squeezes the main drain tube looped around the pump gear, forcing its content toward the ink absorber box and creating negative pressure.

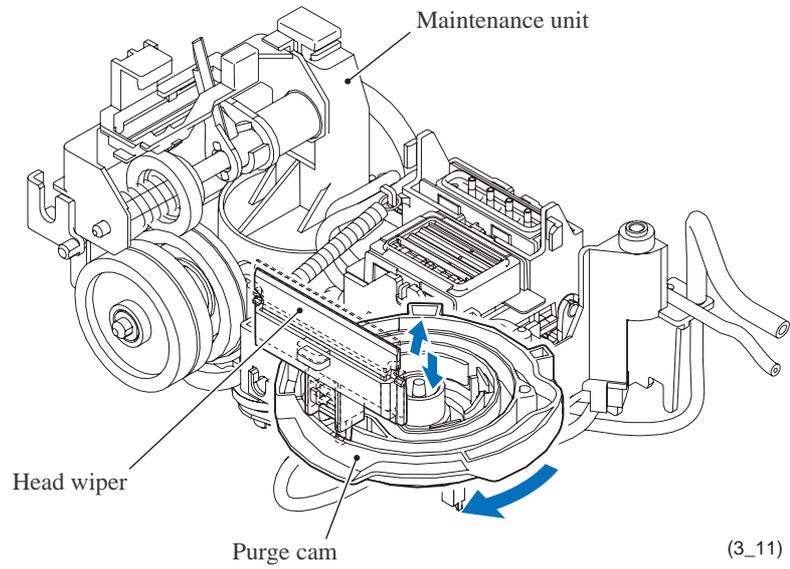


(TubePump)

For details about the purge mechanism, see [4] below.

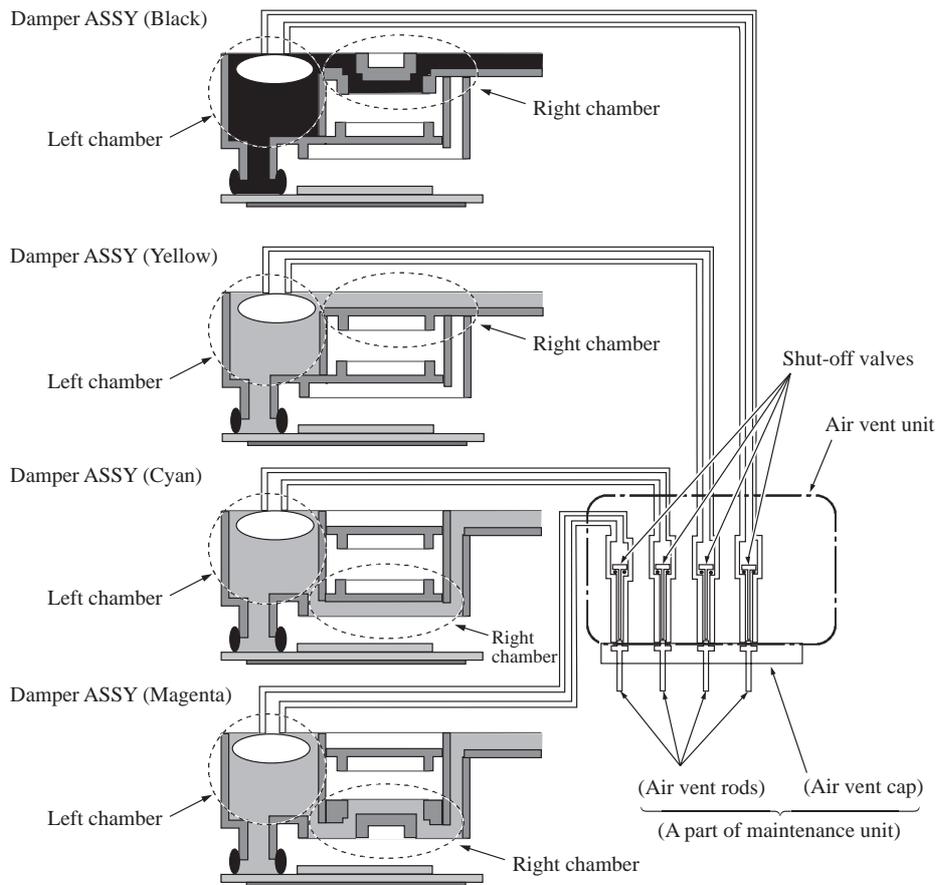
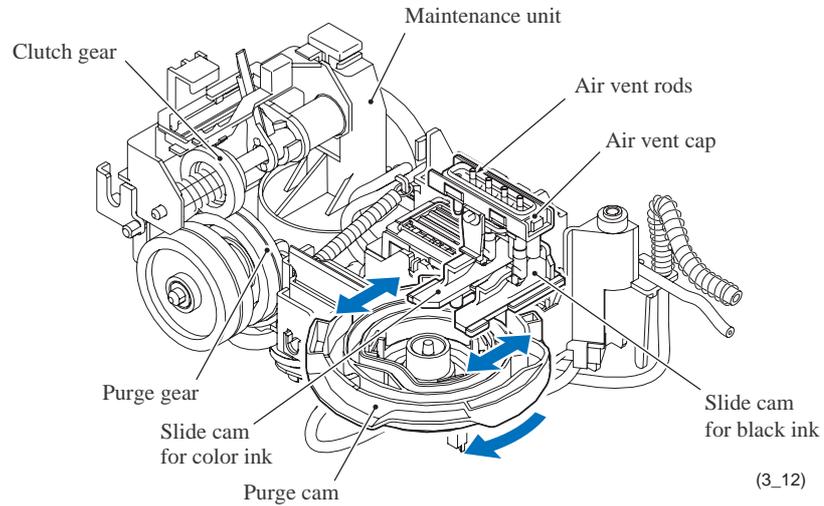
(4) Head wiper mechanism

After the purge operation, the purge cam pushes up the head wiper, wiping off any ink remaining on the head nozzle surface as the head/carriage unit moves from right to left.



(5) Air removing mechanism

Another position of the purge cam shifts the slide cams, producing vertical motion of the air vent rods. Pushing up the air vent rods opens the shut-off valves inside the air vent unit of the head/carriage unit. Simultaneously adding negative pressure from the tube pump removes air trapped in the damper assemblies.



(BackEnd)

[4] Purge mechanism details

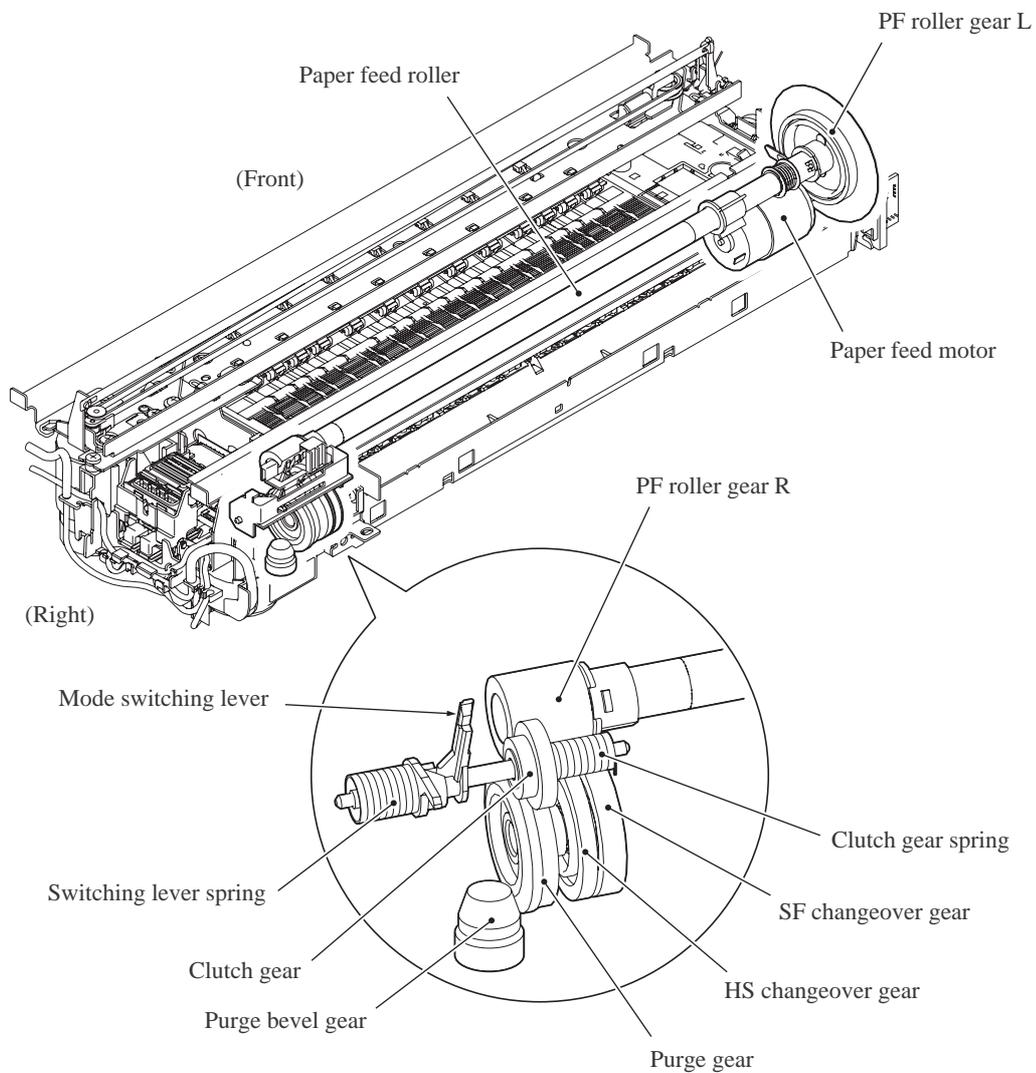
This mechanism draws its power from the paper feed motor on the left side of the engine chassis.

Power transmission route from paper feed motor to maintenance unit

The paper feed motor drives the PF roller gear L that rotates the paper feed roller. At the right end of the roller (left in the illustration because the view is from the rear) is the PF roller gear R which always meshes with the clutch gear.

The clutch gear also meshes with the SF changeover gear when the mode switching lever is in the leftmost position (as viewed from the front). When the head/carriage unit travels from the left to right to reach the purge position, a tab on the carriage rear panel pushes the mode switching lever to the right (left in the illustration). The clutch gear spring pushes the clutch gear to the right, away from the SF changeover gear and HS changeover gear, to mesh with the purge gear. This way, the clutch gear switches the operation mode to the purge mode.

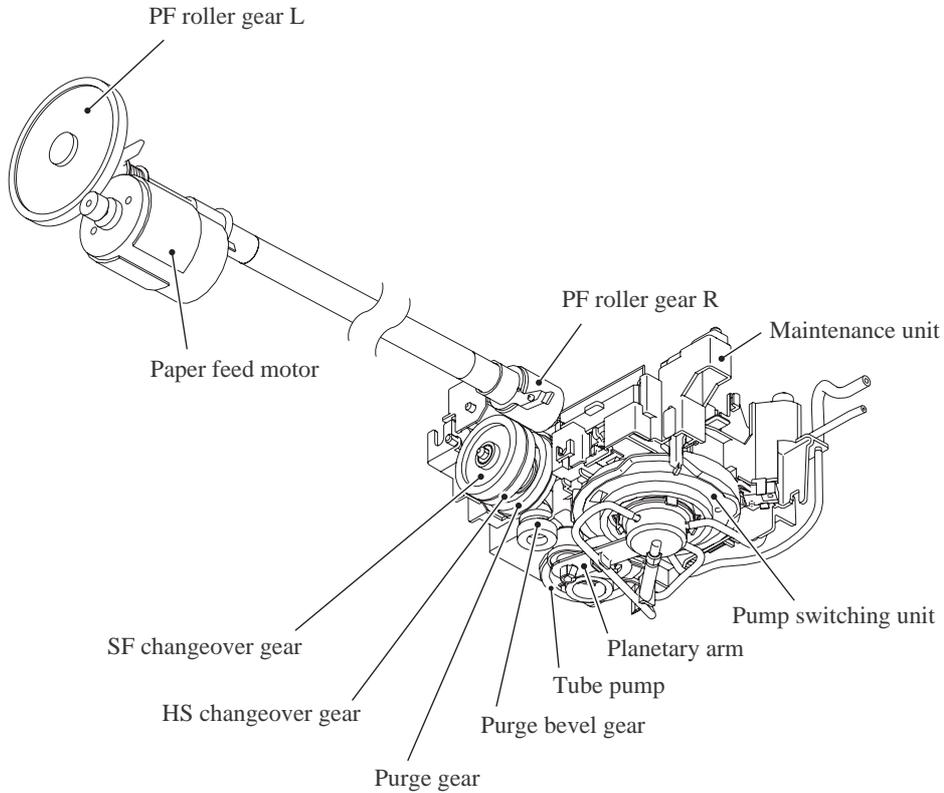
The power transmission route and operation mode switching are detailed in [Section 3.2.2.4](#).



(3_06)

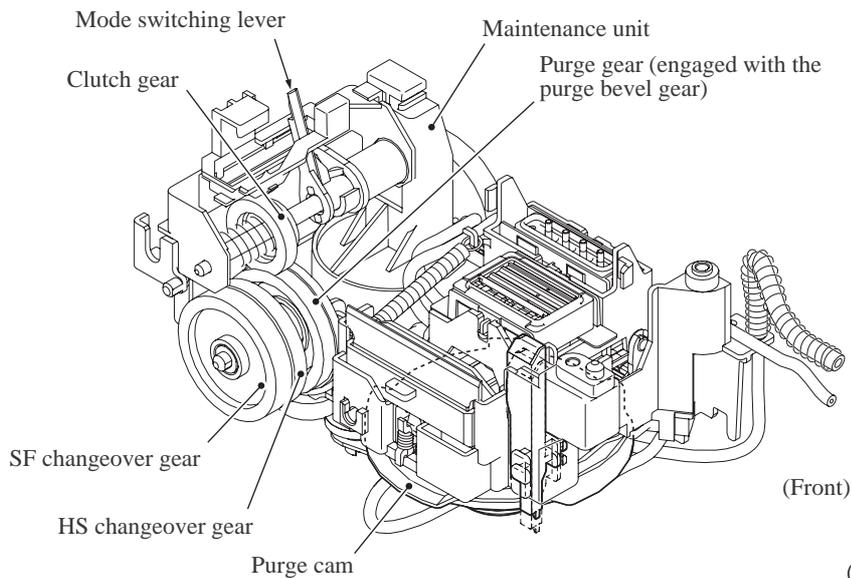
Purge mode

In the purge mode, the motor rotational torque is transmitted to the purge gear, purge bevel gear, and planetary arm to drive the pump switching unit or tube pump (depending upon the motor rotational direction).



(3_07)

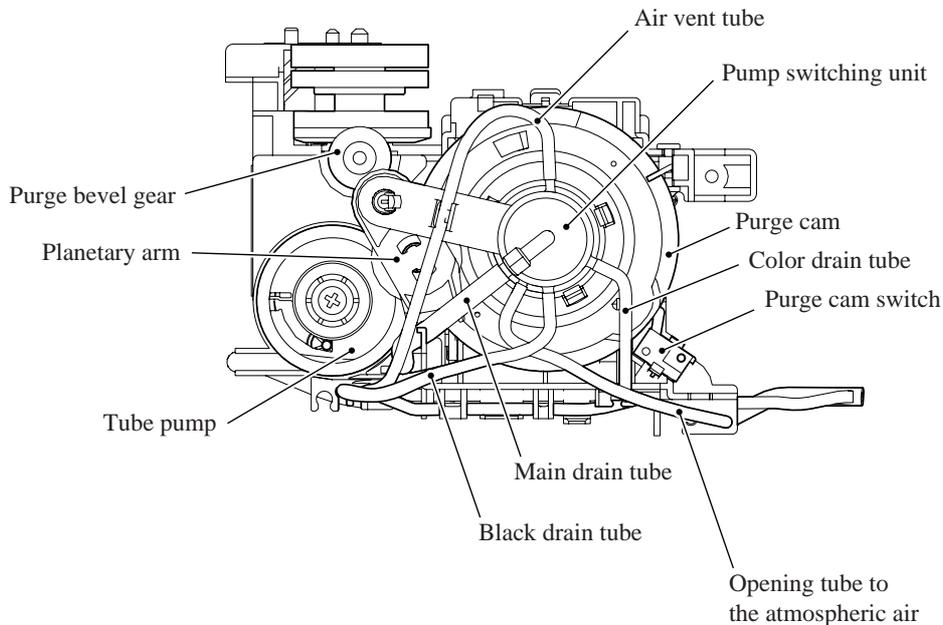
When the head/carriage unit moves left from the purge position, the tab on the carriage rear panel releases the mode switching lever, allowing the switching lever spring to force the mode switching lever and the clutch gear to the left (see the illustration on the previous page). The switching lever spring is stronger, so forces the clutch gear spring back, disengaging it from the purge gear.



(3_09_1)

Switching the power transmission with the planetary arm in the maintenance unit

When the paper feed motor is driving the maintenance unit, the counterclockwise (when viewed from the output gear side) rotation meshes the planetary arm with the tube pump; the clockwise rotation, with the purge cam.



(3_08)

Purge cam mechanism

The purge cam is so designed that:

- the carriage lock pops out to lock the head/carriage unit before purging and pops in before cleaning with the head wiper (this lock also secures the head/carriage unit during transportation),
- the pump switching unit switches the application target of the negative pressure generated by the pump between the head cap for black ink, the one for color ink, the air vent cap, and the opening tube to the atmospheric air,
- the head wiper comes out to clean the nozzle surface, and
- the air vent rods are pushed up via the slide cams to remove air trapped.

The purge cam switch detects the cam drive positions. (See [Section 3.2.3.](#))

Purge types, ink usage, purge counts, and purge codes

Purge Types	Description	Ink Usage	Purge Counts	Purge Codes (In the maintenance mode, Function code 76)
Normal purge	This purge operation removes dried ink sticking to the head nozzles.	Black: 0.21 mL Per color: 0.13 mL	Black: 11 Total of colors: 21	1
Periodical reset purge	This purge operation removes any bubbles that have accumulated in the ink supply tubes.	Black: 0.44 mL Per color: 0.32 mL	Black: 24 Total of colors: 54	2
Power purge	More powerful than a periodical reset purge, this purge operation is for removing stubborn clogging from the head nozzles and ink supply tubes.	Black: 0.59 mL Per color: 0.38 mL	Black: 32 Total of colors: 64	3
Initial purge	When the user loads ink cartridges for the first time, this purge operation automatically runs to refill the ink supply tubes and print head with fresh ink.	Black: 2.92 mL Per color: 2.59 mL	Black: 163 Total of colors: 432	4
User reset purge	This purge operation should be performed if the print quality problem persists after a user has performed the purge operation repeatedly by pressing the Ink (Ink Management) key.	Black: 0.50 mL Per color: 0.32 mL	Black: 28 Total of colors: 54	5
Engine setup purge	This purge operation refills the ink supply tubes with ink when there is no ink in those tubes.	Black: 2.92 mL Per color: 2.59 mL	Black: 163 Total of colors: 432	6

Ink cartridge capacities

Ink Cartridge Type		Contents	Usable Portion
Starter and spare ink cartridges	Black ink cartridge	18.2 mL	Approx. 16.7 mL*1
	Color ink cartridges	7.8 mL	Approx. 6.3 mL*1

*1 These are the values measured with an actual machine, not the guaranteed ones.

Number of printable pages per ink cartridge

Print conditions: 600 x 600 dpi ("Normal" print quality), continuous printing, 5% coverage

Ink Cartridge Type	Number of Printable Pages per Ink Cartridge*2
Black ink cartridge	Approx. 500 pages
Color ink cartridge	Approx. 400 pages

*2 When the ink cartridge is not used for an initial purge

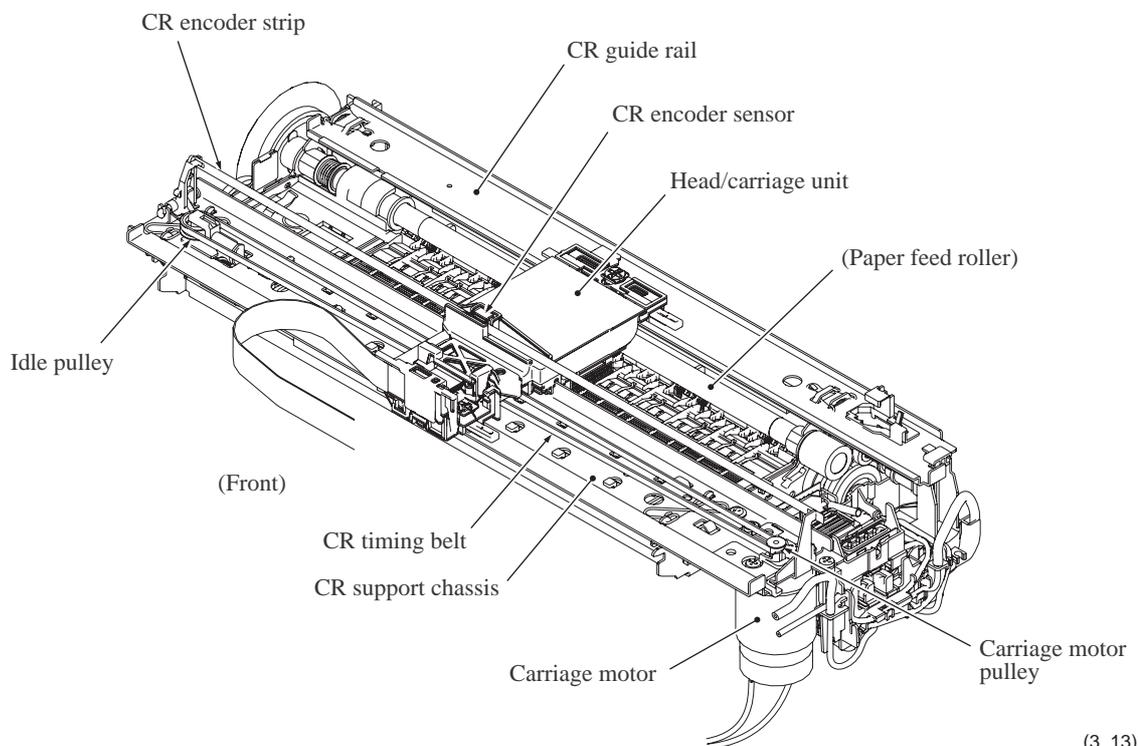
- The contents and usable portion of ink cartridges are subject to change without notice.
- The ink consumption differs depending on individual machines and ambient environmental conditions. The numbers of printable pages per ink cartridge listed above are typical values under ordinary conditions.

3.2.2.3 Carriage drive mechanism

The head/carriage unit, which integrates the print head unit and carriage, is supported and guided by the CR guide rail and CR support chassis. The CR timing belt transmits the carriage motor rotation to the head/carriage unit. Clockwise motor rotations move the head/carriage unit to the right; counterclockwise ones to the left.

The CR encoder sensor on the top of the head/carriage unit scans the CR encoder strip above the CR support chassis to monitor the current head position relative to the home position. The controller uses this signal for robust control ensuring uniform speed.

The CR encoder strip is a clear film striped in a 1/150 inch cycle. It offers a choice of two travel speeds of the head/carriage unit, 43.3 and 21.7 ips, to match the print resolution.



(3_13)

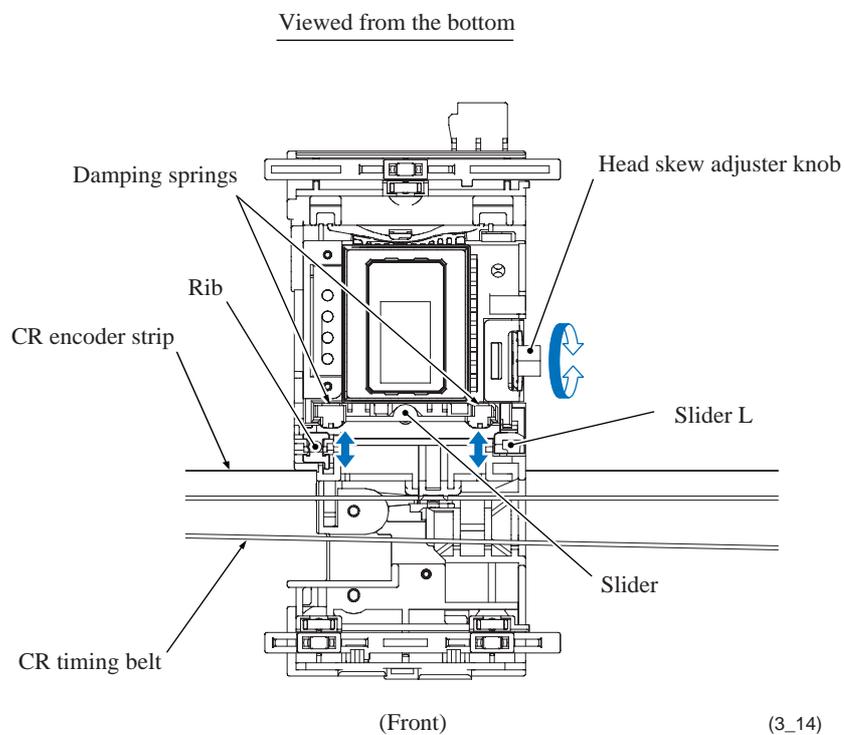
Adjusting the print head angle relative to carriage

For optimal image printing, the print head nozzle array must be perpendicular to the head/carriage unit's line of travel. Manufacturing limitations, however, make perfect alignment impossible during mass production. The angle must be adjusted at the individual machine level.

The following describes this adjustment mechanism's components and their roles.

Slider L, the slider, and the rib attach the head/carriage unit to the CR support chassis. The rib acts as a pivot for the slider's damping springs pressing the head/carriage unit to the rear. Slider L has a head skew adjuster knob that shifts the slider back and forth, adjusting the angle of this backward pressure. Rotating the head skew adjuster knob tilts the entire head/carriage unit, thus adjusting the head nozzle vertical angle relative to the carriage unit's line of travel.

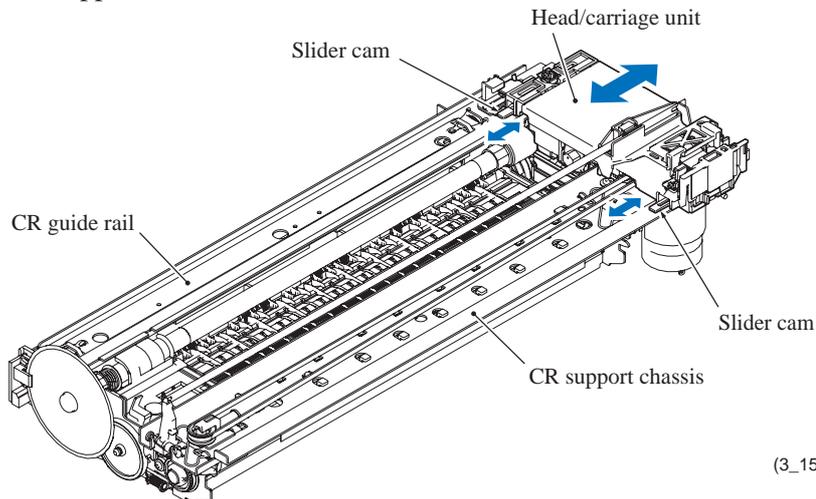
This knob offers 15 settings, from -7 to +7.



Height adjustment of the head/carriage unit

For optimal image printing, a pair of slider cams mounted on the head/carriage unit switches the height of the head/carriage unit against the CR guide rail and support chassis between three levels for "Brother premium glossy photo paper," "thick paper and envelopes" and "other types of paper" in order to bring the optimum distance between the head nozzle surface and paper.

The slider cams can be switched by hitting against the stoppers at the right and left ends of the CR guide rail and CR support chassis.



(3_15_1)

For "Brother premium glossy photo paper":

When printing on Brother premium glossy photo paper, the machine uses ink droplets of 1.5 picoliters (pL) and switches the head/carriage unit to the lowest position to make the distance ("a" in the illustration below) narrower than the one ("b") specified for other types of paper. This enables jetted minimal ink droplets to accurately hit the target position on paper.

For "thick paper and envelopes" and "other types of paper":

The machine adjusts the height of the head/carriage unit to keep the distance ("b") constant.

For "Brother premium glossy photo paper"	For "other types of paper" (Paper except Brother premium glossy photo paper, thick paper and envelopes)	For "thick paper and envelopes"
<p>Head nozzle surface</p> <p>"a"</p> <p>Paper</p> <p>Platen</p>	<p>Head nozzle surface</p> <p>"b"</p> <p>Paper</p> <p>Platen</p>	<p>Head nozzle surface</p> <p>"b"</p> <p>Paper</p> <p>Platen</p> <p>(3_15_2)</p>
<p>Head/carriage unit (top view)</p> <p>Slider cam</p> <p>(Front)</p> <p>Slider cam</p>		<p>(3_15_3)</p>

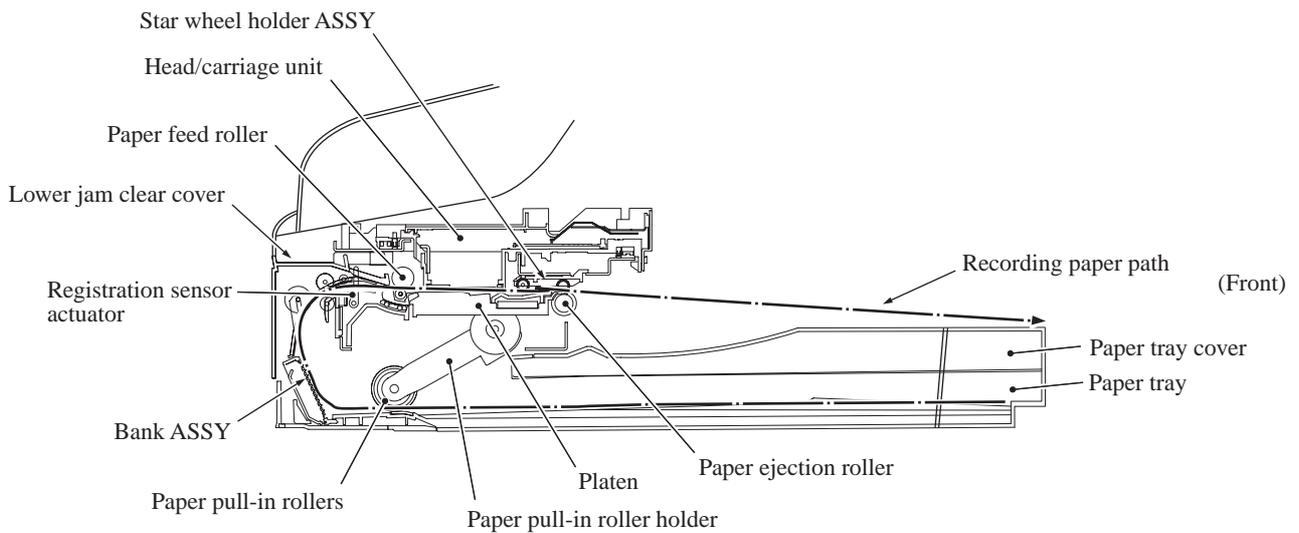
As listed below, the printer driver on the connected PC or the paper type setting on the machine controls the slider cams to determine the height of the head/carriage unit.

Controlled by:	Adjustment for:	
	Brother premium glossy photo paper	Thick paper and envelopes
Printer driver (in printing from PC)	Yes	Yes
Paper type setting (in copying)	Yes	No

3.2.2.4 Paper pulling-in, registration, feeding and ejecting mechanisms

These mechanisms are driven by a single paper feed motor located on the left side of the engine chassis via a gear train. (See the illustration on the next page.)

The following illustration is a cross-sectional view of the machine viewed from the left. Place the recording paper *face down* in the paper tray. This paper first proceeds to the rear, bends upward, heads back toward the front, passes under the head/carriage unit for printing, and finally comes out onto the top of the paper tray cover.



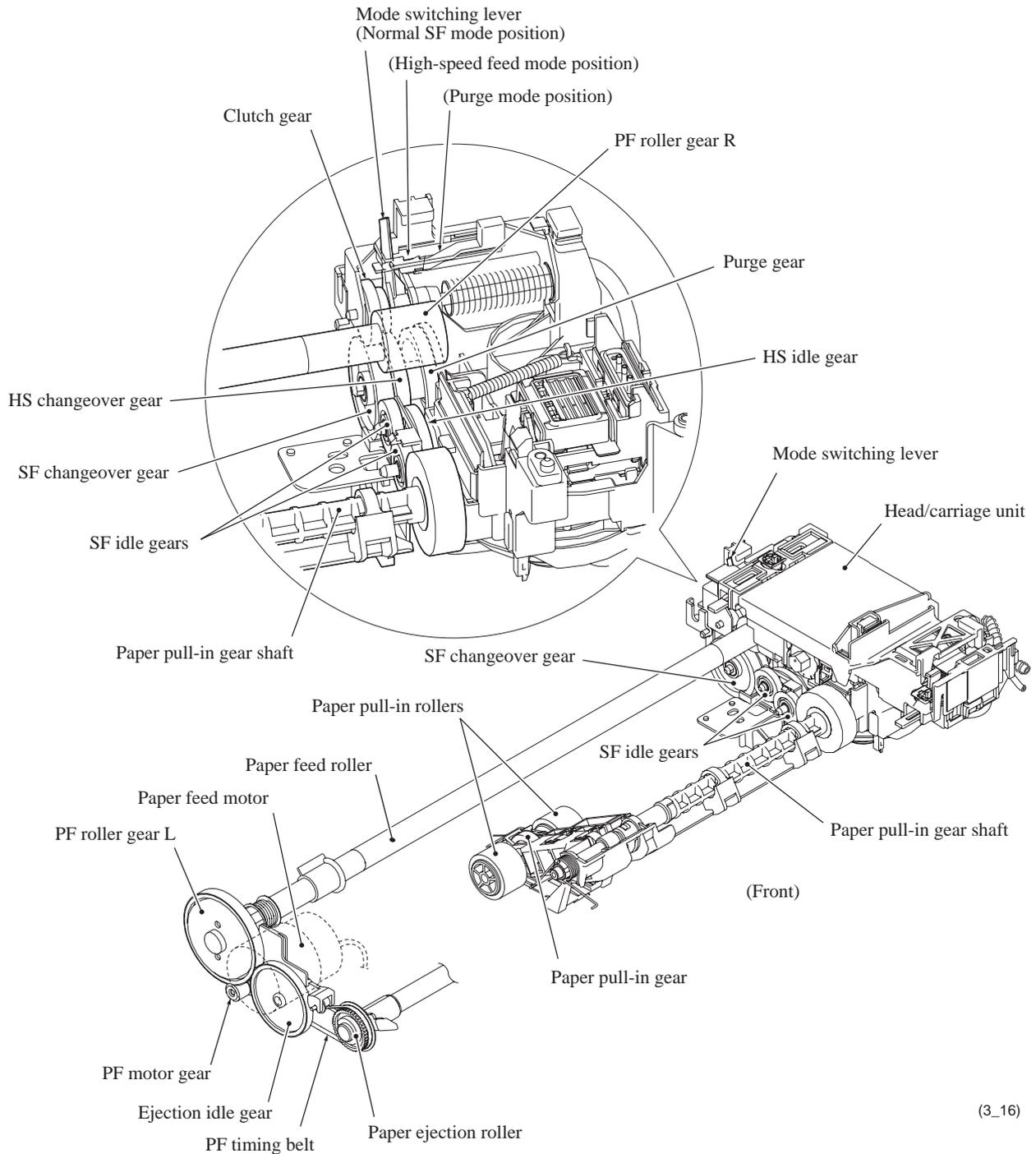
(PrintingMechanism_BHL7SF)

The machine supports two paper feed modes--"normal SF mode" and "high-speed feed mode." The latter mode applies when the "Fast" print quality is selected and the former mode, when any other print quality is selected.

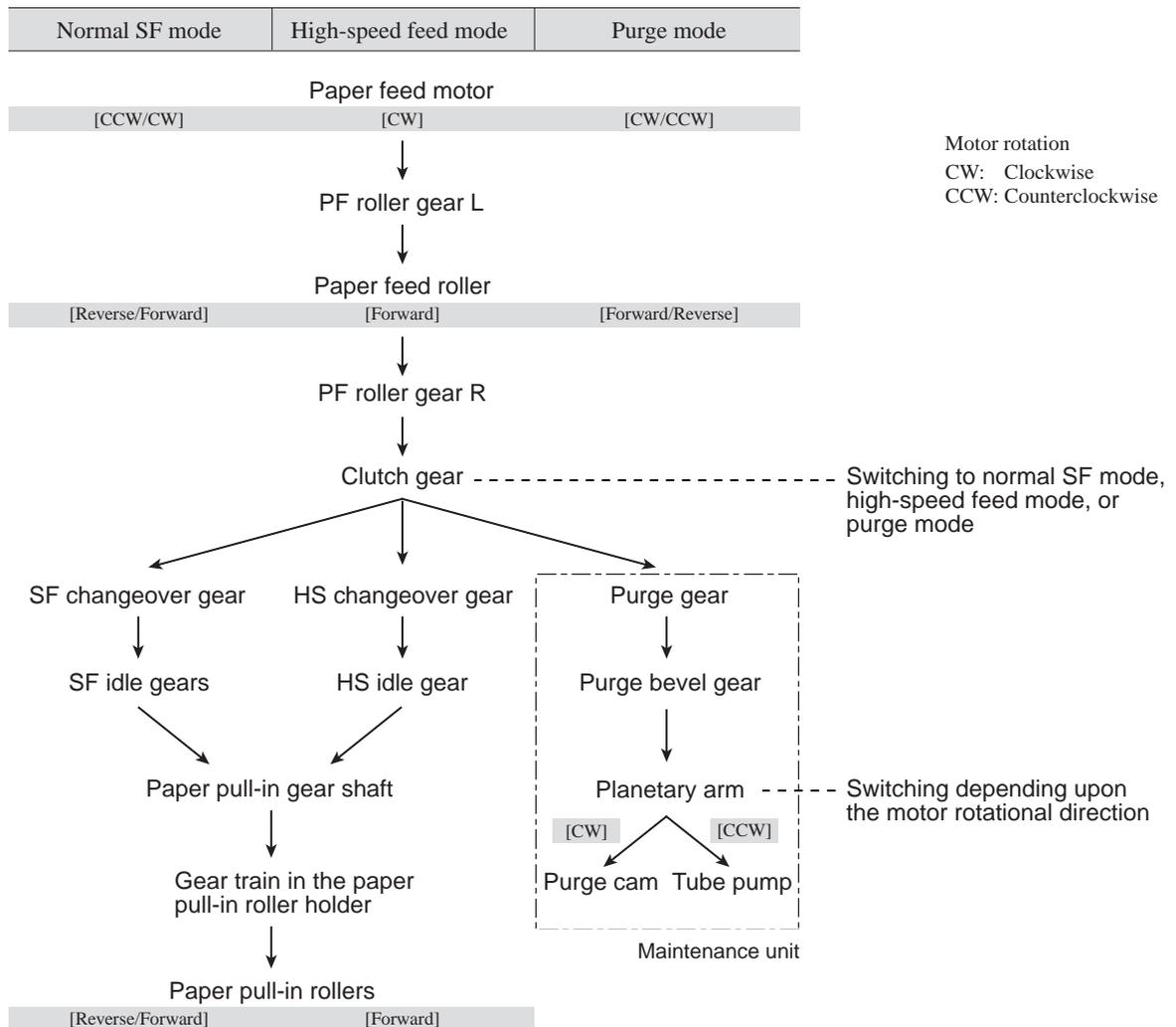
Power transmission route and motor rotational direction

The rotation torque of the paper feed motor is transmitted via the PF roller gear L and paper feed roller to the PF roller gear R which always meshes with the clutch gear, as described in [Section 3.2.2.2, \[4 \]](#).

The clutch gear also meshes with the SF changeover gear, HS changeover gear, or purge gear when the mode switching lever is in the leftmost position, 2nd position from the left, or right position, thereby switching the operation mode to the normal SF, high-speed feed, or purge mode, respectively.



(3_16)



Switching operation modes--Normal SF, high-speed feed, and purge modes

The table below shows the relationship between the position of the mode switching lever, the rotational directions of the paper feed motor, paper feed roller, and paper pull-in rollers, and the maintenance unit components driven.

Position of mode switching lever	Operation	Paper feed motor (viewed from the output gear side)	Paper feed roller	Paper pull-in rollers	Component driven in maintenance unit
Leftmost position (Normal SF mode)	Paper feeding	Counterclockwise	Reverse	Forward	---
	Printing	Clockwise	Forward	(Reverse)*	---
2nd position from the left (High-speed feed mode)	High-speed paper feeding & printing	Clockwise	Forward	Forward	---
	Paper reversing	Counterclockwise	Reverse	Reverse	---
Right position (Purge mode)	Purging	Clockwise	---	---	Purge cam
		Counterclockwise	---	---	Tube pump

*The paper pull-in rollers are idling in the reverse direction.

Normal SF mode

1st stage The paper feed motor rotates *counterclockwise* (when viewed from the output gear side) and its rotational torque is transmitted to the PF roller gear L that rotates the paper feed roller in the *reverse* direction. (See the illustration on [page 3-36](#).)

At the right end of the paper feed roller is the PF roller gear R that always meshes with the clutch gear. The clutch gear also meshes with the SF changeover gear when the mode switching lever is placed in the normal SF mode position (Leftmost position).

The rotational torque is further transmitted from the SF changeover gear via the SF idle gears to the paper pull-in gear shaft and gear train in the paper pull-in roller holder. Consequently, the paper pull-in rollers turn in the *forward* direction to pull in a sheet of paper loaded in the paper tray.

2nd stage After the pulled-in paper pushes the registration sensor actuator to turn the sensor on, the motor further rotates *counterclockwise* for the predetermined period to align (register) the leading edge of the paper with the paper feed roller rotating in the *reverse* direction.

3rd stage The paper feed motor changes the rotational direction to *clockwise* to rotate the paper feed roller in the *forward* direction to feed the paper to the printing start position.

The rotational torque of the PF roller gear L is also transmitted via the ejection idle gear and PF timing belt to the paper ejection roller that rotates in the *forward* direction to eject the paper printed.

High-speed feed mode

1st stage The paper feed motor rotates *clockwise* (when viewed from the output gear side) and its rotation is transmitted to the PF roller gear L that rotates the paper feed roller in the *forward* direction.

At the right end of the paper feed roller is the PF roller gear R that always meshes with the clutch gear. The clutch gear also meshes with the HS changeover gear when the mode switching lever is placed in the high-speed feed mode position (2nd position from the left).

The rotational torque is further transmitted from the HS changeover gear via the HS idle gear to the paper pull-in gear shaft and gear train in the paper pull-in roller holder. Just as in the normal SF mode, the paper pull-in rollers turn in the *forward* direction to pull in a sheet of paper loaded in the paper tray.

Registration sensor activation has no effect on the paper feeding operation in the high-speed feed mode.

The paper feed roller keeps rotating in the *forward* direction; therefore, the paper continues to advance to the printing start position.

Just as in the normal SF mode, the rotational torque of the PF roller gear L is also transmitted via the ejection idle gear and PF timing belt to the paper ejection roller that rotates in the *forward* direction to eject the first sheet of paper printed.

Even after the first sheet of paper leaves the paper tray, the paper pull-in rollers keep rotating in the *forward* direction to continuously pull in paper sheet by sheet. At the completion of the first printing sequence, another sheet of paper has been halfway pulled in. The paper feed roller always rotates faster than the paper pull-in rollers; therefore, the trailing edge of the preceding sheet will not overlap with the leading edge of the subsequent one.

2nd stage When the registration sensor actuator returns to the no-paper state after completion of a sequence of printing operation, the paper feed motor starts rotating *counterclockwise* to rotate the paper pull-in rollers in the *reverse* direction so that the halfway-pulled-in paper goes back into the paper tray. The paper hits the paper length guide provided in the paper tray and goes back into place.

Other controls

Paper feed position and speed control

A PF encoder disk with the resolution of 300 dpi (0.084 mm pitch) is mounted on the PF roller gear L. The PF encoder sensor uses it to generate a signal indicating the gear rotation speed--in other words, the paper feed roller speed--to the controller for use in controlling paper feed position and speed.

Paper stop position control

The controller uses the PF encoder signal for proportional, integration, differential (PID) control of the paper feed motor to produce high-resolution precision paper positioning during printing. This signal also determines the motor parameters for rapidly and precisely positioning the paper.

Fixed-speed paper feed

This operation rotates the paper feed roller to feed the paper at a constant speed regardless of load fluctuations. The primary application is ejecting paper when printing is complete--in other words, in situations where precision stop position control is not needed.

Paper feeding amount control

There is variation in the head nozzle pitch of individual head/carriage units, as well as in the shape of the paper feed and ejection rollers. To make those parts match each other, therefore, updating the paper feeding correction value and correcting the positioning error of the head/carriage unit are necessary (see [Chapter 7](#)).

3.2.3 Sensors and Actuators

This machine uses the following sensors and thermistors.

Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Location
Document front sensor	Photosensor	On the control panel PCB
Document rear sensor	Photosensor	
Ink cartridge cover switch	Mechanical switch	On the inner frame
Upper jam clear cover switch	Mechanical switch	
Paper width sensor (media sensor)	Photosensor	On the carriage PCB
Head thermistor	Thermistor	
CR encoder sensor	Photosensor	
Registration sensor	Photosensor	On the registration sensor PCB
PF encoder sensor	Photosensor	On the PF encoder PCB
Purge cam switch	Mechanical switch	On the maintenance unit
Ink cartridge sensors (four)	Photosensor	On the ink cartridge PCB inside the ink refill assembly
Casing internal temperature thermistor	Thermistor	
Hook switch*	Mechanical switch	On the hook switch PCB* on the document chute

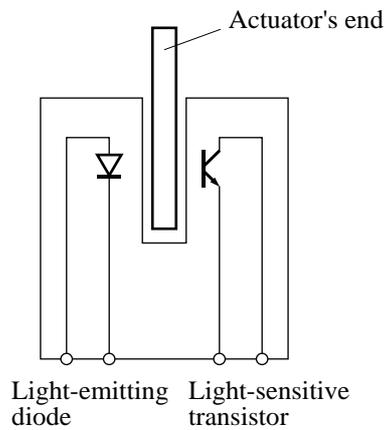
*For models with handset

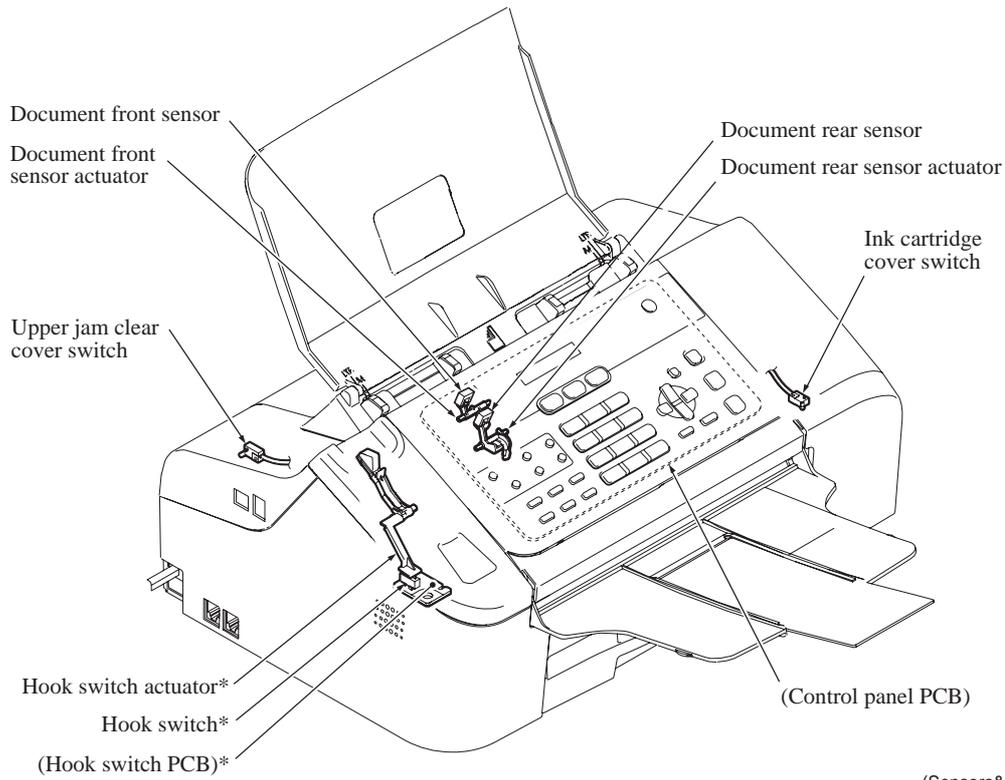
- The document front sensor detects whether there is a document in the ADF.
- The document rear sensor detects the leading and trailing edges of document pages, indicating to the control circuitry the point at which to start reading and when page scanning is complete.
- The ink cartridge cover switch detects whether the ink cartridge cover is properly closed.
- The upper jam clear cover switch detects whether the upper jam clear cover is properly closed.
- The paper width (media) sensor detects the size of recording paper. With this sensor signal, the controller prevents the print head from printing on the outside of paper in borderless printing. It also protects the platen from no-paper printing when a paper jam occurs, preventing stains on the platen and the back side of paper.
- The head thermistor detects the temperature of the print engine. According to the sensor information, the controller adjusts the head driver to compensate for changes in ink viscosity.
- The carriage motor (CR) encoder sensor monitors the head/carriage unit's current position and speed. If the controller detects a head's travel speed error, it interprets the error state as a paper jam and stops the operation.
- The registration sensor detects the leading and trailing edges of paper for use in determining print start and end timings and detecting paper jams.
- The paper feed motor (PF) encoder sensor monitors the PF roller rotation angle and speed for use in optimizing paper feed amount and speed.
- The purge cam switch detects the drive positions of the purge cam.
- There are four ink cartridge sensors, one for each color. The sensor actuator inside the ink cartridge usually blocks the light path to indicate the presence of ink. When ink runs low (near-empty), the arm moves out of the beam, activating the sensor. The same signal also indicates whether there is an ink cartridge present.

- The casing internal temperature thermistor monitors the temperature inside the machine. With this thermistor signal, the controller determines the periodical automatic purge interval since the casing internal temperature is almost equal to the ambient temperature of ink inside the ink cartridges.
- The hook switch* detects whether the handset is on the handset mount.

*For models with handset

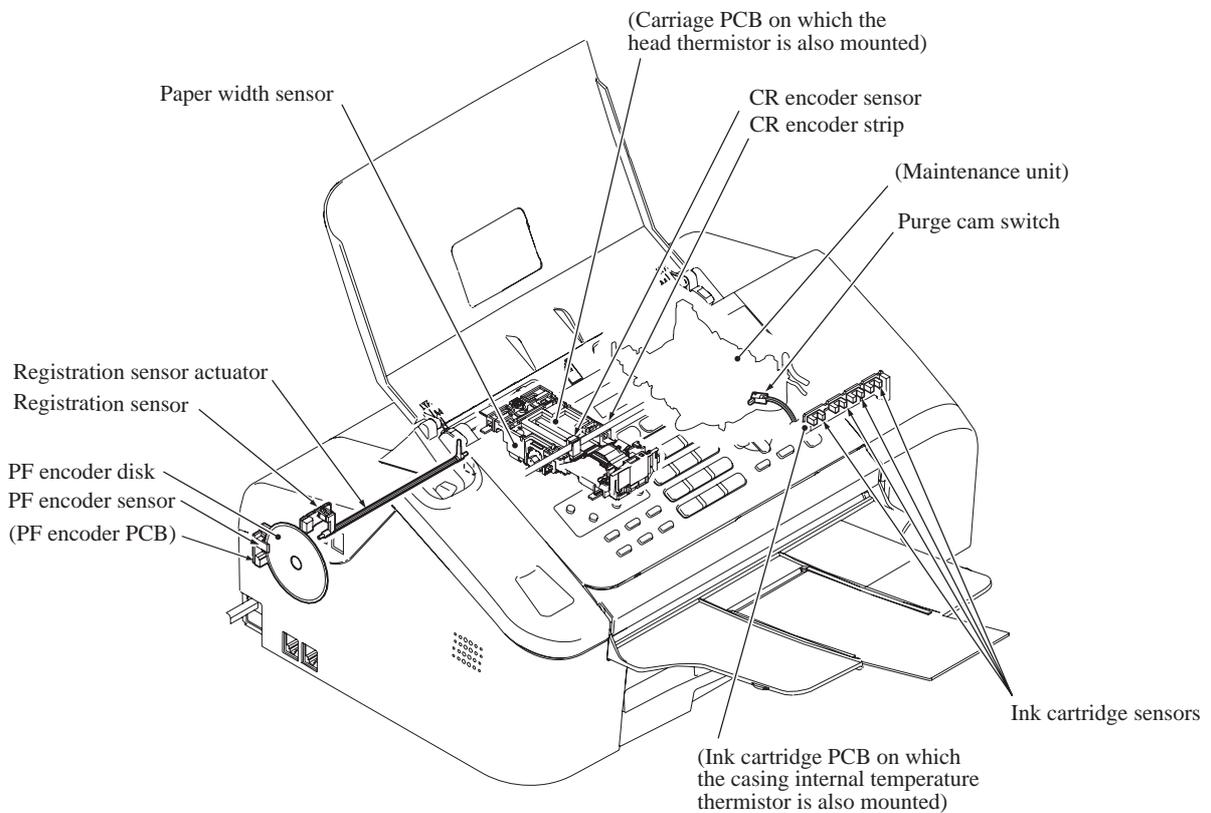
Most sensors are photointerrupters consisting of a light-emitting diode and a light-sensitive transistor as shown below. The only exception is the paper width sensor, which uses reflective type. The illustration on the next page gives the sensor and actuator locations.





(Sensors&Actuators_1)

*For models with handset



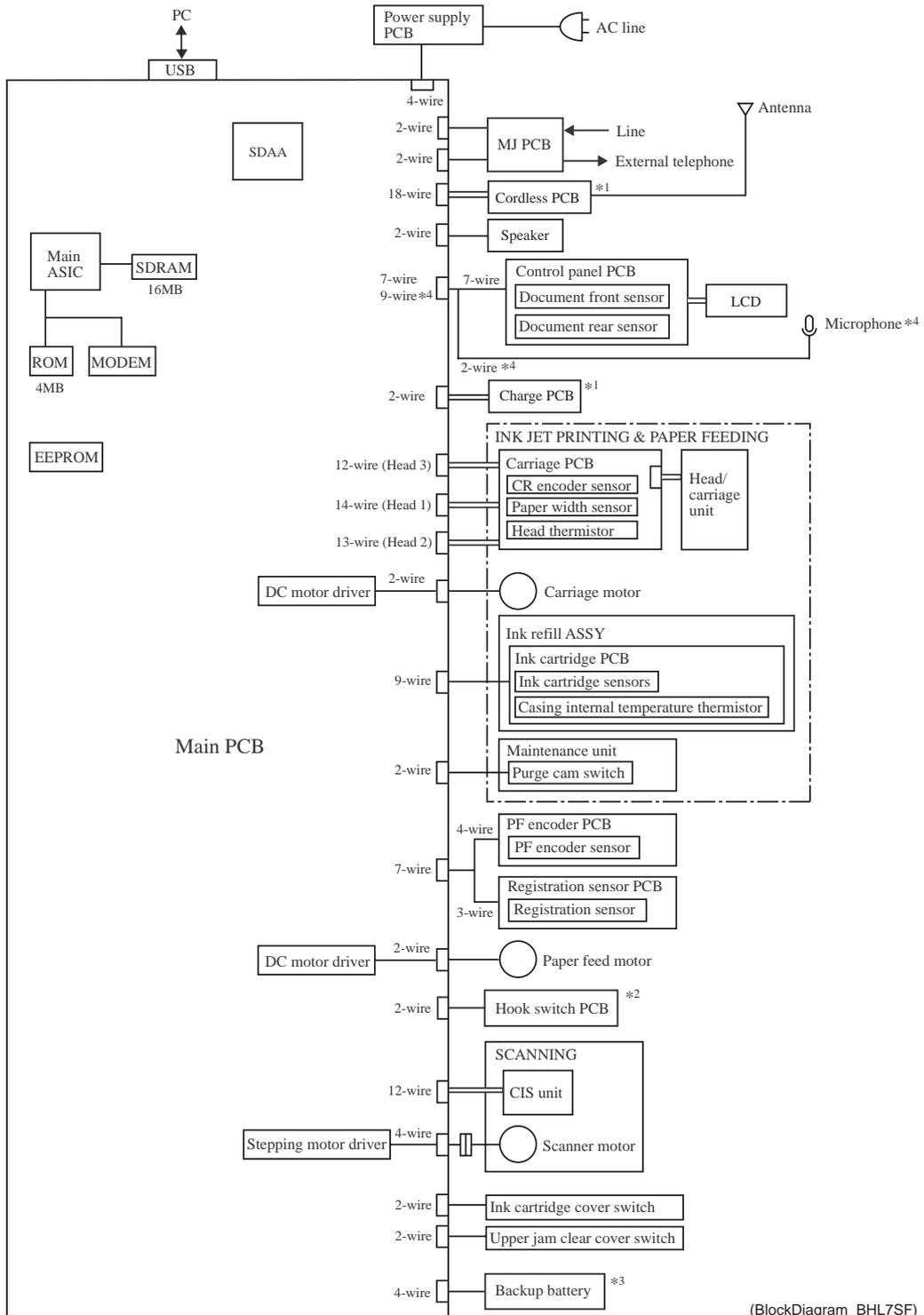
(Sensors&Actuators_2)

Sensors and Actuators Locations

3.3 CONTROL ELECTRONICS

3.3.1 Components

The following illustration shows the hardware components. The corresponding wiring diagrams appear in [Appendix 5](#).



(BlockDiagram_BHL7SF)

- *1 For models with cordless handset
- *2 For models with handset
- *3 For models with backup battery
- *4 For models with TAD

CHAPTER 4

ERROR INDICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

CHAPTER 4 ERROR INDICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter details error messages and codes that the incorporated self-diagnostic functions display if any error or malfunction occurs. If any error message appears, refer to this chapter to find which components should be checked or replaced.

The latter half of this chapter provides sample problems that could occur in the main sections of the machine and related troubleshooting procedures. This will help service personnel pinpoint and repair defective components.

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4.1 ERROR INDICATION

To help the user or the service personnel promptly locate the cause of a problem (if any), the machine incorporates the self-diagnostic functions which display error messages for equipment errors.

4.1.1 Equipment Errors

If an equipment error occurs in the machine, the machine emits an audible alarm (five short beeps twice) and shows the error message on the LCD. If an equipment error occurs in the cordless handset(s), the cordless handset shows the error message on the LCD. For the error messages, see [1] below.

To display detailed error information, use Function code 82 described in [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.22](#) (that is, make the machine enter the maintenance mode and then press the **8** and **2** keys). Following the MACHINE ERROR, one of the error codes listed in [2] will appear on the LCD.

[1] Error messages appearing on the LCD

■ On the machine

Error Message	Cause	Action
Change Unable XX *	The machine has a mechanical problem. or A foreign object such as a clip or ripped paper is in the machine.	Open the upper jam clear cover and remove any foreign objects inside the machine. If the error message persists, see Chapter 5, Section 5.1 "TRANSFERRING RECEIVED FAX DATA" before disconnecting the machine so you will not lose any important messages. Then, disconnect the machine from the power source and after several minutes reconnect it.
Clean Unable XX *	The machine has a mechanical problem. or A foreign object such as a clip or ripped paper is in the machine.	Open the upper jam clear cover and remove any foreign objects inside the machine. If the error message persists, see Chapter 5, Section 5.1 "TRANSFERRING RECEIVED FAX DATA" before disconnecting the machine so you will not lose any important messages. Then, disconnect the machine from the power source and after several minutes reconnect it.

* XX represents one of the error codes shown in "[2] Error codes contained in "MACHINE ERROR X" messages."

Error Message	Cause	Action
Comm. Error	Poor phone line quality caused a communications error.	Send the fax again or connect the machine to another telephone line. If the problem continues, call the telephone company and ask them to check your phone line.
Cover Open Close all covers	The upper jam clear cover is not closed completely.	Open the upper jam clear cover and then close it again.
	The ink cartridge cover is not closed completely.	Firmly close the ink cartridge cover until it clicks.
Data Remaining	Print data is left in the machine's memory.	Re-start printing from your computer.
	Print data is left in the machine's memory. The USB cable was unplugged while the computer was sending the data to the machine. The computer hung up.	Press Stop/Exit . The machine will cancel the job and clear it from the memory. Try to print again.
Disconnected	The other person or other person's fax machine stopped the call.	Try to send or receive again.
Document Jam	The document was not inserted or fed properly, or the document scanned from the ADF was too long.	Remove the jammed document.
DR Mode in Use BT Call Sign On (UK models only)	The machine is set to Distinctive Ring mode. You cannot change the Receive Mode from Manual to another mode.	Set Distinctive Ring to off.
High Temperature	The ambient temperature is too high.	Lower the ambient temperature *

* When the ambient temperature is too high or low, the print quality may deteriorate.

Error Message	Cause	Action
Init Unable XX *1	The machine has a mechanical problem. or A foreign object such as a clip or ripped paper is in the machine.	Open the upper jam clear cover and remove any foreign objects inside the machine. If the error message persists, see Chapter 5, Section 5.1 "TRANSFERRING RECEIVED FAX DATA" before disconnecting the machine so you will not lose any important messages. Then, disconnect the machine from the power source and after several minutes reconnect it.
Ink Empty	One or more of the ink cartridges is empty. The machine will stop all print operations. While memory is available, black and white faxes will be stored in the memory. If a sending machine has a color fax, the machine's "handshake" will ask that the fax be sent as black and white.	Replace the ink cartridges.
Low Temperature	The ambient temperature is too low.	Raise the ambient temperature. *2
Near Empty	One or more of the ink cartridges are running out of ink. If a sending machine has a color fax, the machine's "handshake" will ask that the fax be sent as black and white.	Order a new ink cartridge.
No Caller ID	No caller ID is recorded.	Dial with the numerical keypad.
No Cartridge	An ink cartridge is not installed properly.	Take out the ink cartridge and put it in again seating it properly.

*1 XX represents one of the error codes shown in "[2] Error codes contained in "MACHINE ERROR X X" messages."

*2 When the ambient temperature is too high or low, the print quality may deteriorate.

Error Message	Cause	Action
No Paper Fed	The machine is out of paper or paper is not properly loaded in the paper tray.	Do one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refill the paper in the paper tray, and then press Black Start (Mono Start) or Color Start. • Remove the paper and load it again and then press Black Start (Mono Start) or Color Start. Set the jam clear cover into place.
	The jam clear cover is not set in place.	Remove the jammed paper.
No Response/Busy	The number you dialed does not answer or is busy.	Verify the number and try again.
Not Registered	You tried to access a Speed Dial number that is not programmed.	Set up the Speed Dial number.
Out of Memory	The machine's memory is full.	Fax sending or copy operation in progress: Press Stop/Exit and wait until the other operations in progress finish and then try again.
	The data size of the memory card is too large.	Printing operation in progress: Reduce print resolution. Reduce the size of the image data stored in the memory card.
Paper Jam	Paper is jammed in the machine.	Remove the jammed paper.

Error Message	Cause	Action
Print Unable XX * Scan Unable XX	The machine has a mechanical problem. or A foreign object such as a clip or ripped paper is in the machine.	Open the upper jam clear cover and remove any foreign objects inside the machine. (MFC3360C and FAX1860C) If the error message persists, see Chapter 5, Section 5.1 "TRANSFERRING RECEIVED FAX DATA" before disconnecting the machine so you will not lose any important messages. Then, disconnect the machine from the power source and after several minutes, reconnect it.
Tel Disabled (FAX1960C only)		(FAX1960C) Disconnect the machine from the power source and after several minutes, reconnect it. (The machine can retain fax data stored in the memory for approximately 24 hours even if it is turned off.)
Wrong Paper Size	Paper is not the correct size.	Load the correct size of paper (Letter, Legal or A4), and then press Black Start (Mono Start) or Color Start .

* XX represents one of the error codes shown in "[2] Error codes contained in "MACHINE ERROR X X" messages."

■ **Cordless handset (For models with cordless handset)**

Error Message	Cause	Action
Base Unit in use	Two people are speaking on the internal line.	Wait until the line is free.
	The machine (base unit) is being set up for cordless handset registration.	Wait until the registration is finished.
Cannot register Handset	(Optional cordless handset only) You failed to register the cordless handset.	Try to register the cordless handset.
Handset in use	The other cordless handset you called may be making an intercom call to another cordless handset.	Wait until the line is free.

Error Message	Cause	Action
Line in use	Another person is on the phone with machine's (base unit) speaker phone or other cordless handset.	Wait until the line is free.
<Low Battery> Put handset on cradle	The battery of the cordless handset is low.	Charge the battery.
No Caller ID	No caller ID is recorded.	Dial with the numerical keypad.
Not Registered	You tried to access a Tel-Index number that is not programmed.	Set up the Tel-Index number.
Searching for Base Unit (Base Unit not detected)	The cordless handset is far from the machine (base unit).	Come closer with the cordless handset to the machine (base unit).
	The machine (base unit) is turned off.	Make sure the machine (base unit) is turned on.
	(Optional cordless handset only) You have not registered the cordless handset.	Register the cordless handset.

[2] Error codes contained in "MACHINE ERROR X X" messages

Using Function code 82 (described in [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.22](#)) displays the most recent error in the format of "MACHINE ERROR XX." The XX represents one of the error codes listed in this section.

XX in error messages "Change Unable XX," "Clean Unable XX," "Init Unable XX," "Print Unable XX," and "Scan Unable XX" given in item [1] also represents one of these error codes.

NOTE: When checking a PCB as instructed in the "Solution" column, also check its harness.

NOTE: To check sensors, use Function code 32 described in [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.8](#) (that is, press the **3** and **2** keys in the maintenance mode).

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
25	Not used.		
26 27 28 29	Cannot detect ink cartridges.	Running out of ink or the ink cartridge not set in place 26: Black ink 27: Yellow ink 28: Cyan ink 29: Magenta ink	Replace or reload ink cartridges, referring to the User's Guide.
		Ink cartridge PCB defective	Replace the ink refill ASSY.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
2A-2F	Not used.		
3*	Head/carriage unit travel error.	Software malfunction	Open and close the upper jam clear cover. Unplug and plug the AC cord.
		Any obstacles on the travel path of the head/carriage unit	Clean and lubricate the CR guide rail and CR support chassis.
		CR timing belt come off	Set the CR timing belt into place.
		CR encoder strip stained or scratched	Replace the CR encoder strip.
		Carriage PCB defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Head/carriage unit broken	Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Carriage motor defective	Replace the carriage motor.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Power supply PCB defective	Replace the power supply PCB.
		Maintenance unit defective	Replace the maintenance unit.

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
40	The casing internal temperature thermistor has detected abnormal temperature in the machine.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Casing internal temperature thermistor defective	Replace the ink refill ASSY.
41	Not used.		
42	The head drive voltage has not dropped from the high to low level within the specified period.	Piezoelectric ceramic actuator or head driver defective	Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Carriage PCB defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
43	The head thermistor has been opened or shorted abnormally.	Head flat cables not connected correctly	Correct those flat cables.
		Head flat cables broken	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Carriage PCB defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
44	The temperature of the print head driver has risen abnormally. The head driver chip temperature sensor in the head driver detects abnormally high temperature.	Head property parameters incorrect in the EEPROM	Enter the correct parameter values.
		Air bubbles in the head/carriage unit	Perform the initial purge.
		Head flat cables and carriage-head flat cable not connected correctly	Correct those flat cables.
		Head flat cables broken	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Carriage-head flat cable broken	Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Head/carriage unit broken	Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
45	Not used.		

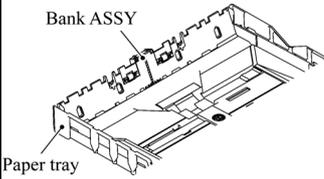
Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
46	The number of performed purge sequences has reached the limit. The ink absorber box may be filled with drained ink.	Purge counter overflown	Replace both the ink absorber box and flushing box and reset their counters. (When you need to replace the ink absorber box or flushing box, replace both.)
	The number of flushing operations has reached the limit. The flushing box may be filled with drained ink.	Flushing counter overflown	
47	Not used.		
48	Weak connection of the head flat cables.	Head flat cables or carriage-head flat cable broken or not connected	Correct the connection of the head flat cables.
			Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
			Replace the head/carriage unit.
			Replace the main PCB.
49	The head drive voltage has not risen to the specified level.	Head flat cables and carriage-head flat cable not connected correctly	Correct those flat cables.
		Head/carriage unit defective	Replace the head/carriage unit.
			Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
Power supply PCB defective	Replace the power supply PCB.		
4A-4E	Not used.		
4F	The head drive voltage has dropped from the high to low level in an abnormally short period.	Piezoelectric ceramic actuator defective (Cracks or rare short)	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
			Replace the head/carriage unit.
	The head drive voltage has not risen to the specified level within the specified period in the self-diagnosis.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.

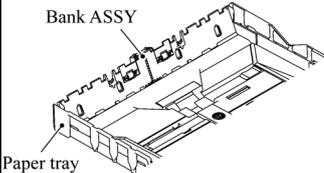
Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
50 51	The purge cam switch does not come ON or OFF even after the purge cam has been driven by the specified number of pulses.	Planetary arm assembly not engaged correctly	Set the maintenance unit into place.
			If the planetary arm does not move smoothly, clean it.
		Purge cam switch harness not connected correctly	Correct the connection.
		Purge cam switch broken	Replace the purge cam switch.
		Gear(s) on the maintenance unit broken	Replace the maintenance unit.
		Paper feed motor broken	Replace the paper feed motor.
		Power supply PCB defective	Replace the power supply PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
52	The purge cam switch does not come ON at each detection point.	Planetary arm assembly not engaged correctly	Set the maintenance unit into place.
			If the planetary arm does not move smoothly, clean it.
		Purge cam switch harness not connected correctly	Correct the connection.
		Purge cam switch broken	Replace the purge cam switch.
		Gear(s) on the maintenance unit broken Abnormal load applied to the purge cam	Replace the maintenance unit.
		Paper feed motor broken	Replace the paper feed motor.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
53	Not used.		

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
54 55	The tube pump rotates abnormally.	Foreign materials in the machine	Remove foreign materials.
		Clutch gear broken	Replace the clutch gear.
		PF encoder disk being in contact with the inner frame and deformed	Replace the PF encoder disk.
		PF encoder PCB defective	Replace the PF encoder PCB.
		Main drain tube bent	Replace the main drain tube.
		Purge cam gear broken Abnormal load applied to the purge cam	Replace the maintenance unit.
		Planetary arm assembly broken	Replace the maintenance unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Power supply PCB defective	Replace the power supply PCB.
		Paper feed motor defective	Replace the paper feed motor.
		PF roller gear L broken	Replace the engine unit.
56	Not used.		
57	After a purging operation, the head/carriage unit will not return to the home position (capping position).	Head cap unit, head wiper or other parts on the maintenance unit interfering with the head/carriage unit	Set these parts back into place. If any part on the maintenance unit does not operate smoothly, replace the unit.
		CR encoder strip stained	Clean the CR encoder strip.
		Any obstacles on the travel path of the head/carriage unit	Clean the CR guide rail and CR support chassis.
		Carriage motor defective	Replace the carriage motor.
		Head/carriage unit defective	Replace the head/carriage unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Power supply PCB defective	Replace the power supply PCB.

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
58, 59	Not used.		
5A	The purge cam stops abnormally when it is in operation.	Foreign materials in the machine Clutch gear broken PF encoder disk being in contact with the inner frame and deformed	Remove foreign materials. Replace the clutch gear. Replace the PF encoder disk.
5B	The tube pump stops abnormally during air venting.	PF encoder PCB defective Main drain tube bent Purge cam gear broken	Replace the PF encoder PCB. Replace the main drain tube. Replace the maintenance unit.
5C	The tube pump stops abnormally during purging operation.	Abnormal load applied to the purge cam Planetary arm assembly broken Main PCB defective Power supply PCB defective Paper feed motor defective PF roller gear L broken	Replace the maintenance unit. Replace the main PCB. Replace the power supply PCB. Replace the paper feed motor. Replace the engine unit.
5D	Current protection for the driver IC activated when the purge cam was being driven.	The driving current has exceeded the limit due to an abnormal load applied to the maintenance unit.	Remove foreign materials. Replace the clutch gear. Replace the PF encoder disk. Replace the PF encoder PCB. Replace the main drain tube.
5E	Current protection for the driver IC activated when the pump was in operation.		Replace the maintenance unit. Replace the main PCB. Replace the power supply PCB. Replace the paper feed motor. Replace the engine unit.

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
5F	Not used.		
60 61 62	Paper width sensor (media sensor) error.	Paper width sensor defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Head flat cables broken	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
63-7D	Not used.		
7E	No head parameters stored in the EEPROM. (This code may appear only in the maintenance mode.)	No head property data has been entered	Enter the head property data.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
7F	Not used.		
80	At the start of FAX message printing, the controller detects that paper is smaller than A4 size in width.	Paper smaller than the specified size loaded in the paper tray	Load the correct size of paper.
		Paper width sensor defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Paper width sensor not adjusted	Adjust the margin for borderless printing with Function code 66 in the maintenance mode.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
81	Not used.		
82	Recording paper jam in paper pull-in operation. (The paper width sensor fails to detect the leading edge of paper.)	Foreign materials in the paper path	Remove foreign materials.
		Paper not loaded correctly in the paper tray	Reload paper.
		Head flat cable connection failure	Insert the head flat cables correctly.
		Paper width sensor defective	Replace the carriage PCB ASSY.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
83	Recording paper jam. (The registration sensor detects paper abnormally early in paper feeding operation in the normal SF mode.) (The registration sensor sticks to ON in the high-speed feed mode.)	Paper is not correctly set in the paper tray	Reload paper.
		Bank ASSY deformed 	Replace the bank ASSY.
		Registration sensor actuator unhooked	Set the registration sensor actuator into place.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Registration sensor defective	Replace the registration sensor PCB.
84	Recording paper jam. (The registration sensor sticks to ON after completion of paper ejection operation.)	Foreign materials in the paper path	Remove foreign materials.
		Registration sensor actuator caught on the surrounding parts	Correct the surrounding parts on which the actuator caught.
		Registration sensor defective	Replace the registration sensor PCB.
		PF timing belt come off	Set the PF timing belt into place.
		The paper ejection roller does not rotate correctly	Replace the engine unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
85-87	Not used.		

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
88	Recording paper jam. (Even after paper pulling-in operation, the registration sensor is still OFF.)	Recording paper not loaded correctly	Instruct the user to load the recording paper correctly.
		Jam clear cover not set correctly	Set the jam clear cover into place.
		Registration sensor defective	Replace the registration sensor PCB.
		Bank ASSY deformed 	Replace the bank ASSY.
		Paper pull-in roller holder defective	Replace the paper pull-in roller holder.
		Mode switching lever (at the right end of CR guide rail) not sliding smoothly	Clean the mode switching lever.
		At the ends of the paper feed roller shaft, any gear(s) damaged	Replace the engine unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Paper feed motor defective	Replace the paper feed motor.
89	Not used.		
8A	The paper feed motor does not rotate.	Paper feed motor harness not connected correctly	Reconnect the paper feed motor harness.
		Abnormal load applied to the paper feed roller PF-related gear(s) broken	Replace the PF-related gear(s).
		PF encoder disk stained or scratched	Replace the PF encoder disk.
		PF encoder sensor defective	Replace the PF encoder PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Paper feed motor defective	Replace the paper feed motor.

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
8B	The paper feed motor stops suddenly.	Abnormal load applied to the paper feed roller	Replace the PF-related gear(s).
		PF-related gear(s) broken	
		PF encoder disk stained or scratched	Replace the PF encoder disk.
		PF encoder sensor defective	Replace the PF encoder PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
	Paper feed motor defective	Replace the paper feed motor.	
8C	Current protection for the driver IC activated in paper feeding operation.	The driving current has exceeded the limit due to an abnormal load applied to the PF-related gears and rollers.	Replace the PF-related gears.
			Replace the PF encoder disk.
			Replace the PF encoder PCB.
			Replace the main PCB.
	Replace the paper feed motor.		
8D	The paper feed motor rotates in the reverse direction.	PF encoder disk stained or scratched	Replace the PF encoder disk.
		PF encoder disk dislocated	Replace the PF encoder disk.
		PF encoder sensor defective	Replace the PF encoder PCB.
		Abnormal load applied to the paper feed roller	Check the PF roller gear and its related gears.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
		Paper feed motor defective	Replace the paper feed motor.
8E	Not used.		

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
8F	The paper feed motor is being driven and cannot be stopped.	Software malfunction	Open and close the upper jam clear cover. Unplug and plug the AC cord.
90-A0	Not used.		
A1	Ink cartridge cover is open. Upper jam clear cover is open.	Ink cartridge cover/ upper jam clear cover switch broken	Replace the ink cartridge cover switch.
		Ink cartridge cover/ upper jam clear cover switch actuator unhooked	Set the ink cartridge cover switch actuator into place.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
A2	Document length exceeding the scan limitation. During scanning, a document of 90 cm or longer is detected. During document feeding or ejecting, a document of 400 cm or longer is detected.	Document jam	Remove the jammed document.
		Foreign materials in the machine	Remove foreign materials.
		Document rear sensor actuator caught on the surrounding parts	Correct the surrounding parts on which the actuator caught.
		Document rear sensor broken	Replace the document rear sensor PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
A3	The document rear sensor does not come ON during document pull-in operation.	Document jam	Remove the jammed document.
		Foreign materials in the machine	Remove foreign materials.
		Document rear sensor actuator caught on the surrounding parts	Correct the surrounding parts on which the actuator caught.
		Document rear sensor broken	Replace the document rear sensor PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
A4	Not used.		

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
A5	FAX scanning failure (1st time).	CIS defective White reference film stained on the document pressure bar	Replace the document pressure bar.
A6	FAX scanning failure (retry).		Replace the CIS unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
A7	Mismatch between the type of the CIS mounted and EEPROM data.	CIS unit of the improper CIS type mounted at repair	Replace the CIS unit with the one of the proper CIS type.
A8	Color parameter matching error. (Used for monitoring bugs at the factory.)		Install the latest firmware.
A9-AE	Not used.		
AF	Not used. (CIS positioning error.)		
B0-B8	Not used.		
B9	Light emission intensity error of the LED array (Exceeding the upper limit).	CIS defective	Replace the CIS unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
BA	Not used.		
BB	White level data error.	CIS defective	Replace the CIS unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
BC	Not used.		
BD	Black level data error.	CIS defective	Replace the CIS unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
BE-DE	Not used.		
DF	Modem error.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
E0, E1	Not used.		
E2	Not used. (Wired LAN MAC address not registered.)	MAC address not registered correctly	Replace the main PCB.
E3	Not used. (Wireless LAN MAC address not registered.)	MAC address not registered correctly	Replace the WLAN PCB.
E4	Not used.		

Error Code (Hex)	Symptom	Probable Cause	Solution
E5	Write error in EEPROM of the cordless handset. *1	The base ID code and cordless handset ID code registered are mismatched.	Reregister the cordless handset ID code.
			Replace the cordless handset
			Replace the cordless PCB.
E6	Write error in EEPROM.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
E7	No response from the cordless handset. *1	The base ID code and cordless handset ID code registered are mismatched.	Reregister the cordless handset ID code.
			Replace the cordless handset
			Replace the cordless PCB.
E8	Data scanning error during transmission.	CIS defective	Replace the CIS unit.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
E9	Not used.		
EA	Document removed at phase B. *2	Document front sensor actuator caught on the surrounding parts	Correct the surrounding parts on which the actuator caught.
		Document front sensor defective	Replace the control panel PCB.
		Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
EB-F2	Not used.		
F3, F5	Internal software error.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.
F4, F6	Not used.		
F7	Not used. (Media module detection failure)	Main PCB defective	Main PCB defective
F8	Battery harness connection failure (For models with backup battery) (Available in the maintenance mode only)	Battery harness not inserted correctly	Correct the connection.
F9-FE	Not used.		
FF	Memory management error.	Main PCB defective	Replace the main PCB.

*1 For models with cordless handset.

*2 Phase B: FAX negotiation stage between sending machine and receiving machine

4.1.2 Communications Errors

If a communications error occurs, the machine:

- ① emits an audible alarm (intermittent beeping) for approximately 4 seconds,
- ② displays the corresponding error message, and
- ③ prints out the transmission verification report if the machine is in sending operation.

■ Definition of Error Codes on the Communications List

(1) Calling

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
10	08	Wrong number called.
11	01	No dial tone detected before start of dialing.
11	02	Busy tone detected before dialing.
11	03	2nd dial tone not detected.
11	05	No loop current detected.*
11	06	Busy tone detected after dialing or called.
11	07	No response from the remote station in sending.
11	10	Unobtainable tone detected after dialing.
17	07	No response from the calling station in receiving.

*Available in German models only.

(2) Command reception

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
20	01	Unable to detect a flag field.
20	02	Carrier was OFF for 200 milliseconds or longer.
20	03	Abort detected ("1" in succession for 7 bits or more).
20	04	Overrun detected.
20	05	A frame for 3 seconds or more received.
20	06	CRC error in answerback.
20	07	Error command received.
20	08	Invalid command received.
20	09	Command ignored once for document setting or for dumping-out at turn-around transmission.
20	0A	T5 time-out error.
20	0B	CRP received.
20	0C	EOR and NULL received.

(3) Compatibility [checking the NSF and DIS]

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
32	01	Remote terminal only with V.29 capability in 2,400 or 4,800 bps transmission.
32	02	Remote terminal not ready for polling.
32	10	Remote terminal not equipped with password function or its password switch OFF.
32	11	Remote terminal not equipped with or not ready for confidential mailbox function.
32	12	Remote terminal not equipped with or not ready for relay broadcasting function.
32	13	No confidential mail in the remote terminal.
32	14	The available memory space of the remote terminal is less than that required for reception of the confidential or relay broad-casting instruction.
32	18	Remote terminal not equipped with color function.

(4) Instructions received from the remote terminal [checking the NSC, DTC, NSS, and DCS]

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
40	02	Illegal coding system requested.
40	03	Illegal recording width requested.
40	05	ECM requested although not allowed.
40	06	Polled while not ready.
40	07	No document to send when polled.
40	10	Nation code or manufacturer code not coincident.
40	13	Polled by any other manufacturers' terminal while waiting for secure polling.
40	17	Invalid resolution selected.
40	20	Invalid full-color mode requested.

(5) Command reception [checking the NSF and DIS after transmission of NSS and DCS]

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
50	01	Vertical resolution capability changed after compensation of background color.

(6) ID checking

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
63	01	Password plus "lower 4 digits of telephone number" not coincident.
63	02	Password not coincident.
63	03	Polling ID not coincident.

(7) DCN reception

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
74		DCN received.

(8) TCF transmission/reception

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
80	01	Fallback impossible.

(9) Signal isolation

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
90	01	Unable to detect video signals and commands within 6 seconds after CFR is transmitted.
90	02	Received PPS containing invalid page count or block count.

(10) Video signal reception

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
A0	03	Error correction sequence not terminated even at the final transmission speed for fallback.
A0	11	Receive buffer empty. (5-second time-out)
A0	12	Receive buffer full during operation except receiving into memory.
A0	13	Decoding error continued on 500 lines.
A0	14	Decoding error continued for 10 seconds.
A0	15	Time-out: 13 seconds or more for one-line transmission.
A0	16	RTC not found and carrier OFF signal detected for 6 seconds.
A0	17	RTC found but no command detected for 60 seconds.
AA	18	Receive buffer full during receiving into memory.
A0	19	No video data to be sent.
A0	20	Unable to continue to receive color FAX. (Remaining ink insufficient)
A8	01	RTN, PIN, or ERR received at the calling terminal.*
A9	01	RTN, PIN, or ERR received at the called terminal.*

* Available in German models only

(11) General communications-related

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
B0	02	Unable to receive the next-page data.
B0	03	Unable to receive polling even during turn-around transmission due to call reservation.
B0	04	PC interface error.
BF	01	Communication canceled by pressing the STOP key <i>before</i> establishment of FAX communication*.
BF	02	Communication canceled by pressing the STOP key <i>after</i> establishment of FAX communication*.
BF	03	Transmission canceled due to a scanning error caused by no document or document feed problem in ADF scanning in real time transmission.

* Establishment of FAX communication

FAX communication is established when the calling station receives a DIS (reception capability) signal from the called station and the called station receives an NSS or DCS (communications test) signal from the calling station.

(12) Maintenance mode

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
E0	01	Failed to detect 1300 Hz signal in burn-in operation.
E0	02	Failed to detect PB signals in burn-in operation.

(13) Equipment error

Code 1	Code 2	Causes
FF	<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Equipment error. (For <u>X</u> <u>X</u> , refer to Section 4.1.1 [2] .)

4.2 TROUBLESHOOTING

4.2.1 Introduction

This section gives the service personnel some of the troubleshooting procedures to be followed if an error or malfunction occurs with the machine. It is impossible to anticipate all of the possible problems which may occur in future and determine the troubleshooting procedures, so this section covers some sample problems. However, those samples will help service personnel pinpoint and repair other defective elements if he/she analyzes and examines them well.

4.2.2 Precautions

Be sure to observe the following to prevent the secondary troubles from happening:

- (1) Always unplug the AC power cord from the outlet when removing the covers and PCBs, adjusting the mechanisms, or conducting continuity testing with a circuit tester.
- (2) When disconnecting the connectors, do not pull the lead wires but hold the connector housings.
- (3)
 - Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal portion of the machine to discharge static electricity charged in your body.
 - When repairing the PCBs, handle them with extra care.

After repairing the defective section, be sure to check again if the repaired section works correctly. Also record the troubleshooting procedure so that it would be of use for future trouble occurrence.

4.2.3 Checking Prior to Troubleshooting

Prior to proceeding to the troubleshooting procedures given in [Section 4.2.4](#), make the following initial checks:

Environmental conditions

Check that:

- (1) The machine is placed on a flat, firm surface.
- (2) The machine is used in a clean environment at or near normal room temperature (10°C to 35°C) with normal relative humidity (20 to 80%).
- (3) The machine is not exposed to direct sunlight or harmful gases.

Power requirements

Check that:

- (1) The power supply specified on the rating plate on the machine is used. The supply voltage stays within the rating $\pm 10\%$.
- (2) Each voltage level on AC input lines and DC lines is correct.
- (3) All cables and harnesses are firmly connected.

Recording paper

Check that:

- (1) A recommended type of recording paper is used.
- (2) The recording paper is not dampened.

Ink cartridges

- (1) Check that all of four ink cartridges are loaded.

Head/carriage unit

- (1) Repeat the purging operation (Function code 76) several times. (Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.](#))
- (2) Clean the print surface of the head/carriage unit.

4.2.4 Troubleshooting Based on Problem Type

[1] Control panel and LCD problems

Problem	Check:
(1) LCD shows nothing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Panel-main harness • Monochrome LCD and its flat cable • Control panel PCB • Power supply PCB • Main PCB
(2) Control panel inoperative.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Panel-main harness • Control panel PCB • Rubber keypads • Main PCB

[2] Telephone problems

Problem	Check:
(1) No phone call can be made with the handset.*1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hook switch • Rubber keypads • Control panel PCB • Main PCB • MJ PCB
(2) Speed dialing will not work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ordinary dialing function <p>If it works normally, check the main PCB; if not, refer to item (1) above.</p>
(3) Dial does not switch between tone and pulse.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main PCB
(4) The ringer does not sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speaker • Main PCB • MJ PCB
(5) No phone call can be made with the cordless handset.*2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cordless handset • Cordless PCB • Main PCB • MJ PCB

*1 For models with handset

*2 For models with cordless handset

[3] Communications problems

Problem	Check:
(1) No tone is transmitted.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main PCB • MJ PCB

[4] Paper/document feeding problems

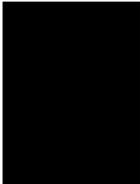
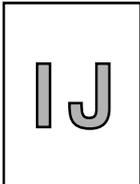
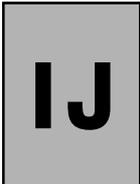
Problem	Check:
(1) The "Enter Fax No." message does not appear although documents are set.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensors by using Function code 32 in the maintenance mode (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.8.) • Document front sensor actuator • Control panel PCB and panel-main harness • Main PCB
(2) Document not fed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ADF and its related sections • Foreign materials in the document path • Scanner motor and its harness • Document feed rollers and their related gears • Control panel PCB and panel-main harness • Main PCB
(3) Document double feeding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ADF parts
(4) Document jam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Document rear sensor actuator • Foreign materials in the document path • Sensors by using Function code 32 in the maintenance mode (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.8.) • Scanner motor • Main PCB
(5) Recording paper not fed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paper pull-in roller holder • Base pad in the paper tray • Jam clear cover • PF-related gears • Main PCB • Paper feed motor • Paper tray
(6) Recording paper jam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paper feeding mechanism • Foreign materials in the paper path • Check that the carriage-head flat cable is connected to the carriage PCB. • Carriage PCB • Main PCB

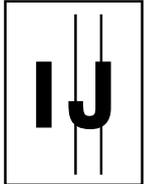
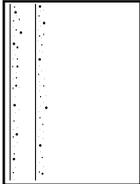
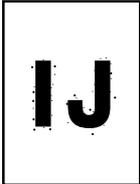
[5] Print-image problems

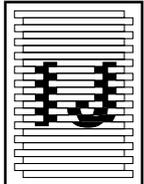
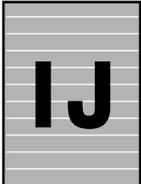
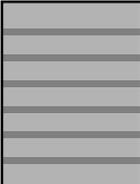
If there is any problem with any image printed, first make a copy using the machine.

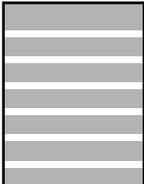
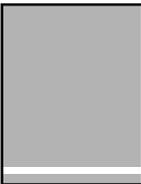
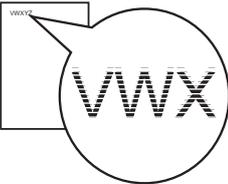
If the copied image is normal, the cause of the problem may be the sending station (e.g., remote FAX terminal and PC); if it is abnormal, proceed with the following checks:

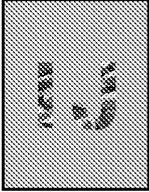
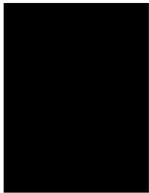
Examples of Defective Images

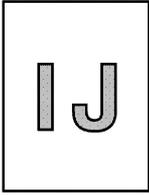
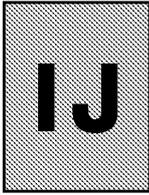
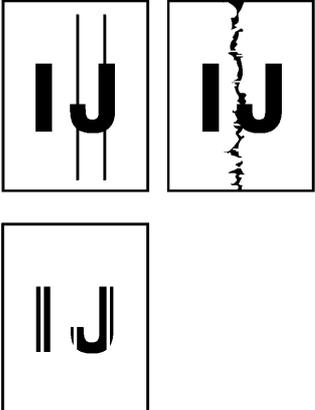
Completely blank	All black	Random color	Light	Dark
				

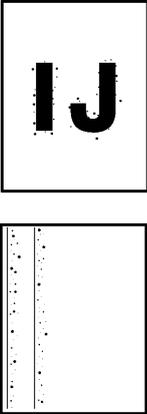
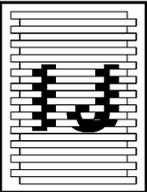
Straight vertical stripes	Blurred vertical stripes	White vertical streaks	Ink splash	Ink splash
				

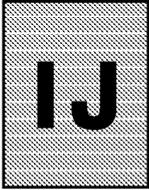
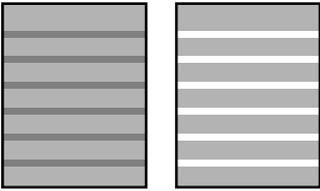
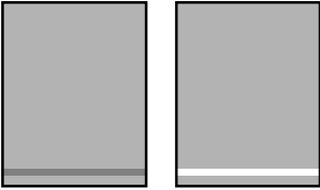
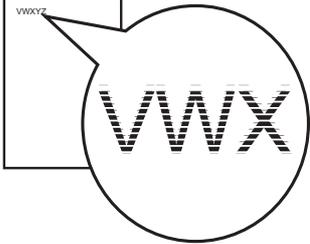
Print edges not aligned	Random missing dots	White horizontal streaks	Stained leading edge of recording paper	Overlapping lines over the whole page
				

Separated lines over the whole page	Overlapping lines at the trailing edge of the recording paper	Separated lines at the trailing edge of the recording paper	Characters having shadows (ghost)
			

Problem	Action to be taken
<p>(1) Completely blank</p> 	<p><u>At the scanner</u></p> <p>Check that the document is placed facing in the correct direction. In ADF scanning, is the document placed <i>face down</i> in the rear cover?</p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIS flat cable, CIS unit - Main PCB
<p>(2) Random color</p> 	<p><u>At the printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the ink cartridges. If any cartridges have run out of ink, replace them. • Press the Ink (Ink Management) key to perform a head cleaning operation. • Check the connection of the head flat cables on the main PCB. (If either of those cables is broken or damaged, replace it.) • Check the head property data. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16.) • Replace the head/carriage unit. • Replace the main PCB. • Clean the head caps and wiper of the maintenance unit with a Rubycel stick. For the cleaning procedure, refer to Chapter 8, Section 8.2 "CLEANING THE MAINTENANCE UNIT." • Replace the maintenance unit. • Check that the drain tubes are not bent.
<p>(3) All black</p> 	<p><u>At the scanner</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIS flat cable, CIS unit - Main PCB <p><u>At the printer</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Head/carriage unit and carriage PCB ASSY - Main PCB

Problem	Action to be taken
<p>(4) Light</p> 	<p><u>At the scanner</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIS unit - Main PCB <p><u>At the printer</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ink cartridges - Head/carriage unit and carriage PCB ASSY - Main PCB - Power supply PCB - Head property info (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16.) - Maintenance unit
<p>(5) Dark</p> 	<p><u>At the scanner</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIS unit - Main PCB <p><u>At the printer side</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the purging operation (Function code 76) several times to remove dust or air bubbles from its nozzles. If the problem persists, replace the head/carriage unit. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.) <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ink cartridges - Head/carriage unit and carriage PCB ASSY - Main PCB - Power supply PCB - Head property data (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16.) - Maintenance unit
<p>(6) Straight or blurred vertical stripes</p> 	<p><u>Scanner</u></p> <p>Check the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIS unit - CIS glass <p><u>Printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check whether paper is coming into contact with any components other than the ones it should during ejecting. • Check the CR encoder strip for stains or scratches. (If the CR encoder strip is not hooked properly, correct it.)

Problem	Action to be taken
<p>(7) Ink splash</p> 	<p><u>Printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the purging operation (Function code 76) several times to remove dust or air bubbles from its nozzles. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.) • Check the ink cartridges. Any of them has run out of ink or the ink viscosity has been increased, so replace it. • Check the head property data (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16.) • Check that the main drain tube is not bent. • Replace the head/carriage unit. • Replace the main PCB. • Replace the power supply PCB. • Replace the maintenance unit.
<p>(8) Print edges not aligned</p> 	<p><u>Printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the alignment of vertical print lines with Function code 65 in the maintenance mode. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.14.) • Perform the print head skew compensation with the head skew adjuster knob. Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4]. • Check the head/carriage unit. • Check the CR encoder strip for stains or scratches. (If the CR encoder strip is not hooked properly, correct it.) • Correct the positioning error of the head/carriage unit. (Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4].) • Check the height adjustment mechanism of the head/carriage unit (Refer to Chapter 3, Section 3.2.2.3.) • If the "head-platen gap offset" is enabled with assurance mode switch AMS 02 (Function code 88), align the vertical print lines (Function code 65). (Refer to Chapter 9, Sections 9.1.4.24 and 9.1.4.14.)
<p>(9) Random missing dots</p> 	<p><u>Printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the purging operation (Function code 76) several times to remove dust or air bubbles from its nozzles. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.) • Check the ink cartridges. If any cartridges have run out of ink, replace them. • Check that the carriage-head flat cable is connected to the carriage PCB. • Replace the head/carriage unit. • Check the connection of the head flat cables on the main PCB. (If either of those cables is broken or damaged, replace it.) • Replace the main PCB. • Clean the head caps and wiper of the maintenance unit with a Rubycel stick. For the cleaning procedure, refer to Chapter 8, Section 8.2 "CLEANING THE MAINTENANCE UNIT." • Replace the maintenance unit.

Problem	Action to be taken
<p>(10) White horizontal streaks</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the purging operation (Function code 76) several times to remove dust or air bubbles from its nozzles. (Refer to Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.) • Replace the head/carriage unit. • Check the paper feed-related rollers. • Perform the print head skew compensation with the head skew adjuster knob. Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4]. • Clean the head caps and wiper of the maintenance unit with a Rubycel stick. For the cleaning procedure, refer to Chapter 8, Section 8.2 "CLEANING THE MAINTENANCE UNIT."
<p>(11) Stained leading edge of recording paper</p> 	<p><u>Printer</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Press the Ink (Ink Management) key to perform a head cleaning operation. • Check that the head/carriage unit is set into place. • Check the height adjustment mechanism of the head/carriage unit (Refer to Chapter 3, Section 3.2.2.3.) • If the "head-platen gap offset" is enabled with assurance mode switch AMS 02 (Function code 88), align the vertical print lines (Function code 65). (Refer to Chapter 9, Sections 9.1.4.24 and 9.1.4.14.)
<p>(12) Overlapping or separated lines over the whole page</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust the paper feeding correction value of the paper feed roller with Function code 58 in the maintenance mode. (Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [5].) • Perform the print head skew compensation with the head skew adjuster knob. Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4].
<p>(13) Overlapping or separated lines at the trailing edge of the recording paper</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust the paper feeding correction value of the paper ejection roller with Function code 58 in the maintenance mode. (Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [5].)
<p>(14) Characters having shadows (ghost)</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust the paper feeding correction values of the paper feed roller and paper ejection roller with Function code 58 in the maintenance mode. (Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [5].) • Correct the positioning error of the head/carriage unit with Function code 63 in the maintenance mode. (Refer to Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4].) • Replace the PF encoder disk. • Replace the PF encoder PCB.

[6] PC-driven printing problems

Problem	Action to be taken
(1) PC-driven printing is impossible.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interface with the host computer• PC interface cable• Main PCB• USB interface• Network interface

4.2.5 Problems Encountered Frequently in the Past

This section lists the four problems most frequently encountered during on-site service in the past.

- Paper jams
- Error message "MACHINE ERROR 4F"
- Ink-related problems
- Auto document feeder (ADF) failure

[1] Paper jams

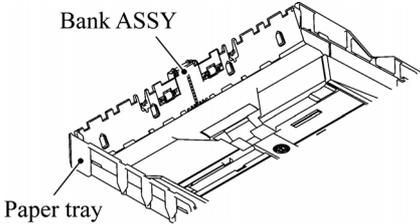
A paper jam may occur not only due to machine malfunction but also to the user's actions.

IMPORTANT: In some cases, foreign material that has found its way into the machine without the user realizing can be the cause of a paper jam. Instruct the user to place nothing on top of the machine that might fall into it.

Problems due to the user's actions

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Recording paper	Paper not suited to use with the machine was used.	Paper with labels attached, for example, may leave labels inside the machine.
For foreign materials	Fragments of paper that were left behind when previous paper jams occurred. Foreign materials such as tacks have found their way into the machine.	Foreign materials can hinder the paper feed.

Problems due to machine malfunction

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Star wheels on star wheel support	Star wheels became dislocated when paper jam occurred.	Dislocated star wheels can hinder paper feed.
Sensors and actuators	Any sensor(s) not working.	If a sensor does not turn on, the related roller(s) will not rotate.
Bank ASSY	The bank ASSY is deformed. 	A deformed section on the bank ASSY can cause double-feeding.
CR encoder strip	The CR encoder strip is stained.	A stained CR encoder strip can cause a carriage drive error during printing that will stop the printing operation.

[2] "MACHINE ERROR 4F" error message

The error message "MACHINE ERROR 4F" appears if the head drive voltage drops from the high to low level in an abnormally short period. The source of the problem is mainly the head/carriage unit.

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Head/carriage unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The carriage-head flat cable is disconnected from the carriage PCB. - Piezoelectric ceramic actuator defective. (Cracks or rare short) 	At the start of printing or head cleaning operation, correct voltage will not be applied to the electrodes on the surface of the piezoelectric ceramic actuator (described in Chapter 3, Section 3.2.2.1).
Main PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A power failure when the machine was in operation resulted in a damaged part. - The drive voltage and current supplied are too low to drive the head/carriage unit. - Voltage detection circuit defective. 	<p>The head drive voltage drops from the high to low level in an abnormally short period.</p> <p>The head drive voltage becomes too high or low.</p>
Carriage PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Head power circuit insulation failure. 	

[3] Ink-related problems

Problems of this nature may arise not only due to machine malfunction but also to the user's actions.

IMPORTANT: In many cases, the user fails to set ink cartridges in place.

Problems due to the user's actions

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Ink cartridges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ink cartridges are not inserted fully into the ink refill ASSY. - One or more of the ink cartridges are not loaded. - One or more of the ink cartridges has run out of ink. 	The machine will not be able to print.

Problems due to machine malfunction

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Head/carriage unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air bubbles, high viscosity ink, or foreign materials have found their way into the head/carriage unit. - Head flat cables are broken. - The carriage-head flat cable has not been inserted into the carriage PCB. 	<p>Dot missing occurs on the printout.</p> <p>The machine will not be able to print or drive the head/carriage unit.</p>
Maintenance unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air bubbles, high viscosity ink, or foreign materials get into the maintenance unit. - Torque not transmitted. - Drain tube bent or pinched. 	Head cleaning operation will not be possible and/or the maintenance unit will not work.
CIS unit	The CIS unit is weak in identifying colors.	The quality of print colors in copying operation will be low.

[4] Auto document feeder (ADF) malfunction

An ADF failure may occur not only due to machine malfunction but also to the user's actions.

Problems due to the user's actions

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
Document guides	<p>The document guides are not positioned to match the width of document(s) loaded.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Foreign materials have found their way into ADF. - The size of the document loaded is smaller than the specified size. 	<p>Documents will skew.</p> <p>Foreign materials can hinder document feeding.</p> <p>The document will jam inside the ADF.</p>

Problems due to machine malfunction

Check	Possible causes	Problems that may result
ADF	The spring plates of the ADF parts are deformed.	Documents will stop halfway through feeding.
	The ADF parts are deformed or worn.	Two or more sheets of documents will be fed through at once.
Document rear sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- The document rear sensor is defective.- The document rear sensor actuator is deformed.	Documents will stop halfway through feeding or the machine will not be able to recognize them.
Main PCB	The motor driver IC is defective.	Documents will not be able to be drawn in.

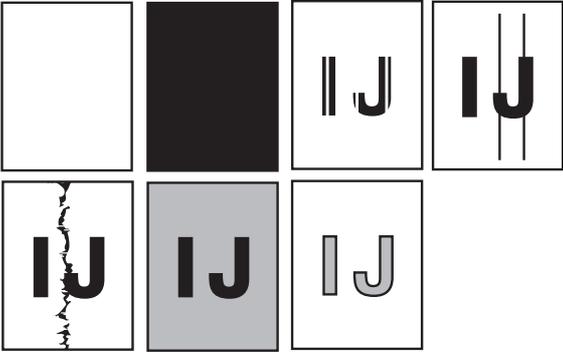
4.2.6 Possible Component Defects and Resulting Problems

This section lists possible component defects and what happens due to them. It also describes what happens if the necessary adjustments or data settings into the memories is not made.

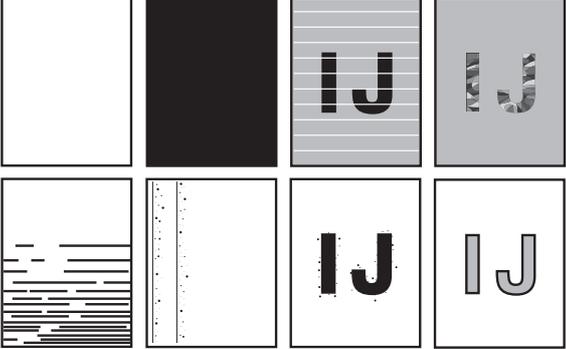
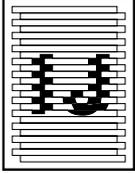
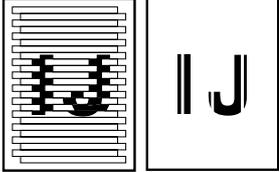
[1] ADF mechanism

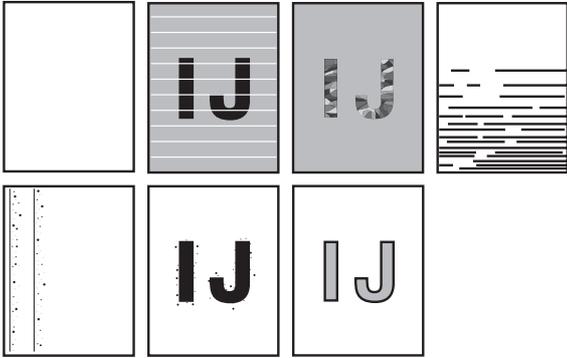
Defective component	Result	Error codes
Scanner motor	- Document will not be able to be fed.	---
Document feed roller	- Documents will jam. - Documents will skew. - Documents will not be able to be fed.	A2, A3
Separation pad	- Two or more sheets of documents will be fed at once.	---
Document front sensor actuator	- Document draw-in operation will not start even though documents have been set.	A3
Document rear sensor actuator	- Document draw-in operation will continue even though all documents have been fed into the machine.	A2, A3

[2] Scanner mechanism

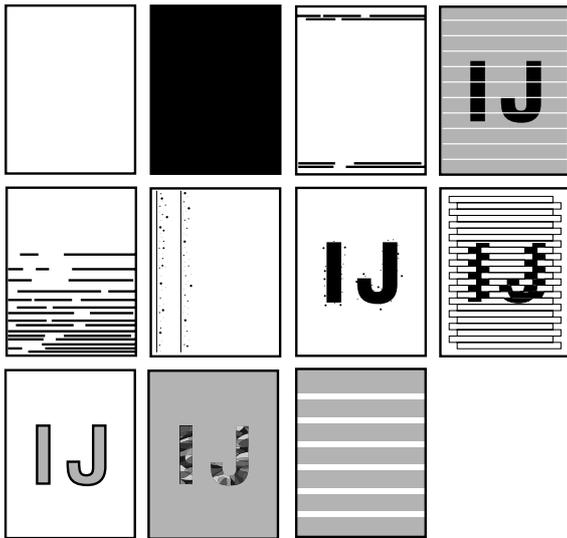
Defective component	Result	Error codes
CIS unit	<p>- Any of the following images may appear on the printout:</p>  <p>- When the power is turned on, abnormal noises will be heard from the machine.</p> <p>- Any of the following errors occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark level offset data level error for scanning - Gain control data level error for scanning - Scan area right/left edge detection error - Horizontal scanning edge reduction/enlargement detection error in scanning area setting - White/black level data error - Scan starting edge detection error 	BD
CIS flat cable	<p>- When the power is turned on, the "Init Unable AF" appears on the LCD.</p>	---
Scanner drive unit	<p>- When the power is turned on, abnormal noises will be heard from the machine.</p>	---

[3] Head/carriage unit drive and purge mechanisms

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Head/carriage unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Any of the following images may appear on the printout: 	---
Carriage motor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The head/carriage unit will not be able to travel normally. - When the power is turned on, the "Init Unable 3*" appears on the LCD. - The following image may appear on the printout: 	30, 31, 32, 33
CR encoder strip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The head/carriage unit will not be able to travel normally. - Any of the following images may appear on the printout: 	30, 31, 32, 33
Ink cartridge PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The "Ink Empty XX" message will appear even though there is ink. - Even though the ink has run out, the "Ink Empty XX" message will not appear. 	26, 27, 28, 29
Paper width sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A paper jam will occur. 	80, 82
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Print on the platen without paper. 	---

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Maintenance unit Head caps or wiper	<p data-bbox="590 324 1230 392">- Any of the following images may appear on the printout:</p> 	---
Tube pump	<p data-bbox="590 835 1230 902">- The tube pump will not draw out ink from the head nozzles.</p>	---
Purge cam switch	<p data-bbox="590 929 1230 996">- The purge cam switch will not detect the purge cam ON/OFF timing.</p>	50, 51, 52

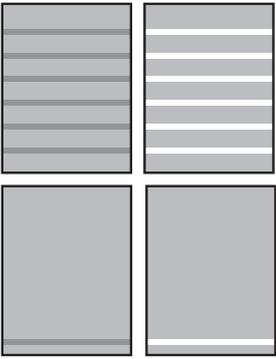
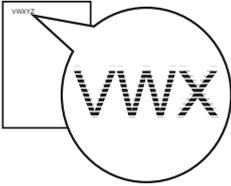
[4] Print head mechanism

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Head/carriage unit and carriage PCB ASSY	<p data-bbox="590 1247 1230 1314">- Any of the following images may appear on the printout:</p> 	---

[5] Sheet feeder (SF) mechanism

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Bank ASSY (shown on page 4-37)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Two or more sheets of paper will be fed at once. - No paper will be fed. 	82, 83, 88

[6] Paper feeding mechanism

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Paper feed roller Paper ejection roller (If the paper feed roller or paper ejection roller is defective, it is necessary to replace the engine unit.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Any of the following images may appear on the printout: 	---
PF encoder disk PF encoder sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The following image may appear on the printout: 	---

[7] Speaker

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Speaker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No key clicks will be heard. - Abnormal noises will be heard from the machine. - The ringer will not sound. - No tone will be transmitted. 	---

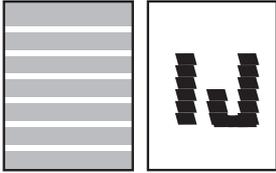
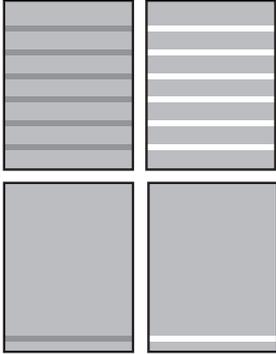
[8] Control panel

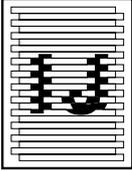
Defective component	Result	Error codes
Rubber keypad	- Keys will not work.	---
Control panel PCB	- The LCD will show nothing. - Keys will not work. - The LEDs will not light.	---

[9] PCBs

Defective component	Result	Error codes
Main PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No faxes will be able to be sent. - No phone calls will be able to be made. - Copying will not be possible. - PC-driven printing will not be possible. - Scanning will not be possible. - The machine will not be able to be turned on. - Any of the following images may appear on the printout: <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The ringer will not sound. 	---
MJ PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No faxes will be able to be sent. - No phone calls will be able to be made. - The ringer will not sound. - No tone will be detected. - The machine will not be able to switch to the external telephone. 	D*
Power supply PCB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The machine will not be able to be turned on. - The LED will not light. - The LCD will show nothing. 	---

[10] Adjustments/data in the memories

Adjustment/data setting error in the following components:	Result	Refer to:	Error codes
EEPROM customizing code	- The machine will not work as specified for that model or that shipping destination.	- Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.18 - Appendix 3	
ID code	- The machine will not be able to be identified by the PC connected to it via USB.	- Chapter 7, Section 7.3, [8]	
Head property data (in the EEPROM)	- The print quality will deteriorate.	- Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [1] - Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16	
Correction of head positioning error	<p>- Any of the following images may appear on the printout:</p> 	- Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [4]	
Updating of the paper feeding correction value for the paper feed roller/paper ejection roller (Function code 58)	<p>- Any of the following images may appear on the printout:</p> 	- Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [5] - Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.12	
Setting of the CIS scanner area	<p>- The white and black level data will not be compensated properly.</p> <p>- The scanning center position will not be centered.</p> <p>- The enlargement/reduction ratio of copies will go wrong.</p>	- Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.11	

Adjustment/data setting not performed	Result	Refer to:	Error codes
Alignment of vertical print lines	<p data-bbox="555 387 1007 450">- The following image may appear on the printout:</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="1054 387 1278 450">- Chapter 7, Section 7.2, [6] <li data-bbox="1054 456 1278 519">- Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.14 	

CHAPTER 5

TRANSFER OF DATA LEFT IN THE MACHINE TO BE SENT FOR REPAIR

CHAPTER 5 TRANSFER OF DATA LEFT IN THE MACHINE TO BE SENT FOR REPAIR

This chapter describes how to transfer data left in the machine to be sent for repair. The service personnel should instruct end users to follow the transfer procedure given in this chapter if the machine at the user site cannot print received data due to the printing mechanism defective. End users can transfer received data to another machine to prevent data loss.

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5.1 TRANSFERRING RECEIVED FAX DATA

When the machine at the user site requires to be repaired, unplugging the power cord from the wall socket for sending the machine for repair will lose received FAX data if unprinted and left in the machine.

To prevent such data loss, the service personnel should instruct end users (e.g., by telephone) to transfer data to another facsimile machine using the procedure below.

NOTE: The number of files that can be transferred at a time is 99. To transfer 100 files or more, carry out the following procedure more than one time.

TIP: If there are both color and monochrome data in a file to be transferred, the monochrome data will be transferred first. If the receiver machine does not support the color function, the sender machine cannot transfer color data, resulting in an error.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Connect the machine to be repaired (that has received data in the memory) to the telephone line.
- (2) Switch the machine on.
- (3) Press the **Menu, Black Start (Mono Start), Menu, and Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order to access user-accessible functions in the maintenance mode.
The "MAINTENANCE 10" appears on the LCD.
- (4) Call up the "MAINTENANCE 53" using the ▲ and ▼ keys and press the **OK** key.
The "FAX TRANSFER" appears on the LCD.
- (5) To check the number of received files, press the **1** key.
The "1.NO. OF JOBS" appears on the LCD.
Press the **OK** key, and the number of received files appears, just as "NO. OF JOBS: 10."
Pressing the **Stop/Exit** key returns the machine to the "FAX TRANSFER" state.
- (6) Select data to transfer as follows.
To transfer the activity report only, press the **2** key.
The "2.ACTIVITY" appears.
To transfer received files together with the activity report, press the **3** key.
The "3.DOCUMENTS" appears. Note that if there is no received file, the "NO DOCUMENTS" appears.
To transfer the communication list for the latest communication, press the **4** key.
The "4.COM.LIST (NEW)" appears.
To transfer the communication list for last three errors, press the **5** key.
The "5.COM.LIST (ERR3)" appears.
- (7) With the "2.ACTIVITY," "3.DOCUMENTS," "4.COM.LIST (NEW)," or "5.COM.LIST (ERR3)" being displayed in step (6), press the **OK** key.
The "ENTER NO. &SET" appears.

- (8) Enter the telephone number of the receiver machine and press the **OK** key again.

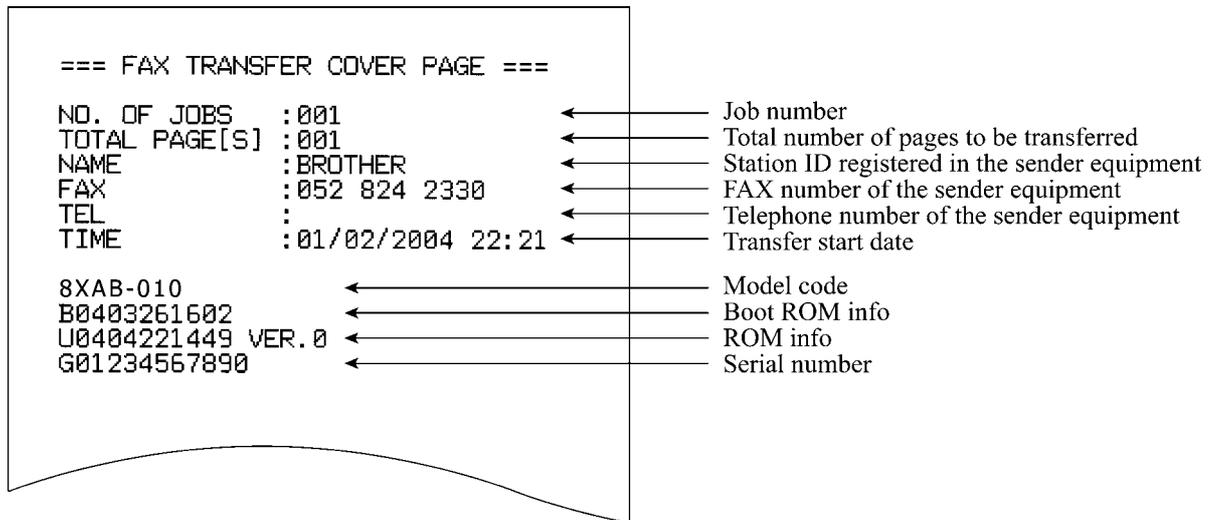
NOTE: Be sure to type the telephone number with the numerical keys. No speed dialing is allowed in this procedure.

The machine displays the "ACCEPTED" for approx. two seconds and starts dialing to transfer data.

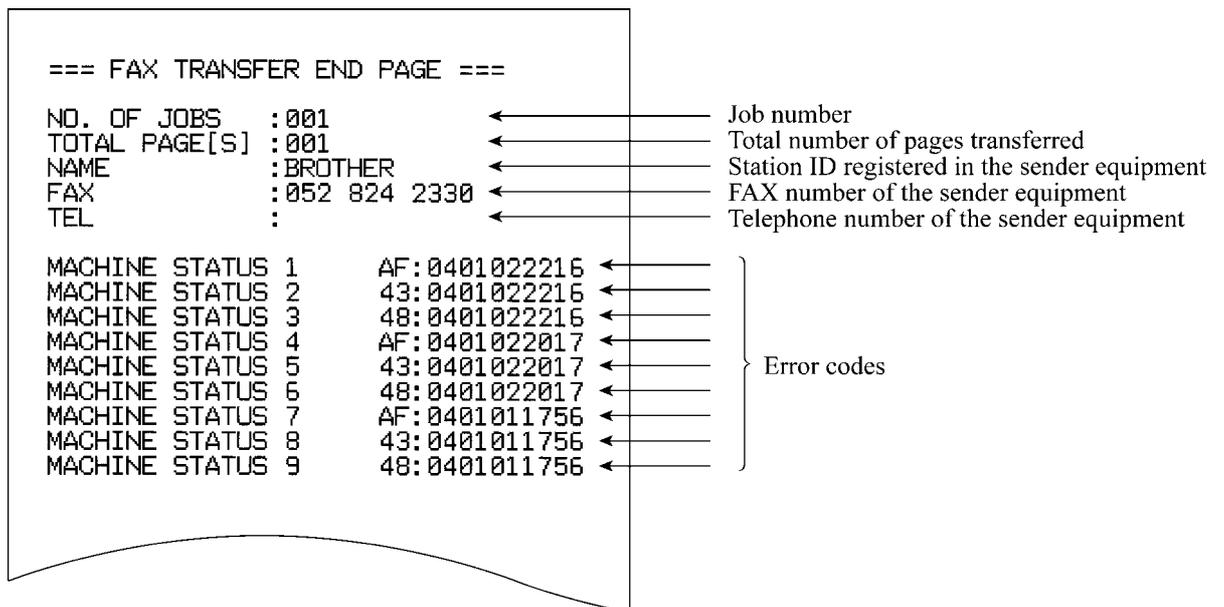
The machine automatically returns to the standby state.

No station ID will be attached. A cover page and end page as shown on the next page will be automatically attached, instead.

Cover page sample



End page sample



CHAPTER 6

DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATION

CHAPTER 6 DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATION

This chapter details procedures for disassembling and reassembling the machine together with related notes. The disassembly order flow provided enables you to see at a glance the quickest way to get to component(s) involved.

At the start of a disassembly job, you check the disassembly order flow that guides you through a shortcut to the target components.

This chapter also covers screw tightening torques and lubrication points to which the specified lubricants should be applied during reassembly jobs.

◆The illustrations in this chapter are based on models with handset.

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6.1 DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY

■ Safety Precautions

To prevent the creation of secondary problems by mishandling, observe the following precautions during maintenance work.

- (1) Before replacing parts or units, unplug the power cord and telephone line.

In particular, when having access to the power supply inside the machine, make sure that the power cord is unplugged from the electrical outlet; when having access to the main PCB or MJ PCB, make sure that both the power cord and telephone line are unplugged from the electrical outlet.

- (2) Be careful not to lose screws, washers, or other parts removed for parts replacement.
- (3) When using soldering irons and other heat-generating tools, take care not to damage the resin parts such as wires, PCBs, and covers.
- (4) Static electricity charged in your body may damage electronic parts.

Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal portion of the machine to discharge static electricity charged in your body. When transporting PCBs, be sure to wrap them in conductive sheets.

When replacing the head/carriage unit, put on a grounding wrist band and perform the job on a static mat. Also take care not to touch the conductor sections on the flat cables.

- (5) Be sure to reinsert self-tapping screws correctly, if removed.
- (6) Tighten screws to the torque values listed on the next page.
- (7) When connecting or disconnecting cable connectors, hold the connector bodies not the wires. If the connector has a lock, always slide the connector lock to unlock it.
- (8) Before reassembly, apply the specified lubricant to the specified points. (Refer to [Section 6.2](#) in this chapter.)
- (9) After repairs, check not only the repaired portion but also that the connectors and other related portions function properly before operation checks.
- (10) Once the head/carriage unit prints, it will start head locking operation after five seconds from the end of printing. The head locking operation will take 5 to 10 seconds. NEVER unplug the power cord before the machine completes the head locking operation; doing so will make the head/carriage unit unusable and require replacement with a new head/carriage unit.

When you receive the machine from the user or when you pack it for sending it back to the user, check the head locking state.

- (11) After disconnecting flat cables, check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited.

When connecting flat cables, do not insert them at an angle. After insertion, check that the cables are not at an angle.

■ Tightening Torque

Location of screw	Screw type	Q'ty	Tightening torque N•m (kgf•cm)
Hook switch actuator support* ¹	Taptite, cup B M3x10	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Side cover R	Taptite, bind B M4x12	1	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
Rear cover	Taptite, bind B M4x12	4	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
Charge PCB* ²	Taptite, cup B M3x8	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Document chute ASSY	Taptite, bind B M4x12	4	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
	Taptite, cup B M3x10* ²	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Control panel ASSY	Taptite, pan B M3x6	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
	Taptite, cup B M3x8	4	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Scanner grounding plate	Taptite, cup B M3x10	2	0.50 ±0.1 (5 ±1)
Scanner drive unit	Taptite, cup B M3x10	2	0.50 ±0.1 (5 ±1)
Scanner motor	Taptite, cup S M3x6	1	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
Hook switch PCB* ¹	Taptite, cup B M3x10	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Cordless PCB shield* ²	Taptite, TORX pan B M3x10	2	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Grounding wire* ² (Together with main PCB shield)	Taptite, cup B M3x10	(1)* ³	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Antenna support* ²	Taptite, cup B M3x12	1	0.60 ±0.1 (6 ±1)
Grounding plate S (Together with MJ/PS shield unit)	Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Main PCB shield (Together with grounding plate S using one of these screws)	Taptite, cup B M3x10	5* ³	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Main PCB	Taptite, cup B M3x10	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Inner frame	Taptite, bind B M4x12	4	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
MJ/PS shield unit	Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
	Taptite, cup S M3x6	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
MJ shield	Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
MJ PCB	Taptite, cup S M3x6	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Power supply shield	Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8	1	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Power supply PCB	Taptite, cup S M3x6	4	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Flat cable support plate	Taptite, bind B M4x12	1	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
Chassis support	Taptite, cup B M3x12	1	0.60 ±0.1 (6 ±1)
Engine unit	Taptite, cup B M3x12	1	0.60 ±0.1 (6 ±1)
Maintenance unit (right side)	Taptite, cup S M3x6	1	0.80 ±0.1 (8 ±1)
(top)	Taptite, bind B M3x8	2	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)
Carriage motor	Screw, bind M3x6	2	0.70 ±0.1 (7 ±1)
PF encoder PCB	Screw, bind M2x12	1	0.20 ±0.1 (2 ±1)
Paper feed motor	Screw, bind M2.6x4	2	0.40 ±0.1 (4 ±1)

*¹ For models with handset

*² For models with cordless handset

*³ The count (1) is included in 5 screws for the main PCB shield.

■ Preparation

Prior to proceeding with the disassembly procedure,

(1) Unplug the following:

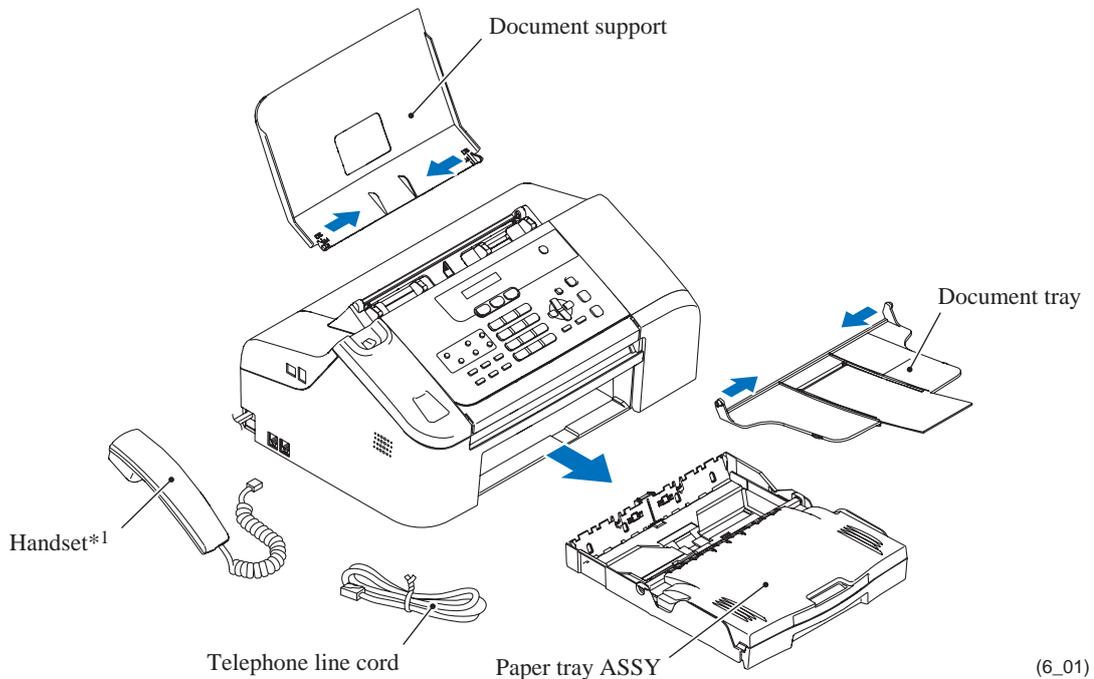
- Power cord from the electrical outlet
- Modular jack of the telephone line from the machine
- Modular jack of the curled cord*1 (and remove the handset*1)
- USB cable, if connected (not shown below)
- Modular jack of the external telephone set if connected (not shown below)

(2) Remove the following:

- Document support
- Document tray
- Paper tray ASSY
- Cordless handset *2

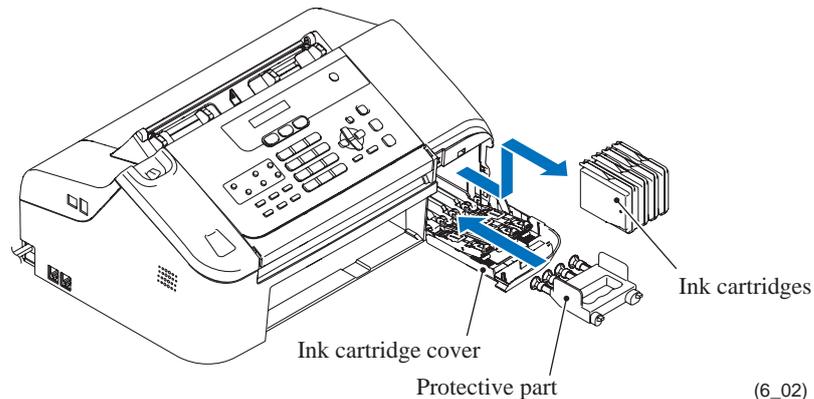
*1 For models with handset

*2 For models with cordless handset



(6_01)

(3) Remove all four ink cartridges and set the protective part instead.



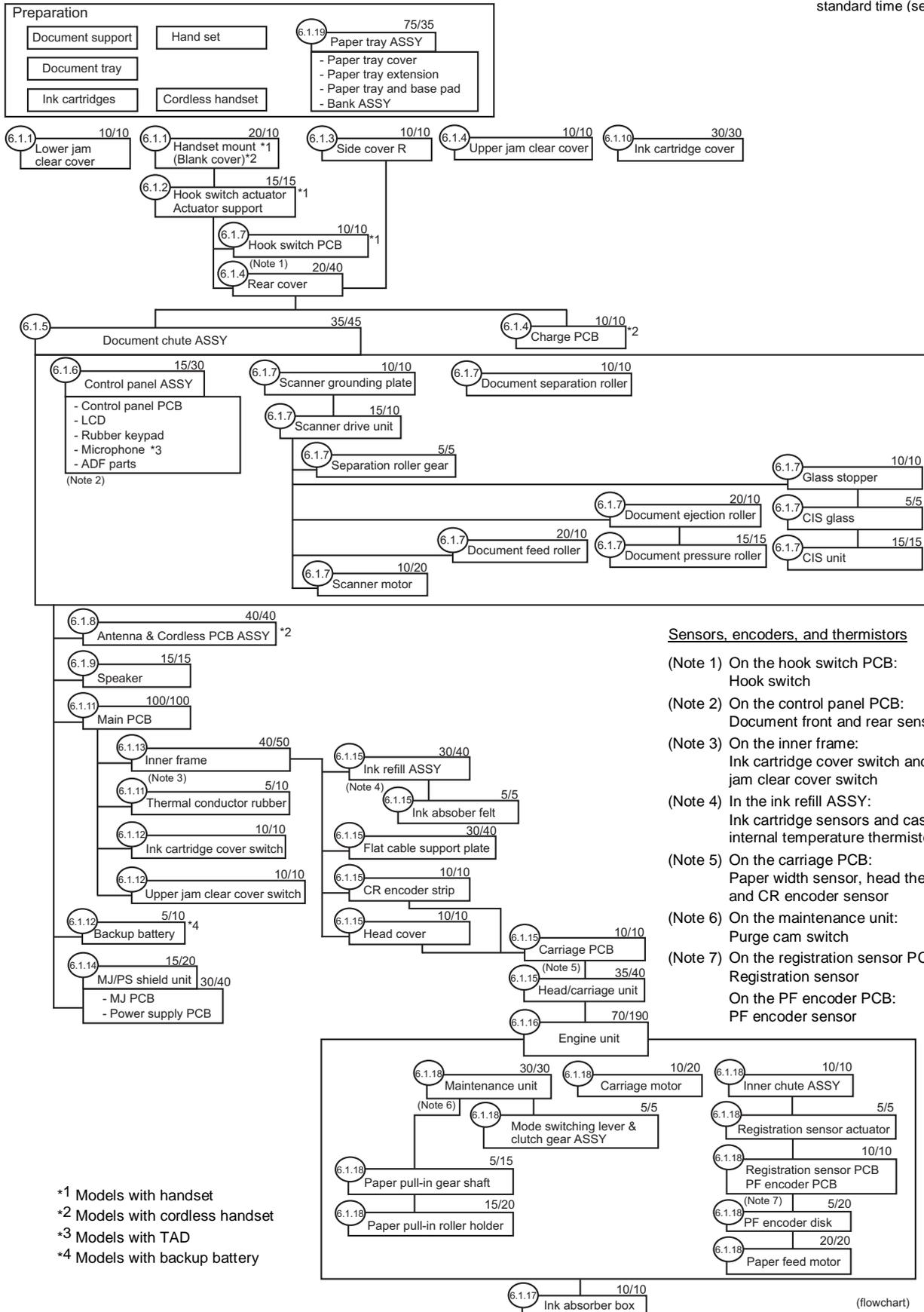
(6_02)

■ How to Access the Target Component

- On the next page is a disassembly flowchart which helps you access the target components. To remove the maintenance unit, first find it on the flowchart and note its number (6.1.15 in this case). To access it, you need to remove all the parts above the maintenance unit on the flowchart (6.1.1 through 6.1.5, 6.1.11, 6.1.13, 6.1.15 and 6.1.16 in this case) before the unit itself can be removed.
- Unless otherwise specified, all parts should be replaced in the opposite order to which they were removed to reassemble the machine.

Disassembly Flowchart

Disassembly/reassembly standard time (seconds)



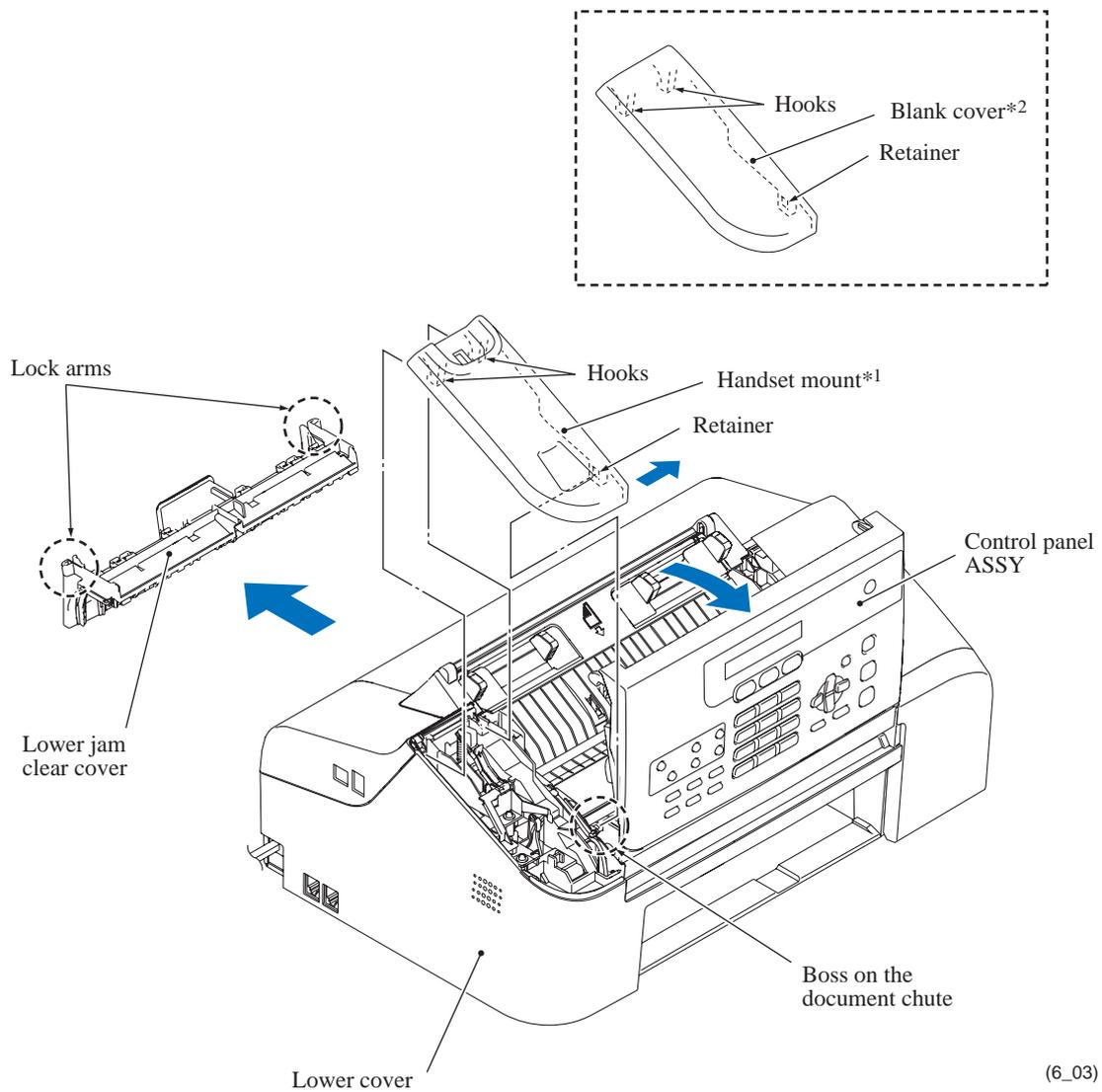
- *1 Models with handset
- *2 Models with cordless handset
- *3 Models with TAD
- *4 Models with backup battery

6.1.1 Lower Jam Clear Cover, Handset Mount*1, and Blank Cover*2

*1 For models with handset

*2 For models with cordless handset

- (1) Pull the lower jam clear cover to unlatch the two lock arms at both sides.
- (2) Open the control panel ASSY.
- (3) Release the retainer provided on the handset mount*1 (blank cover*2) from the boss on the document chute using the tip of a flat screwdriver, then twist the handset mount*1 (blank cover*2) outwards.



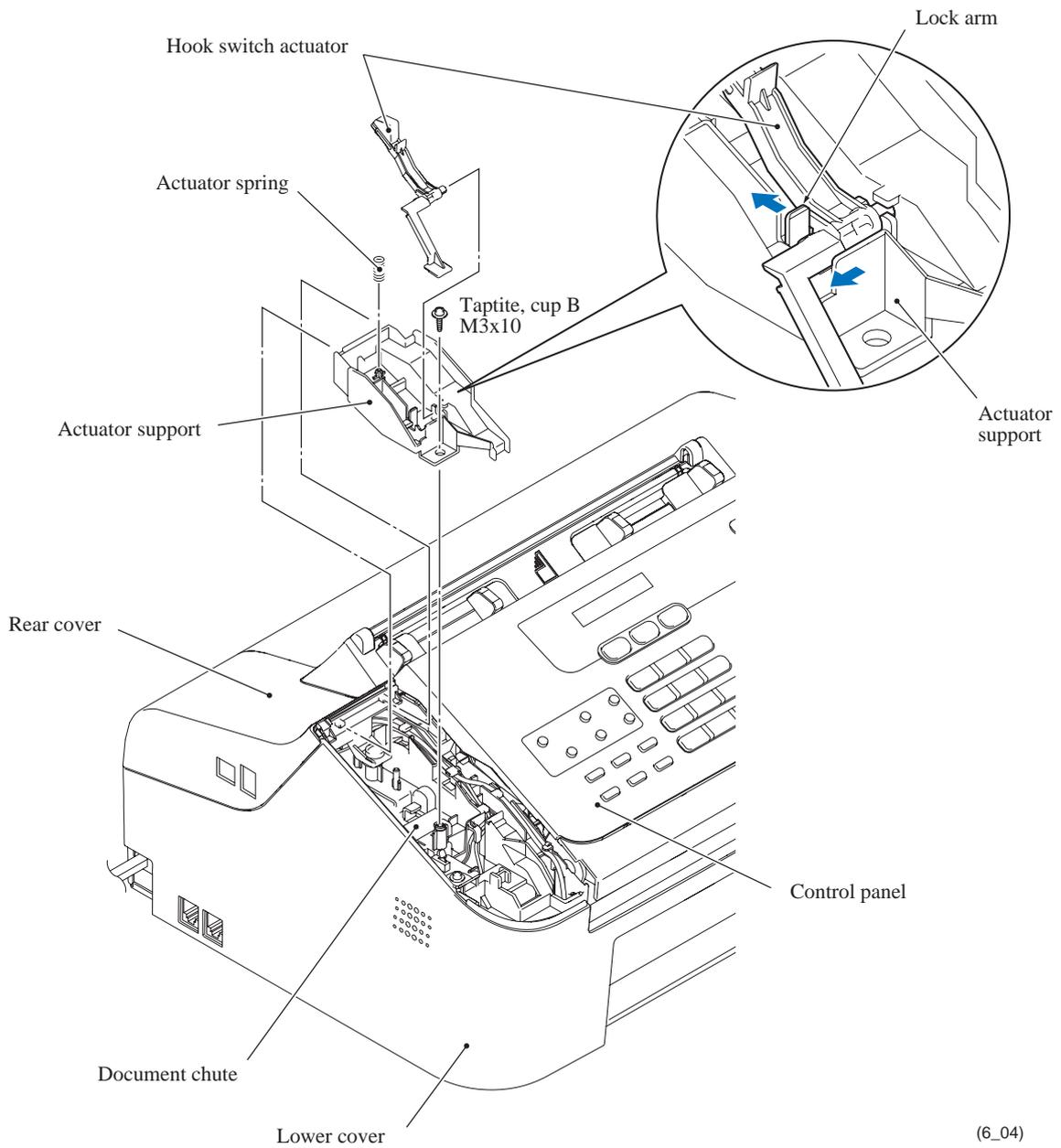
(6_03)

6.1.2 Hook Switch Actuator and its Support (for models with handset)

- (1) Lightly press the lock arm to the rear, slide the hook switch actuator to the left, release its right end from the support, and take the actuator out of the support.

The actuator spring also comes off.

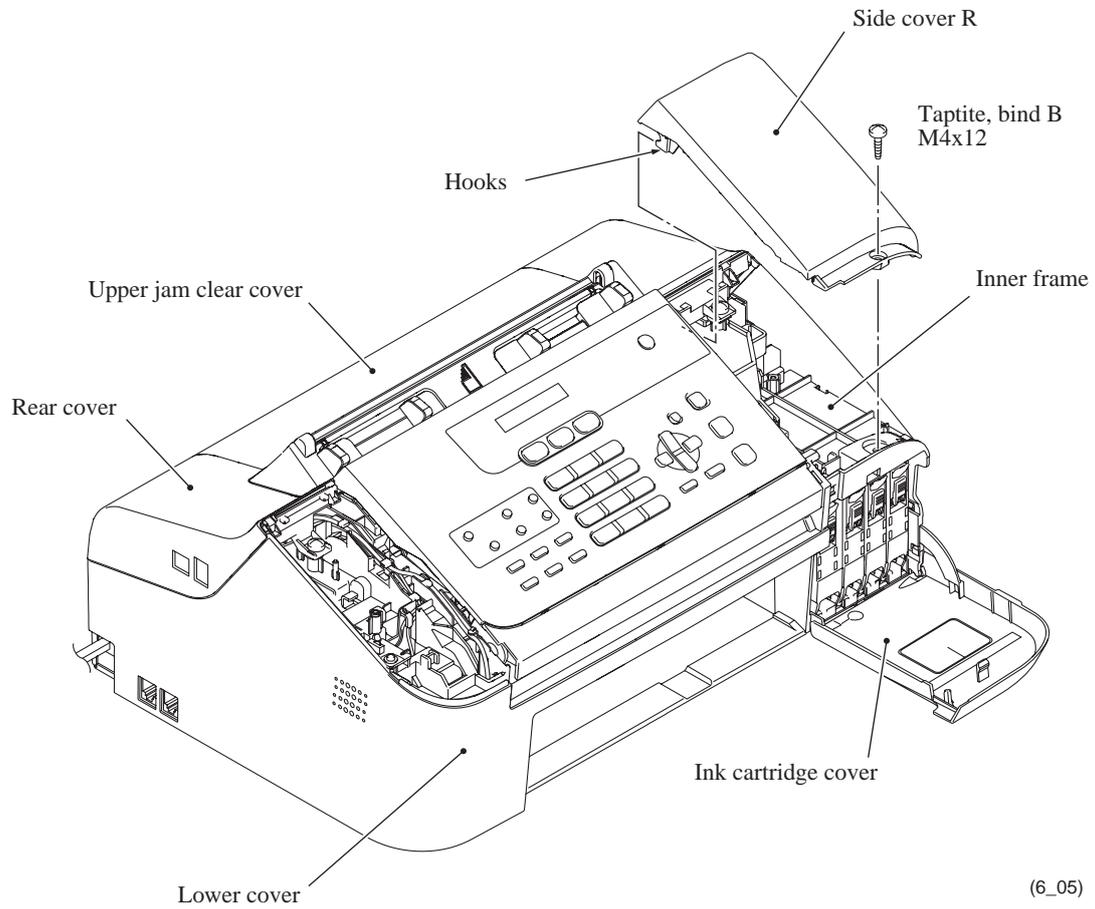
- (2) Remove the screw from the actuator support and take the support off the document chute.



(6_04)

6.1.3 Side Cover R

- (1) Open the ink cartridge cover.
- (2) Remove the screw from the side cover R and take the cover off the inner frame.



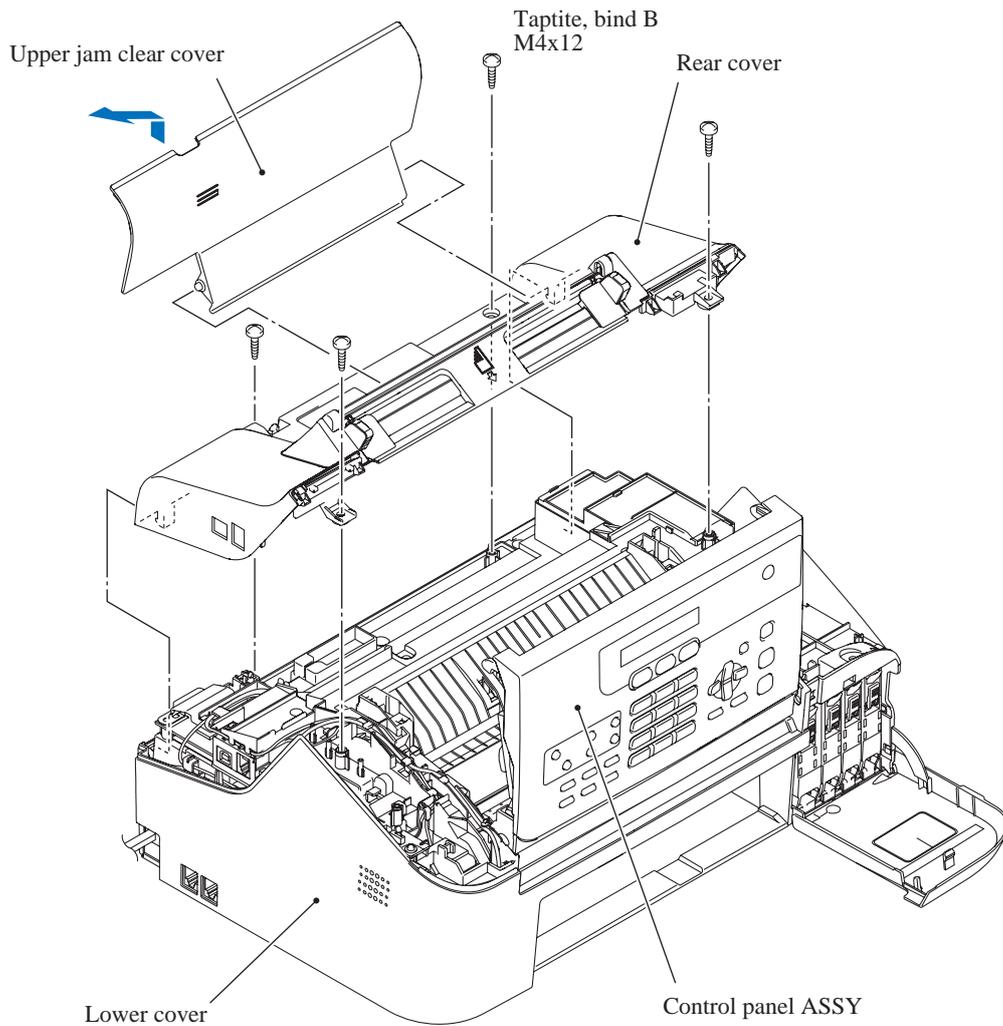
(6_05)

6.1.4 Rear Cover and Charge PCB*

*Only for models with cordless handset

For models with handset

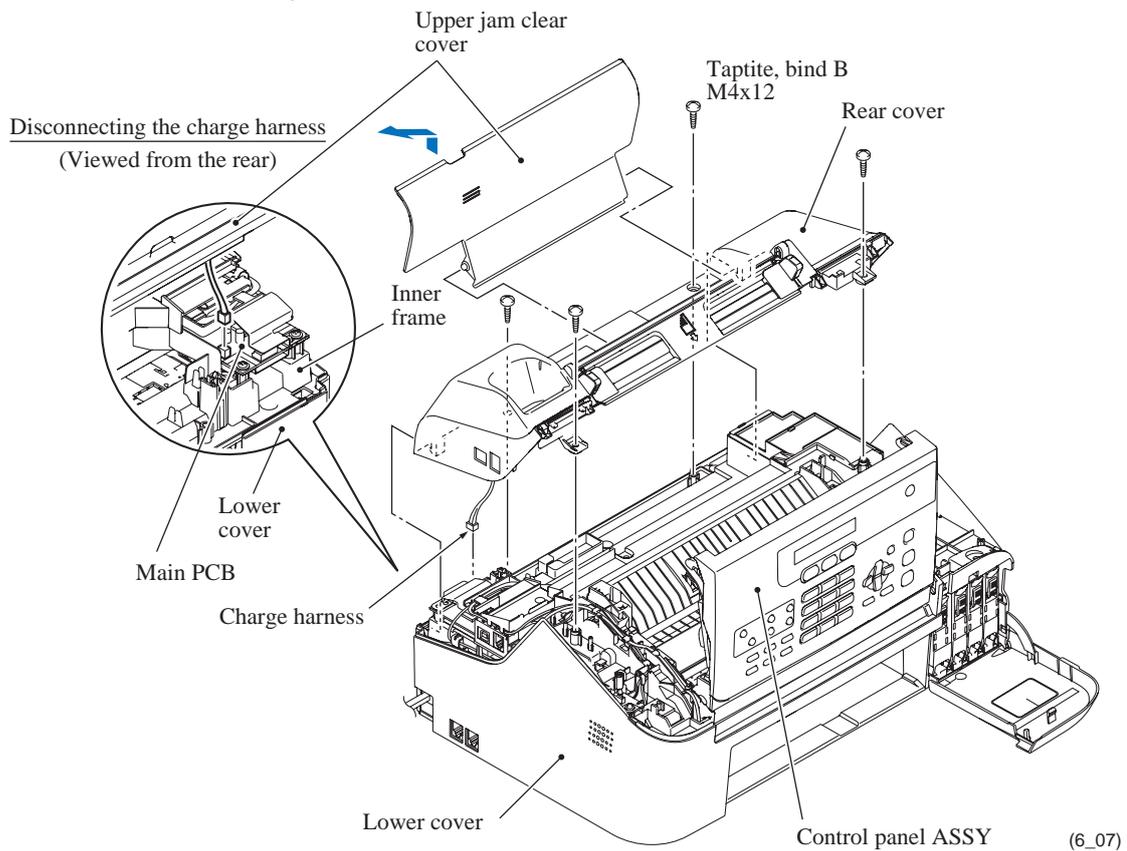
- (1) Open the control panel ASSY.
- (2) Open the upper jam clear cover and pull up the right end to remove the cover.
- (3) Remove the four screws from the rear cover and take it off.



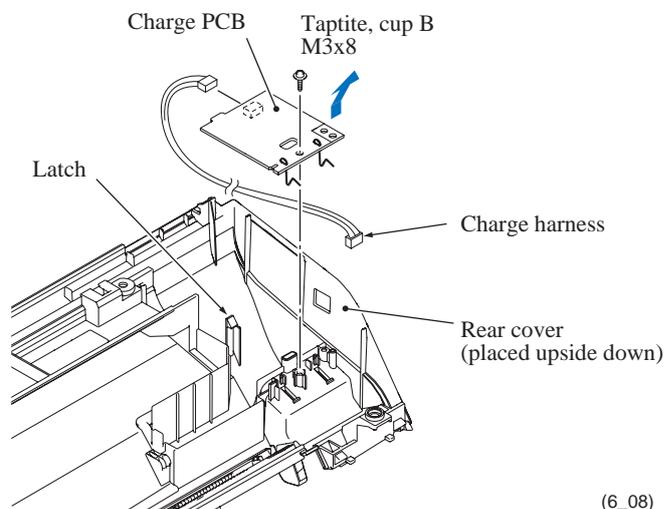
(6_06)

For models with cordless handset

- (1) Open the control panel ASSY.
- (2) Open the upper jam clear cover and pull up the right end to remove the cover.
- (3) Remove the four screws from the rear cover and take it off.
NOTE: Do not pull the rear cover away from the machine since it is connected to the main PCB with a short charge harness.
- (4) Disconnect the charge harness from the main PCB.



- (5) Turn the rear cover upside down.
- (6) Remove the screw from the charge PCB and unlatch it.



6.1.5 Document Chute ASSY (with Control Panel ASSY)

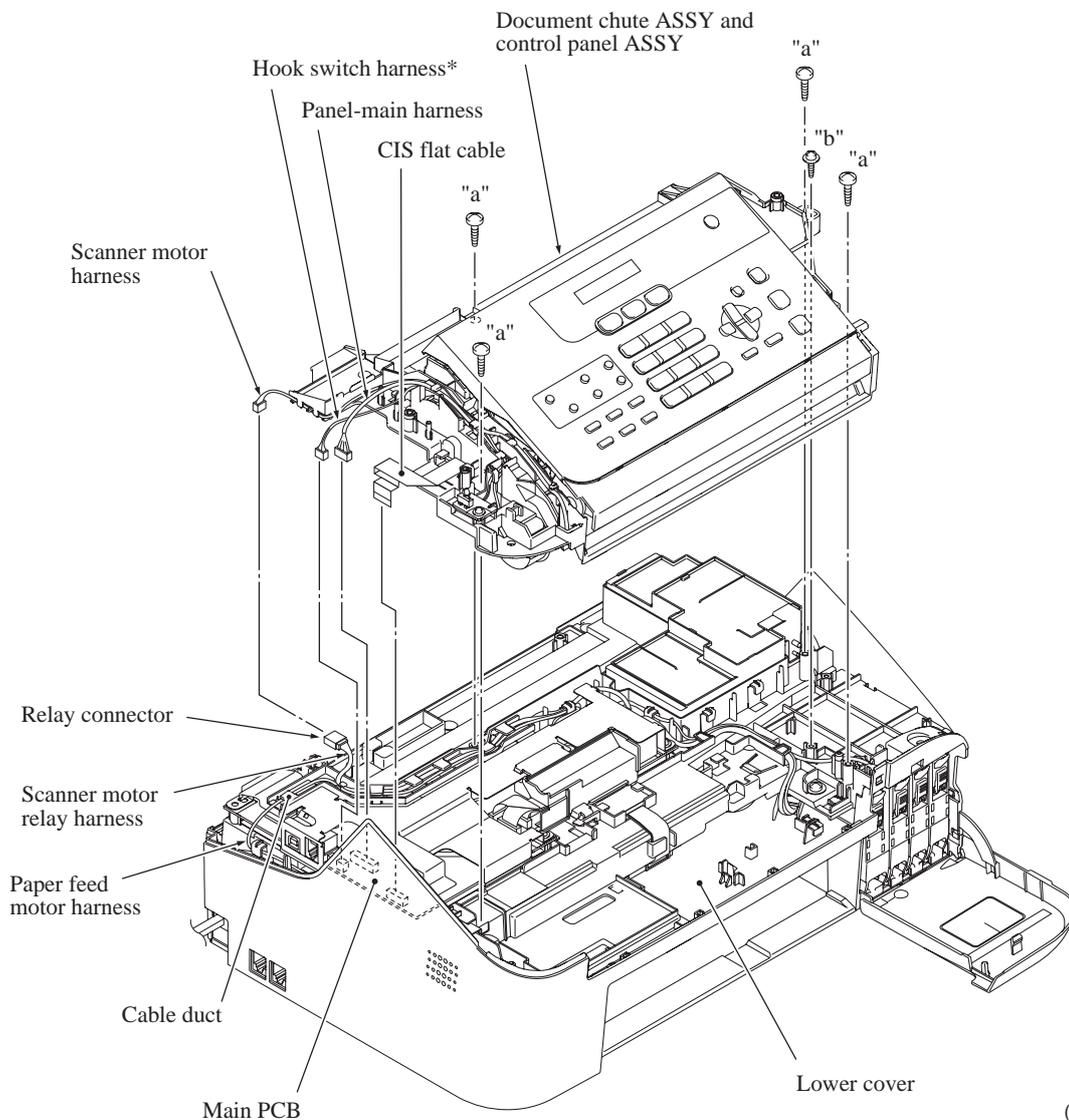
- (1) Disconnect the following flat cable and harnesses from the main PCB.

NOTE: After disconnecting the flat cable(s), check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited. When connecting the flat cable(s), do not insert it at an angle. After insertion, check that the cable is not at an angle.

- CIS flat cable
- Panel-main harness
- Hook switch harness*

- (2) Remove four screws "a" (and screw "b" only on models with cordless handset) from the document chute ASSY.
- (3) Slightly lift up the document chute ASSY, take the scanner motor harness out of the cable duct, and disconnect it from the relay connector.
- (4) Remove the document chute ASSY from the inner frame together with the control panel ASSY.

*For models with handset



(6_09)

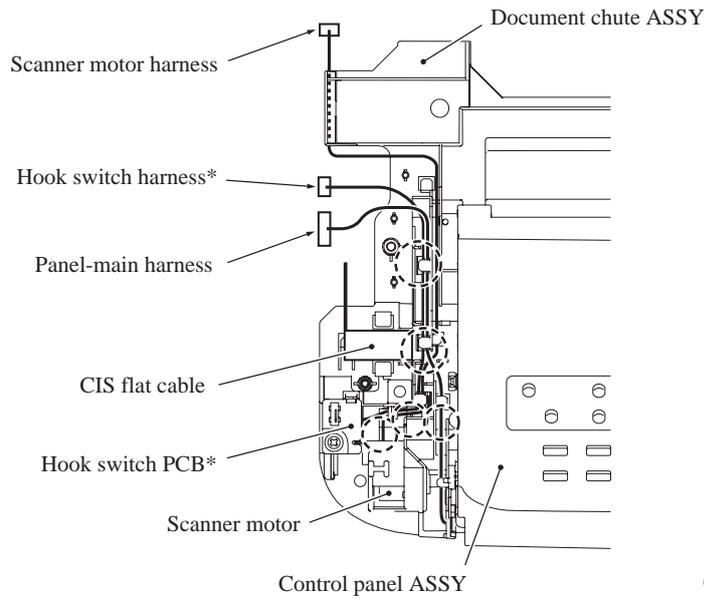
"a": Taptite, bind B M4x12

"b": Taptite, cup B M3x10 (Only on models with cordless handset)

■ **Assembling Notes**

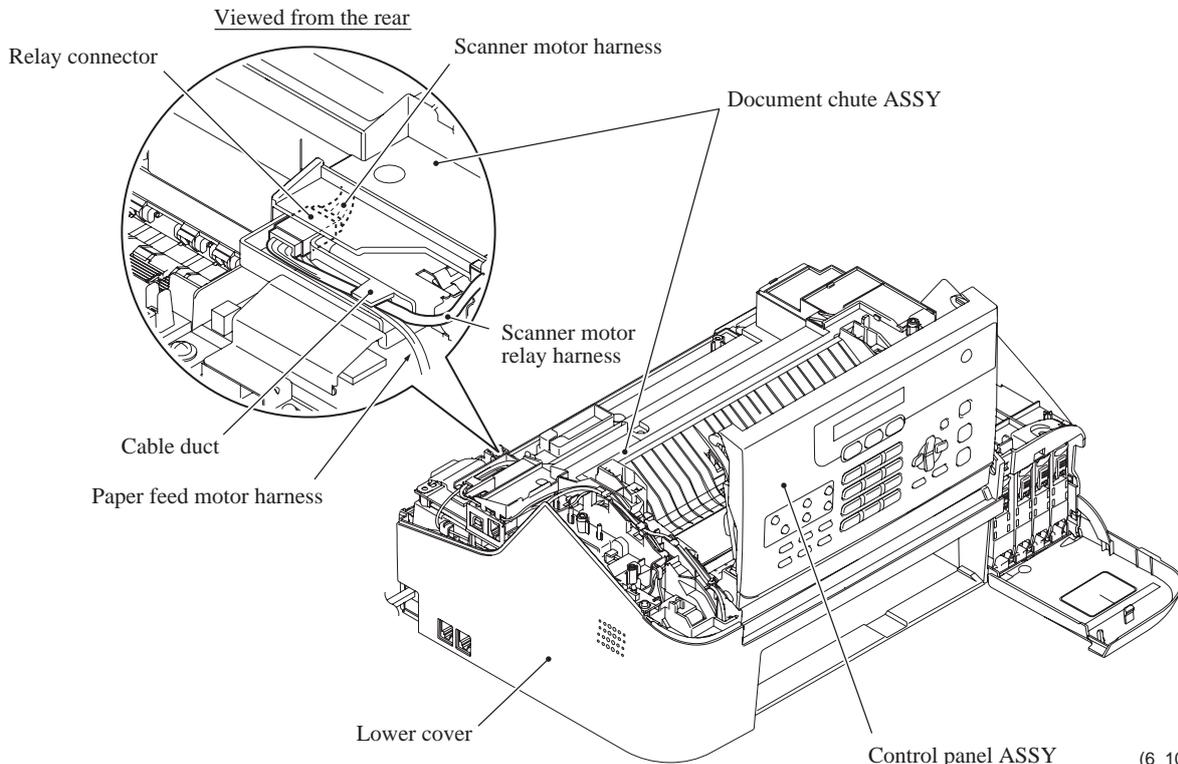
- Before mounting the document chute ASSY (with the control panel ASSY), make sure that the following flat cable and harnesses are routed through the cable guides on the document chute as shown below.
 - CIS flat cable
 - Scanner motor harness
 - Hook switch harness*
 - Panel-main harness

*For models with handset



(6_10)

- When mounting the document chute ASSY (with the control panel ASSY), connect the scanner motor harness to the relay connector and fit the relay connector in the cable duct as shown below. Route the scanner motor harness through the cable duct.

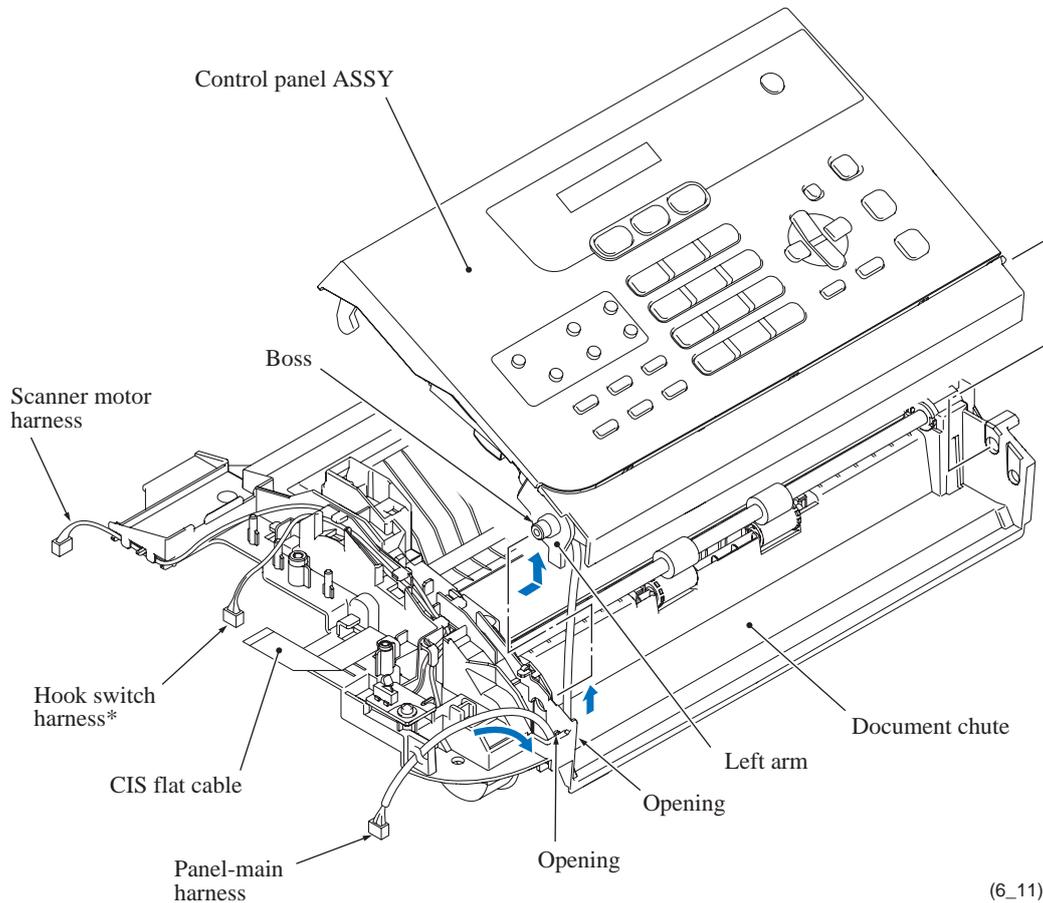


(6_10_1)

6.1.6 Control Panel ASSY

Press the left arm of the control panel ASSY inwards to release the boss from the document chute and lift the ASSY up and off the document chute.

*For models with handset



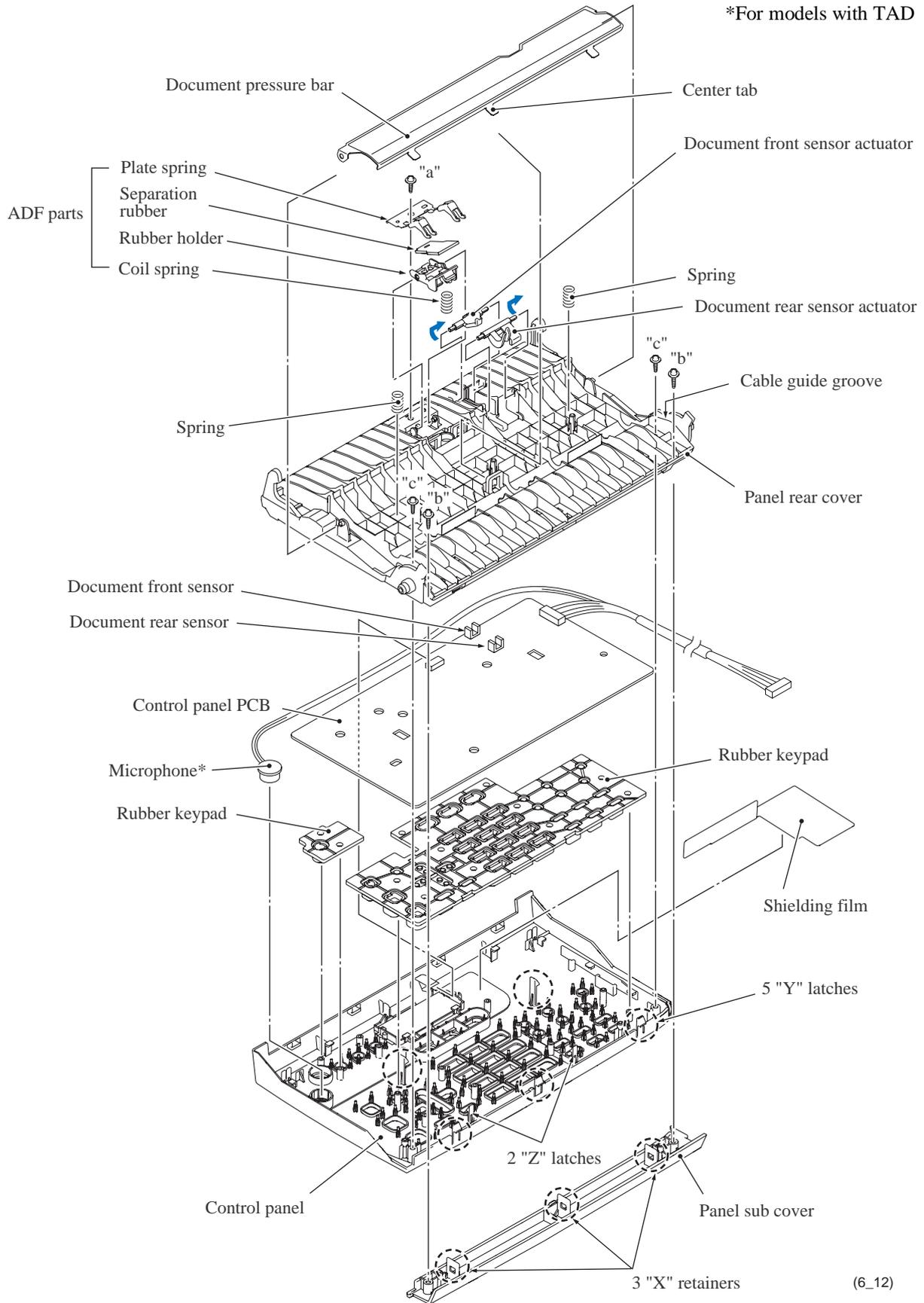
(6_11)

< Disassembly of the control panel ASSY >

- 1) Place the control panel ASSY upside down. (See the next page.)
- 2) To remove the ADF parts (plate spring, separation rubber, rubber holder, and coil spring), remove screw "a." The plate spring comes off.
Push the bottom end of the rubber holder inwards and take it off. The coil spring also comes off.
- 3) To remove the panel sub cover, remove two screws "b" and release the three "X" retainers.
- 4) To separate the panel rear cover from the control panel, remove two screws "c" and release the five "Y" latches.
- 5) To remove the control panel PCB, disconnect the LCD harness from the control panel PCB after unlocking the flat cable connector. Then release two "Z" latches.

NOTE: After disconnecting the flat cable(s), check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited. When connecting the flat cable(s), do not insert it at an angle. After insertion, check that the cable is not at an angle.

*For models with TAD

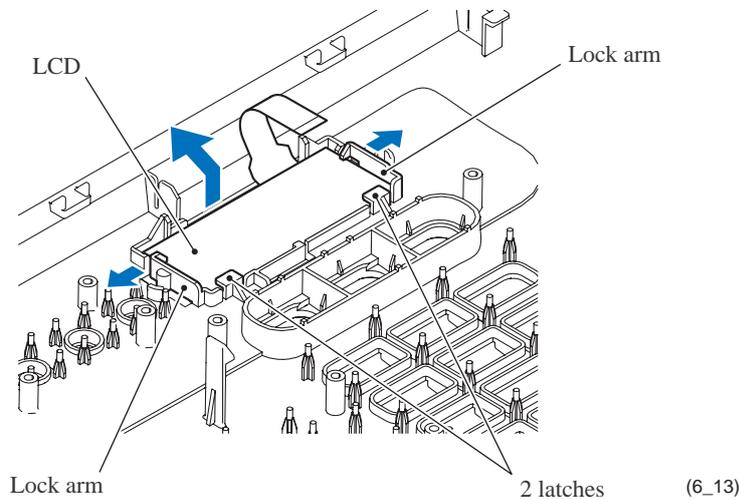


(6_12)

"a": Taptite, pan B M3x6

"b" and "c": Taptite, cup B M3x8

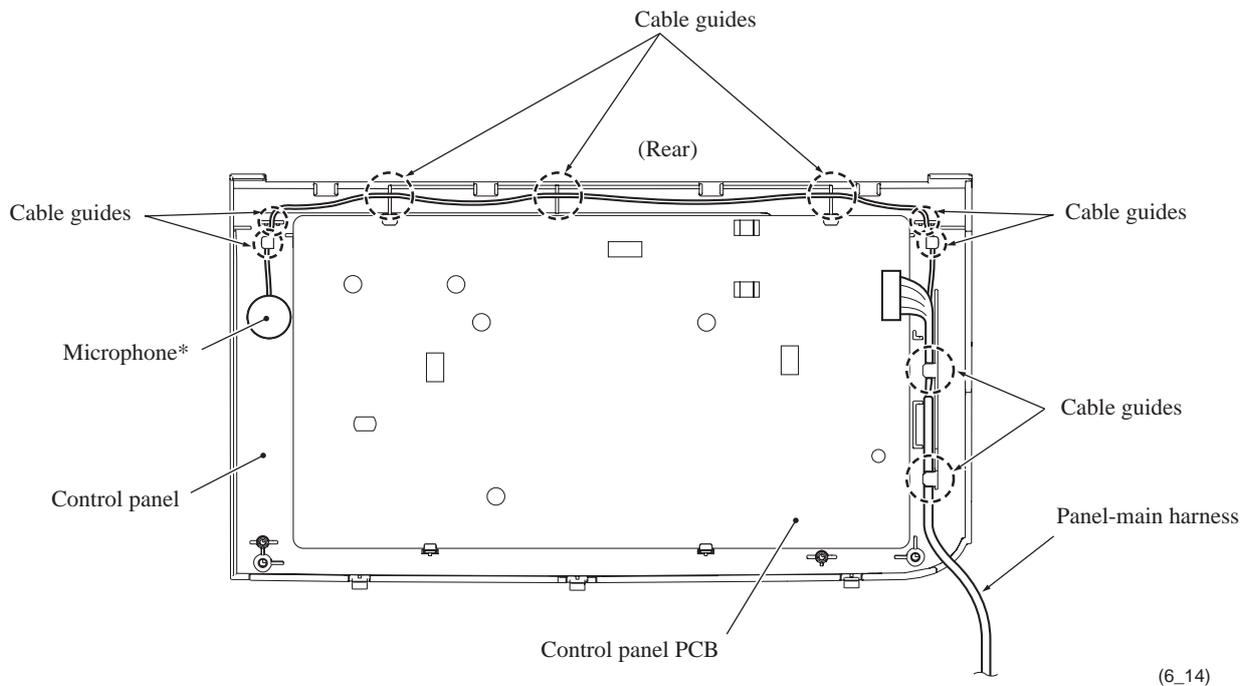
- 6) To remove the rubber keypads, take them up.
- 7) To remove the LCD, pull the lock arms outwards.



■ Assembling Notes

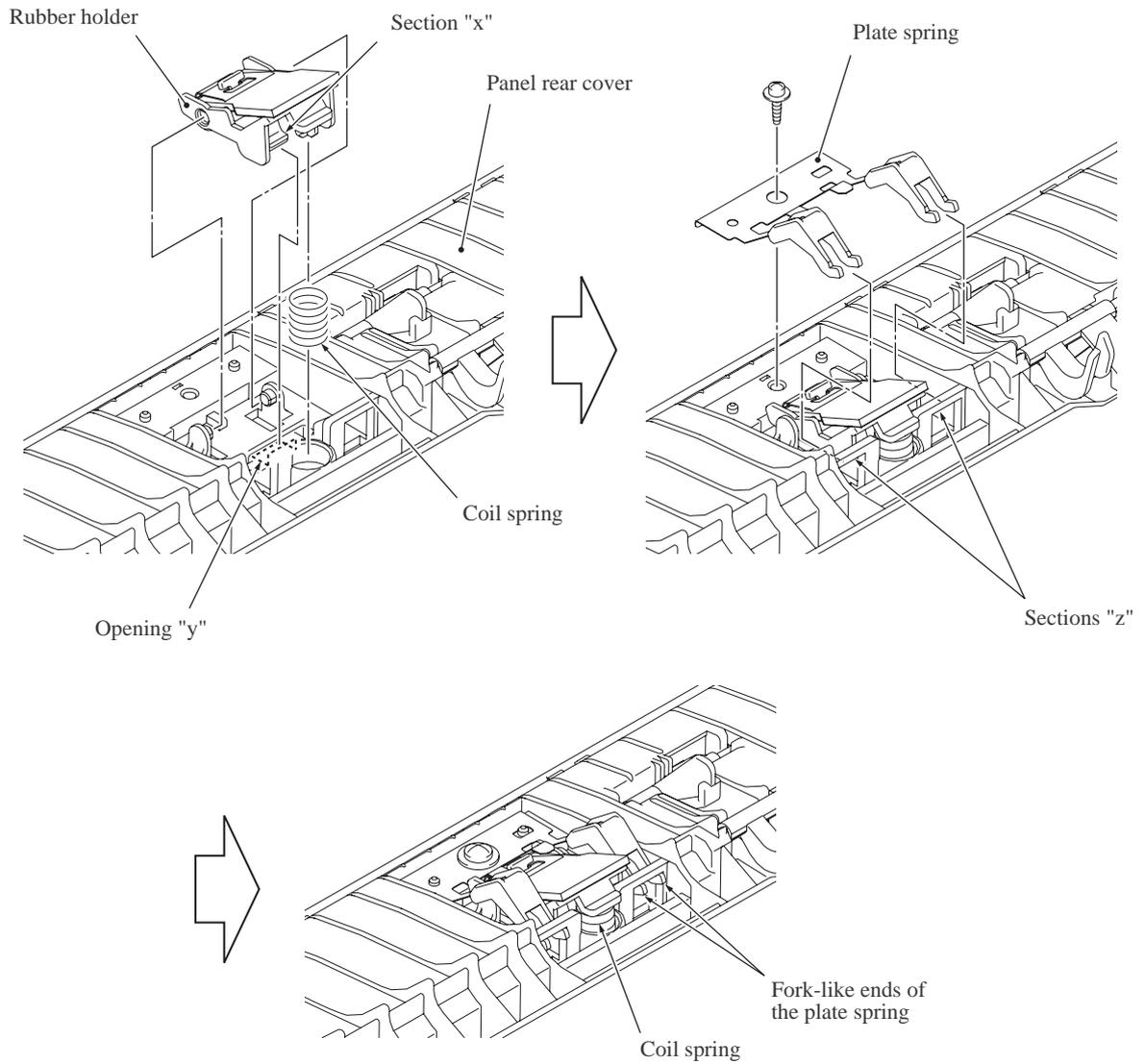
- Before setting the LCD back to the control panel, wipe fingerprints or dust off the LCD surface and control panel window with a soft cloth.
- A new LCD is covered with a protection sheet. Before setting it, remove the protection sheet.
- Before mounting the panel rear cover on the control panel, route the panel-main harness through the cable guides on the control panel as shown below. Then route it through the cable guide groove (see the previous page) in the panel rear cover.

*For models with TAD



When mounting the control panel ASSY on the document chute ASSY, route the panel-main harness through the two openings provided in the document chute as shown on [page 6-13](#).

- When assembling the ADF parts, be careful with the following (see the illustration below):
 - Section "x" provided on the bottom of the rubber holder should be fitted in opening "y" in the panel rear cover.
 - The fork-like ends of the plate spring should be inserted in sections "z."



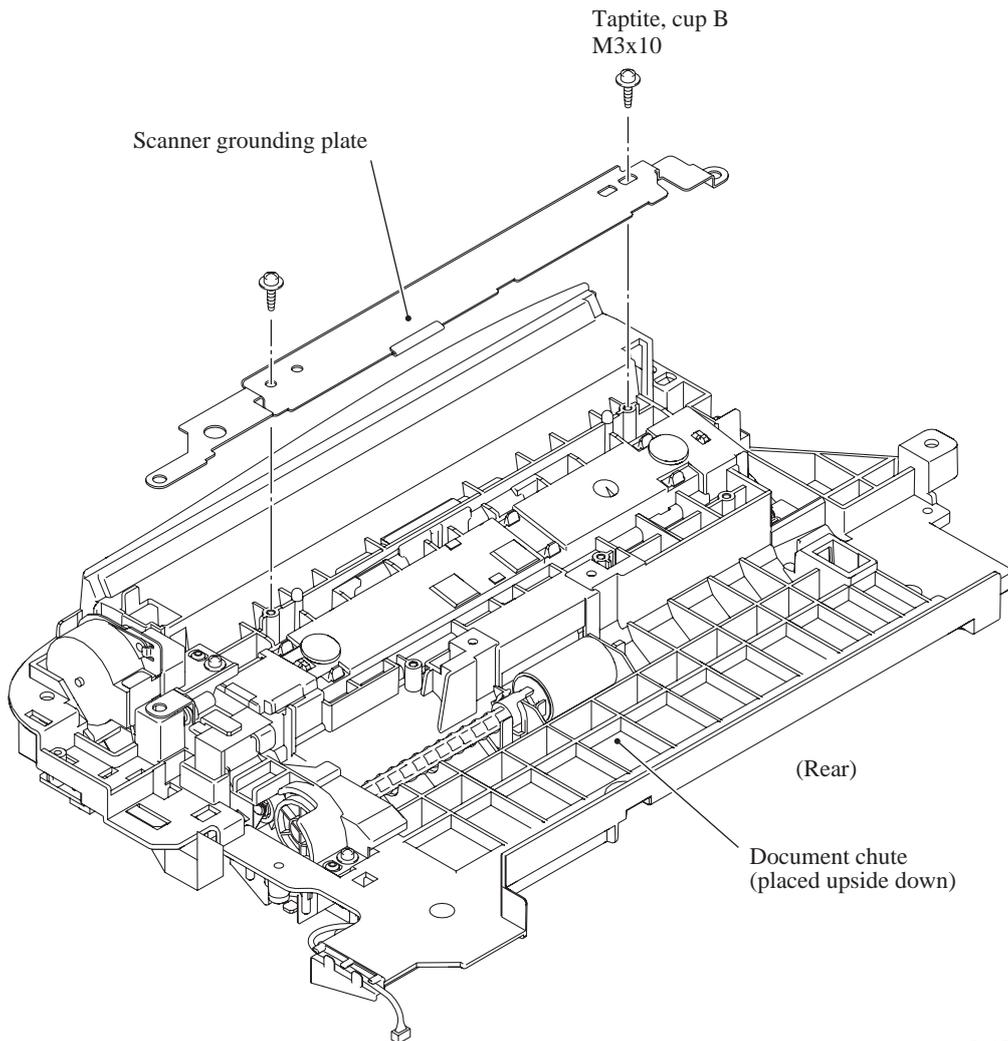
(6_14_1)

**6.1.7 Components on the Document Chute ASSY
(Scanner grounding plate, Scanner drive unit, Document separation roller, Scanner motor,
Document feed roller, Document ejection roller, CIS unit, Document pressure rollers, Pinch rollers,
and Hook switch PCB*)**

*For models with handset

Scanner grounding plate

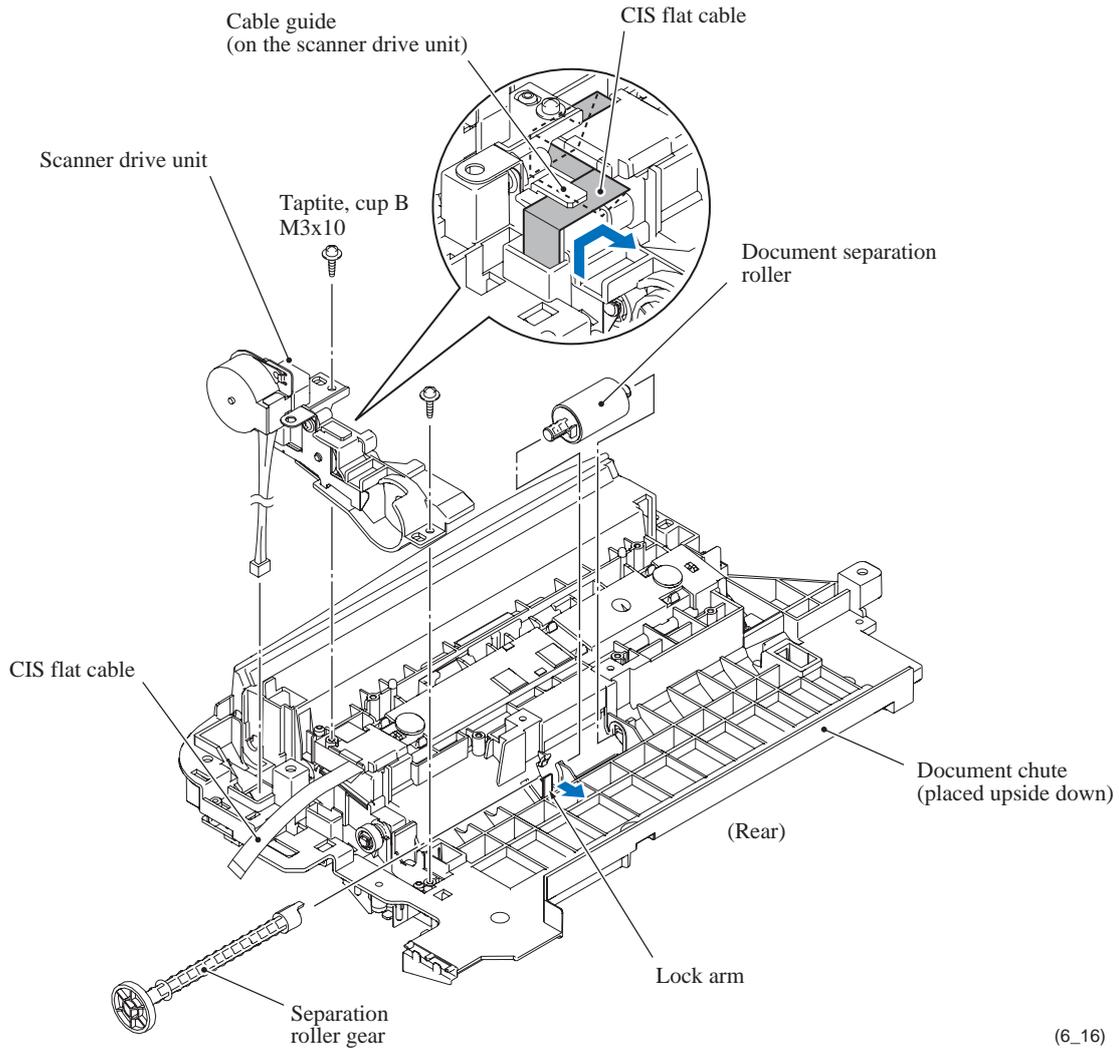
- (1) Place the document chute ASSY upside down.
- (2) Remove the two screws and take the scanner grounding plate off the document chute.



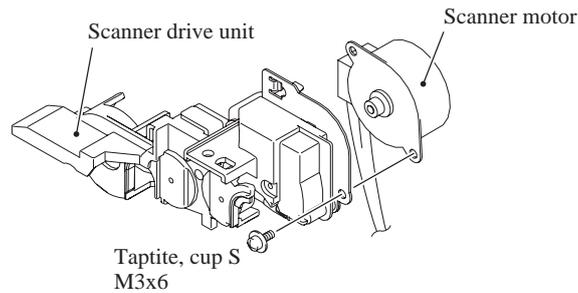
(6_15)

Document separation roller, scanner drive unit, and scanner motor

- (3) Pull the lock arm in the direction of the arrow shown below and slightly slide the separation roller gear to the left. Then take the document separation roller out of the document chute.
- (4) Take the scanner motor harness out of the cable guides provided on the top of the document chute. (See [page 6-12](#).)
- (5) Take the CIS flat cable out of the cable guide on the scanner drive unit as shown below.
- (6) Remove the two screws from the scanner drive unit. Then lift the scanner drive unit up and out of the document chute, together with the separation roller gear.



- (7) Remove the screw and take the scanner motor off the scanner drive unit.



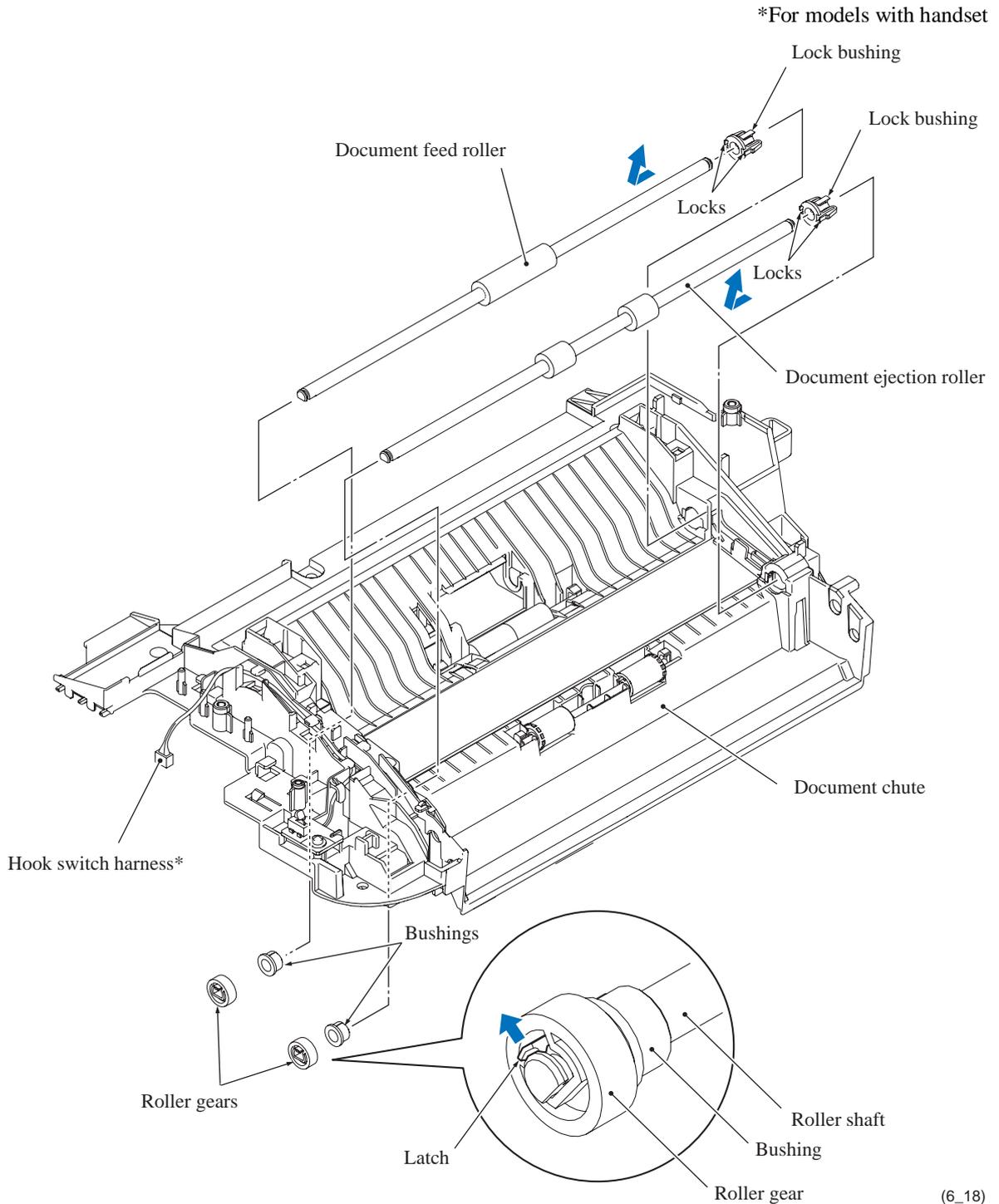
(6_17)

Document feed roller and document ejection roller

- (8) At the left end of the document feed roller on the underside of the document chute, press the latch of the roller gear outwards with the tip of a flat screwdriver and pull out the gear and bushing.

Turn the document chute right side up. At the right end, press the two locks on the lock bushing inwards, slide the roller shaft to the left, and remove it in the direction of the arrow shown below.

- (9) Remove the document ejection roller in the same way as in step (8).



(6_18)

CIS unit

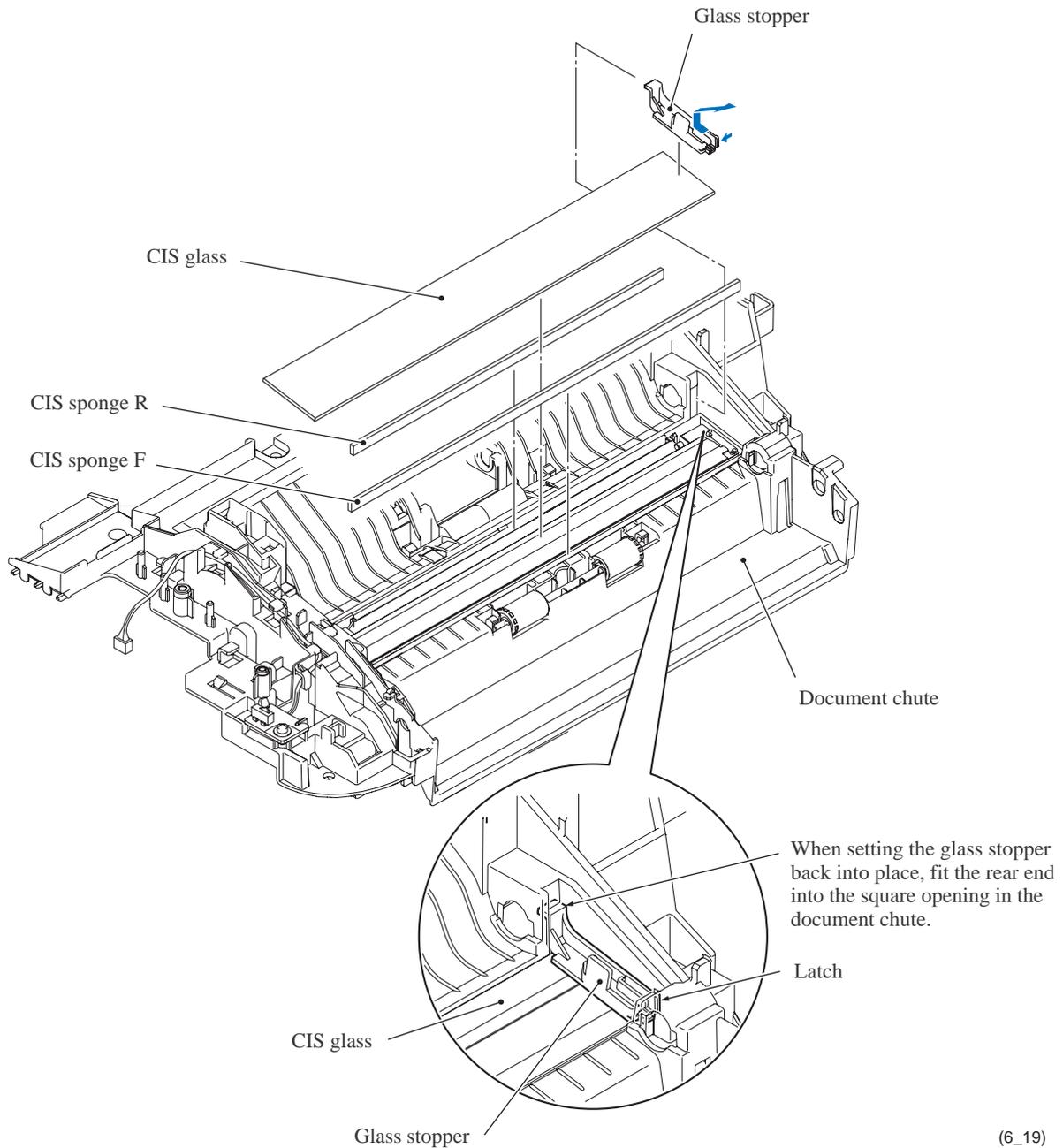
NOTE: The scanner drive unit and document feed roller should be removed beforehand.

(10) Unlatch the front end of the glass stopper and slide it to the rear.

(11) Remove the CIS glass.

NOTE: When removing the CIS glass, protect it from dust or fingerprints. If it is stained, wipe fingerprints or dust off the CIS glass. Take care not to let foreign materials get into the CIS unit.

(12) Remove CIS sponges R and F.

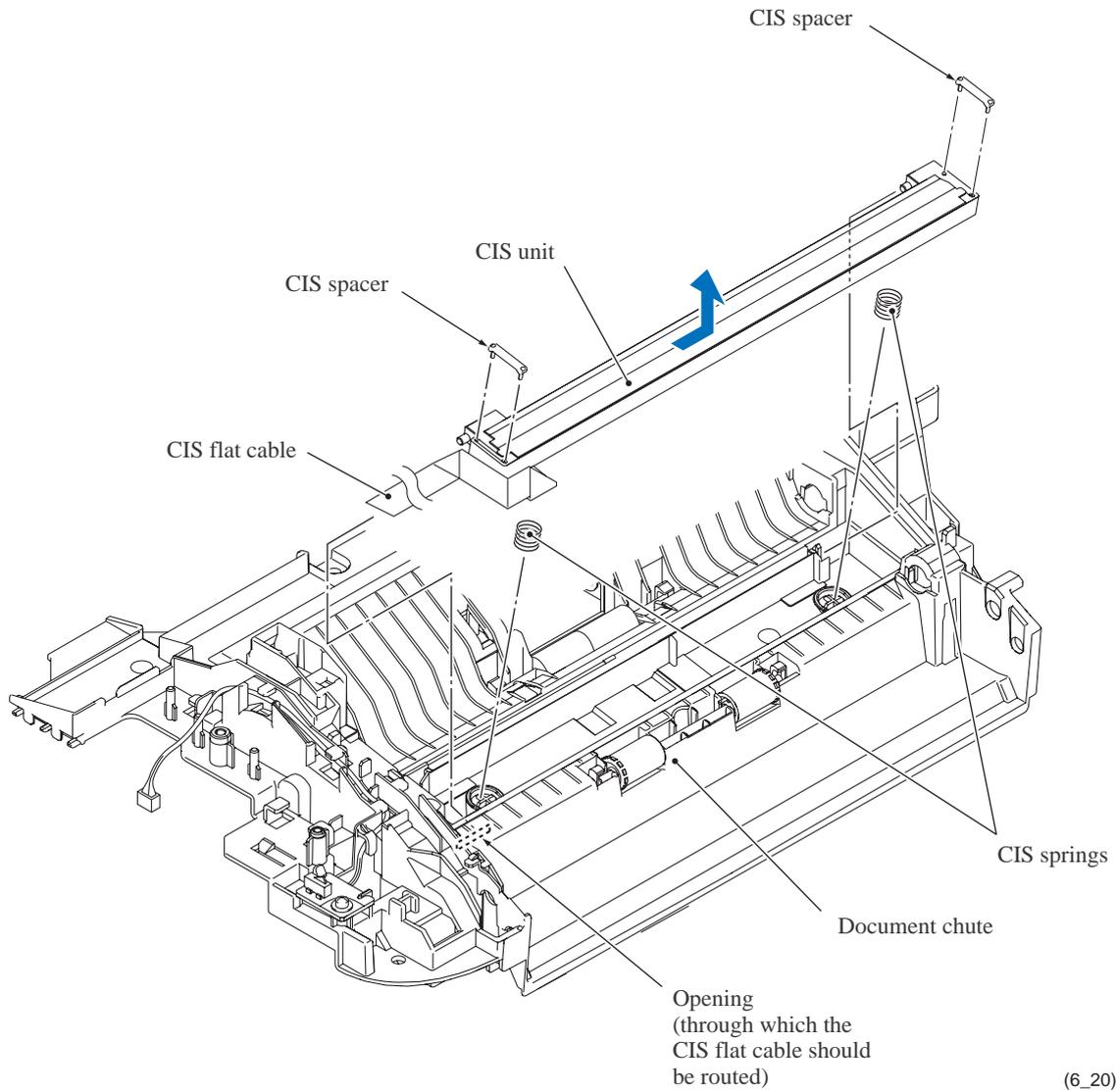


(6_19)

(13) Lift up the CIS unit, taking care not to drop the two CIS spacers.

NOTE: Take care not to lose the spacers.

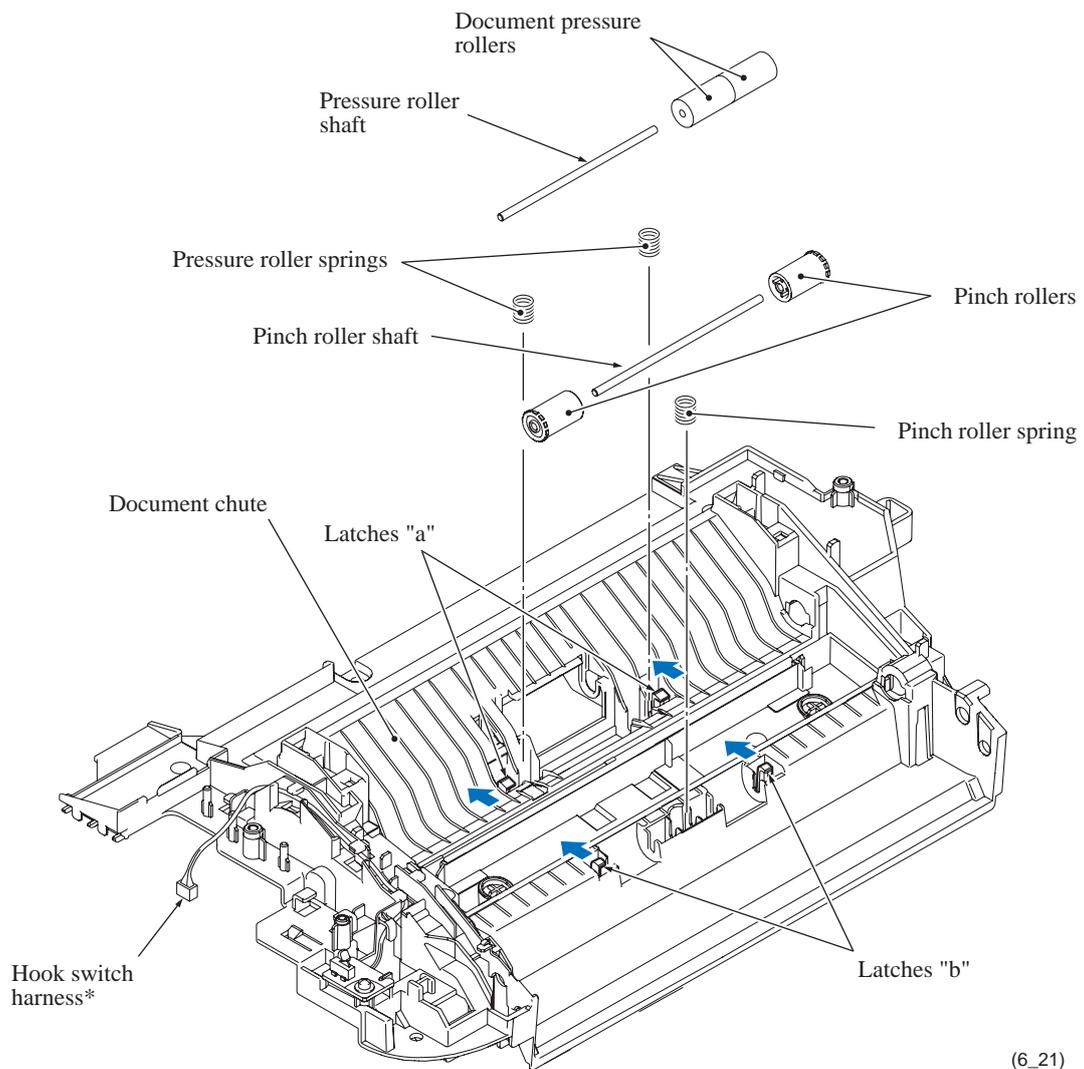
(14) Remove the CIS springs.



Document pressure rollers and pinch rollers

- (15) Press latches "a" to the rear and remove the document pressure rollers and their shaft. The pressure roller springs also come off.
- (16) Press latches "b" to the rear and remove the pinch rollers and their shaft. The pinch roller spring also comes off.

*For models with handset



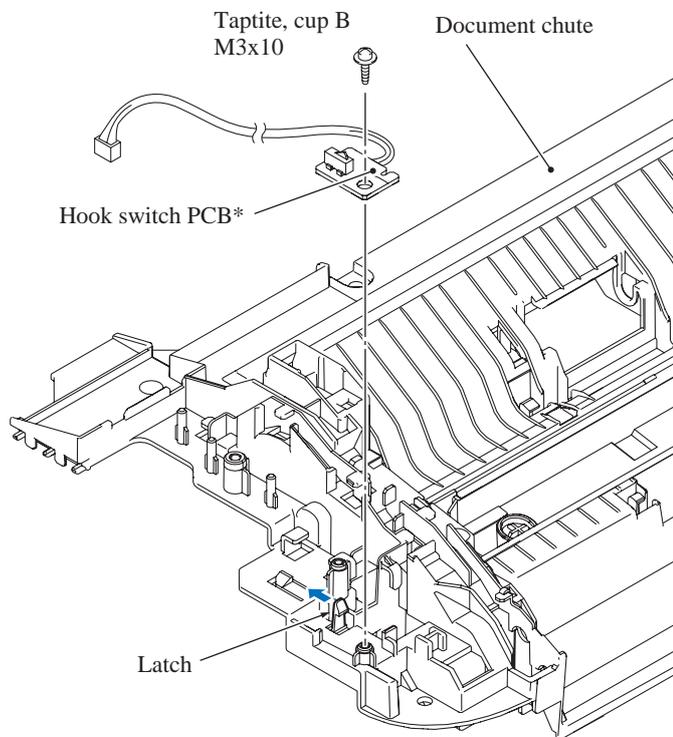
(6_21)

Hook switch PCB*

(17) Remove the screw from the hook switch PCB.

(18) Unlatch the hook switch PCB.

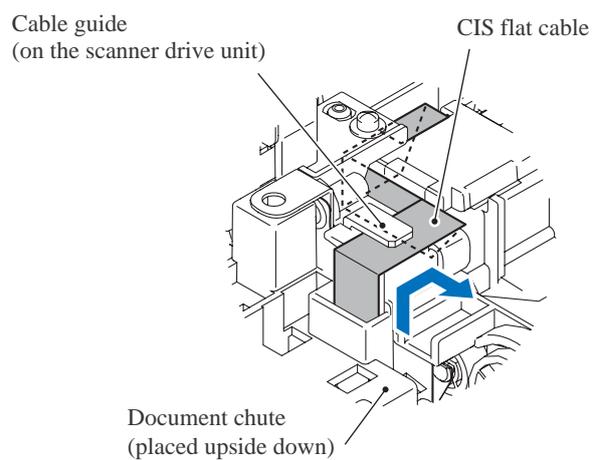
*For models with handset



(6_22)

■ Assembling Notes

- Before mounting the scanner drive unit on the document chute, route the CIS flat cable on the underside of the document chute. After mounting it, route the CIS flat cable through the cable guide on the scanner drive unit.



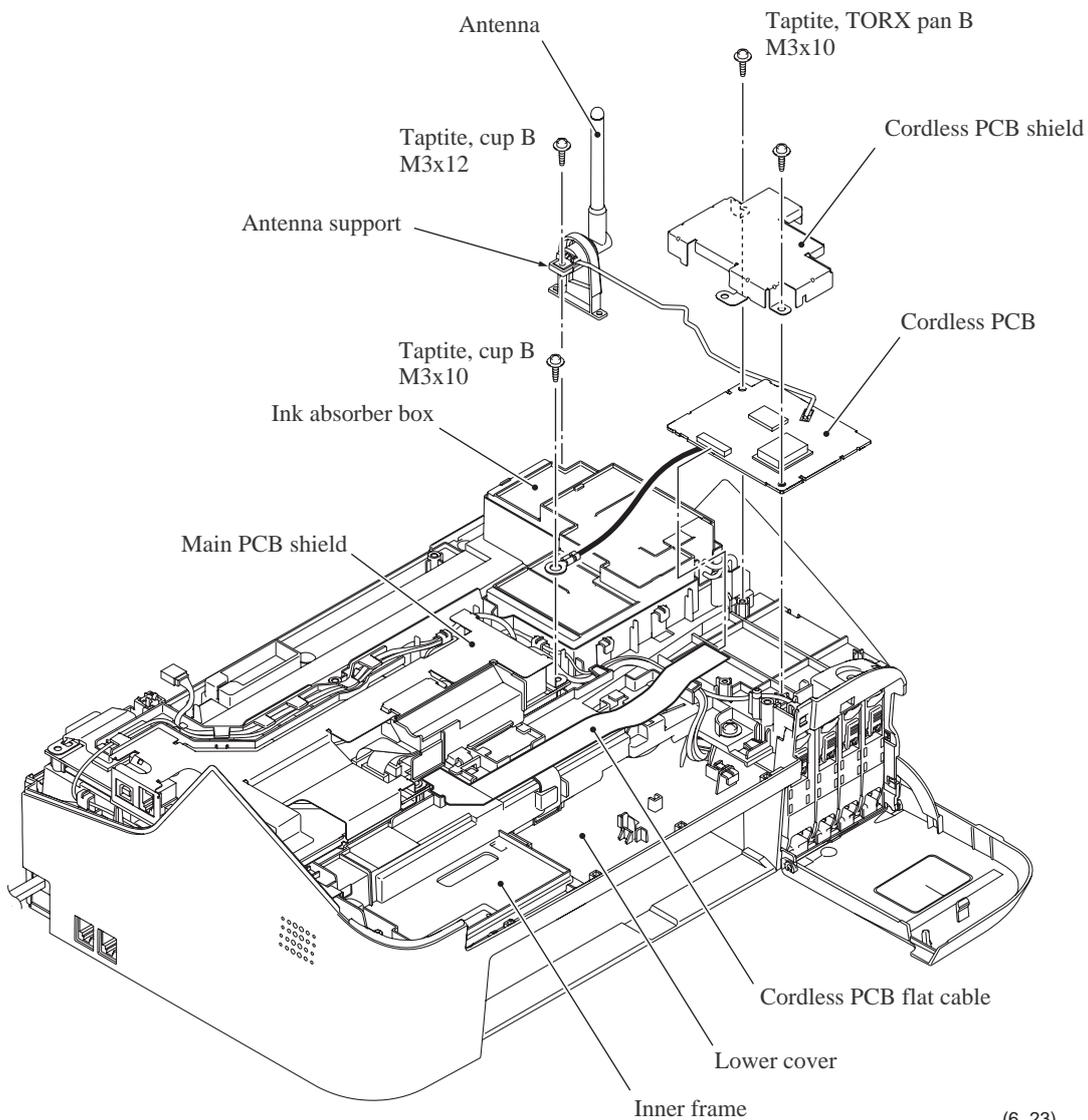
(6_16_1)

6.1.8 Antenna & Cordless PCB ASSY (for models with cordless handset)

- (1) Remove the two TORX screws from the cordless PCB shield and take it off the PCB.
- (2) Remove the screw that secures the grounding wire and the main PCB shield together.
- (3) Disconnect the cordless PCB flat cable from the PCB.

NOTE: After disconnecting the flat cable(s), check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited. When connecting the flat cable(s), do not insert it at an angle. After insertion, check that the cable is not at an angle.

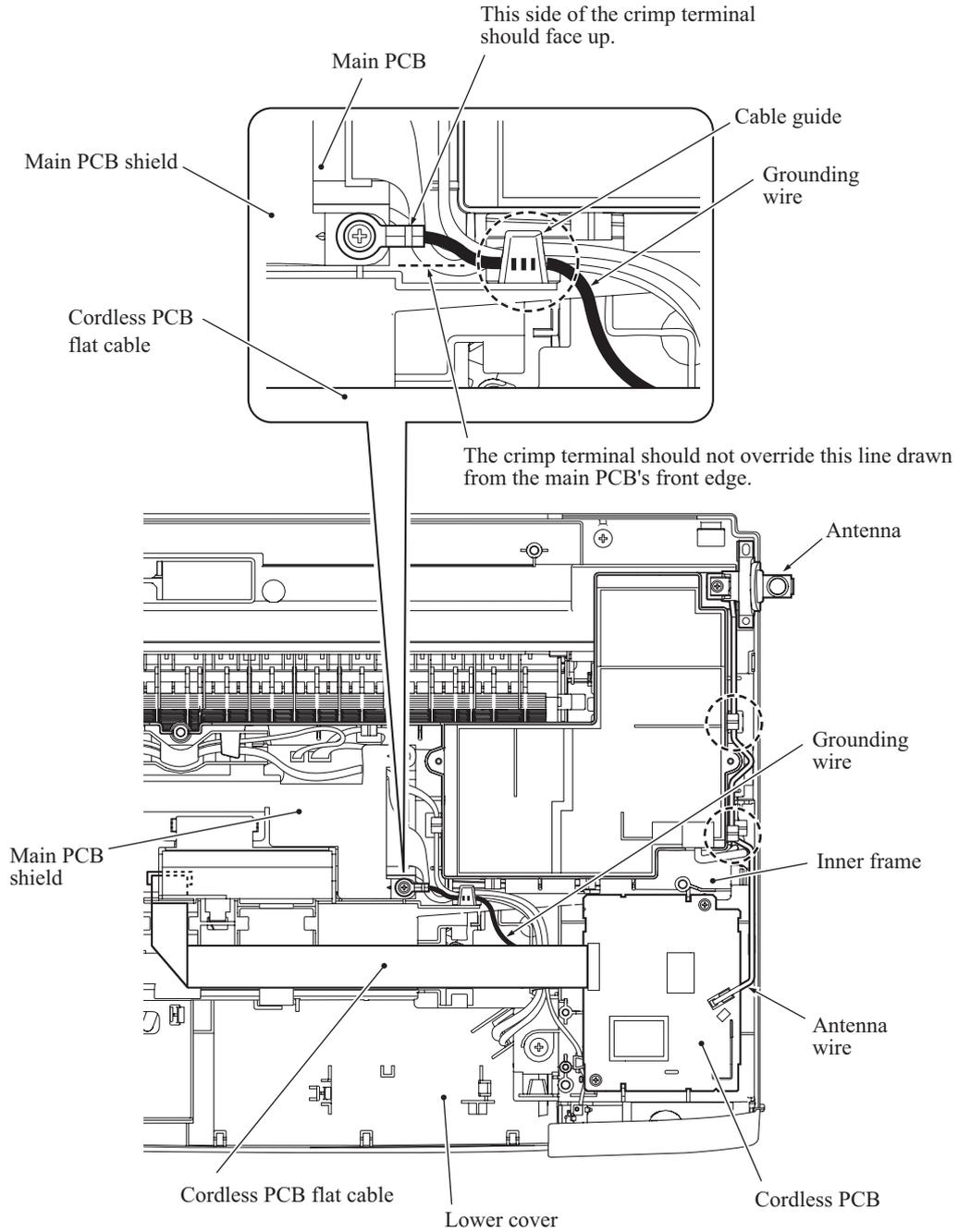
- (4) Remove the screw from the antenna support, then take the antenna and its support off the inner frame together with the cordless PCB.



(6_23)

■ **Assembling Notes**

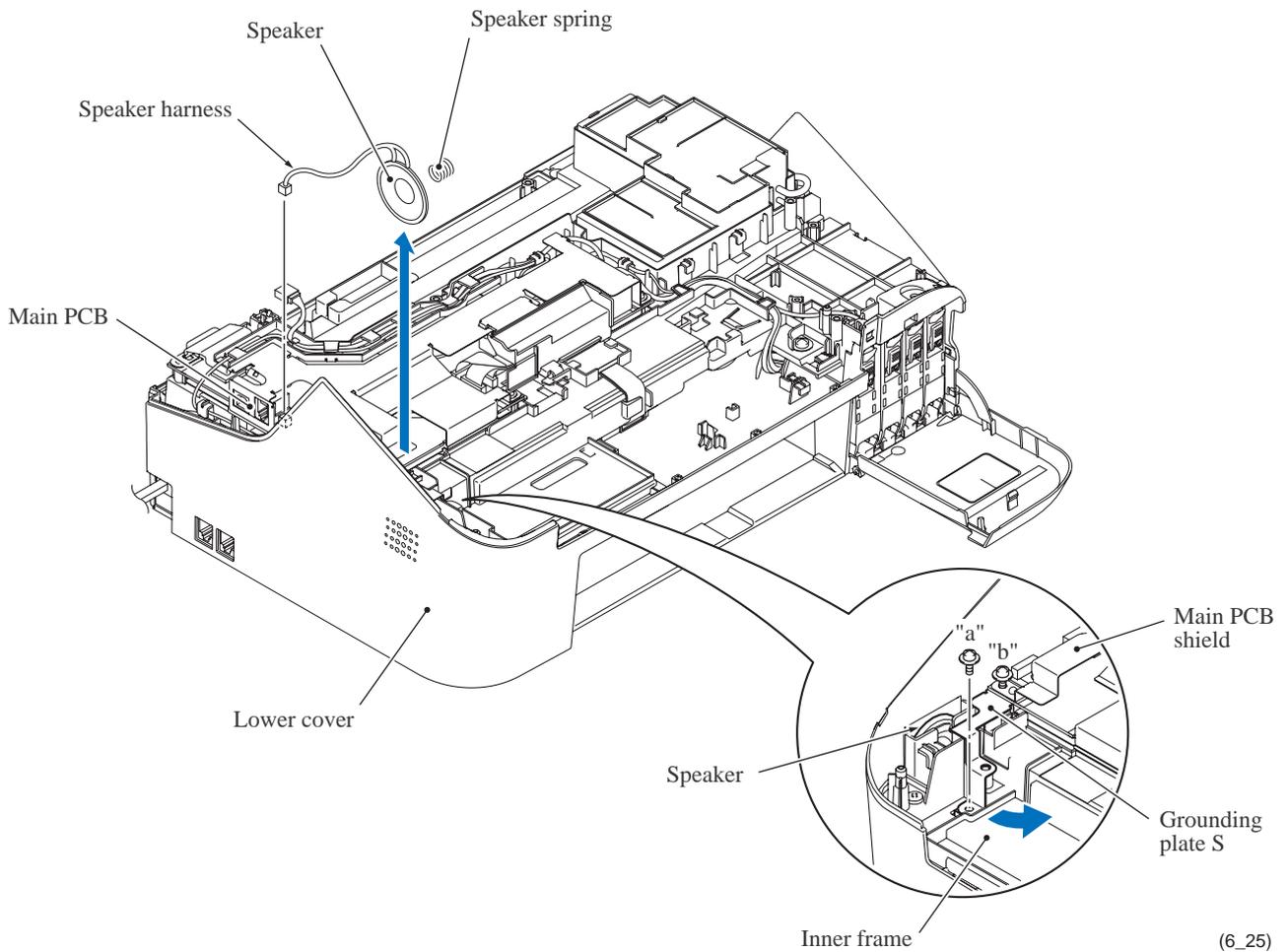
- Route the antenna wire, cordless PCB flat cable, and grounding wire as shown below.



(6_24)

6.1.9 Speaker

- (1) Disconnect the speaker harness from the main PCB.
- (2) Remove screw "a" from the grounding plate S and loosen screw "b" on the main PCB shield. Then turn the grounding plate in the direction of the arrow shown below.
- (3) Pull the speaker and its spring up and out of the lower cover.



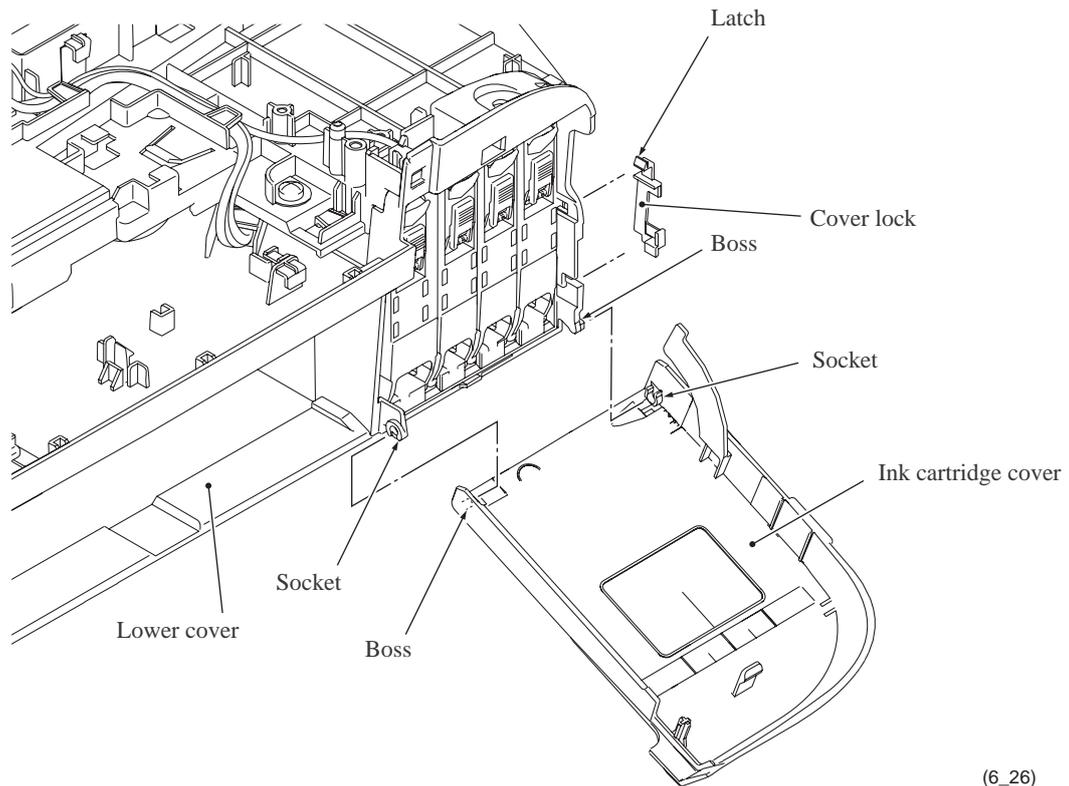
(6_25)

"a": Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8

"b": Taptite, cup B M3x10

6.1.10 Ink Cartridge Cover

- (1) Open the ink cartridge cover.
- (2) Unlatch the upper end of the cover lock and remove it.
- (3) Lightly lift up the front end of the lower cover and remove the ink cartridge cover.



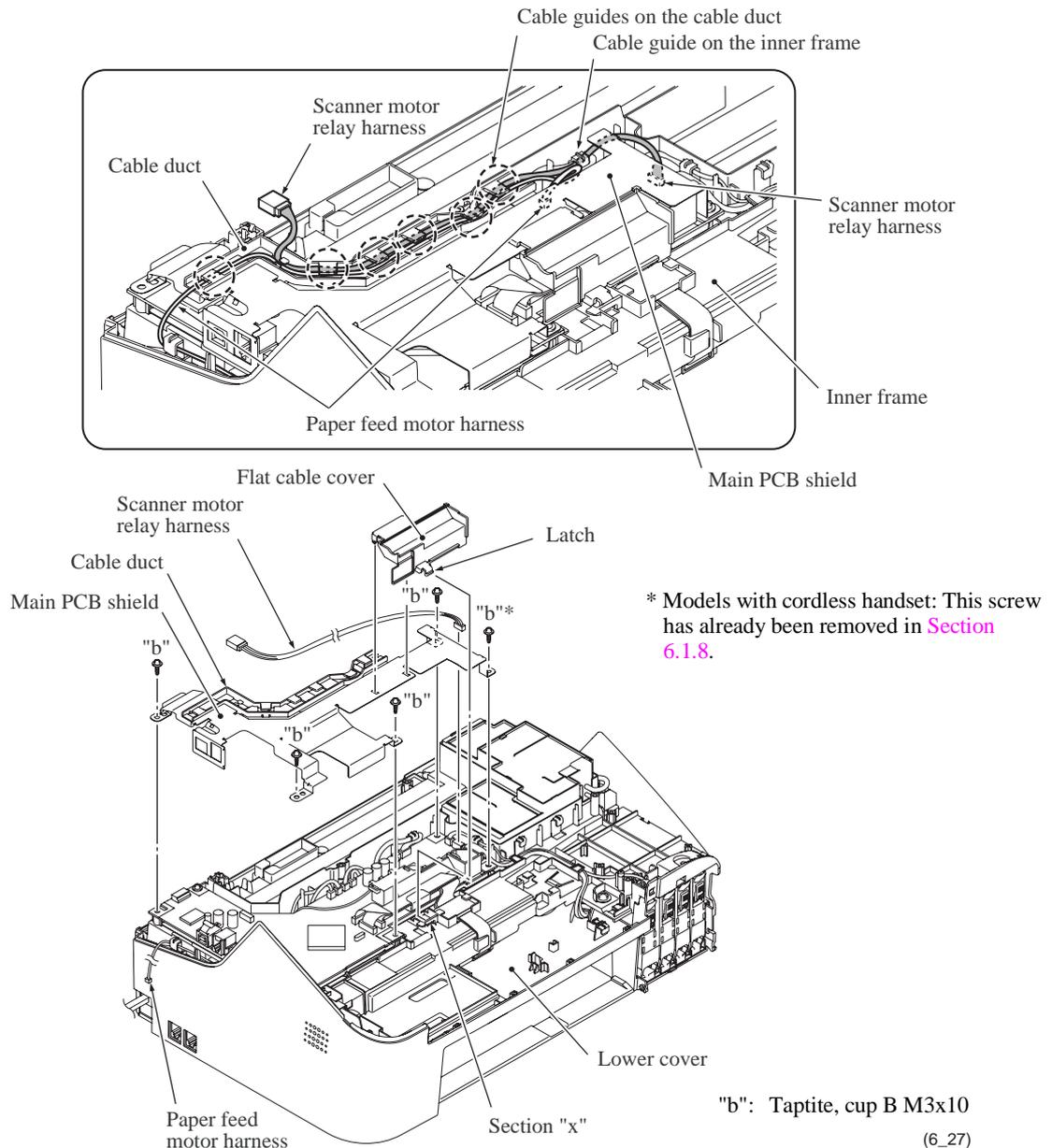
(6_26)

6.1.11 Main PCB

CAUTION: Before accessing the main PCB, make sure that the power cord is unplugged from the electrical outlet and the telephone line is disconnected; otherwise, an electric shock could occur.

CAUTION: At the time of removal of the main PCB, untightening screws should be preceded by disconnection of the harnesses and flat cables, and at the time of installation, connection of the harnesses and flat cables, by tightening of screws. Observing this sequence prevents harnesses and flat cables from getting crushed or damaged by screws or screwdrivers.

- (1) Unlatch the front end of the flat cable cover from inner frame's section "x" and remove it.
- (2) Disconnect the scanner motor relay harness and the paper feed motor harness from the main PCB, then take them out of the cable guides provided on the cable duct. The scanner motor harness should also be released from the cable guide on the inner frame.
- (3) Remove five screws "b" (four* for models with cordless handset) from the main PCB shield.
(*One screw has been removed in [Section 6.1.8](#).)
- (4) Lift the main PCB shield up and off the main PCB together with the cable duct.



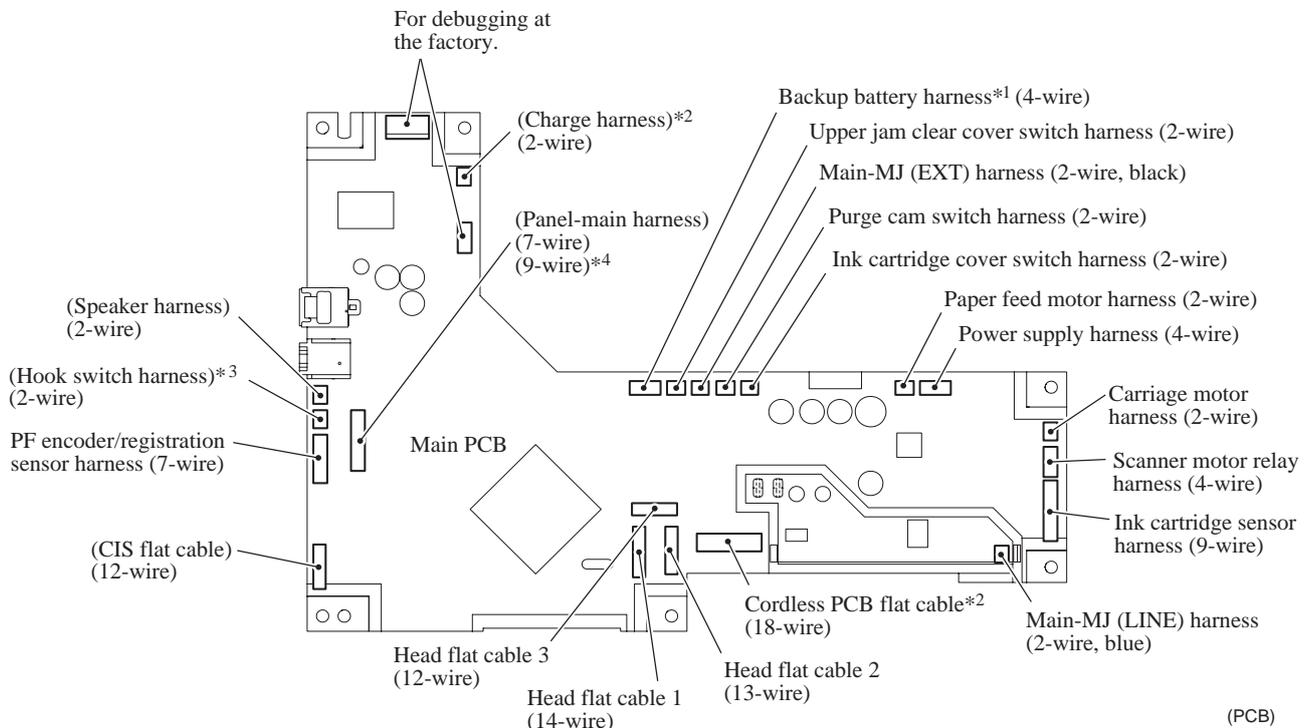
(5) Disconnect the following harnesses and flat cables from the main PCB.

CAUTION: Do not remove the screws from the main PCB before disconnecting harnesses and flat cables.

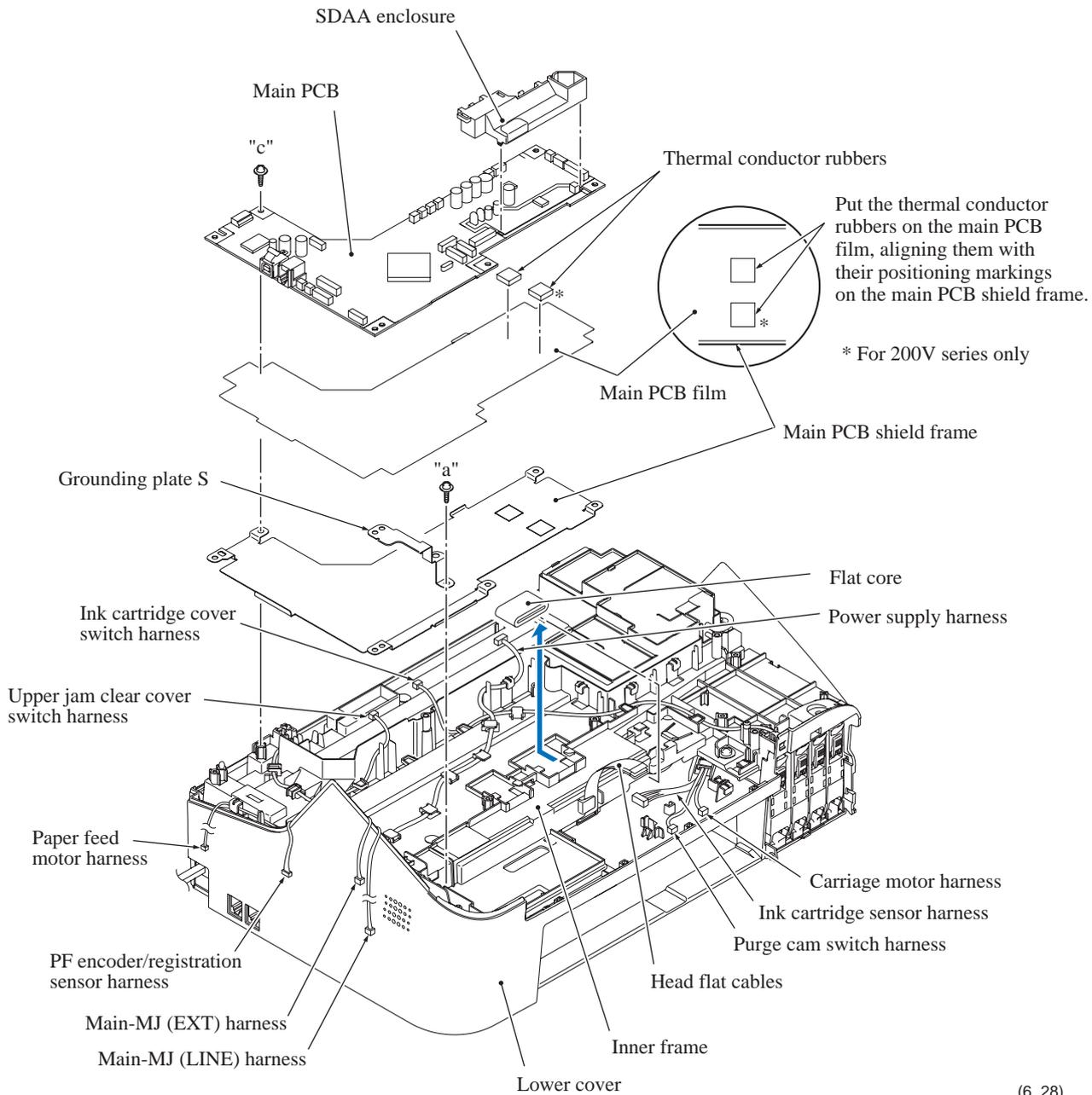
NOTE: After disconnecting the flat cable(s), check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited. When connecting the flat cable(s), do not insert it at an angle. After insertion, check that the cable is not at an angle.

- Ink cartridge sensor harness (9-wire)
- Carriage motor harness (2-wire)
- Power supply harness (4-wire)
- Ink cartridge cover switch harness (2-wire)
- Purge cam switch harness (2-wire)
- Main-MJ (EXT) harness (2-wire, black)
- Upper jam clear cover switch harness (2-wire)
- Backup battery harness (4-wire)*1
- PF encoder/registration sensor harness (7-wire)
- Head flat cable 1 (14-wire)
- Head flat cable 2 (13-wire)
- Head flat cable 3 (12-wire)
- Cordless PCB flat cable (18-wire)*2
- Main-MJ (LINE) harness (2-wire, blue)

- *1 For models with backup battery
- *2 For models with cordless handset
- *3 For models with handsets
- *4 For models with TAD



- (6) Remove screw "c" from the main PCB.
- (7) Remove screw "a" from the grounding plate S if it has not been removed in [Section 6.1.9](#). (This screw also secures the MJ/PS shield unit.)
- (8) Lift the main PCB, film, grounding plate S, and shield frame up and off the inner frame.
- (9) Remove the flat core.
- (10) Remove the SDAA enclosure by unlatching it from the solder side of the main PCB.



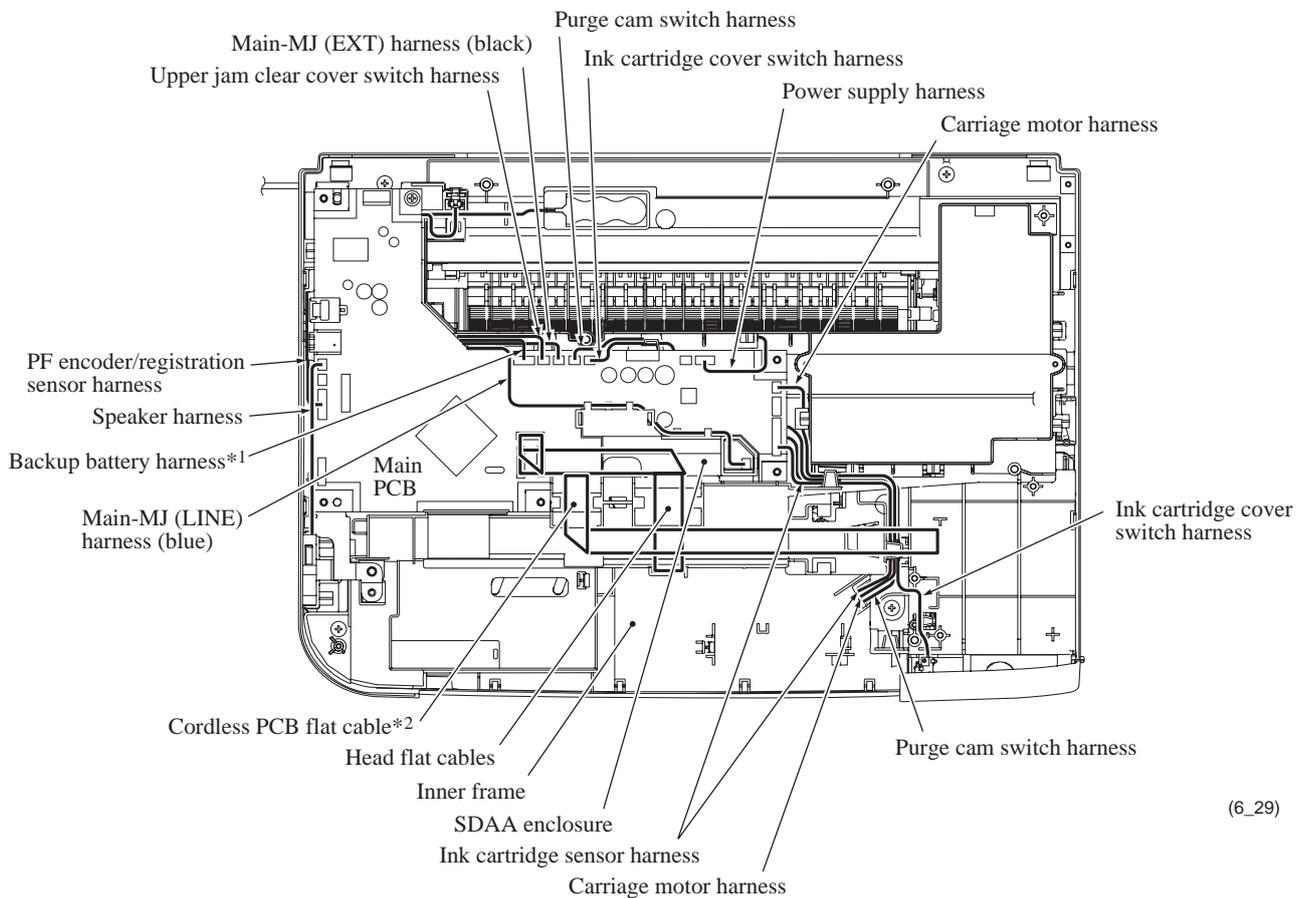
(6_28)

"a": Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8

"c": Taptite, cup B M3x10

■ Assembling Notes

- Before mounting the main PCB shield frame, pass the head flat cables through the flat core and put the flat core into place (see the previous page).
- Before mounting the main PCB,
 - put the grounding plate S on the main PCB shield frame and secure it with screw "a" shown on the previous page and
 - check that the thermal conductor rubbers (two for 200V series, one for other models) are set on the main PCB film. If they have come off, attach them to the main PCB film so that they become aligned with the positioning markings on the main PCB shield frame as shown on the previous page.
- When replacing the main PCB, check that the thermal conductor rubbers (two for 200V series, one for other models) are on the main PCB film, not on the bottom of the main PCB. Take care not to remove the old PCB with the conductor rubber being attached.
- After securing the main PCB with screw "c" (shown on the previous page), make sure that the harnesses and flat cables are routed as shown below.



(6_29)

- *1 For models with backup battery
- *2 For models with cordless handset

- If you replace the main PCB, also replace the ink absorber box and flushing box. Otherwise, drained ink may overflow after long-term use.
- If you replace the main PCB, you need to make the specified adjustments and updating of settings stored in the flash ROM, referring to [Chapter 7, Section 7.3](#). Before starting, make sure that the head/carriage unit is mounted.

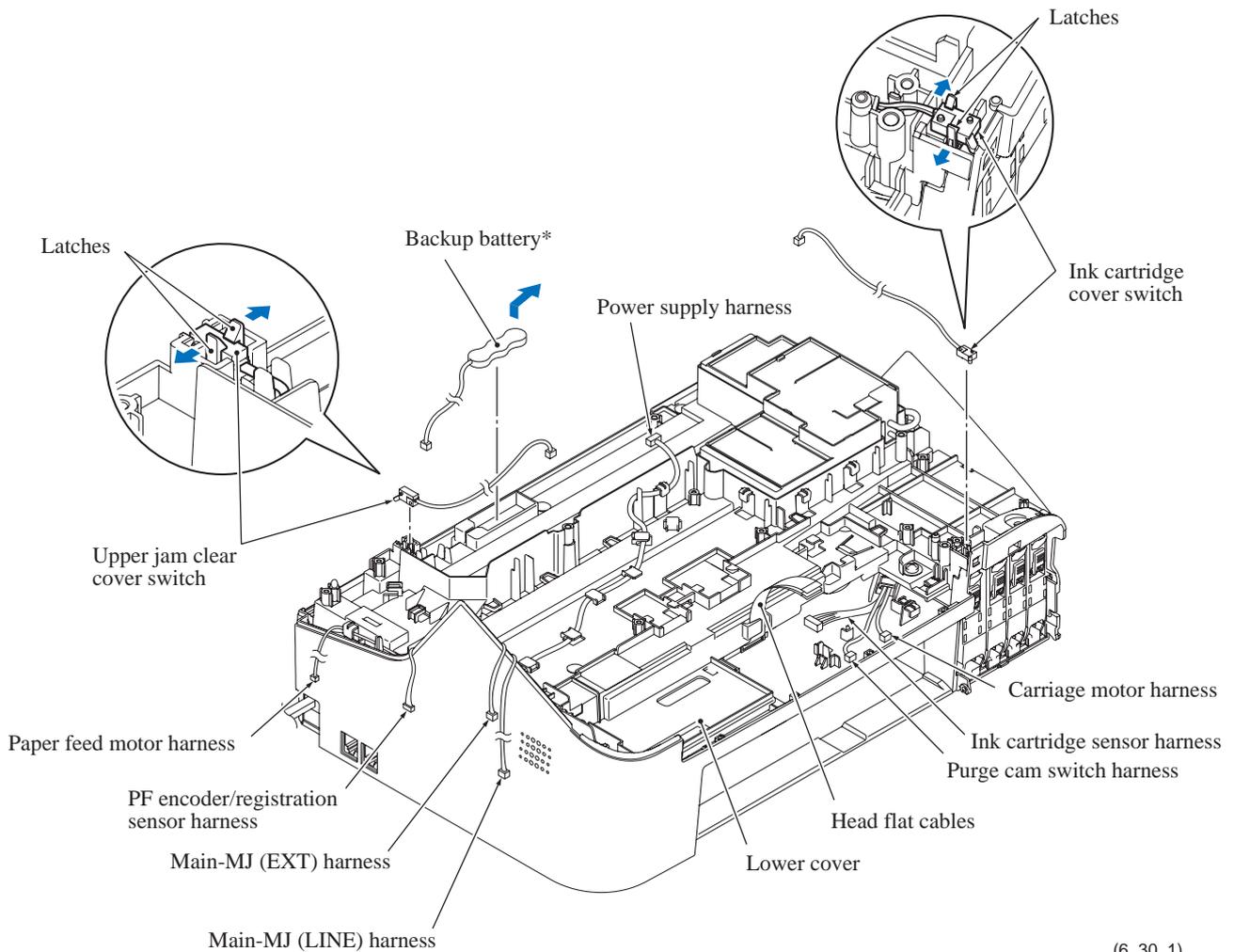
6.1.12 Upper Jam Clear Cover Switch, Ink Cartridge Cover Switch, and Backup Battery*

- (1) Remove the upper jam clear cover switch by pulling the latches on the inner frame outwards.
- (2) Remove the ink cartridge cover switch by pulling the latches on the inner frame outwards.
- (3) Take the backup battery* off the inner frame.

CAUTION

- There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Do not disassemble or recharge the battery.
- Do not dispose of the battery in fire.
- Used batteries should be disposed of according to the local regulations.

* For models with backup battery

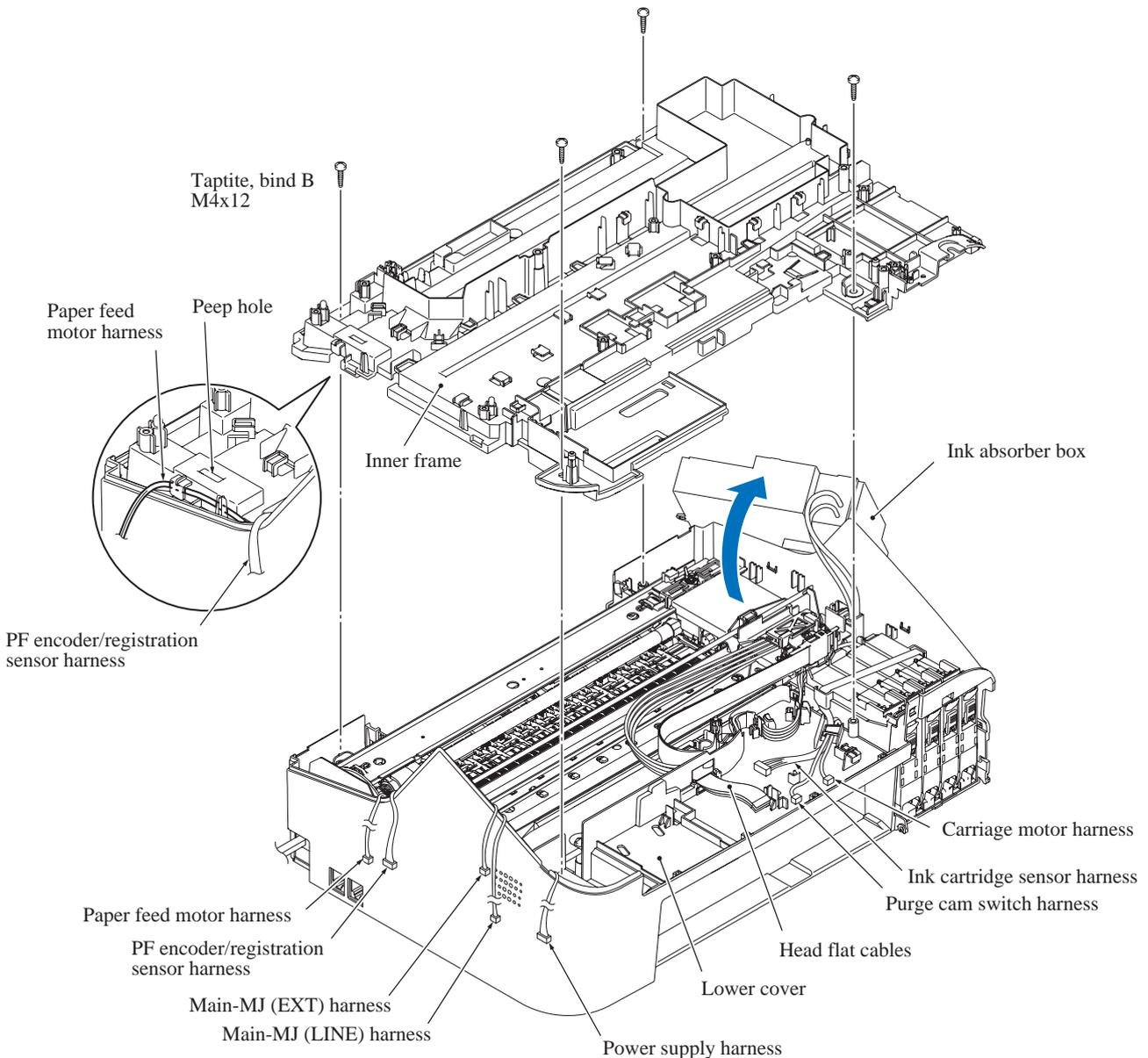


6.1.13 Inner Frame

- (1) Remove the four screws from the inner frame.
- (2) Take the ink absorber box out of the inner frame in the direction of the arrow and put it as shown below.

NOTE: Do not pull out the two tubes (main drain tube and opening tube to the atmospheric air) from the ink absorber box. Once they are pulled out from the ink absorber box, they will become unusable and new parts will have to be put back in. Using the removed tubes again may result in an ink leakage.

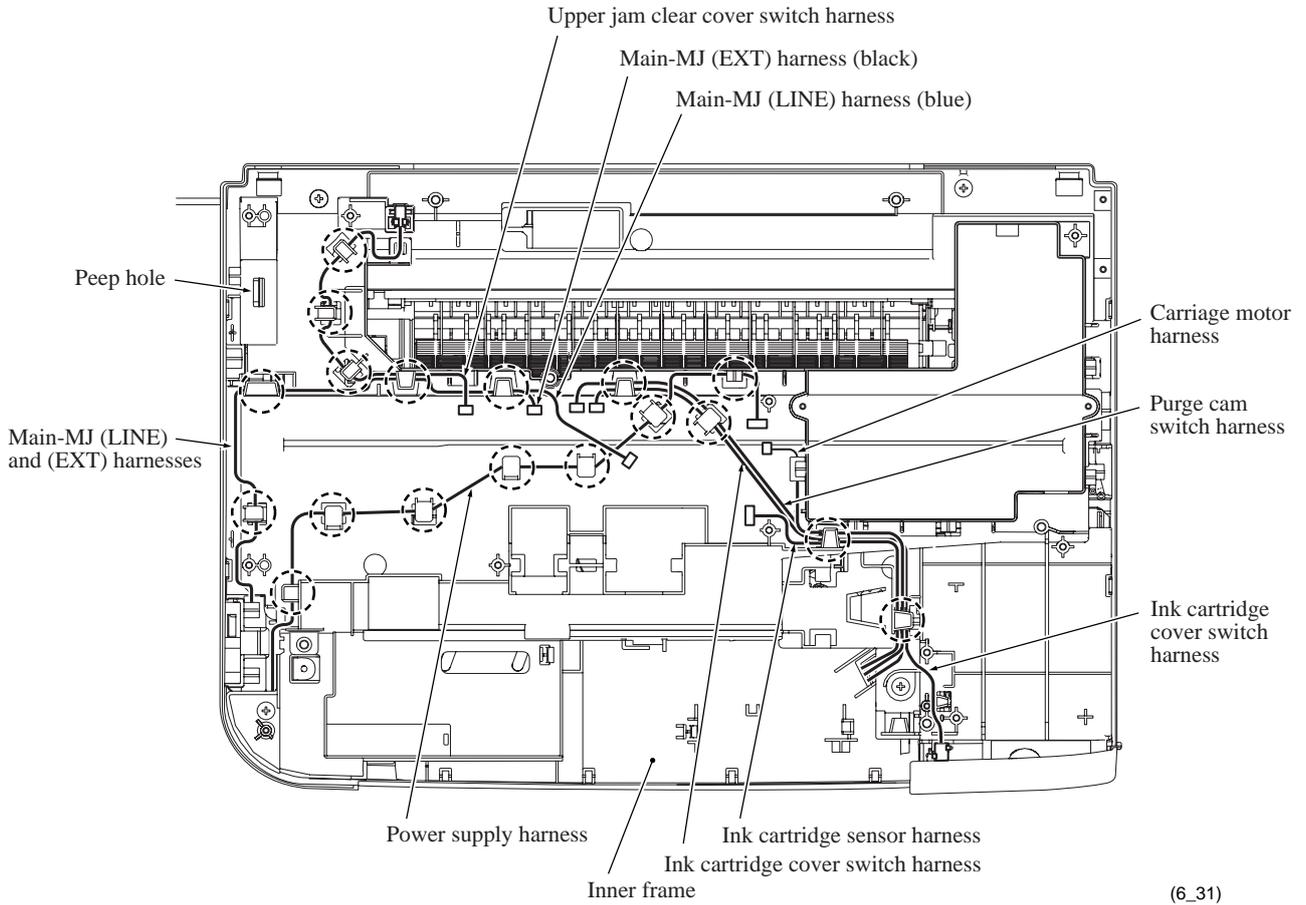
- (3) Lift the inner frame up and out of the lower cover.



(6_30_2)

■ **Assembling Notes**

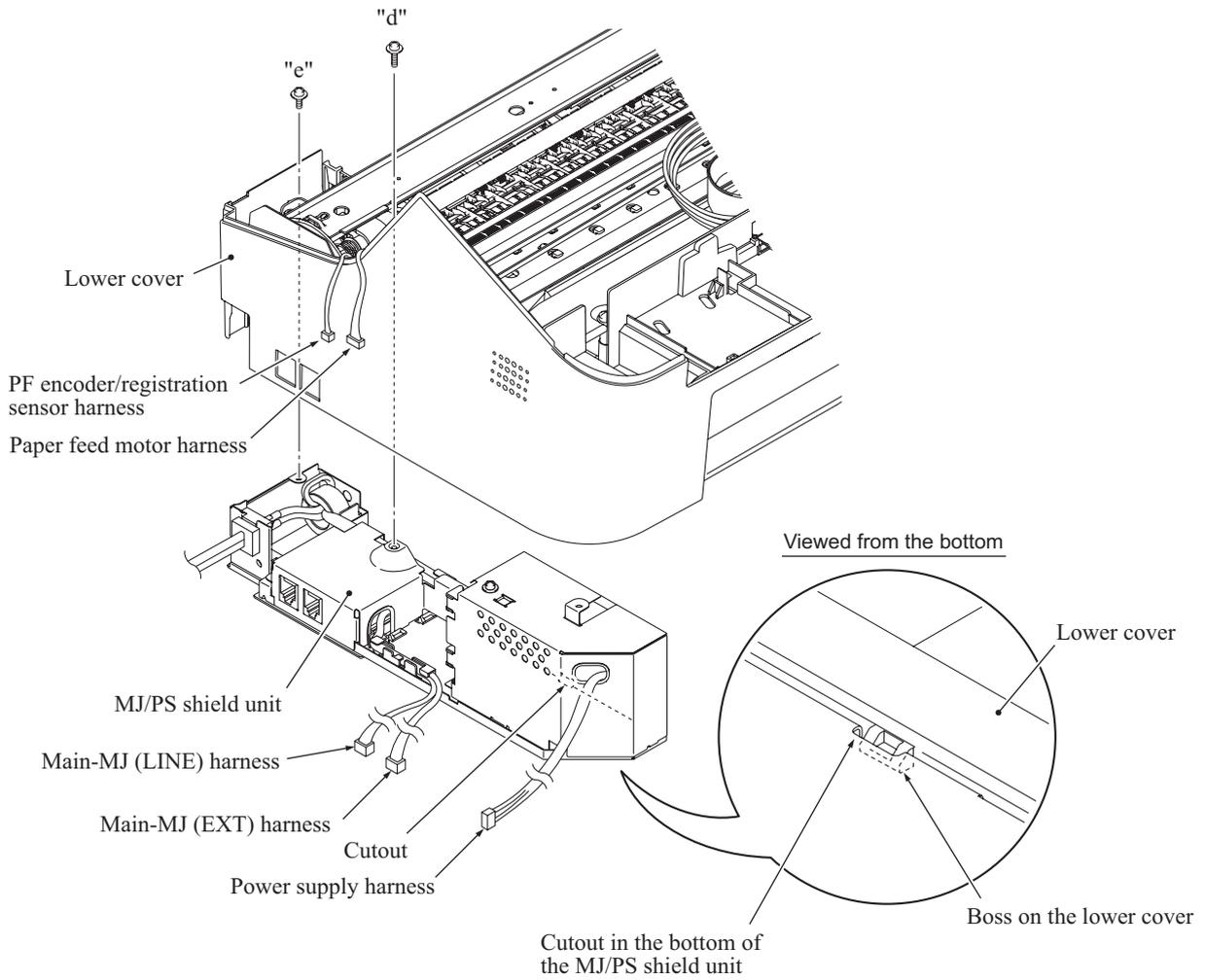
- When mounting the inner frame, take care not to deform the PF encoder disk and route the harnesses as shown below.
- After mounting the inner frame, check that the PF encoder disk is not bent or deformed through the peep hole shown on the previous page.



(6_31)

6.1.14 MJ/PS Shield Unit, MJ PCB and Power Supply PCB

- (1) Remove the two screws ("d" and "e").
- (2) Release the bottom of the MJ/PS shield unit from the boss provided on the lower cover and remove the MJ/PS shield unit from the underside of the lower cover.

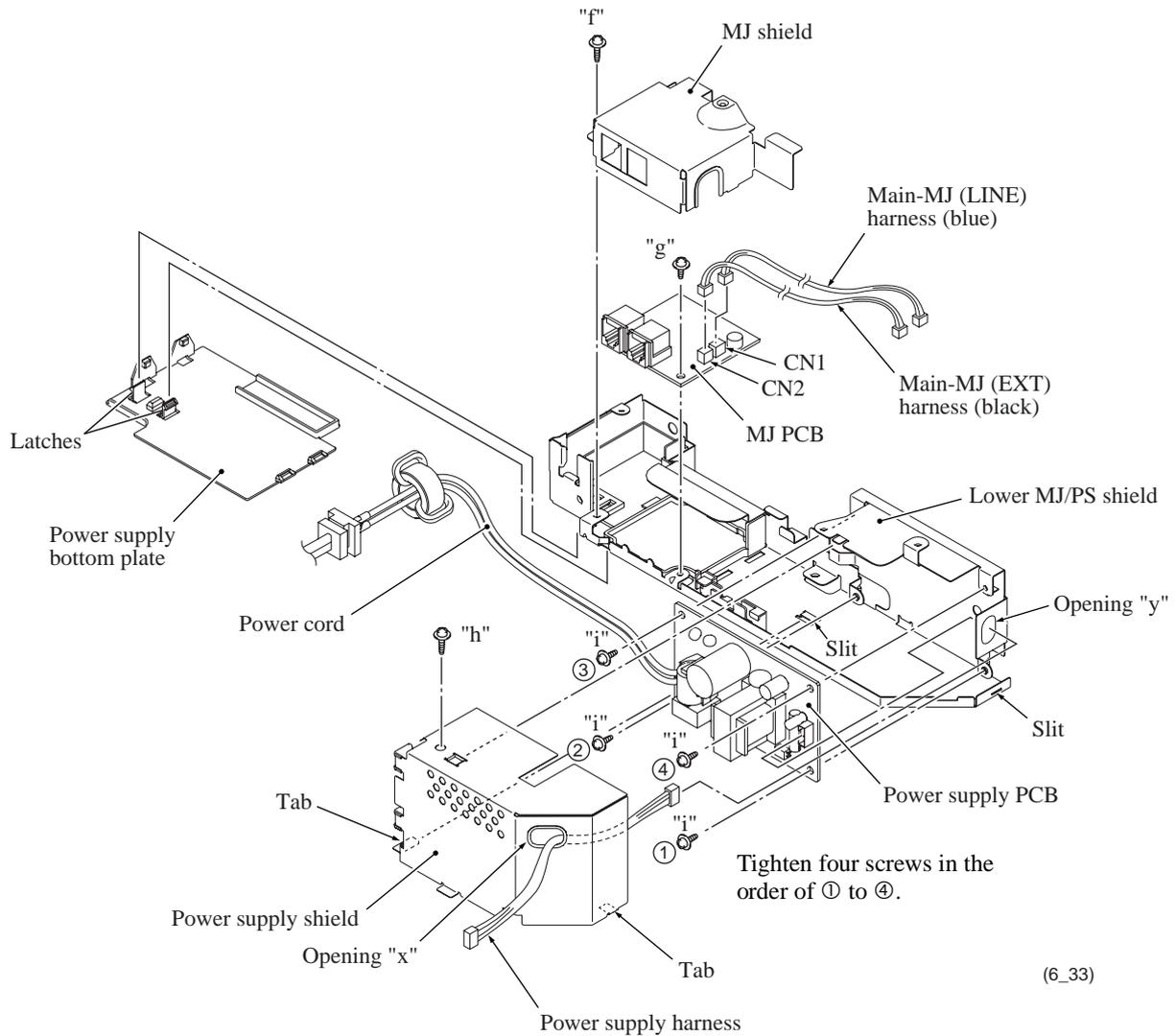


(6_32)

"d": Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8

"e": Taptite, cup S M3x6

- (3) Remove screw "f" from the MJ shield and take it off the lower MJ/PS shield.
- (4) Remove screw "g" from the MJ PCB and take it off.
- (5) Remove screw "h" from the power supply shield and take it off.
- (6) Remove four screws "i" from the power supply PCB and take it off.
- (7) Unlatch the power supply bottom plate.



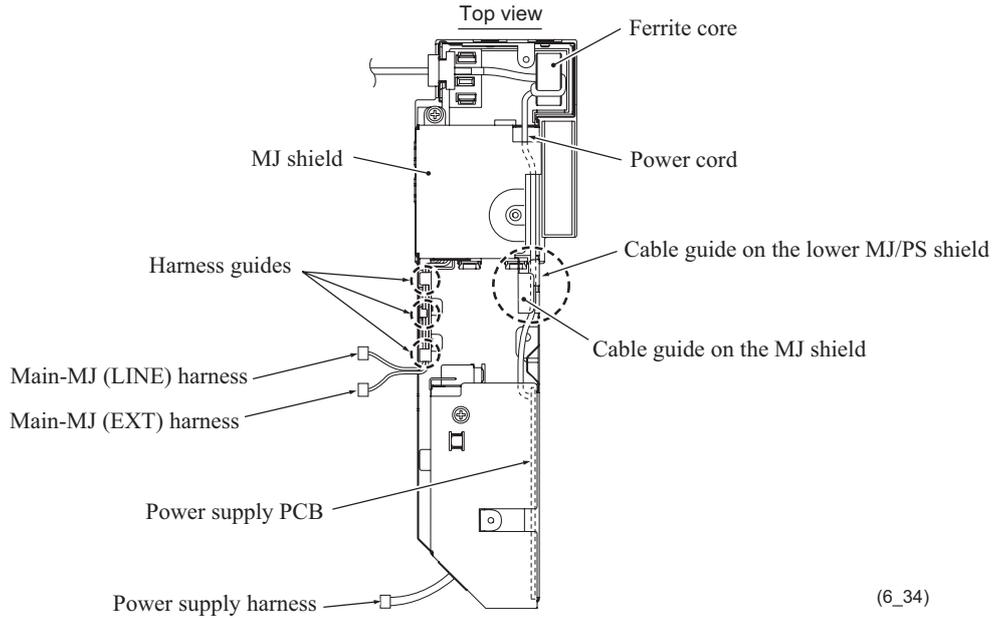
"f" and "h": Screw, pan (s/p washer) M3x8
 "g" and "i": Taptite, cup S M3x6

■ **Assembling Notes**

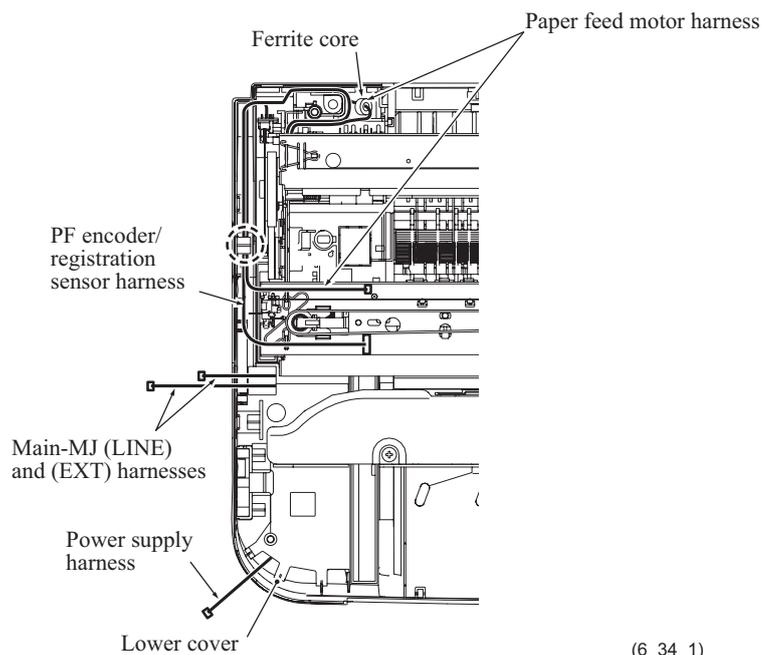
- When securing the power supply PCB, tighten four "i" screws in the order of ①, ②, ③ and ④ as shown on the previous page.
- When mounting the power supply shield on the lower MJ/PS shield, route the power supply harness through the openings "x" and "y" provided in the power supply shield and lower MJ/PS shield, respectively, as shown on the previous page. And fit the tabs on the power supply shield into their corresponding slits provided in the lower MJ/PS shield.

Route the power cord as shown below.

- Route the main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses through the harness guide as shown below.



- When mounting the MJ/PS shield unit on the bottom of the lower cover, route the power supply harness and main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses through the lower cover as shown below.



6.1.15 Head/Carriage Unit and Ink Refill ASSY

During disassembly jobs, except when removing the ink refill ASSY or engine unit (including the maintenance unit), leave the head/carriage unit in the machine.

Before removing the head/carriage unit, ink refill ASSY or engine unit, you need to remove all four ink cartridges and set the protective part instead (see [page 6-3](#)). Be sure to insert the protective part into place to prevent ink remaining in the ink supply tubes from leaking and the machine from getting stained with leaked ink.

NOTE: Make sure that the power cord is unplugged from the electrical outlet.

NOTE: When replacing the head/carriage unit, put on a grounding wrist band and perform the job on a static mat. Also take care not to touch the conductor sections on the flat cables.

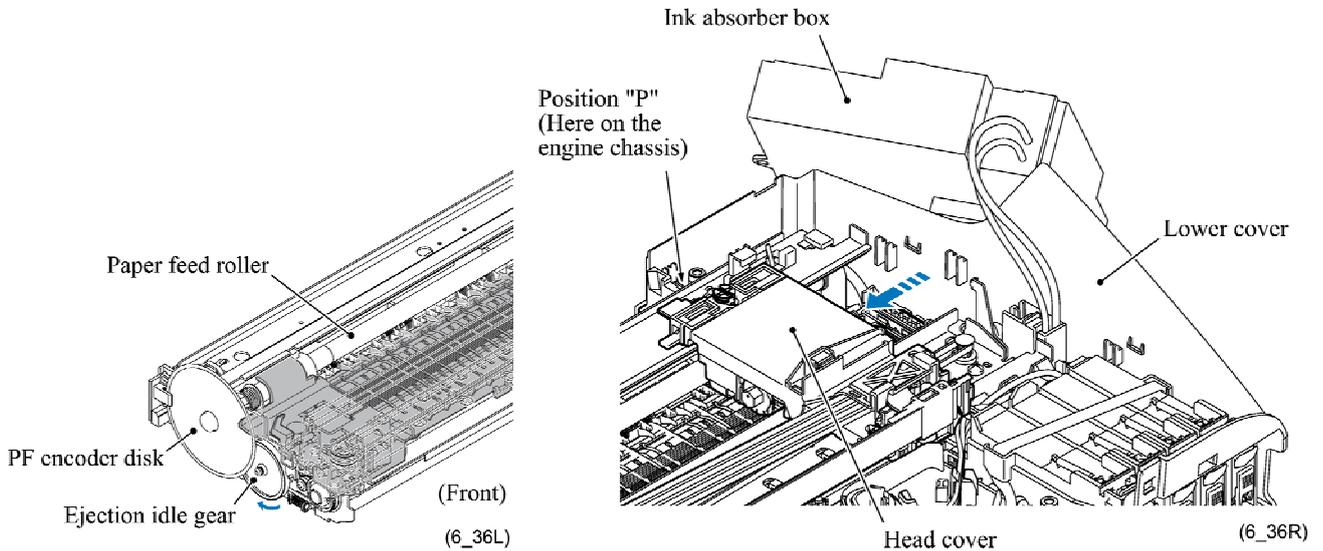
NOTE: During the removal or installation job for the head/carriage unit, take care not to contaminate the CR encoder strip or PF encoder disk with ink or grease.

NOTE: If you replace the head/carriage unit, also replace the ink cartridges. This is because sufficient ink volume is necessary for refilling the ink supply tubes after replacement of the head/carriage unit.

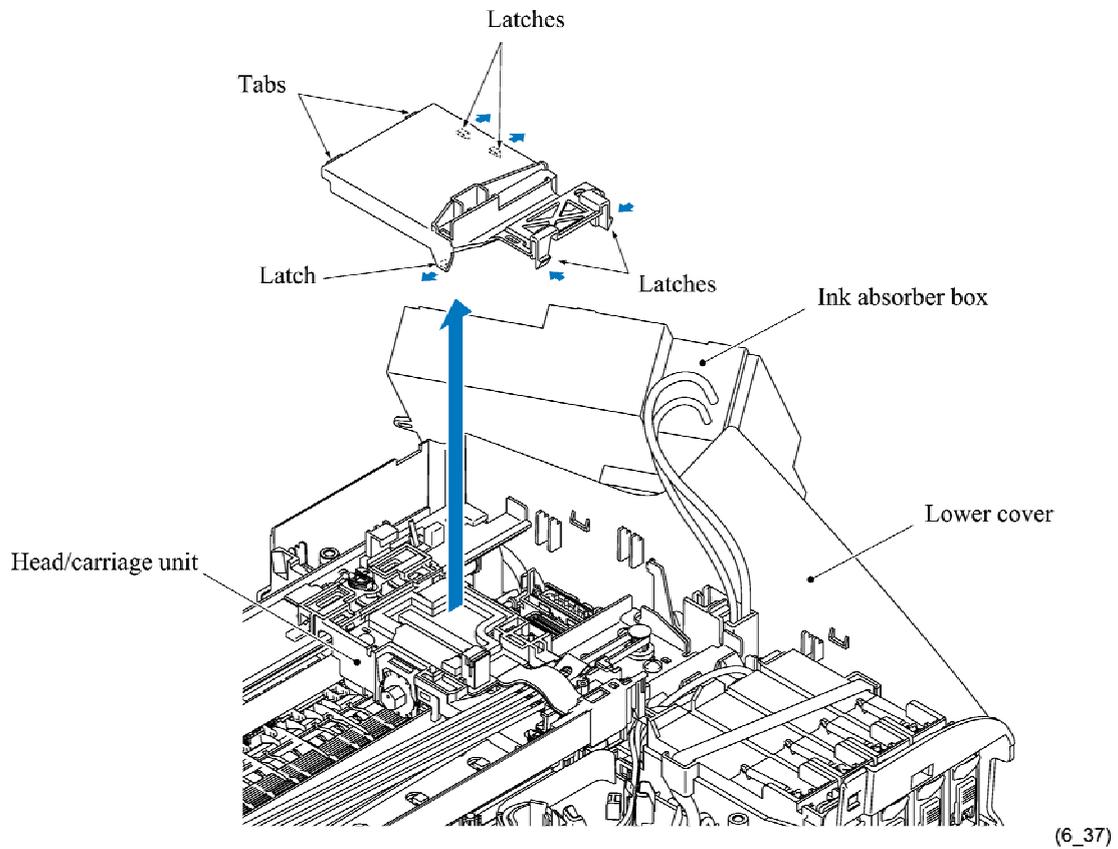
Head cover

(8) Move the head/carriage unit to position "P" (shown below) by hand.

NOTE: If the head/carriage unit does not move, rotate the ejection idle gear clockwise (viewed from the left) by hand to unlock the head/carriage unit and move it to position "P."



(9) Unlatch the head cover from the head/carriage unit and pull it up.



Carriage PCB ASSY (carriage PCB with head flat cables)

(10) Unlock the connector on the carriage PCB and disconnect the carriage-head flat cable.

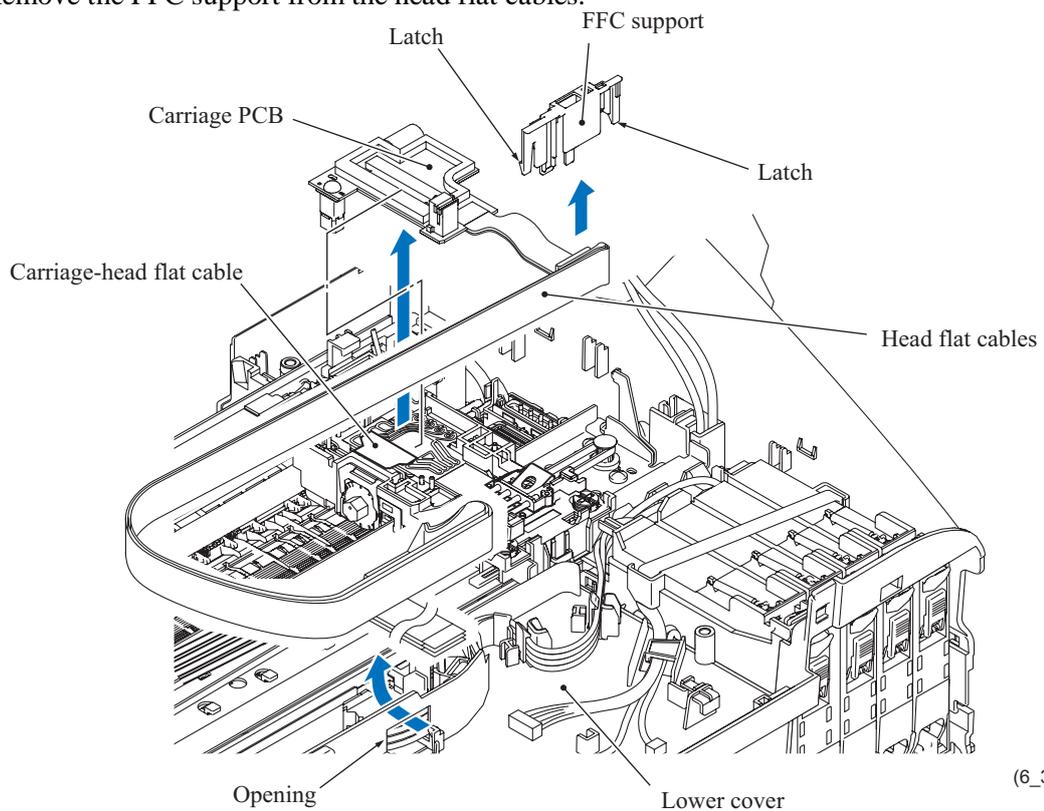
NOTE: After disconnecting the flat cable(s), check that each cable is not damaged at its end or short-circuited. When connecting the flat cable(s), do not insert it at an angle. After insertion, check that the cable is not at an angle.

(11) Release the head flat cables out of the cable guides and pull them out to the rear through the opening provided in the lower cover as shown below.

(12) Unlatch the FFC support, which holds the three head flat cables, from the head/carriage unit.

(13) Lift up the carriage PCB ASSY.

(14) Remove the FFC support from the head flat cables.



(6_38)

Head joint and ink refill ASSY

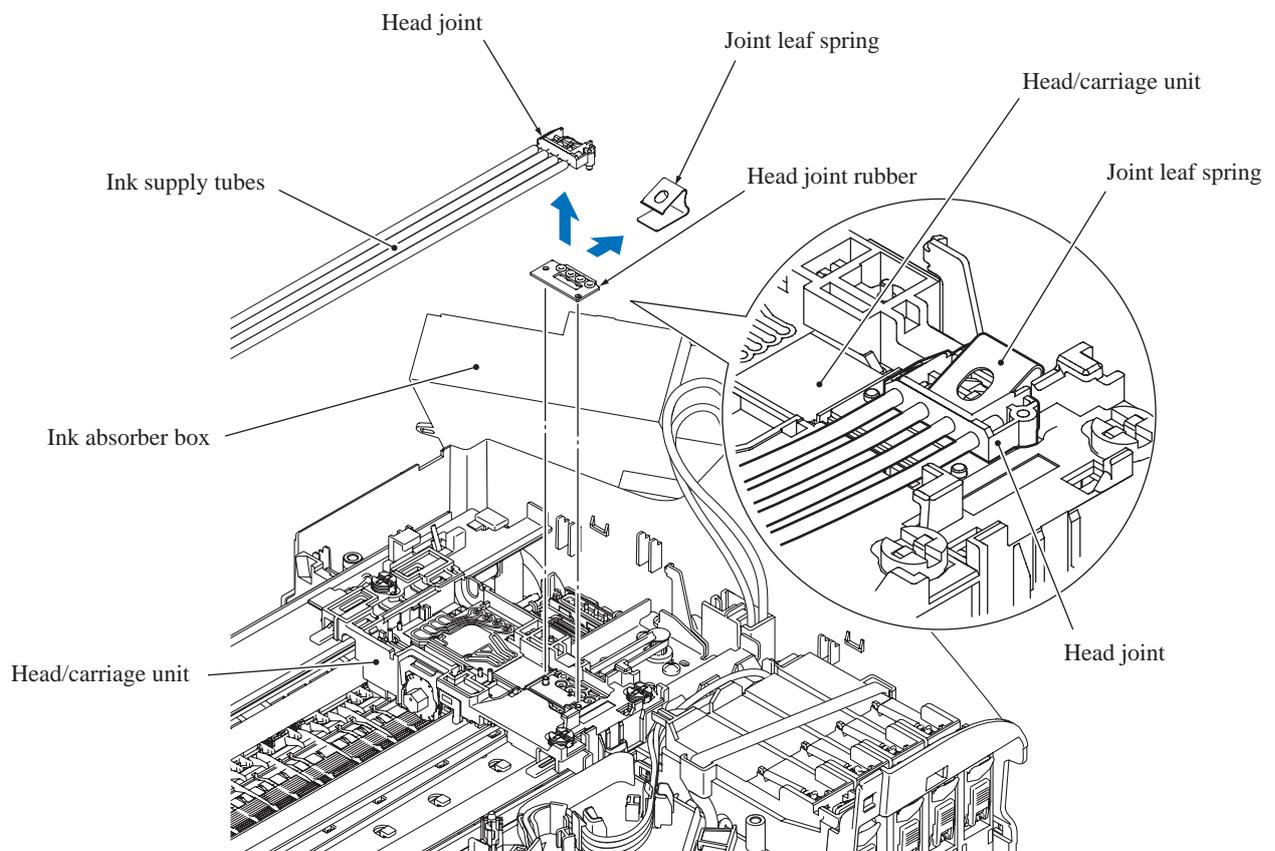
(15) Pull out the joint leaf spring to the right to release the head joint.

(16) Pull the head joint up and off the head/carriage unit.

Remove the head joint rubber (that is a part of the head/carriage unit but may come off with the head joint) and put it on a clean vinyl sheet while taking care not to contaminate it.

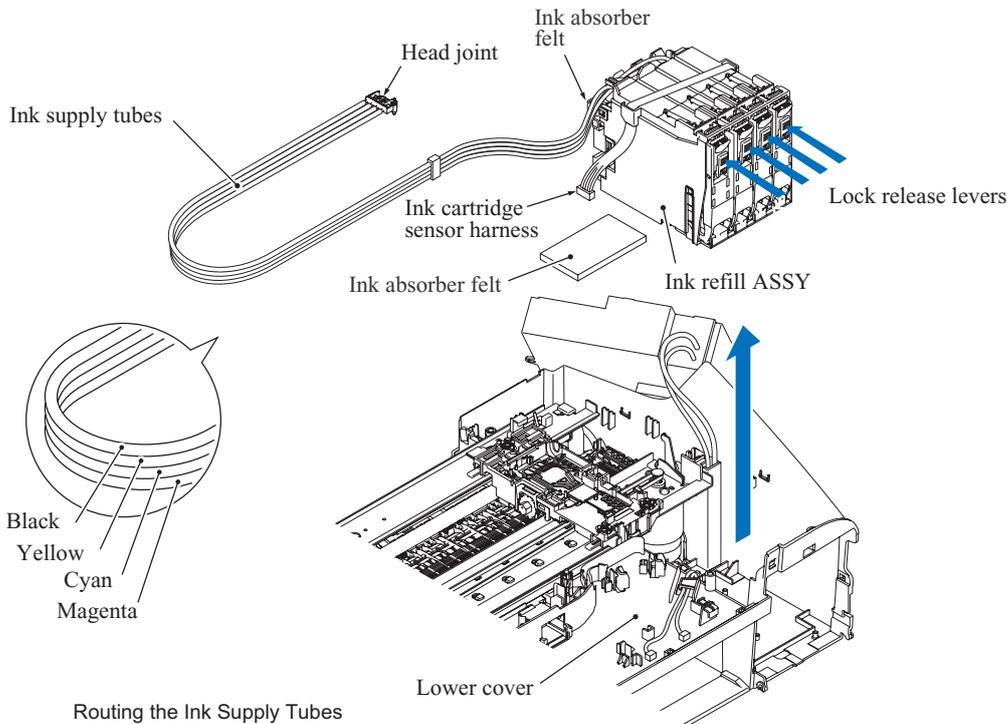
NOTE: Wipe off the ink remaining on the section where the head joint was mounted with a clean, lint-free cloth.

NOTE: Wrap the head joint in a clean, lint-free cloth and keep it higher than the ink supply tubes to prevent ink remaining in the ink supply tubes from leaking and the machine from getting stained with leaked ink.

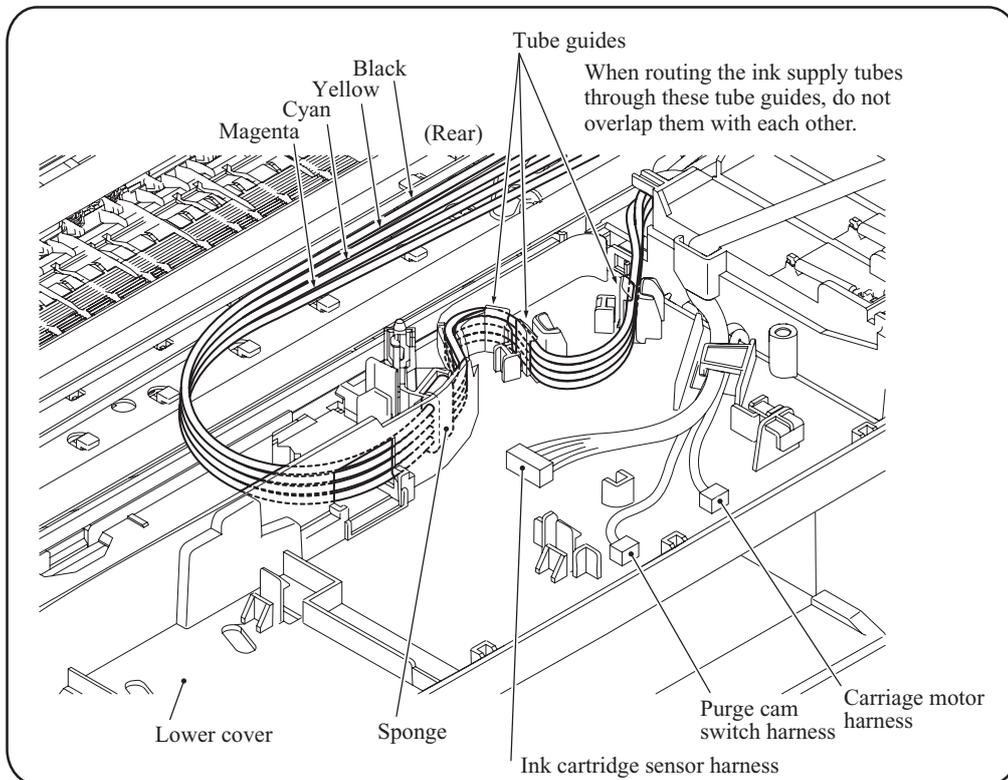


(6_39)

- (17) Take out the ink supply tubes routed on the lower cover.
- (18) While pressing the four lock release levers with your fingers, lift the ink refill ASSY up and out of the lower cover.
NOTE: On the back of and below the ink refill ASSY are ink absorber felts that may be stained with ink. If they are excessively stained, replace them.
- (19) Take the ink absorber felt out of the lower cover.



Routing the Ink Supply Tubes

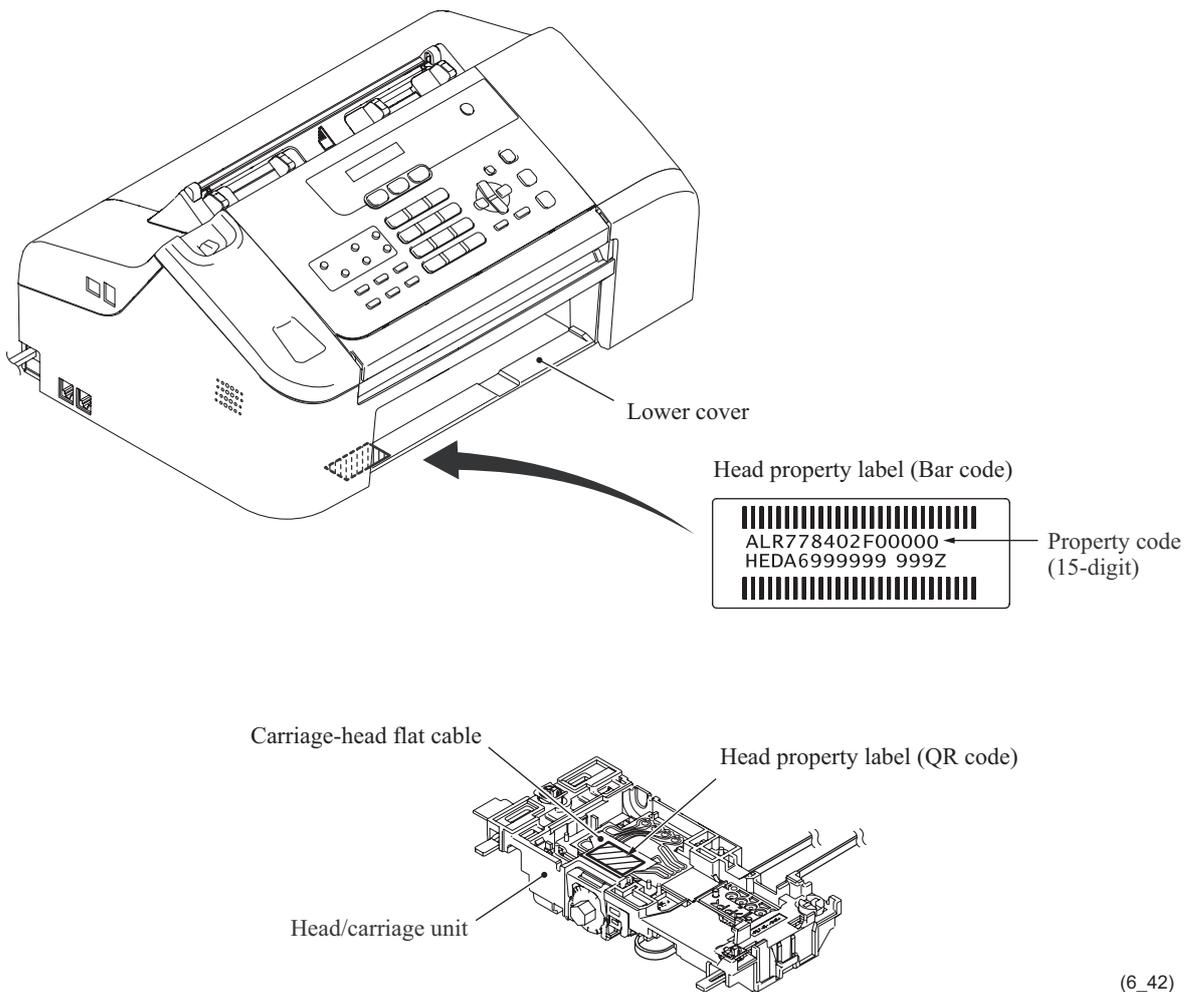


(6_40)

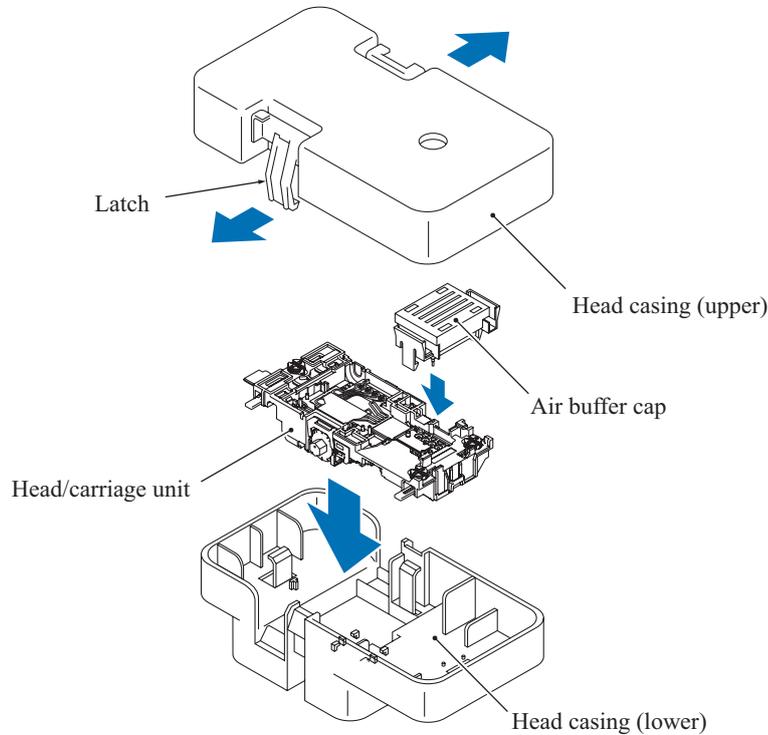
(23) A head/carriage unit is assigned a property code that represents the properties unique to that head/carriage unit. The property code is printed on head property labels--bar code label and QR code label, each of which is attached to the lower cover and carriage-head flat cable, respectively.

When you remove the head/carriage unit and store it separately from the machine, remove the property label (bar code label) from the lower cover and store it together with the head/carriage unit.

If you replace the head/carriage unit, attach the property label (bar code label) that comes with the new head/carriage unit to the lower cover as shown below.



NOTE: When storing the head/carriage unit for a long period, be sure to put an air buffer cap on the head/carriage unit and store the unit in the head casing, as shown below. Leaving the head/carriage unit out of the casing will cause the head nozzles and ink supply ports to dry up, resulting in a damaged head.



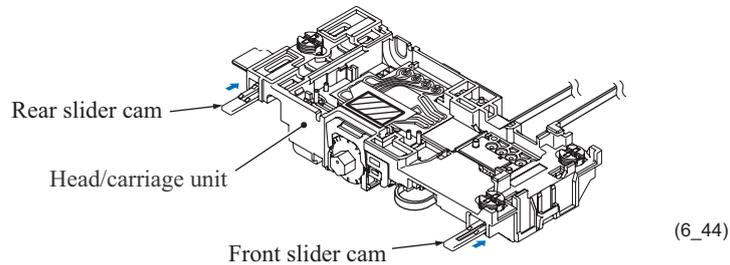
(6_43)

■ **Assembling Notes**

- When handling the head/carriage unit, put on a grounding wrist band and perform the job on a static mat. Also take care not to touch the conductor sections on the flat cables.
- When accessing the head/carriage unit placed on the engine unit, put the head/carriage unit in position "P" (on the right edge of the engine chassis) as shown on [page 6-40](#).
- When replacing the head/carriage unit, replace not only that unit but also the CR timing belt. Refer to [page 6-44](#).
- When mounting a new head/carriage unit, apply the specified lubricant to the specified point, referring to [Section 6.2](#).

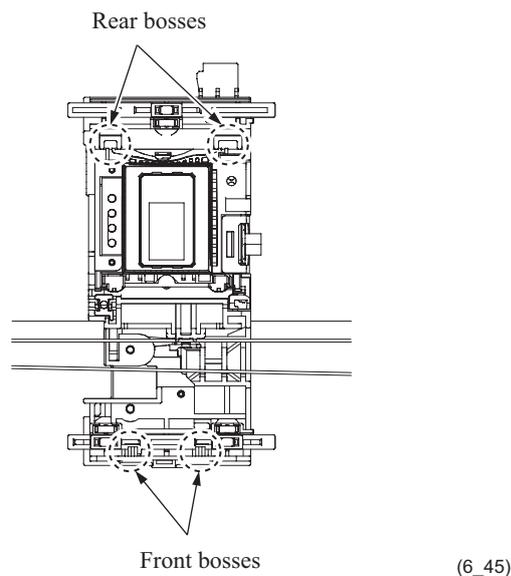
Also, after mounting a new head/carriage unit, apply the specified lubricant to the specified points on the sliding surfaces of the CR guide rail and CR support chassis, referring to [Section 6.2](#).

- Before mounting the head/carriage unit on the engine unit, be sure to move the front and rear slider cams to the rightmost position to prevent them from scratching or damaging the PF encoder disk.



- When mounting the head/carriage unit on the left end of the engine unit, first fit the front end over the CR support chassis (shown on page 6-44) and then set the rear end onto the CR guide rail. Make sure that the two front bosses (see below) provided on the bottom of the head/carriage unit catch the front edge of the CR support chassis and the two rear bosses are fitted in the two cutouts (on page 6-44) in the CR guide rail.

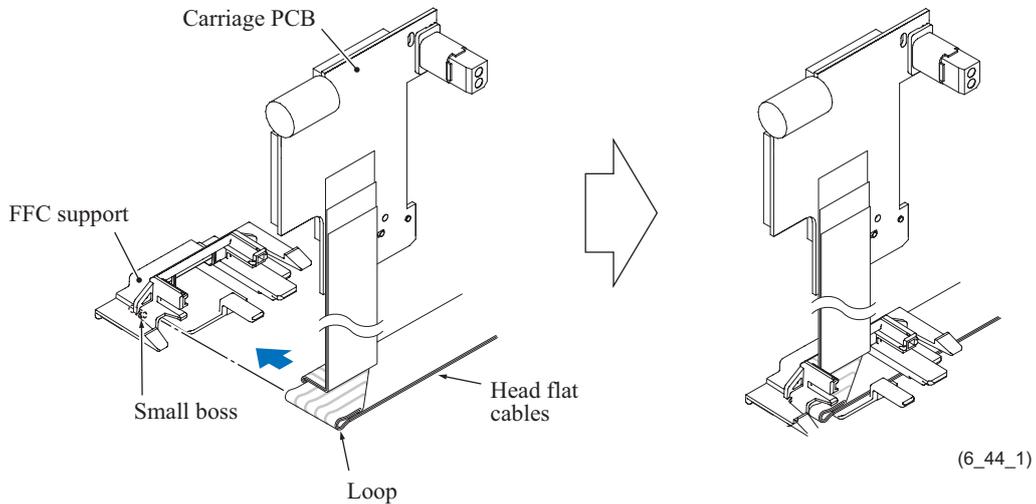
Viewed from the bottom



- After mounting the head/carriage unit, slide it by hand to check that it smoothly moves to the right and left ends of its travel.
- After mounting the ink refill ASSY, route the ink supply tubes on the lower cover, aligning magenta, cyan, yellow, and black ones in this order from the bottom, as shown on page 6-43.
- Before setting the head joint, make sure that the head joint rubber is set on the head/carriage unit as shown on page 6-42. Then secure the head joint to the head/carriage unit with the joint leaf spring.
- When mounting the carriage PCB ASSY, route the head flat cables, observing instructions given on the next page.

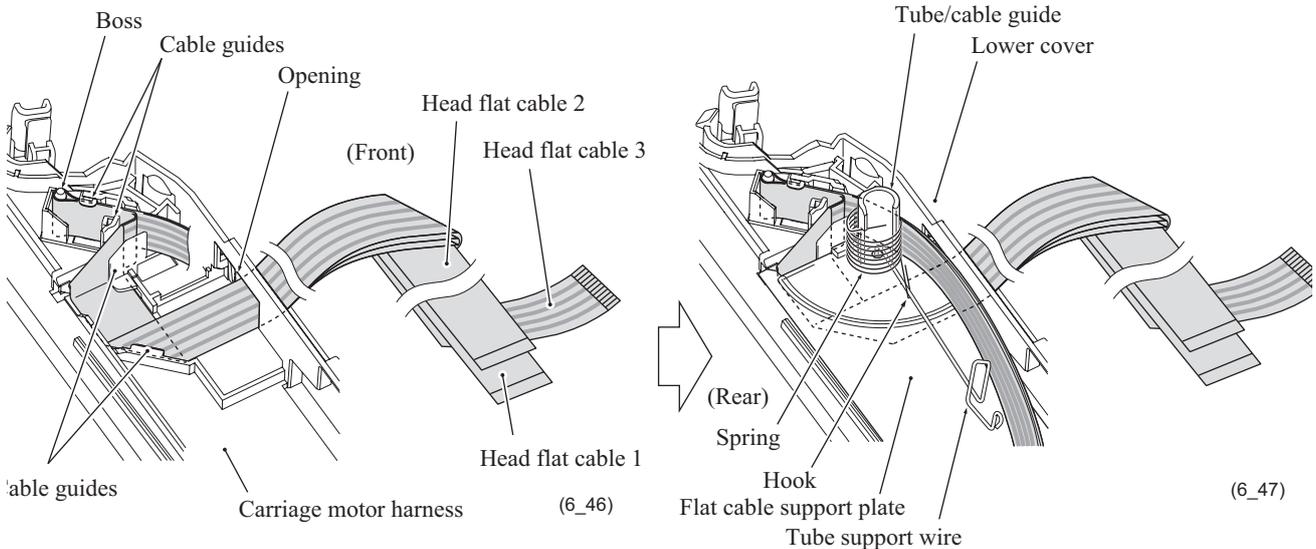
Routing the Head Flat Cables When Mounting the Carriage PCB ASSY

- 1) Set the FFC support on the head flat cables.
 - Fit the loop of the head flat cables over the small boss inside the FFC support as shown below.

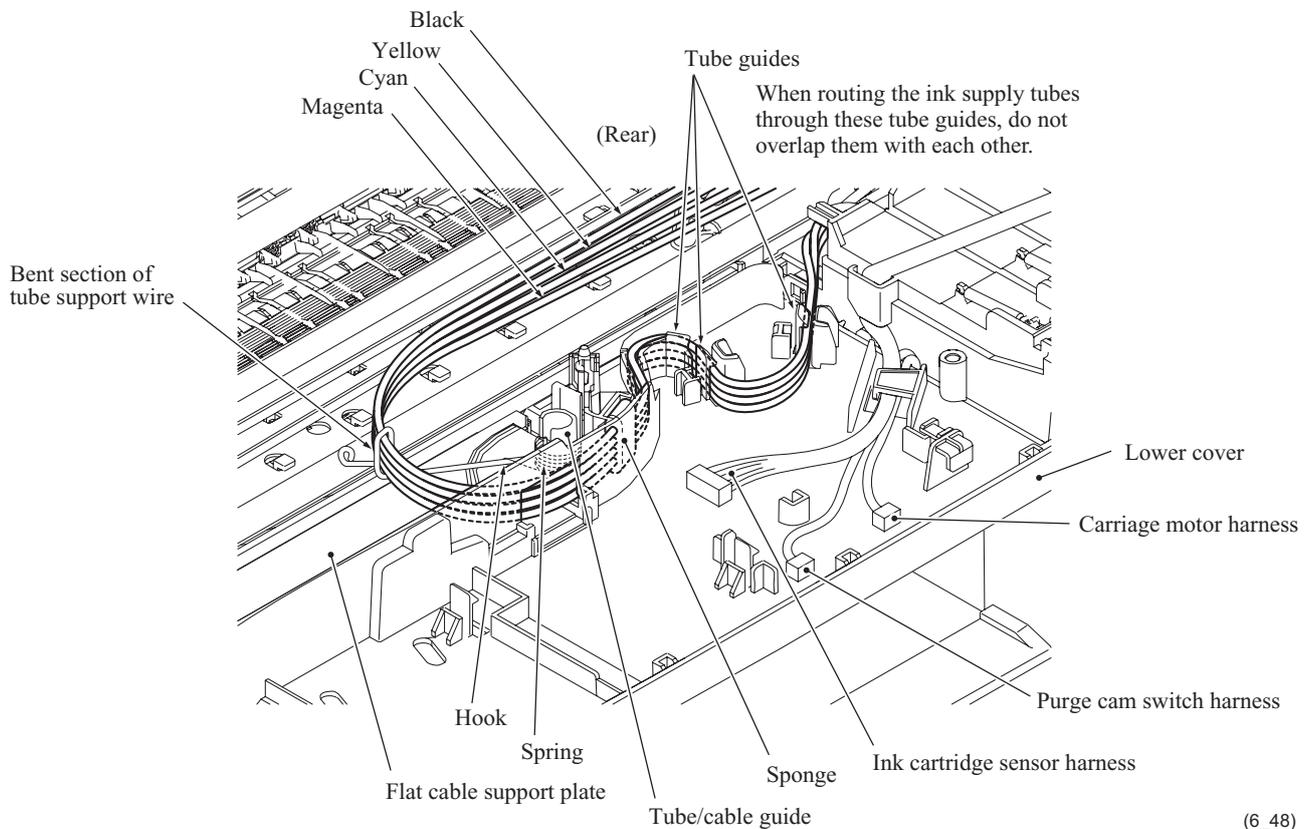


- 2) Mount the carriage PCB on the head/carriage unit (see [page 6-41](#)).
- 3) Latch the FFC support onto the head/carriage unit (see [page 6-41](#)).

- 4) Pass the head flat cables through the opening provided in the lower cover.
- 5) Set the tube support wire and spring onto the flat cable support plate. Fit the bent end of the spring on the tube/cable guide as shown below, turn the spring clockwise once and hook it on the tube support wire so that the spring pulls the wire to the front. Then, mount the flat cable support plate so that the head flat cables (and ink supply tubes) pass between the tube/cable guide on the support plate and the lower cover.



- After mounting the flat cable support plate, pass the ink supply tubes between the tube/cable guide and the lower cover and then through the bent section of the tube support wire as shown below.



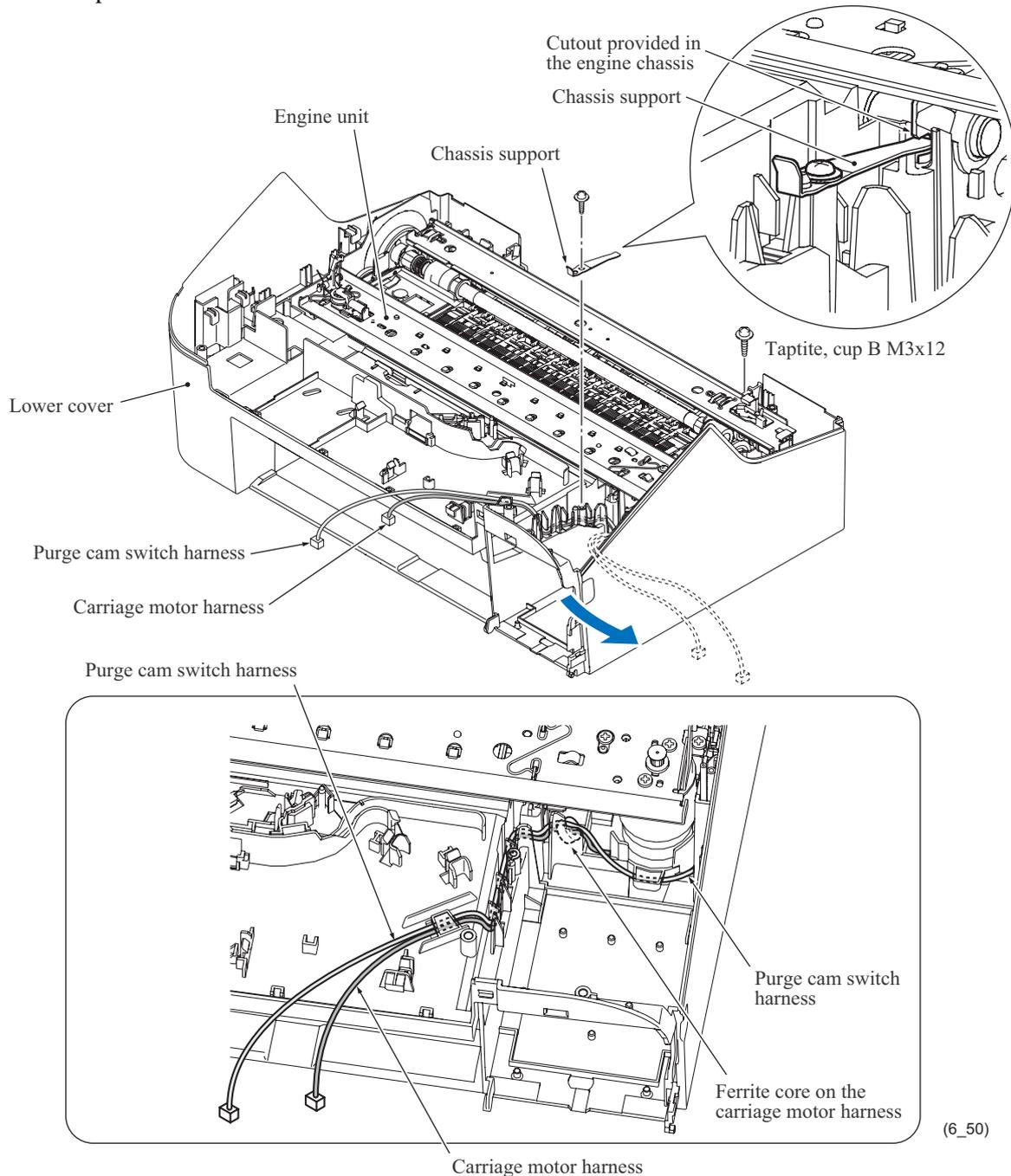
- After mounting the head cover, set the CR encoder strip so that the ▲-marked end is to the right (carriage motor side) and the ▲ mark points upwards as shown on [page 6-39](#).
Hook the left end of the strip on the CR encoder strip support first, pass it through the CR encoder sensor located on the head/carriage unit, then hook the right end while pushing the CR encoder strip support inwards.
- After replacement of the head/carriage unit, check that the CR encoder strip and PF encoder disk are free of grease and ink. If they are stained with grease or ink, replace them.
- If you replace the head/carriage unit, make adjustments specified in [Chapter 7, Section 7.2](#).

6.1.16 Engine Unit and Flushing Box

During disassembly jobs, except when removing the ink refill ASSY or engine unit (including the maintenance unit), leave the head/carriage unit in the machine.

Before removing the head/carriage unit, ink refill ASSY or engine unit, you need to replace all four ink cartridges with the protective part (see [page 6-3](#)).

- (1) If the MJ/PS shield box has not been removed, you need to remove screw "d" shown on [page 6-35](#).
- (2) Remove the chassis support by removing the screw.
- (3) Remove the screw from the rear of the engine unit.
- (4) Take the carriage motor harness and purge cam switch harness out of the harness guides provided on the lower cover.



(6_50)

- (5) Take the paper feed motor harness and PF encoder/registration sensor harness out of the harness guides provided on the lower cover.
- (6) Lift the engine unit up and out of the lower cover in the direction of the arrow shown below, holding the inner chute located beneath the CR guide rail.

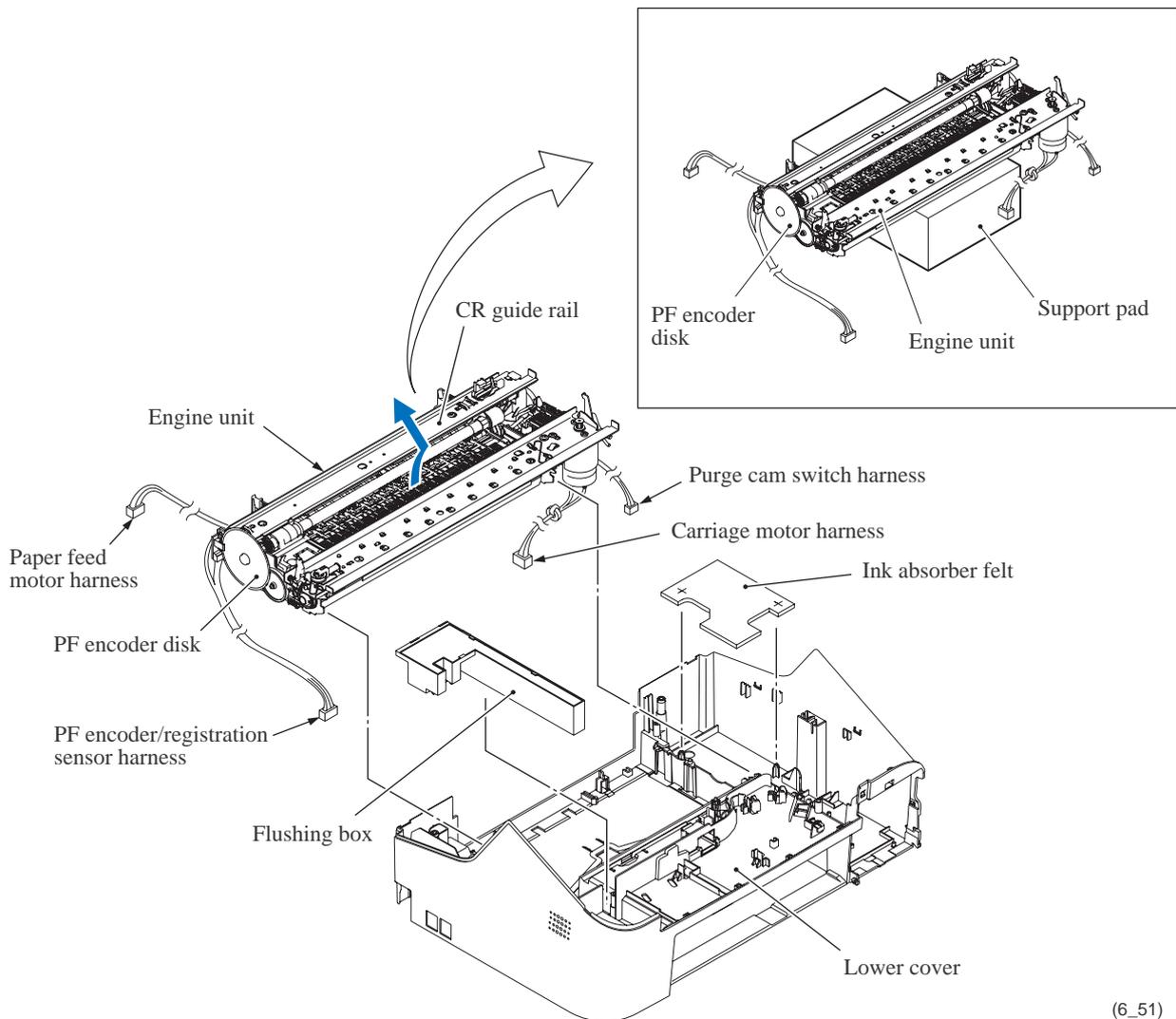
NOTE: Do not hold the CR guide rail.

NOTE: Take care not to touch the PF encoder disk.

NOTE: If the ink absorber box does not need to be replaced, be sure to take it out of the lower cover together with the engine unit. Do not disconnect the two tubes (main drain tube and opening tube to the atmospheric air) from the ink absorber box. Once disconnected, those tubes will become unusable and new parts will have to be put back in.

NOTE: Do not place the engine unit directly on a flat surface; doing so may break the PF encoder disk and gears. Be sure to place a support pad under the engine unit as shown below.

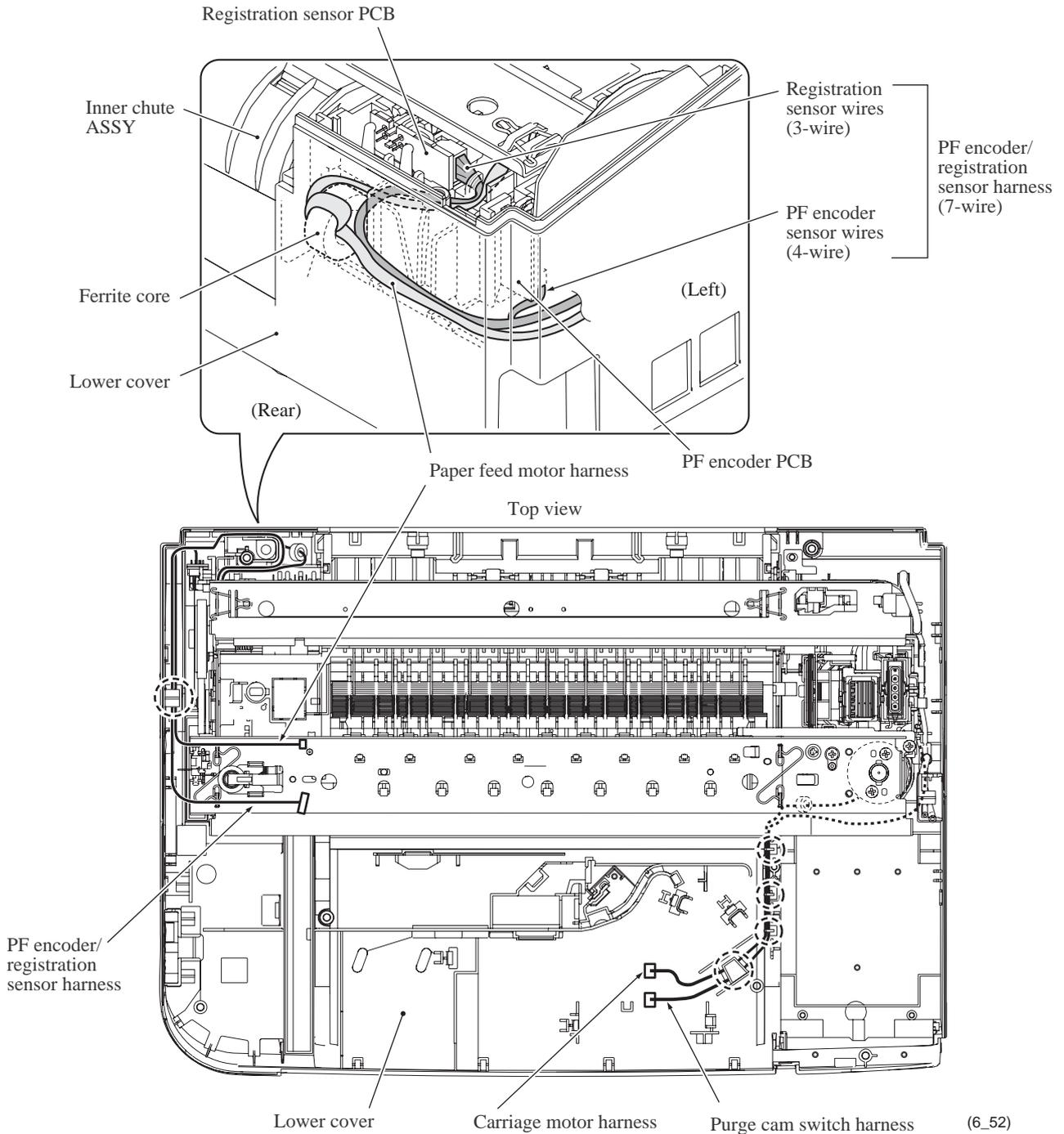
- (7) Take the flushing box out of the lower cover.



(6_51)

■ **Assembling Notes**

- Before mounting the engine unit on the lower cover, make sure that the PF encoder/registration sensor harness and the paper feed motor harness are routed through the cable guides on the inner chute as shown on [page 6-57](#).
- When mounting the engine unit on the lower cover, be careful not to crush the harnesses between the unit and the cover. Mount the engine unit parallel to the lower cover so that the screws are tightened securely.
- Route the harnesses as shown below.



(6_52)

- Insert the chassis support into the cutout provided in the right end of the engine chassis (see [page 6-50](#)), not between the chassis and the lower cover.
- If you replace the engine unit, make adjustments specified in [Chapter 7, Section 7.2](#).
- If you replace the flushing box (without replacing the main PCB), you also need to replace the ink absorber box (see [Section 6.1.17](#)) and reset both the flushing and purge counters as specified in [Chapter 7, Section 7.4](#).

6.1.17 Ink Absorber Box

NOTE: Do not remove the ink absorber box unless it needs to be replaced.

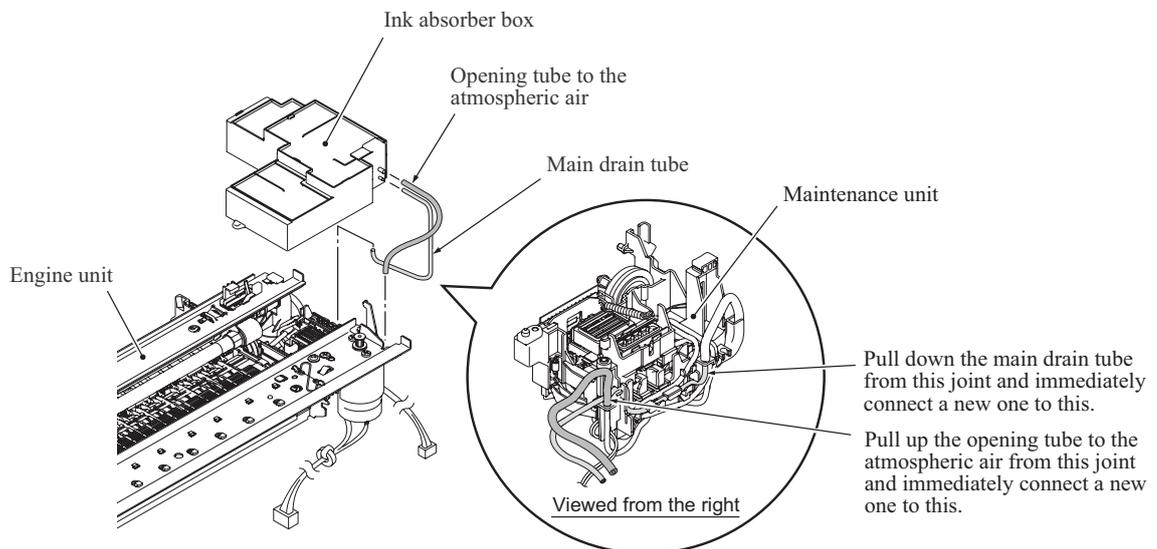
NOTE: Once the two tubes (main drain tube and opening tube to the atmospheric air) are removed from the ink absorber box for the replacement of the ink absorber box, they will become unusable and new parts will have to be put back in. Using the removed tubes again may result in an ink leakage.

- (1) Pull out the two tubes (main drain tube and opening tube to the atmospheric air) from the ink absorber box.

NOTE: Pinch the end of the main drain tube with a clip and wrap the end of the opening tube to the atmospheric air in tissue paper in order to prevent drained ink from leaking and the machine from getting stained with leaked ink.

- (2) Immediately set a new ink absorber box. Then replace these two tubes; that is, pull them off their joints on the maintenance unit and connect new tubes to the joints and new ink absorber box as shown below.

NOTE: If the ink absorber box or its surroundings are stained with ink, wipe them off with a cloth.



(6_49)

■ Assembling Notes

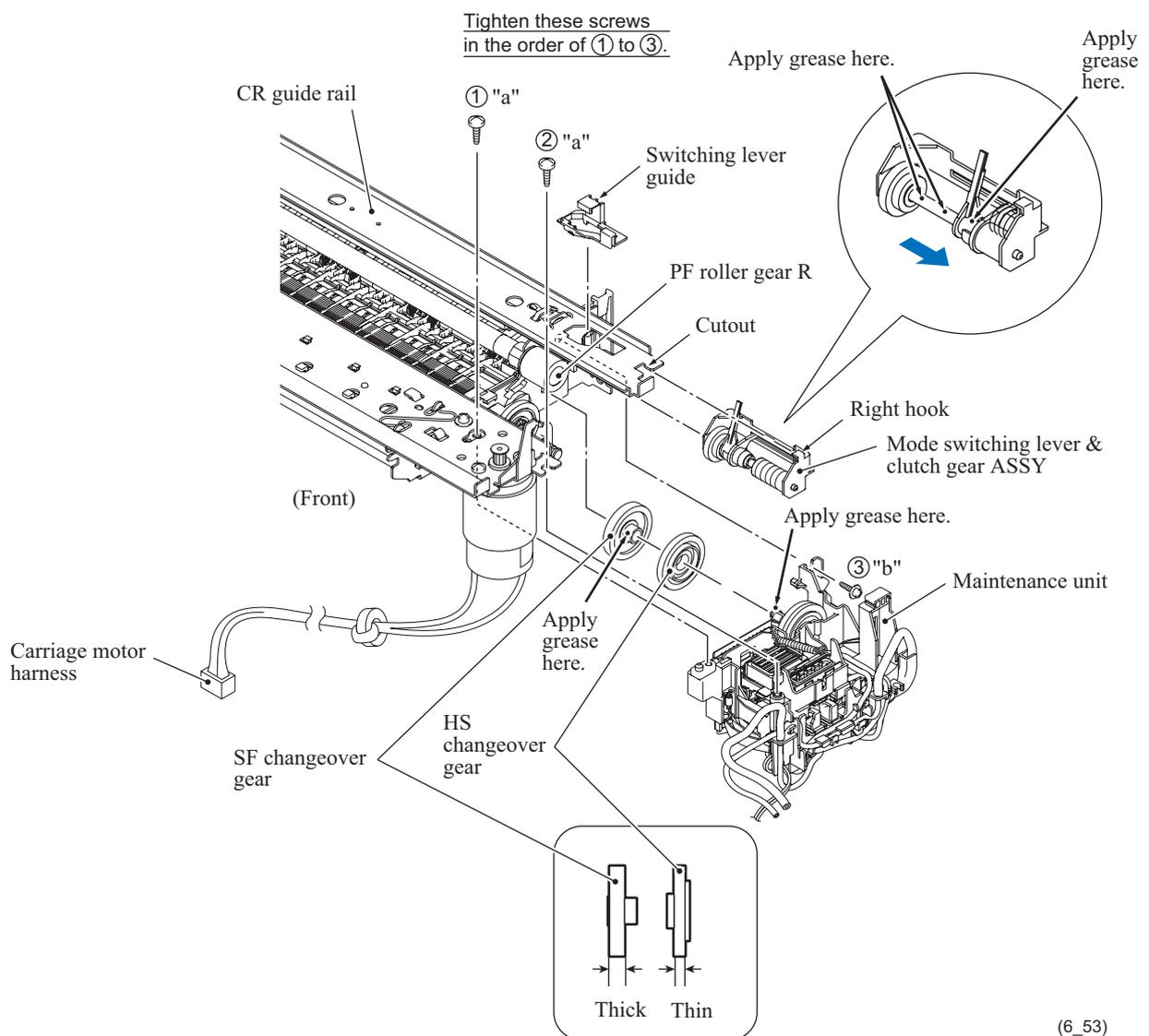
- When attaching the PF encoder disk to the PF roller gear L, using a spatular tool makes the job easier. Put on clean gloves to protect the disk surface from dust or fingerprints.
- If you replace the ink absorber box (without replacing the main PCB), you also need to replace the flushing box (see [Section 6.1.16](#)) and reset both the purge and flushing counters as specified in [Chapter 7, Section 7.4](#).

6.1.18 Components on the Engine Unit

(Maintenance unit, Mode switching lever & clutch gear ASSY, Carriage motor, Inner chute ASSY, Registration sensor PCB, PF encoder PCB, Paper feed motor, Paper pull-in gear shaft, and Paper pull-in roller holder)

Maintenance unit and mode switching lever & clutch gear ASSY

- (1) Remove the three screws from the maintenance unit--two "a" screws from the top and one "b" screw from the right side.
- (2) Take the maintenance unit off the engine unit.
- (3) Remove the SF changeover gear and HS changeover gear from the maintenance unit.
- (4) Slide the mode switching lever & clutch gear ASSY outwards to remove it.
- (5) Unlatch the switching lever guide from the CR guide rail.

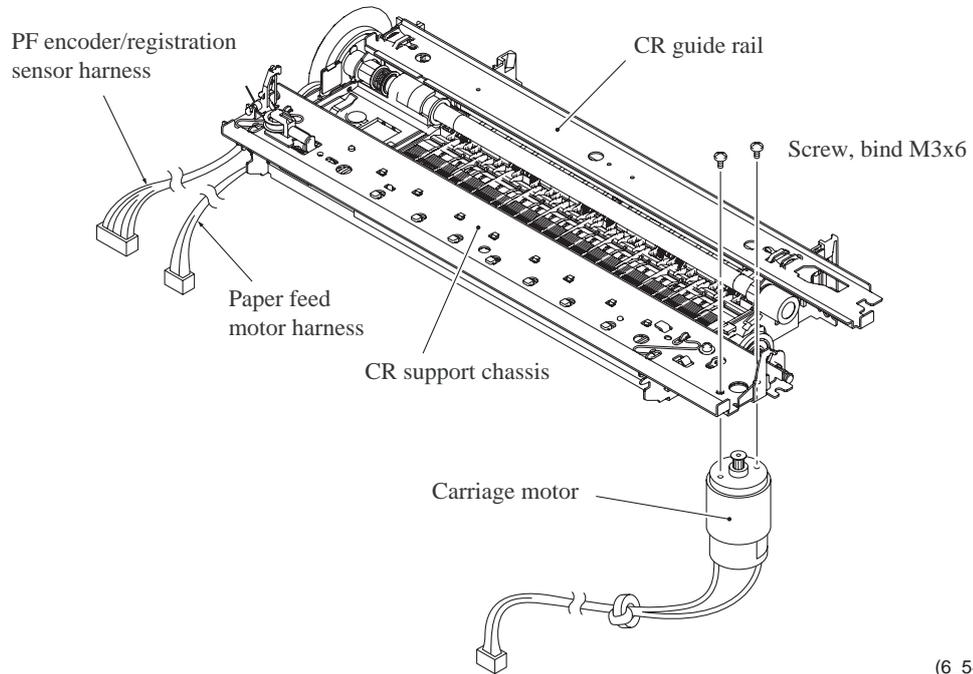


"a": Taptite, bind B M3x8

"b": Taptite, cup S M3x6

Carriage motor

- (6) Remove the carriage motor from the engine unit by removing the two screws.



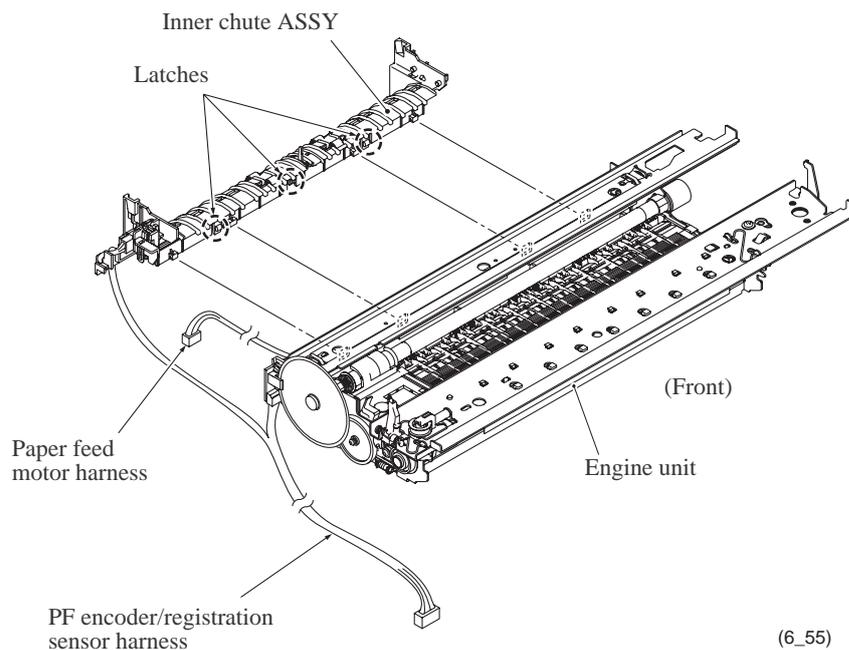
(6_54)

Inner chute ASSY, registration sensor actuator, registration sensor PCB, and PF encoder PCB

- (7) Release the three latches of the inner chute ASSY from the engine unit.

NOTE: Do not pull the inner chute ASSY away from the engine unit since it is connected to the engine unit with the PF encoder/registration sensor harness and the paper feed motor harness.

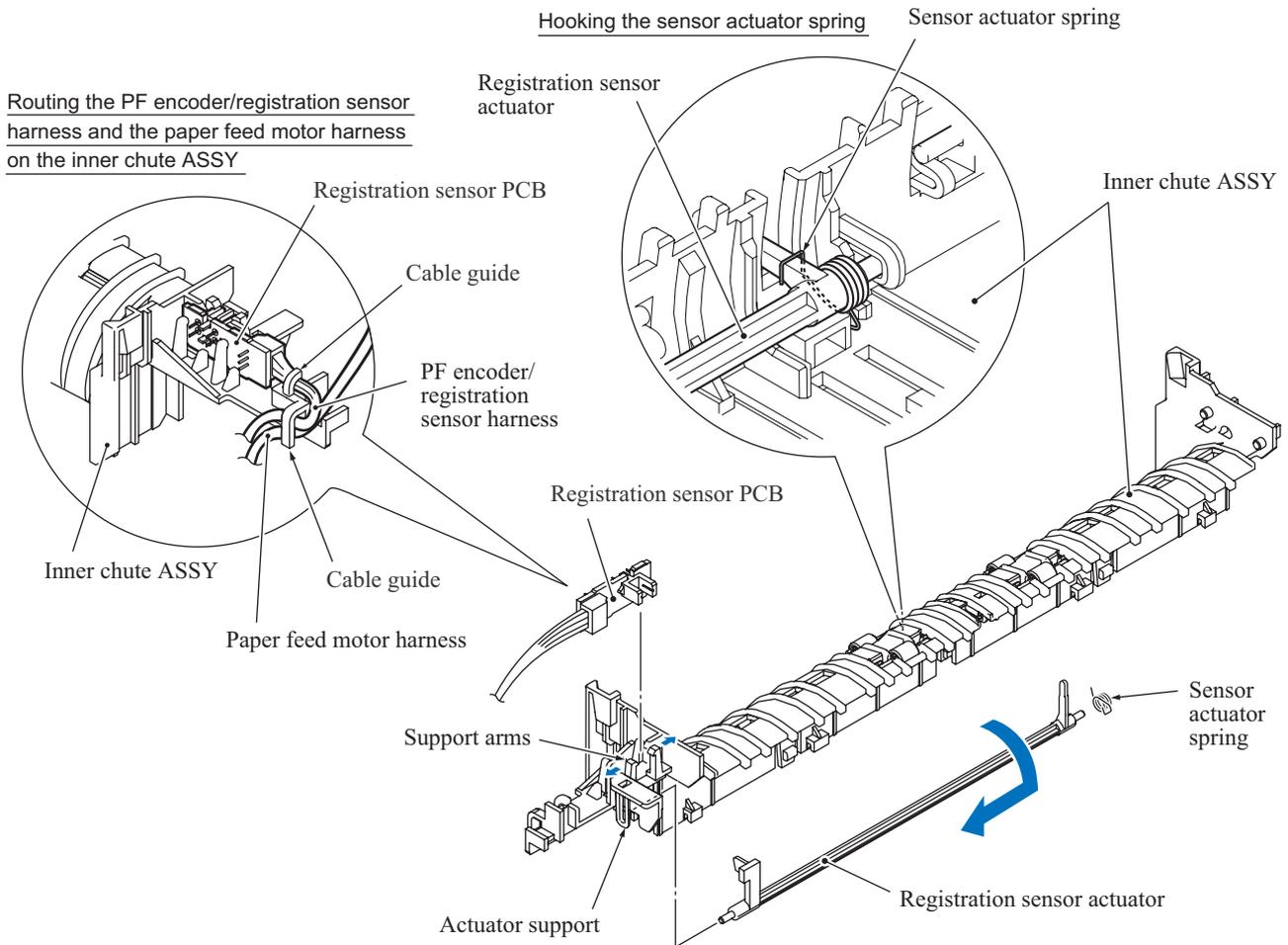
- (8) Release the PF encoder/registration sensor harness and the paper feed motor harness from the cable guides on the inner chute ASSY. (The routing detail is shown on the next page.)



(6_55)

- (9) Turn the registration sensor actuator in the direction of the arrow shown below and take it off the inner chute ASSY. The sensor actuator spring comes off.
- (10) Take the registration sensor PCB out of the support arms.

NOTE: The registration sensor PCB and the PF encoder PCB are assembled with their harnesses. To completely release the registration sensor PCB from the engine unit, therefore, you need to remove the PF encoder PCB at the next step.

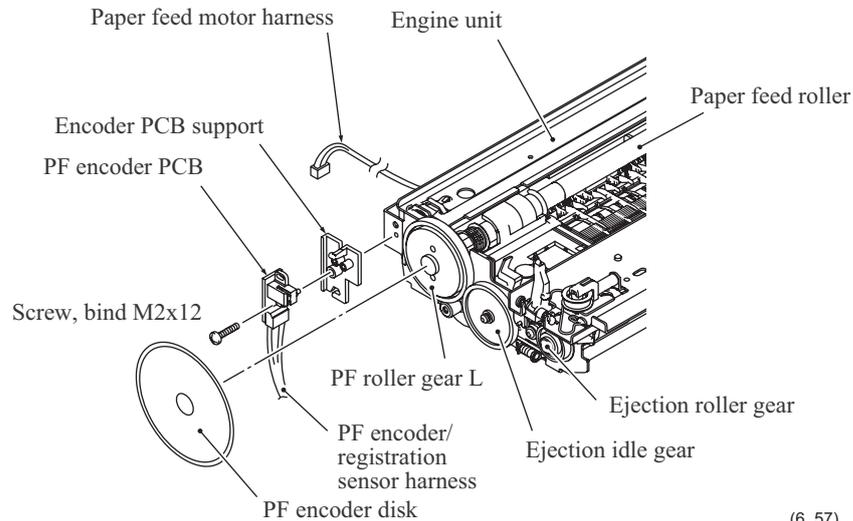


(6_56)

- (11) At the left end of the engine unit, remove the screw that secures the PF encoder PCB and its support to the engine unit, taking care not to touch the PF encoder disk.
- (12) If the PF encoder disk needs to be replaced, peel it off the PF roller gear L.

NOTE: Once removed, the PF encoder disk will become unusable and a new disk will have to be put back in.

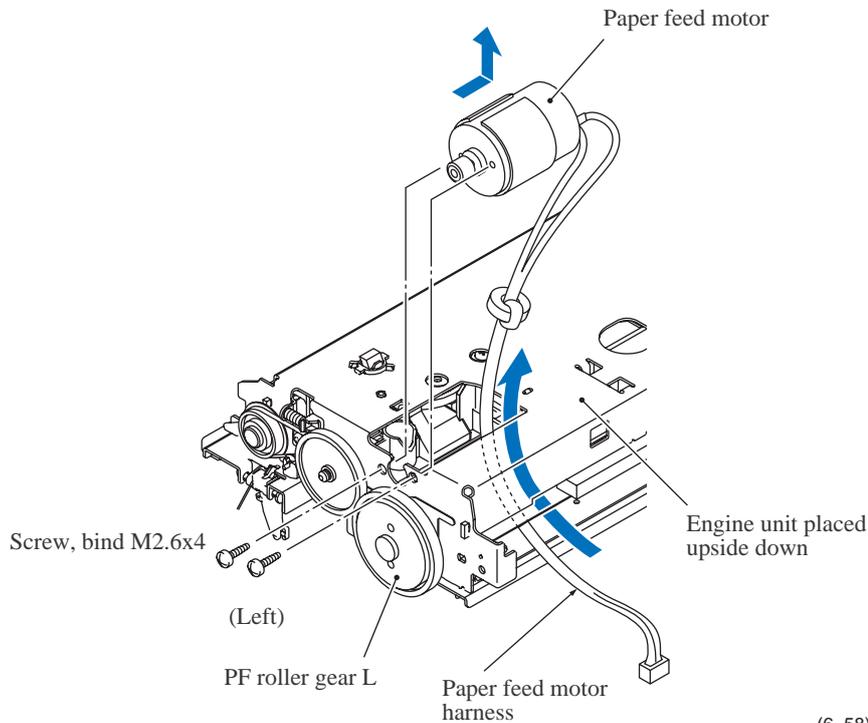
NOTE: Remove any adhesive left on the PF roller gear L.



(6_57)

Paper feed motor

- (13) Remove the two screws from the left end of the engine unit and remove the paper feed motor in the direction of the arrow.

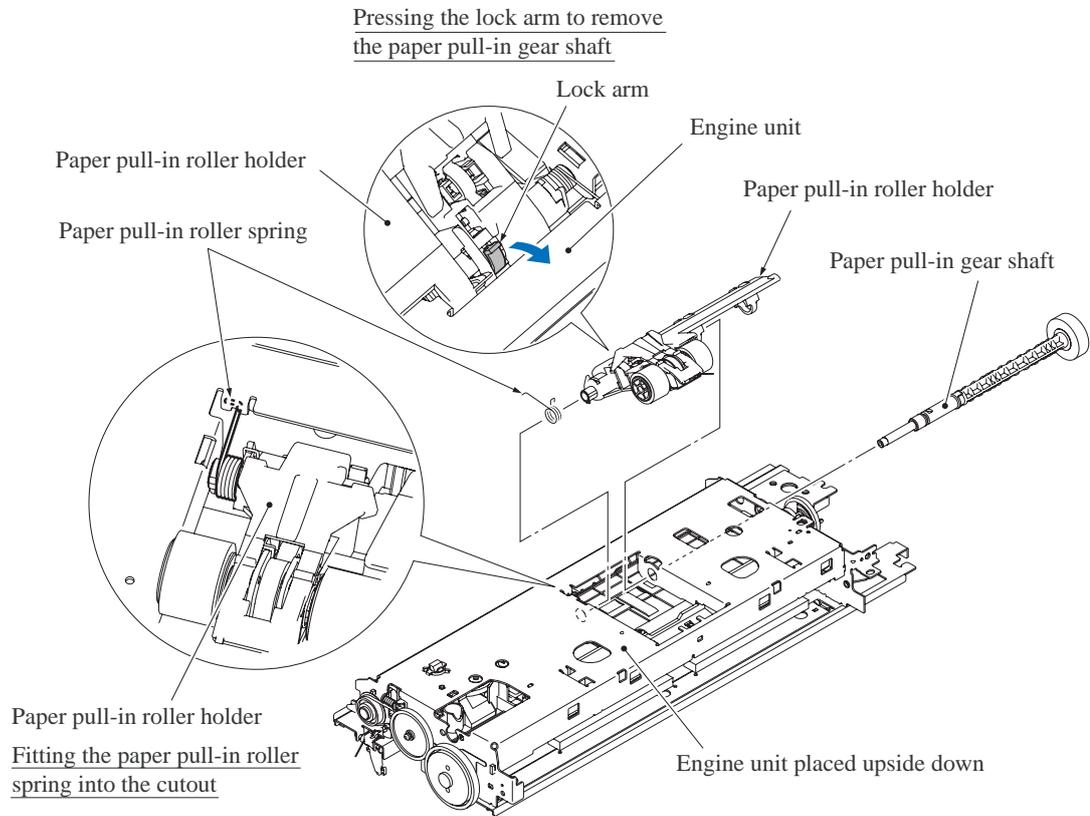


(6_58)

Paper pull-in gear shaft and paper pull-in roller holder

(14) Press the lock arm and pull out the paper pull-in gear shaft to the right.

(15) Lift the paper pull-in roller holder up and out of the engine unit, together with its spring.



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■ Assembling Notes

- When setting the paper pull-in roller holder back into place, fit the longer end of the paper pull-in roller spring into the cutout provided in the engine chassis.
While holding down the paper pull-in roller holder lightly, insert the paper pull-in gear shaft from the right until it locks.
- When mounting the paper feed motor, route its harness as shown on the previous page and secure the motor with two screws with the label facing towards the front.
- When attaching the PF encoder disk to the PF roller gear L, using a spatular tool makes the job easier. Put on clean gloves to protect the disk surface from dust or fingerprints.
- Before mounting the inner chute on the engine unit, set the registration sensor actuator and its spring. Also set the registration sensor PCB and route the PF encoder/registration sensor harness and the paper feed motor harness. See [page 6-57](#).
- When mounting the carriage motor, face the label outwards (see [page 6-56](#)).

- Mount the switching lever guide and the mode switching lever & clutch gear ASSY onto the engine unit in this order.

Before mounting the ASSY, apply the specified lubricant to the specified points, referring to [Section 6.2](#).

When mounting the ASSY, insert the shaft end into the hole provided in the CR guide rail and fit the right hook over the cutout (see [page 6-55](#)).

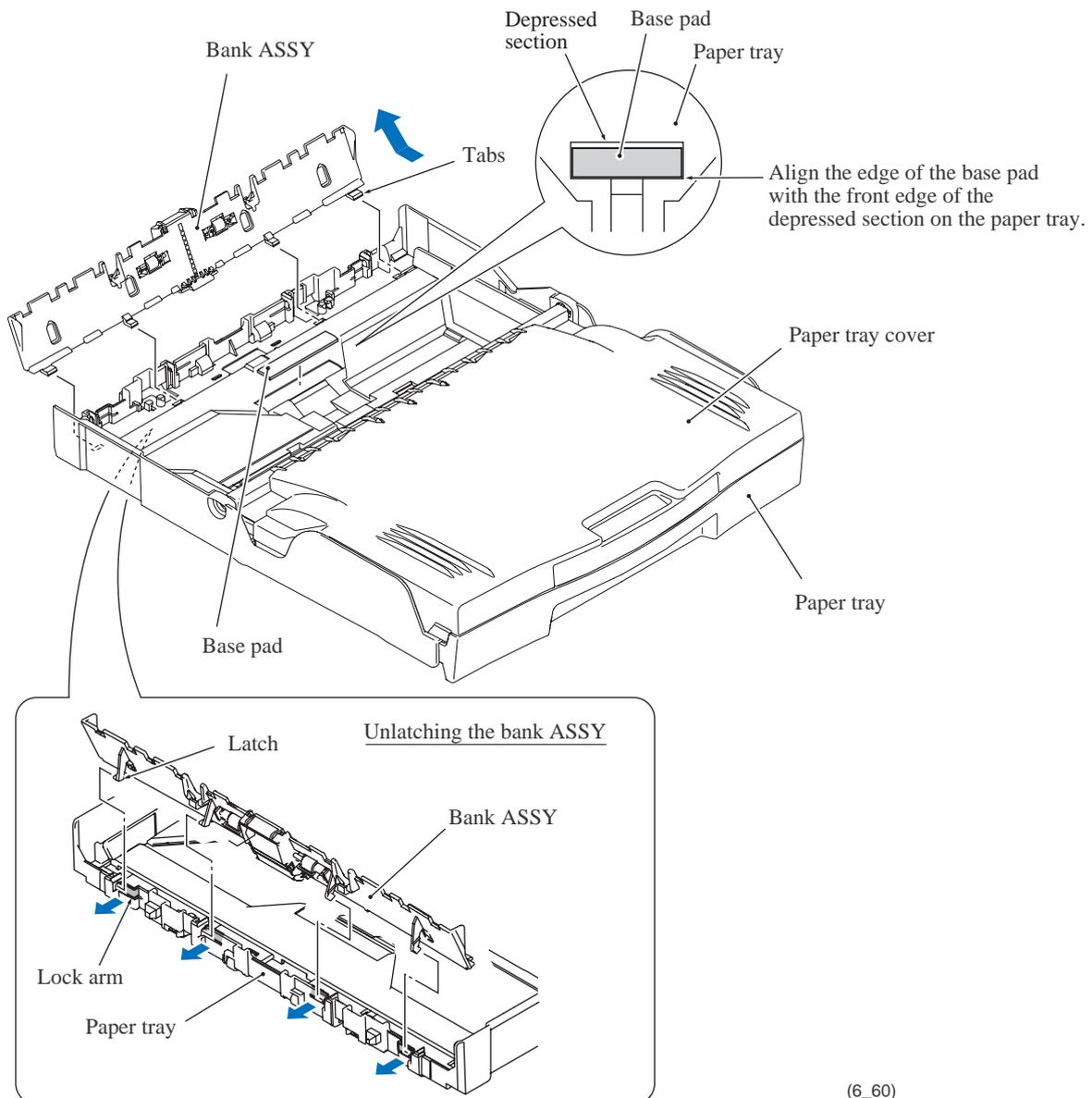
The ASSY should be mounted immediately before you mount the maintenance unit.

- Before mounting the maintenance unit onto the engine unit,
 - Apply the specified lubricant to the SF changeover gear and the purge gear shaft, referring to [Section 6.2](#),
 - Put the two gears (SF changeover gear and HS changeover gear) together so that there is a gap between those gears as shown on [page 6-55](#), and then
 - Set them onto the purge gear shaft with the HS changeover gear (thinner one) facing towards the maintenance unit.
- When securing the maintenance unit with three screws (two "a" and one "b" screws), tighten these screws in the order of ① to ③ as shown on [page 6-55](#).

6.1.19 Paper Tray ASSY

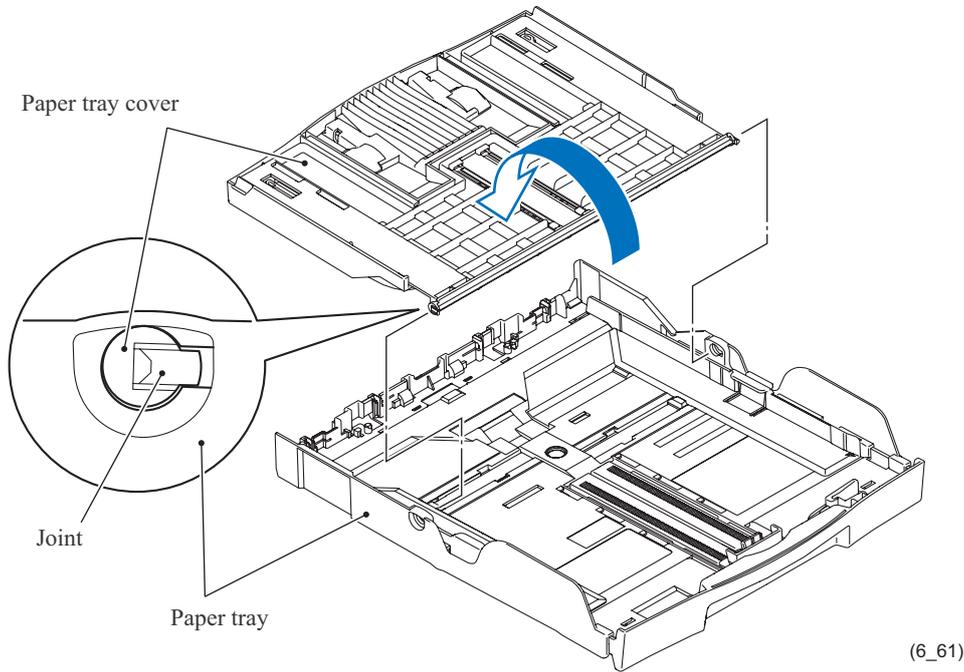
- (1) Pull the four lock arms on the rear of the paper tray outwards and release the four latches of the bank ASSY. Then pull the bank ASSY up and out of the paper tray.
- (2) If the base pad needs to be replaced, peel it off the bottom of the paper tray.

NOTE: Once removed, the base pad will become unusable and a new pad will have to be put back in.

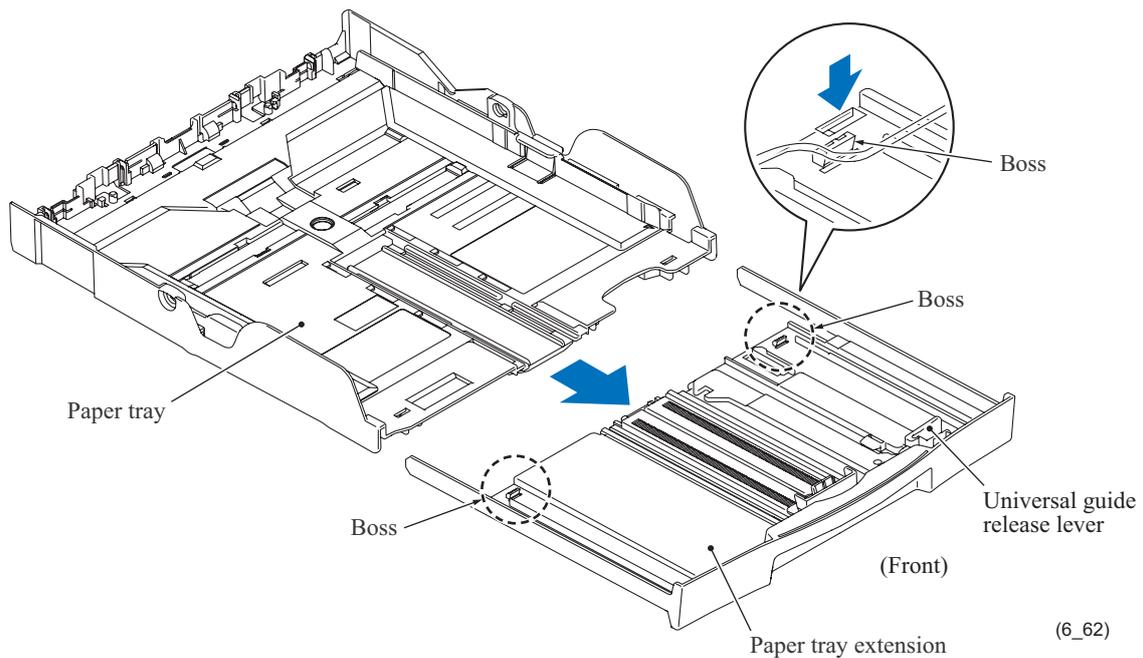


(6_60)

- (3) Fully open the paper tray cover to align the joints on the both ends with holes provided in the paper tray and remove the paper tray cover.



- (4) While pressing the universal guide release button (shown below), slide the paper tray extension to the front until it clicks.
- (5) While pressing down the bosses on the paper tray extension through the square holes provided in the paper tray, pull out the paper tray extension.



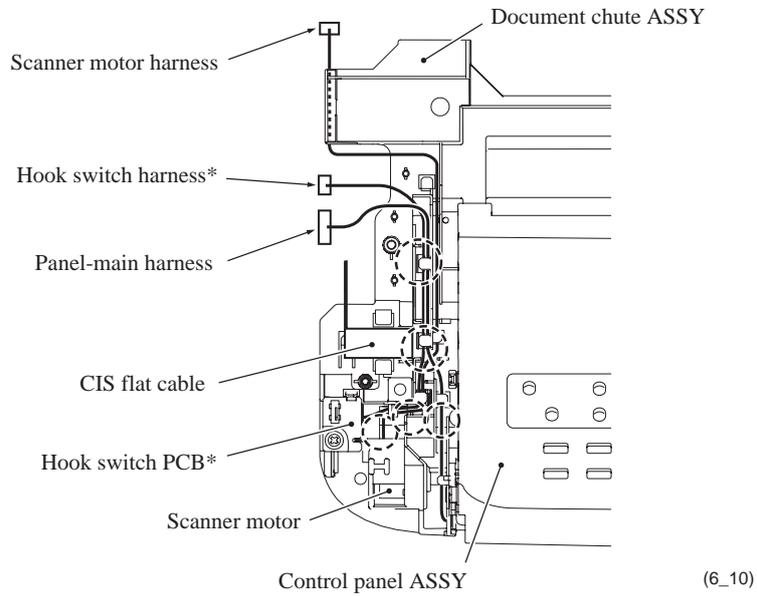
■ Assembling Notes

- When attaching a new base pad to the paper tray, align the edge of the base pad with the front edge of the depressed section on the paper tray as shown on [page 6-61](#).
- When mounting the bank ASSY, first insert the four tabs into the openings in the paper tray and then press the inside of the bank ASSY so that the latches snap into place.

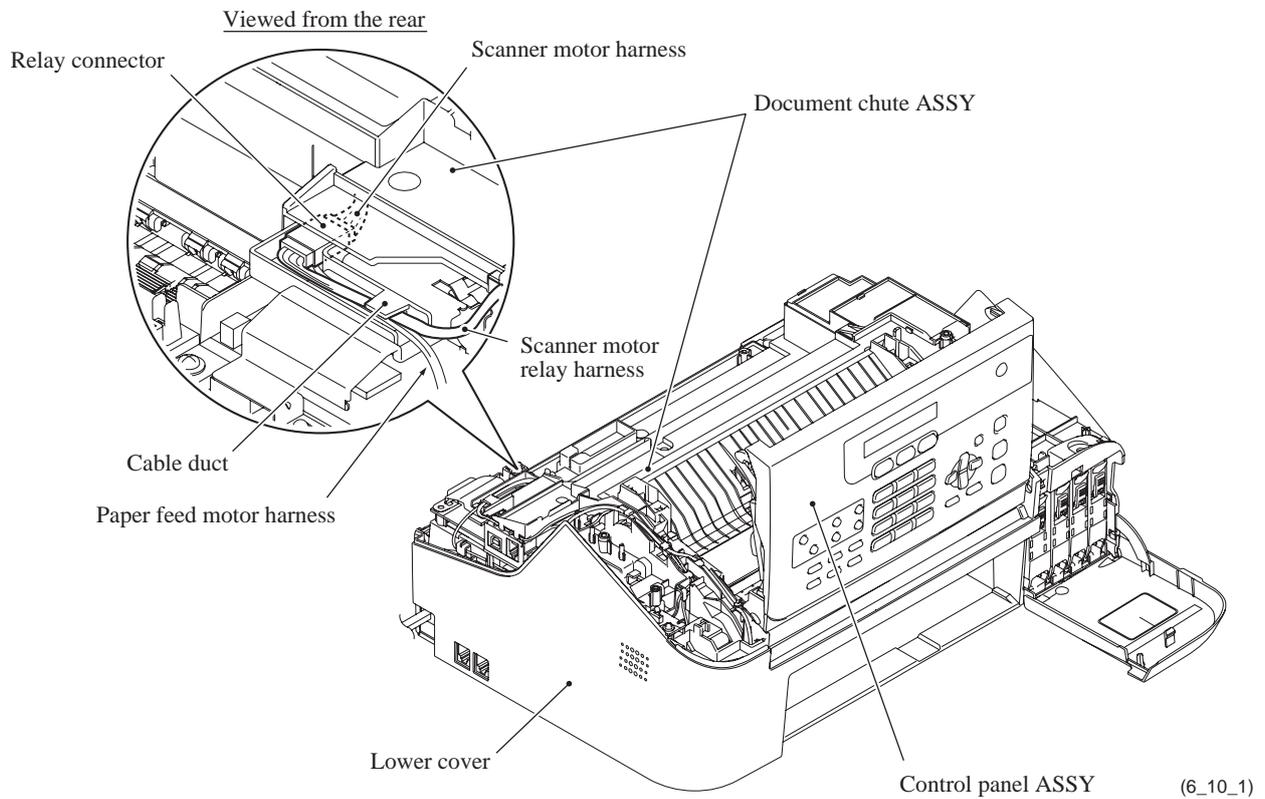
6.1.20 Routing of the Harnesses, Flat Cables, and Ink Supply Tubes

Routing A: Scanner motor harness, panel-main harness, CIS flat cable, and hook switch harness* on the document chute

*For models with handset

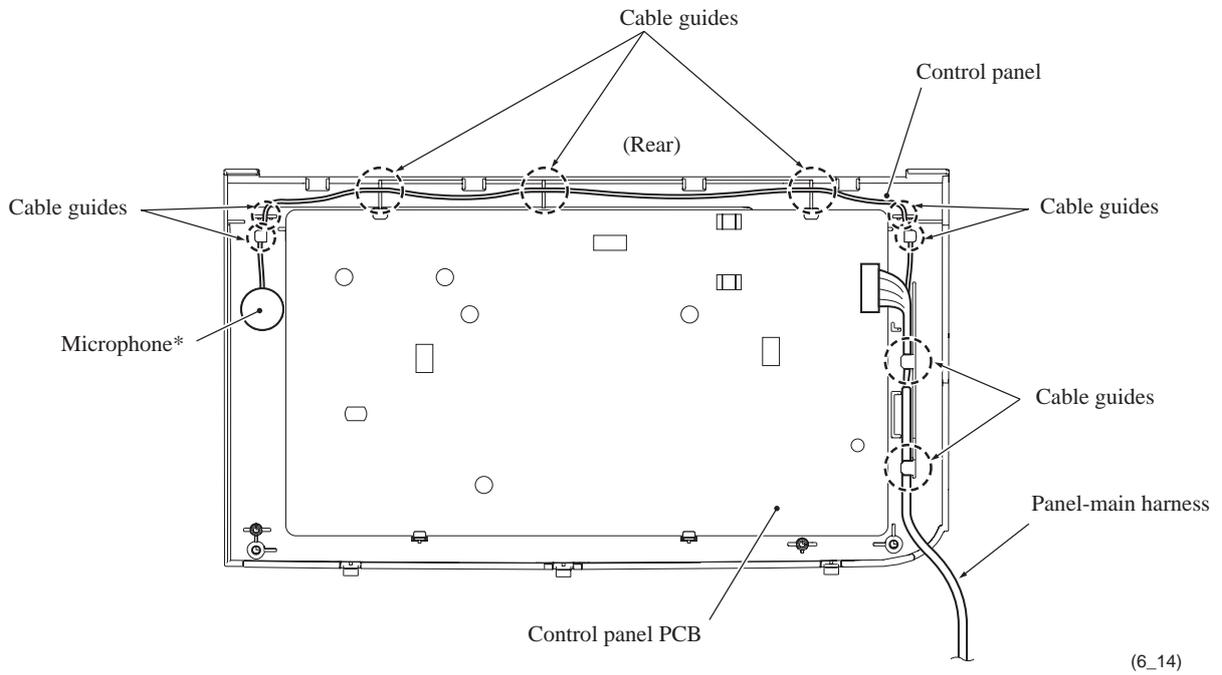


Scanner motor harness on the cable duct



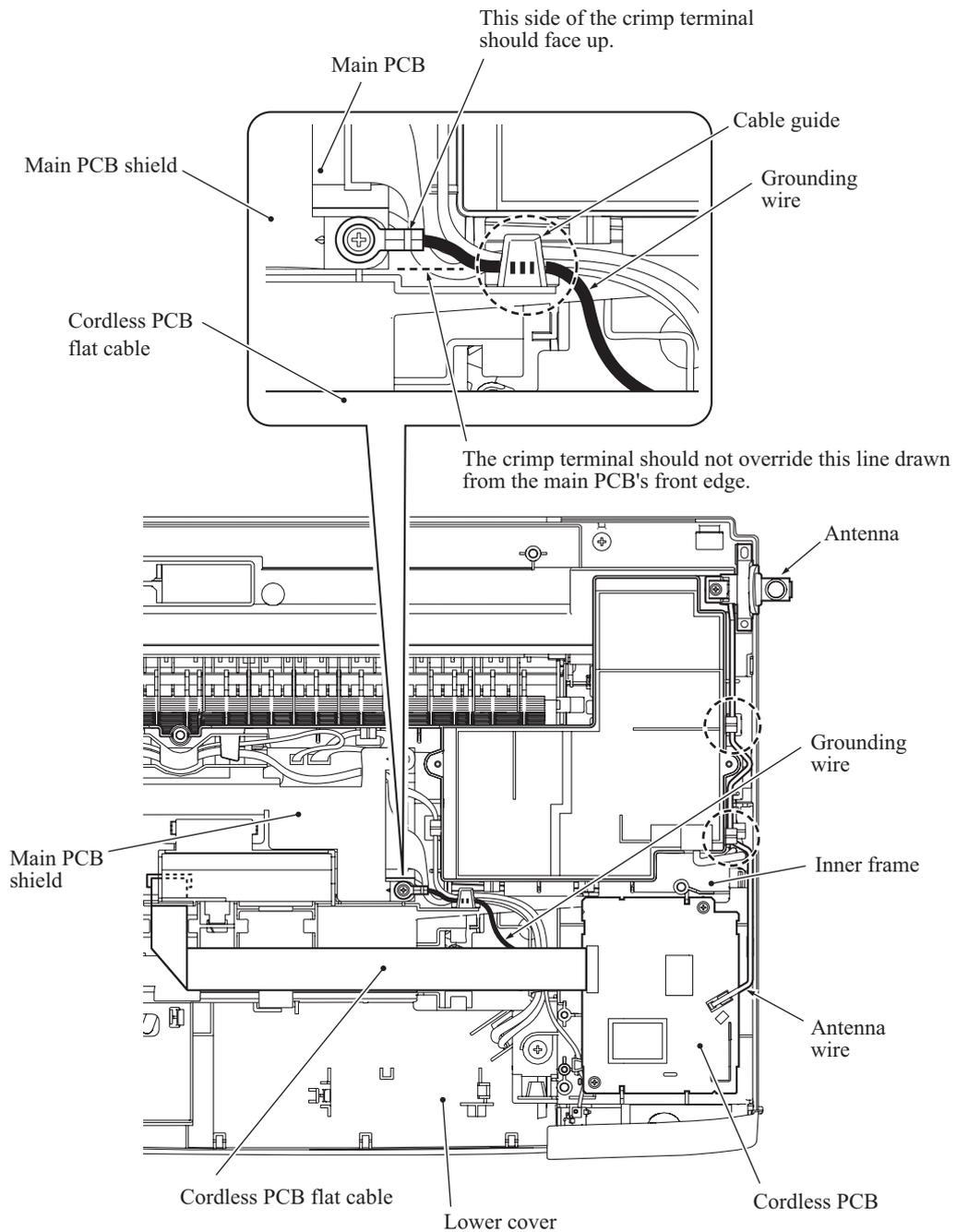
Routing B: Panel-main harness on the inside of the control panel

*For models with TAD



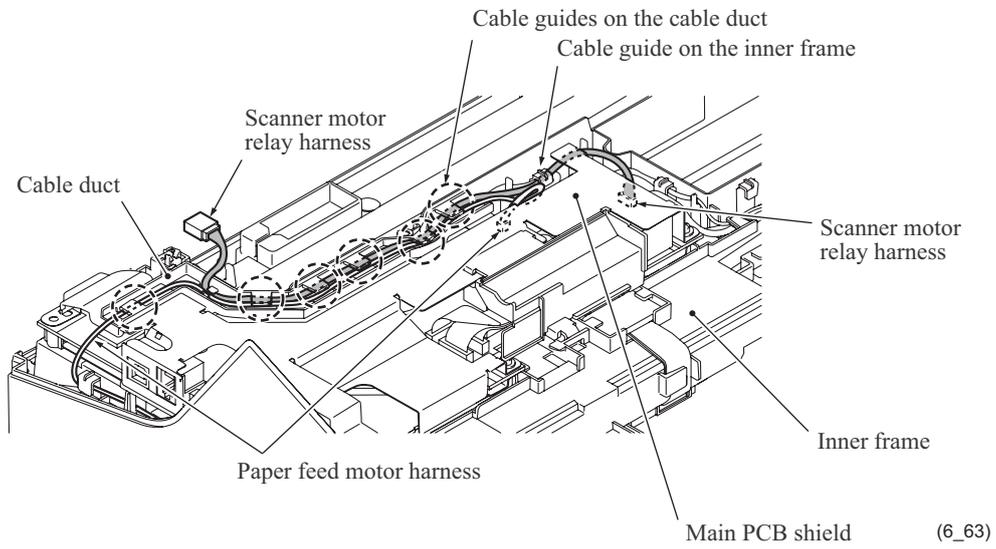
(6_14)

Routing C: Antenna wire and grounding wire on the inner frame (For models with cordless handset)



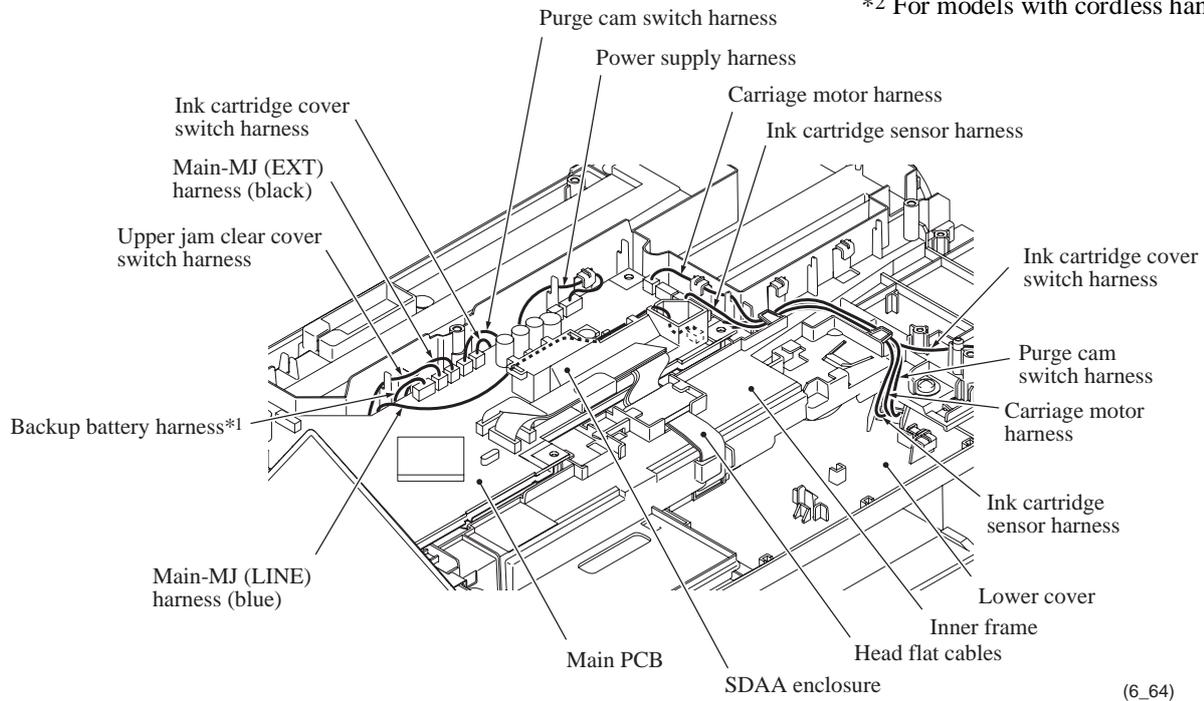
(6_24)

Routing D: Scanner motor relay harness and paper feed motor harness in the cable duct on the main PCB shield

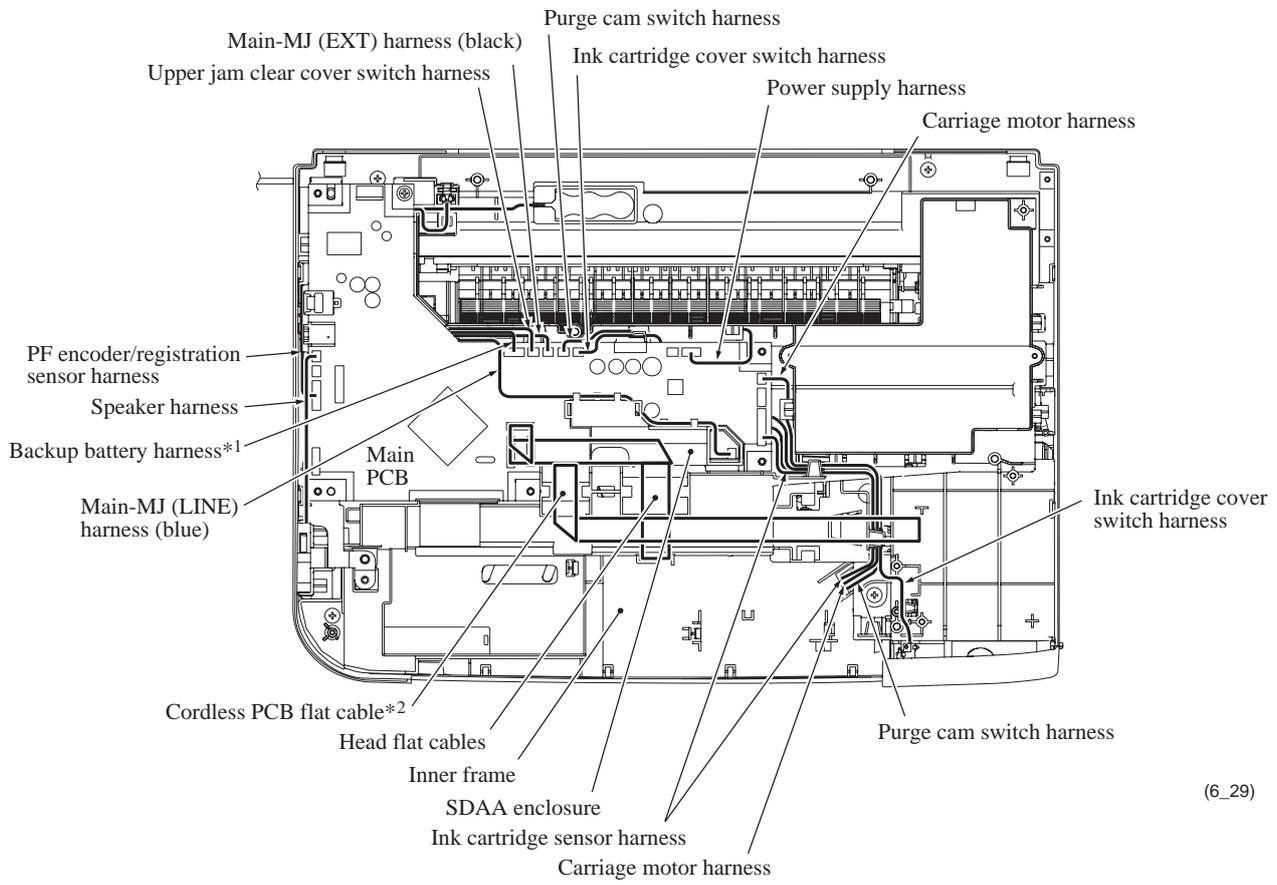


Routing E: Carriage motor harness, ink cartridge cover switch harness, ink cartridge sensor harness, purge cam switch harness, power supply harness, main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses, and backup battery harness*¹ connected to the main PCB

*1 For models with backup battery
 *2 For models with cordless handset

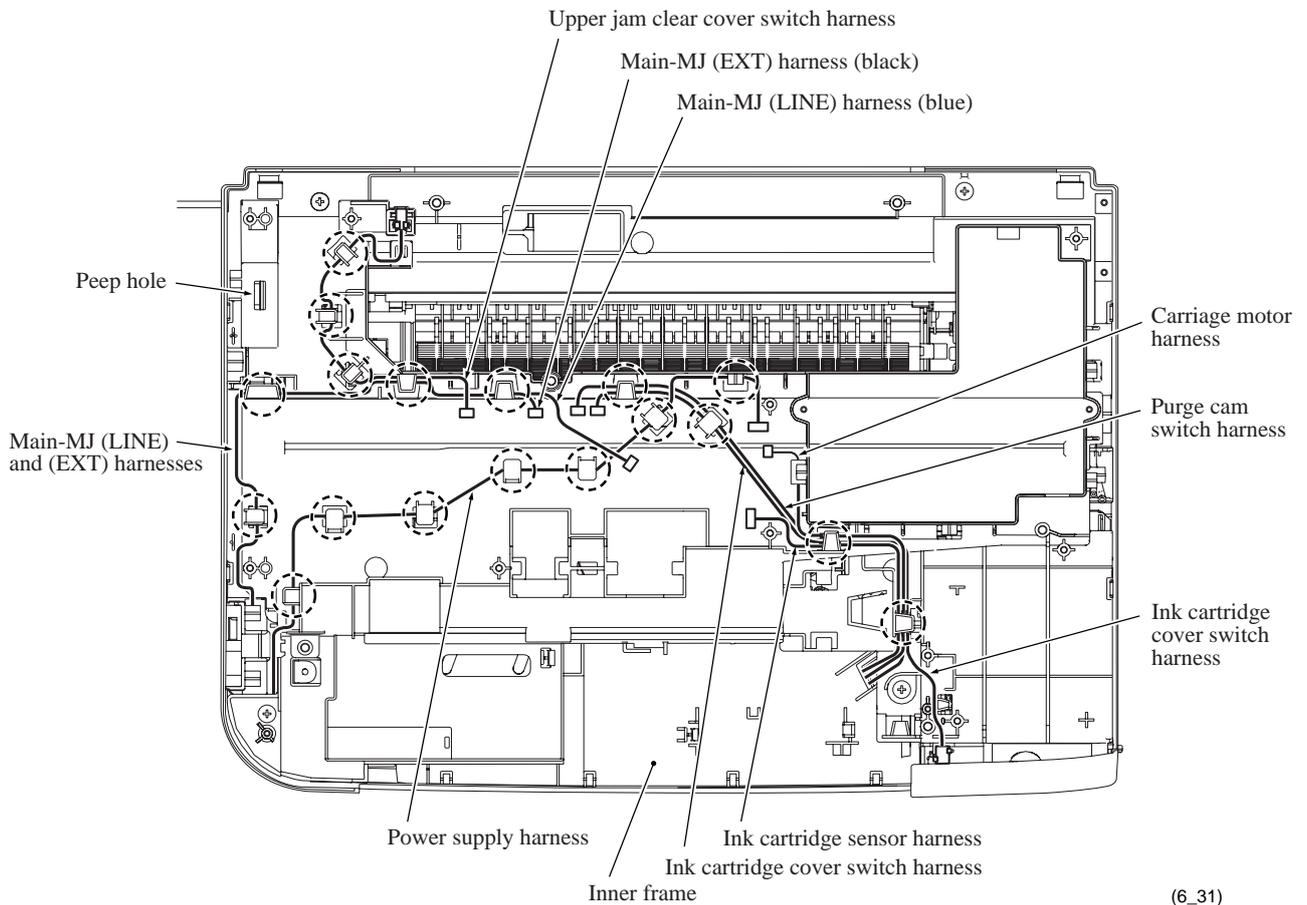


(6_64)



(6_29)

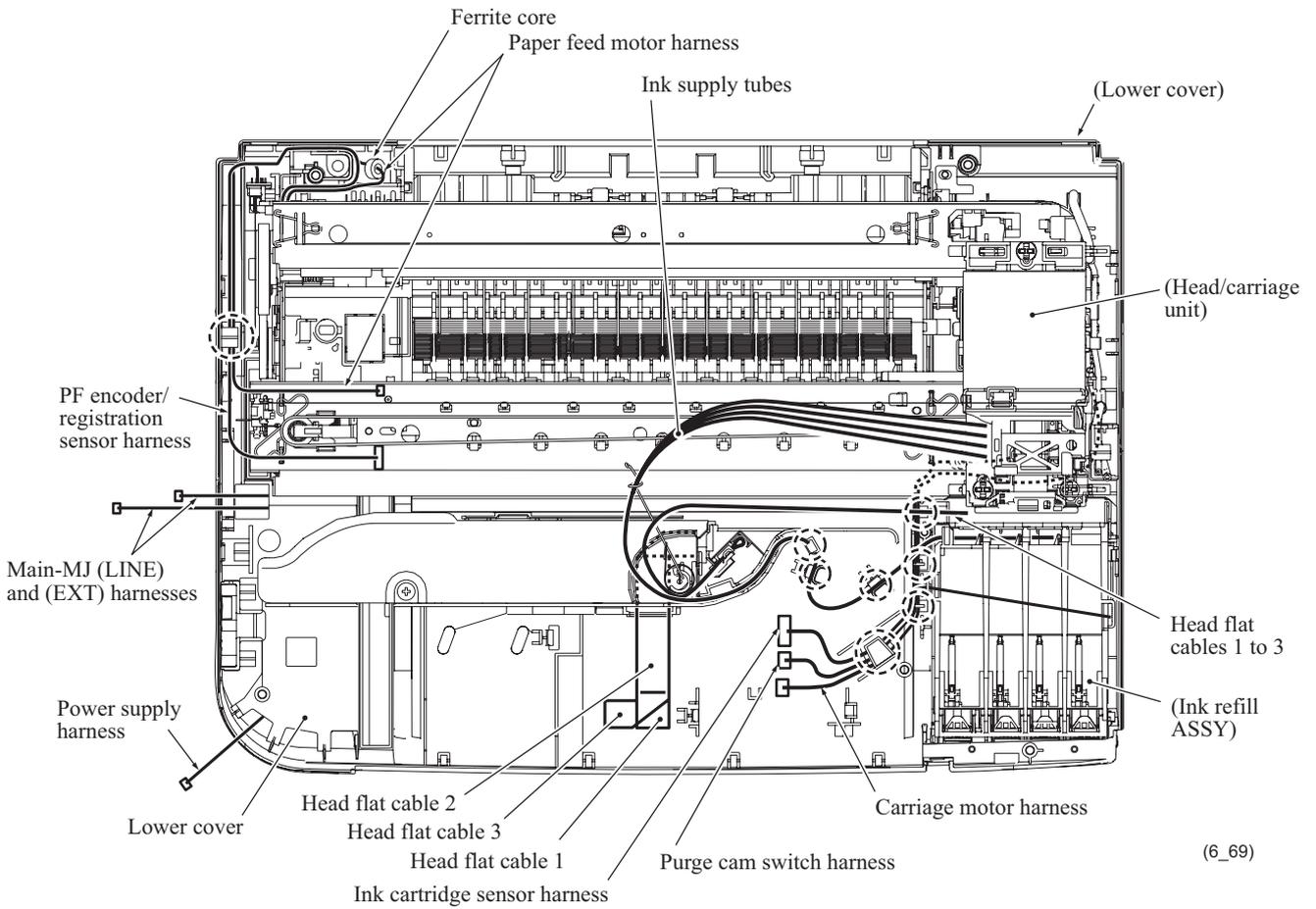
Routing F: Carriage motor harness, purge cam switch harness, ink cartridge cover switch harness, ink cartridge sensor harness, power supply harness, main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses, upper jam clear cover switch harness on the inner frame (before mounting of the main PCB)



(6_31)

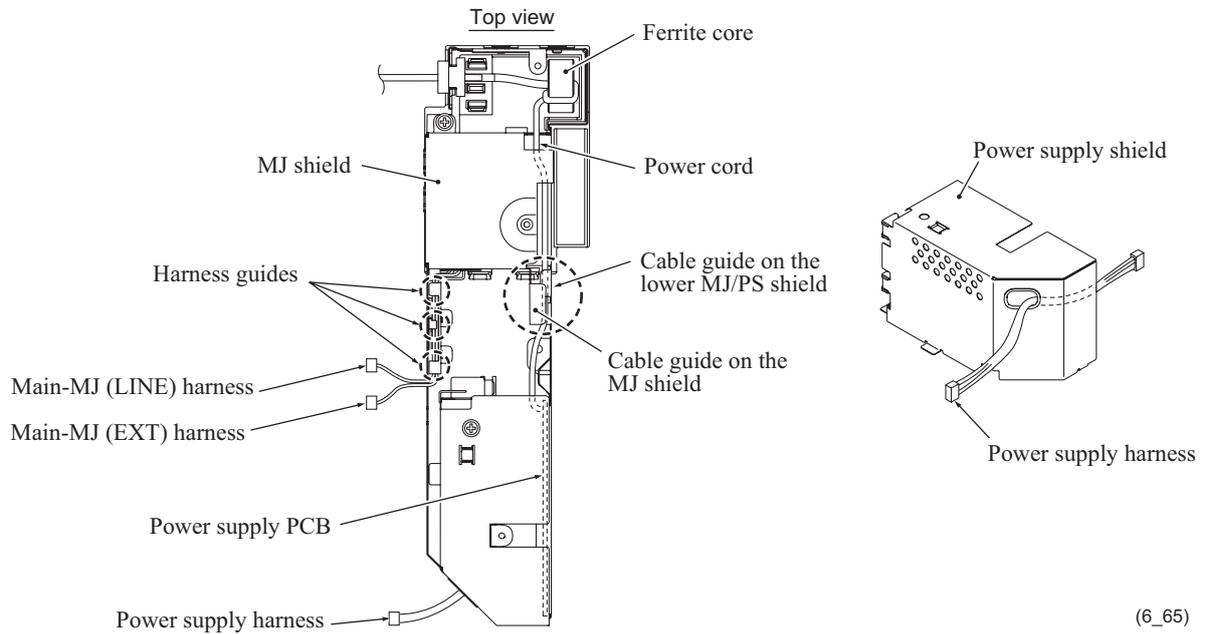
Routing G: Power supply harness, main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses, head flat cables, ink supply tubes, and ink cartridge sensor harnesses on the lower cover (before mounting of the inner frame)

Top view



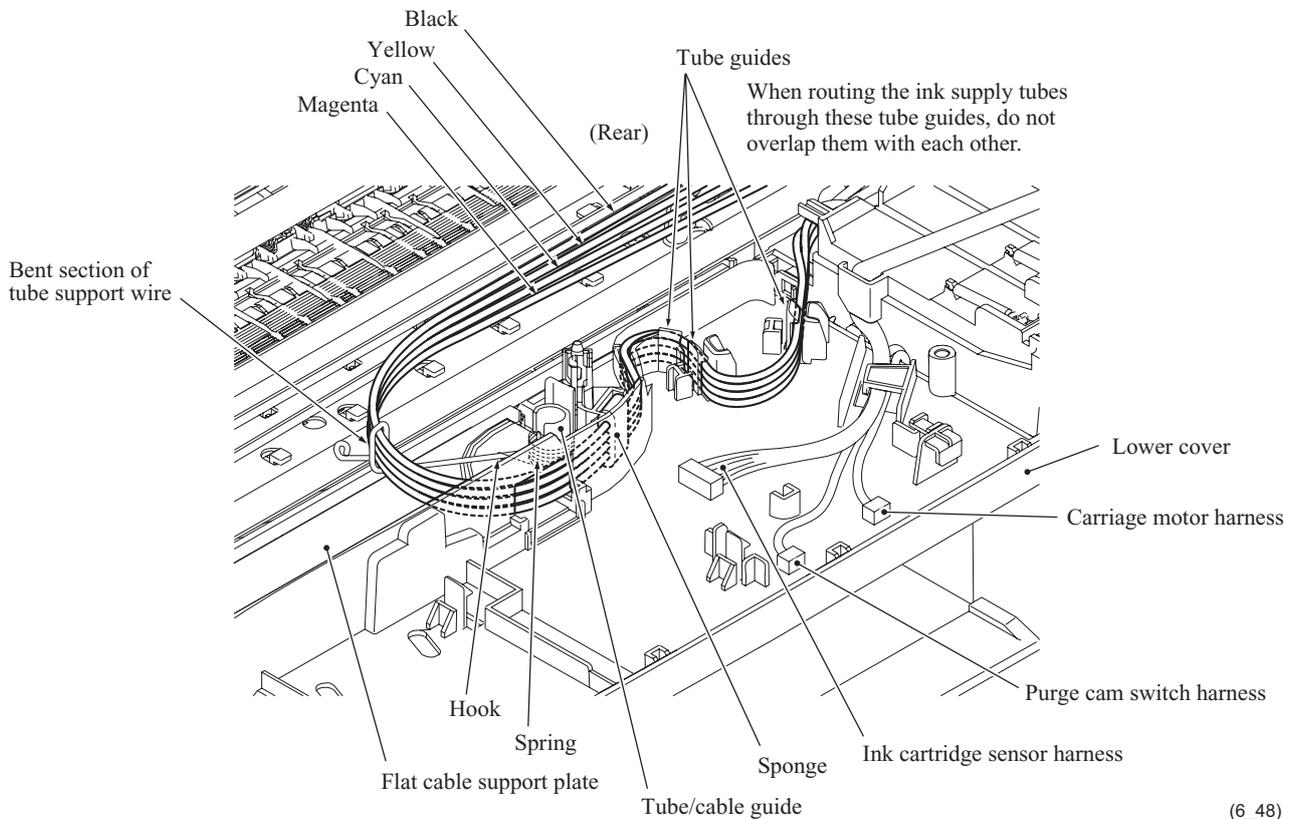
(6_69)

Routing H: Power supply harness, main-MJ (LINE) and (EXT) harnesses, and power cord in the MJ/PS shield unit



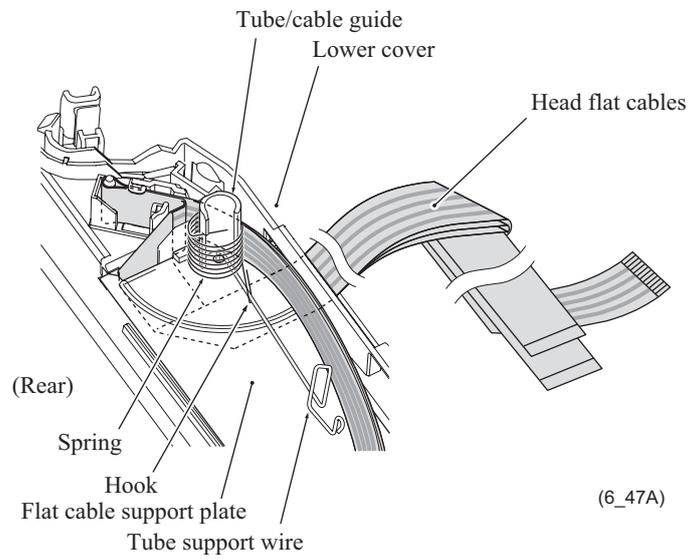
(6_65)

Routing I: Ink supply tubes

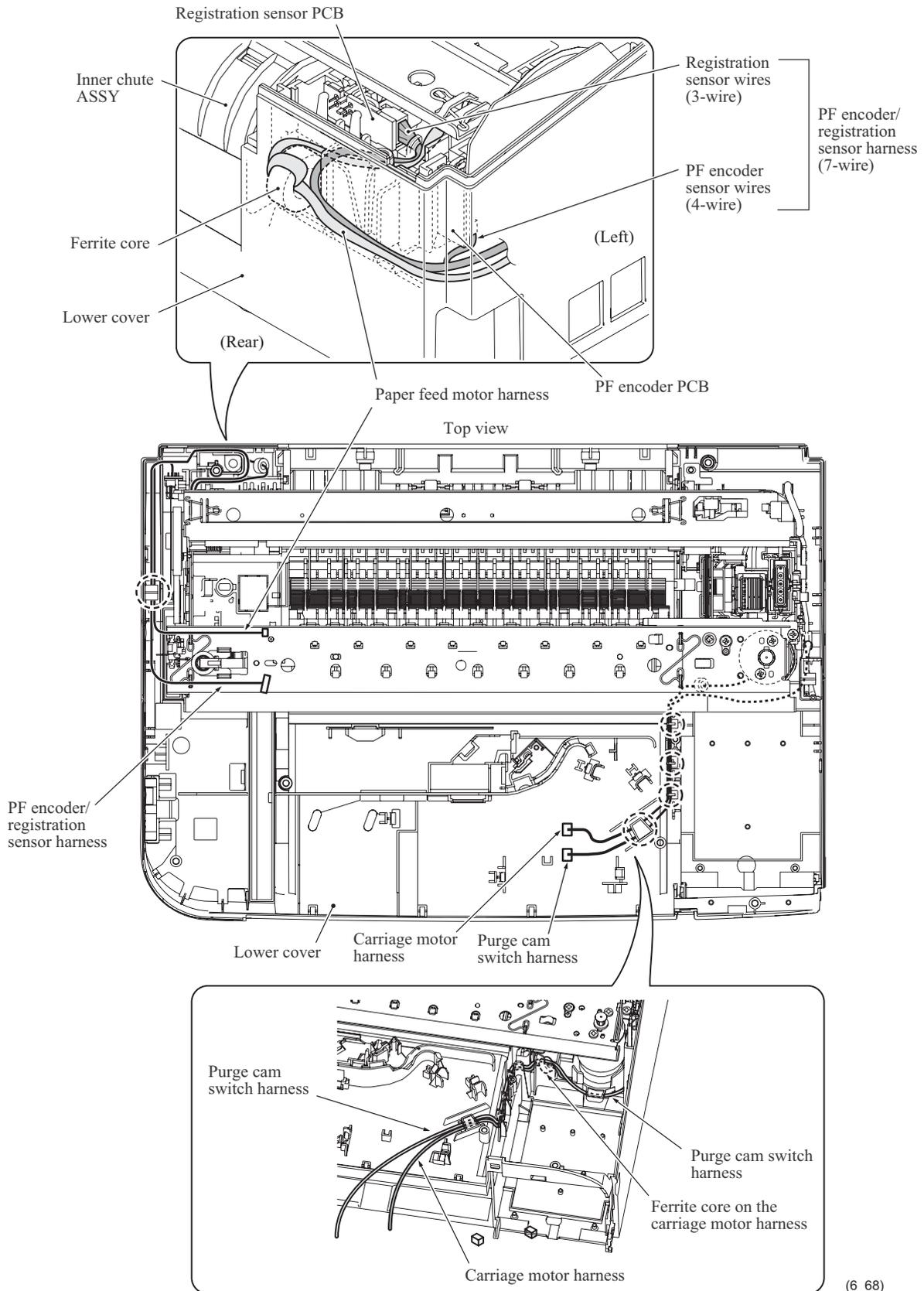


(6_48)

Routing J: Head flat cables

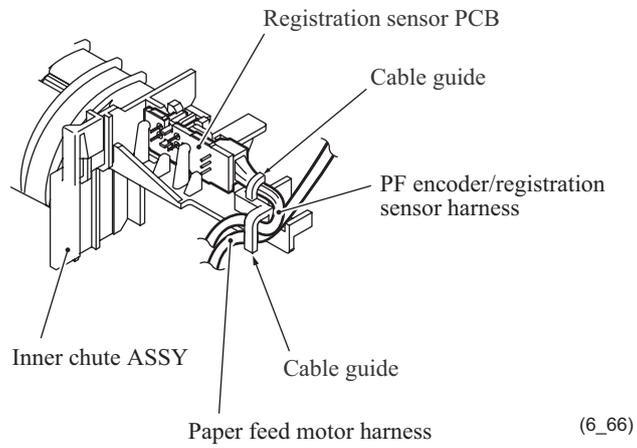


Routing K: PF encoder/registration sensor harness, paper feed motor harness, carriage motor harness, and purge cam switch harness on the lower cover (before mounting of the head/carriage unit, ink refill ASSY, and MJ/PS shield unit)



(6_68)

Routing L: PF encoder/registration sensor harness and paper feed motor harness on the inner chute ASSY



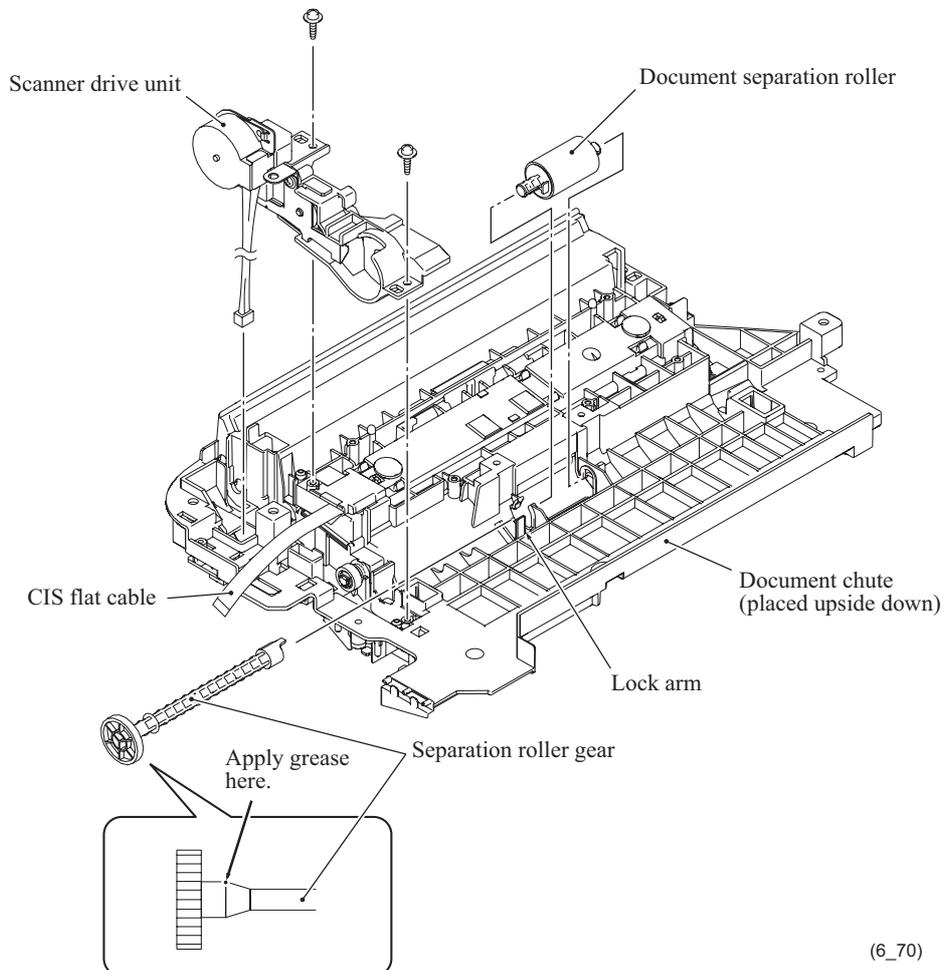
6.2 LUBRICATION

Apply the specified lubricants to the lubrication points as shown below.

Lubricant type (Manufacturer)	Lubrication points	No. of points	Lubricant amount per point
Molykote EM-30LP (Dow Corning)	Document separation roller	1	4 mm diameter ball
Molykote EM-60L (Dow Corning)	Head/carriage unit	1	1.5 mm diameter ball
	CR guide rail	13	1.5 mm diameter ball
	CR support chassis	13	
	Mode switching lever	1	2 mm diameter ball
	Clutch gear shaft	2	
Silicone G-501 (Shin-Etsu Chemical)	SF changeover gear	1	3 mm diameter ball
	Purge gear shaft	1	

■ Document separation roller in the document chute

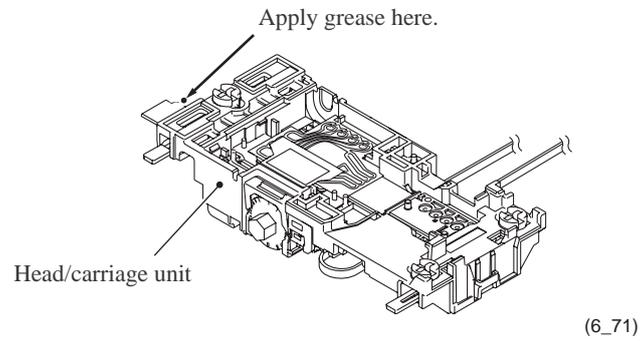
Apply a 4 mm diameter ball of grease (Molykote EM-30LP) to the lubrication point below.



(6_70)

■ **Head/carriage unit**

Apply a 1.5 mm diameter ball of grease (Molykote EM-60L) to the lubrication point below.



■ CR guide rail and CR support chassis

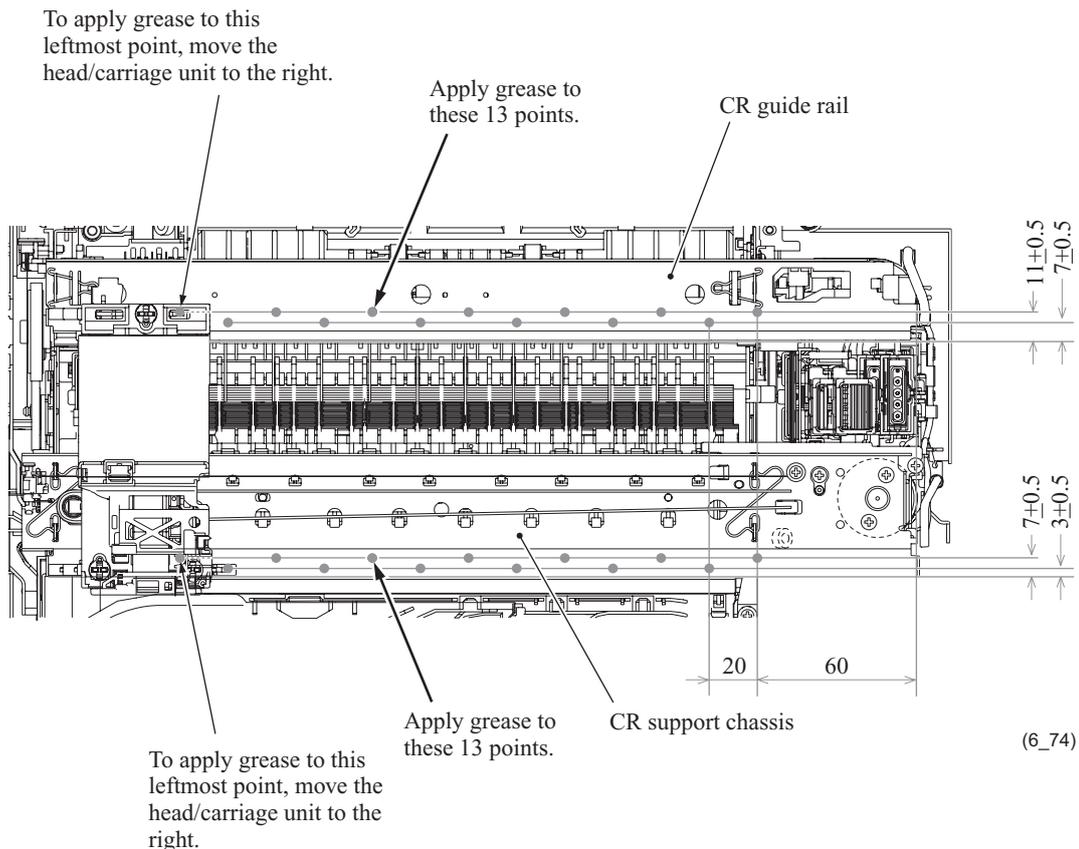
Apply a 1.5 mm diameter ball of grease (Molykote EM-60L) to the 26 lubrication points below.

Lubrication procedure

- (1) Move the head/carriage unit to the right end of its travel and hit it against the stoppers provided at the right end of the CR guide rail and support chassis. This is to make the pair of slider cams protrude to the left from the head/carriage unit, raising the head/carriage unit to the highest position.
- (2) Move the head/carriage unit close to the left end of its travel, taking care not to hit the slider cams against the left stoppers to prevent the slider cams from protruding to the right.
- (3) Apply grease to the 24 lubrication points on the CR guide rail and support chassis as specified below.

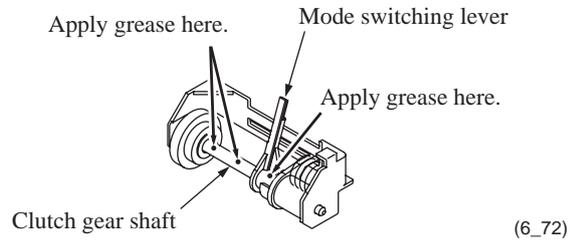
As for the leftmost two lubrication points, apply grease after moving the head/carriage unit to the right and out of those points.

- (4) Move the head/carriage unit from the left to the right ends of its travel to spread the applied grease on the CR guide rail and chassis.



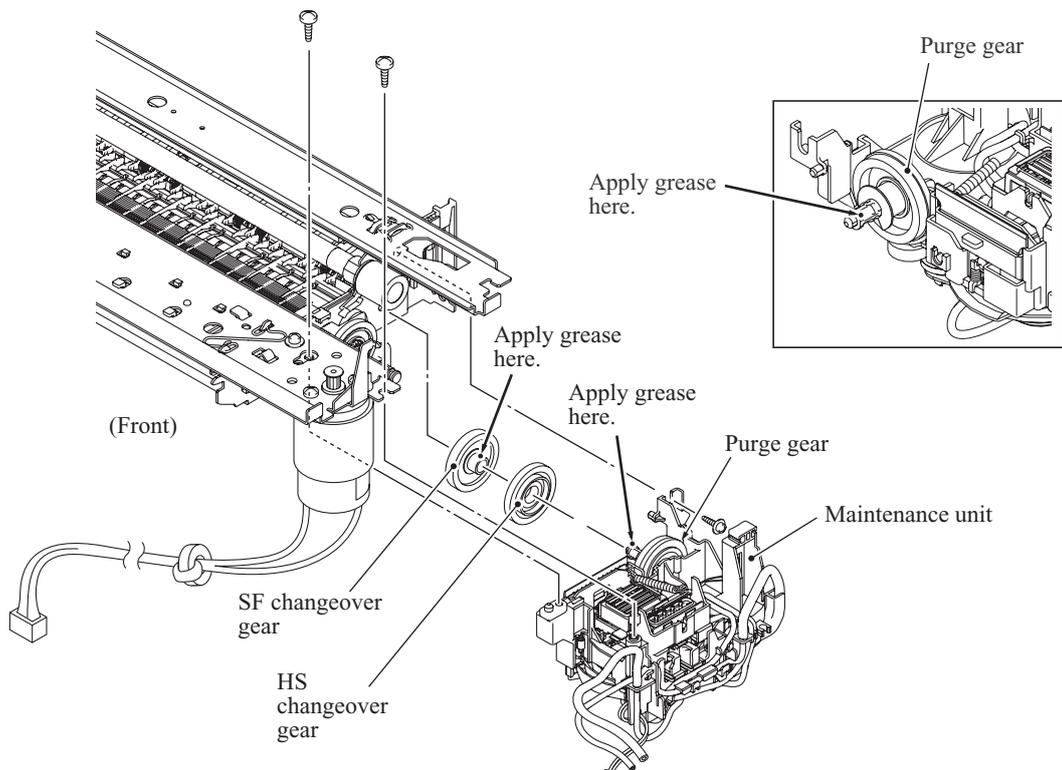
■ **Mode switching lever and clutch gear shaft**

Apply a 2 mm diameter ball of grease (Molykote EM-60L) to each of the lubrication points below.



■ **SF changeover gear and purge gear shaft**

Apply a 3 mm diameter ball of grease (Silicone G-501) to each of the lubrication points below.



CHAPTER 7

ADJUSTMENTS AND UPDATING OF SETTINGS, REQUIRED AFTER PARTS REPLACEMENT

CHAPTER 7 ADJUSTMENTS AND UPDATING OF SETTINGS, REQUIRED AFTER PARTS REPLACEMENT

This chapter details adjustments and updating of settings, which are required if the head/carriage unit, main PCB and some other parts have been replaced.

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7.1 PREPARATION

7.1.1 Requirements

Before proceeding to perform any adjustments or update any settings, you need the executables, data files, spare parts and supplies (provided by Brother Industries) and must set up your PC.

NOTE: Use a PC/AT-compatible computer running Windows 98SE/Me, Windows 2000 Professional, or Windows XP Home/Professional.

Executables and Data Files Required for Adjustments and Updating of Settings

	BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver	brusbsn.exe	brusbsn.ini	filedg32.exe	incline.prn
Head/carriage unit, Engine unit (Section 7.2)	√	√	√	√	√
Main PCB (Section 7.3)	√	√	√	√	√
Ink absorber box, Flushing box (Section 7.4)					
CIS unit (Section 7.5)					
Cordless PCB (Section 7.6)					
Cordless handsets (Section 7.7)					

	pfadj.prn	exitadj.prn	media.prn	qualbh7.prn
Head/carriage unit, Engine unit (Section 7.2)	√	√	√	√
Main PCB (Section 7.3)	√	√	√	
Ink absorber box, Flushing box (Section 7.4)				
CIS unit (Section 7.5)				
Cordless PCB (Section 7.6)				
Cordless handsets (Section 7.7)				

NOTE: Executables and files listed above should be saved in an arbitrary folder in your PC beforehand.

Spare Parts and Supplies Required for Adjustments and Updating of Settings

	Recording paper*	Ink cartridges	Protective part
Head/carriage unit, Engine unit (Section 7.2)	√	√	√
Main PCB (Section 7.3)	√	√	
Ink absorber box, Flushing box (Section 7.4)			
CIS unit (Section 7.5)			
Cordless PCB (Section 7.6)			
Cordless handsets (Section 7.7)			

* Letter-size paper is necessary to correctly print check patterns in "updating the paper feeding correction value" and "adjusting the margins in borderless printing."

7.1.2 Loading the Programs to the Machine

If you want to change the programs stored in the flash ROM on the main PCB or after you replace the main PCB, load the desired programs to the flash ROM.

Loading requires a PC/AT-compatible computer running Windows 98SE/Me, Windows 2000 Professional, or Windows XP Home/Professional.

CAUTION: During loading, never turn off your PC or the machine, unplug the USB interface cable, interrupt loading, or load invalid data. If you do so, loading will fail, causing the PCB to be unusable. You will have to replace the main PCB and load programs to a new PCB.

Preparation

You need the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver and filedg32.exe (provided by Brother Industries). Save them in an arbitrary folder in your PC.

Installing the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver

To identify terminals connected via USB interface, a PC requires the corresponding virtual USB devices to be implemented by driver/software. If you connect any number of machines to your PC, therefore, the same number of virtual USB devices will be automatically configured on your PC. To prevent virtual USB devices from being configured limitlessly, use the unique driver installation procedure described below that enables your PC to identify terminals via a single virtual USB device.

NOTE: Once this installation procedure is carried out for a PC, no more driver/software installation will be required for that PC to identify machines. If the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver has been already installed to your PC according to this procedure, skip this section.

NOTE: Before proceeding to the procedure given below, make sure that the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver (listed in [Chapter 7, Section 7.1.1](#)) is stored in your PC.

- (1) Make sure that the machine's power cord is unplugged from an electrical outlet.
If the machine is connected to a PC, unplug the USB cable.
- (2) Switch on your PC.
- (3) Plug the machine's power cord into an electrical outlet.
- (4) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode. (Refer to [Chapter 9](#).)

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this order.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

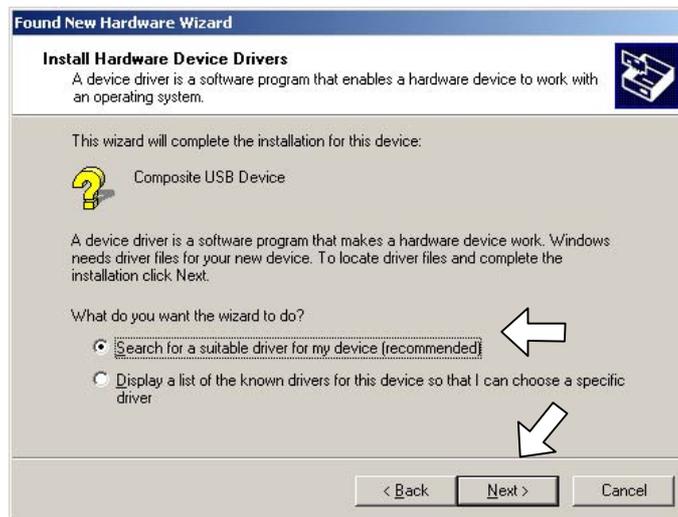
- (5) Connect the machine to your PC using the USB cable.
The following window appears.



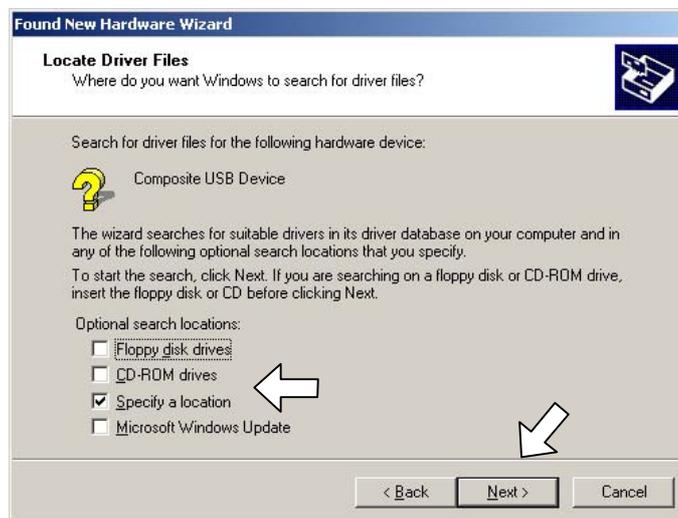
- (6) The following screen appears, indicating the detection of new hardware device by the system. Click **Next** to proceed.



- (7) Select "Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended)" and click **Next**.



- (8) Select "Specify a location" and click **Next**.



- (9) Select the folder where the copy of the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver is located (or click **Browse** to specify it), then click **OK**.

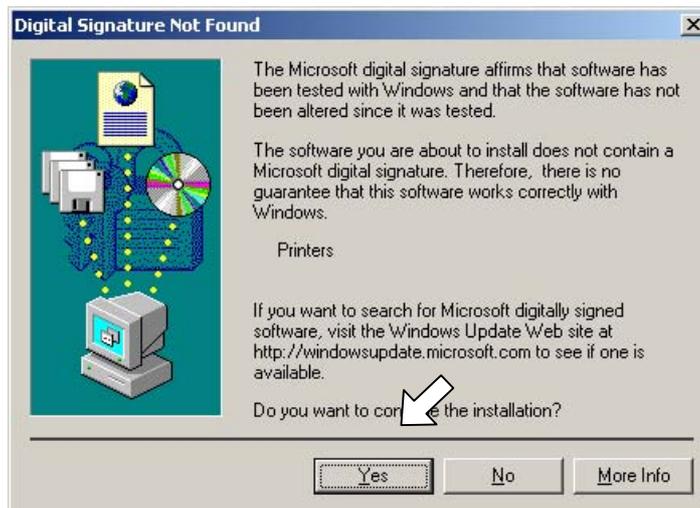
(This sample screen is captured on the Windows 2000 desktop.)



- (10) Click **Next**.



- (11) To proceed, click **Yes**.



(12) If the driver is successfully installed, the following message window appears. Click **Finish** to return to Windows.



NOTE: After completion of the driver installation, if the machine exits the maintenance mode, the "Found New Hardware Wizard" screen in step (6) appears again. Click **Cancel**.

NOTE: To check that the printer driver is successfully installed, click **Start|Settings|Printers** to call up the Printers window as shown below and confirm that the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon is displayed.



7.2 IF YOU REPLACE THE HEAD/CARRIAGE UNIT OR ENGINE UNIT

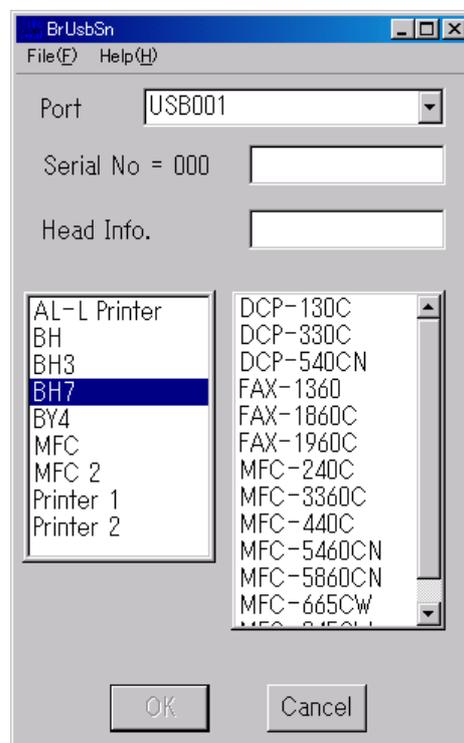
[1] Update the head property information stored in the EEPROM on the main PCB

- (1) Make sure that the machine's power cord is unplugged from an electrical outlet.
If the machine is connected to a PC, unplug the USB cable.
- (2) Switch on the PC.
- (3) Plug the machine's power cord into an electrical outlet.
- (4) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this sequence.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

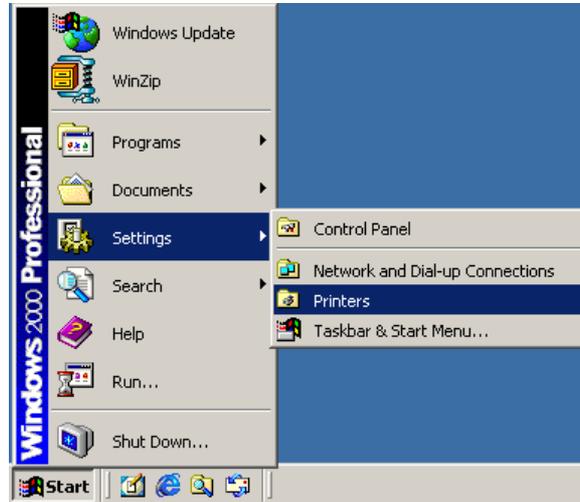
- (5) Connect the machine to the PC using a USB cable.
- (6) On the PC, run the ID/head property setup utility (brusbnsn.exe) in the folder created. The following window appears.



- (7) On the model menu, click **BH7**.

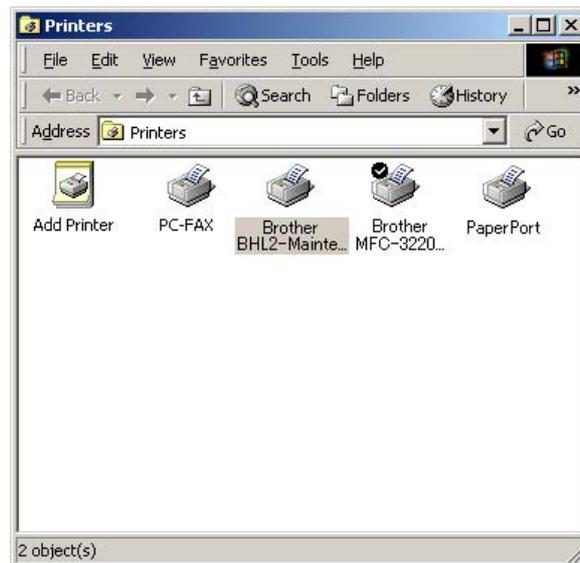
(8) In **Port** on the BrUsbSn screen, select the port number assigned to the BHL2-Maintenance Printer. If the port number is unknown, follow steps 1) through 4) below.

1) Click **Start | Settings | Printers**.



The Printers window appears as shown below.

2) Right-click the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon.

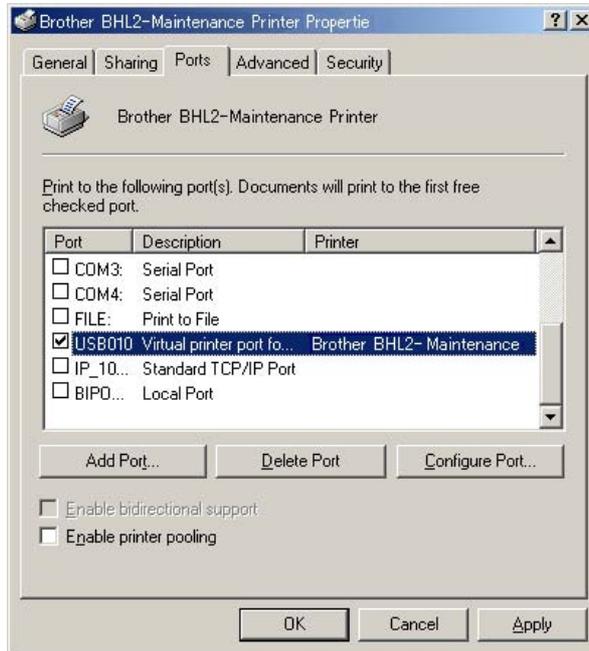


3) Click **Properties**.



The BHL2-Maintenance Printer Properties window appears as shown below.

- 4) Click the **Ports** tab.



In this example, the port number assigned to the Brother BHL2-Maintenance Printer is USB010.

- (9) In the **Head Info.** box on the BrUsbSn screen (page 7-6), type the 15-digit property code (e.g., ALR778402F00000) which is printed on the bar code label attached to the lower cover. Click the **OK** button.
- (10) To check that the entered head property code is correct (using function code 68 in Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.16), press the **6** and **8** keys in this order. Then press the **2**, **5**, **8**, and **0** keys in this order.

The LCD shows the current head property information (15-digit code) stored in the EEPROM on the main PCB.

- (11) Check that the character string entered in step (9) appears.

If it is OK, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

If something other than that appears, check the connection between the PC and machine and go back to step (6).

[2] Clean the new head/carriage unit (Function code 76)

- (1) Open the ink cartridge cover, set new ink cartridges into the ink refill ASSY, and close the ink cartridge cover.
- (2) Carry out "Initial purge" (with function code 76) using the steps below. (See [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.20.](#))

Press the **7** and **6** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine displays "CLEANING ALL" on the LCD and enters the purge mode.

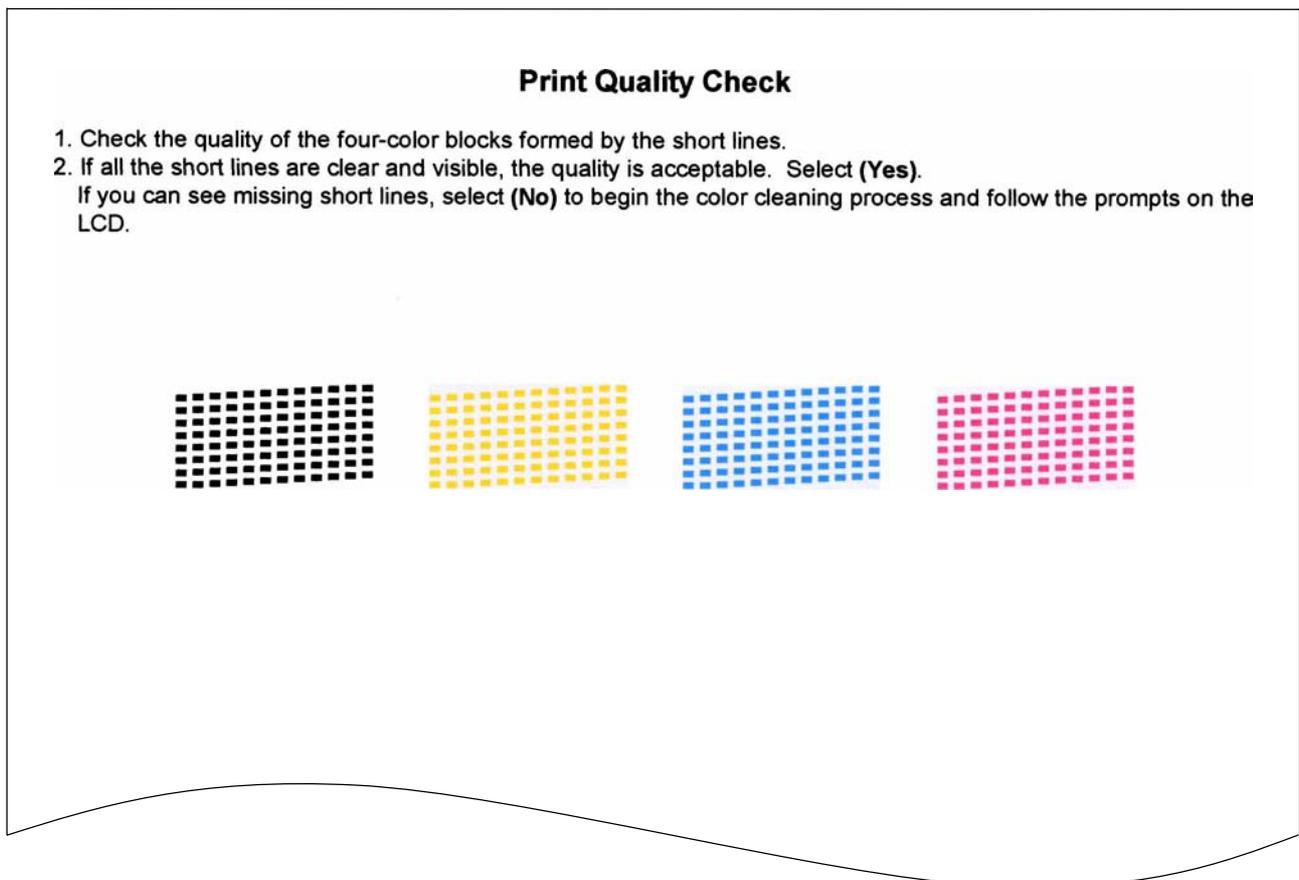
Press the **4** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order.

The machine starts an initial purge that refills the ink supply tubes and the new print head with fresh ink.

[3] Print out a test pattern (Function code 09)

To check that the head/carriage unit normally sprays ink droplets from *all* head nozzles, print out a test pattern with function code 09 (see [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.4](#)) with the following steps.

- (1) Press the **0** and **9** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- (2) If a missing dot or any other print problem is found, go back to [2] above to clean the head/carriage unit again.

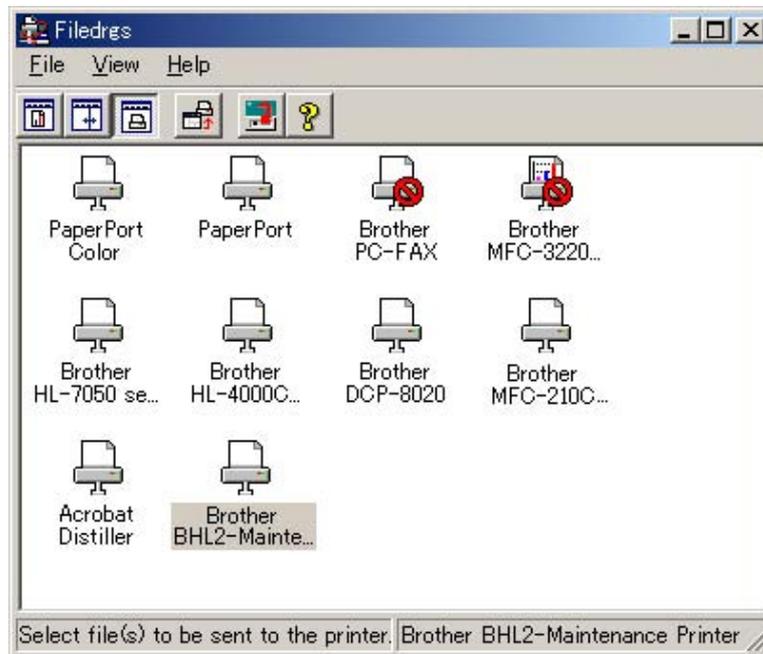


Test Pattern

[4] Correct the positioning error of the head/carriage unit

- (1) Run "filedrg32.exe" in the folder created.

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



- (2) Drag and drop the "incline.prn" icon onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out the "Incline Adjust" test pattern shown on the next page.

- (3) Out of the three rows of the "Incline Adjust" test pattern (on the next page), check the middle row and select the block that is the least uneven print. Make a note of that block number.

NG
-7
-6
-4
-3
-1
0
+1
+3
+4
+6
+7
NG

NG
-7
-6
-4
-3
-1
0
+1
+3
+4
+6
+7
NG

NG
-7
-6
-4
-3
-1
0
+1
+3
+4
+6
+7
NG

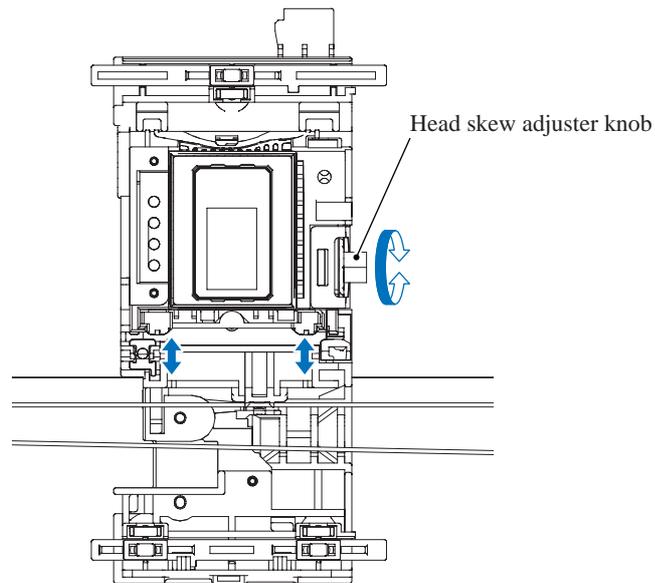
Head Positioning Test Pattern

- (4) Move the head/carriage unit to the center of its travel with function code 63 (see [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.13](#)) using the following key operation.

Press the **6**, **3**, and ***** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

- (5) Turn the head skew adjuster knob by the number of divisions specified by the pattern number you recorded in step (3), using a spanner.

If block +1 is the least uneven print, for example, turn the head skew adjuster knob to the front by one division; if block -1, turn it to the rear by one division.

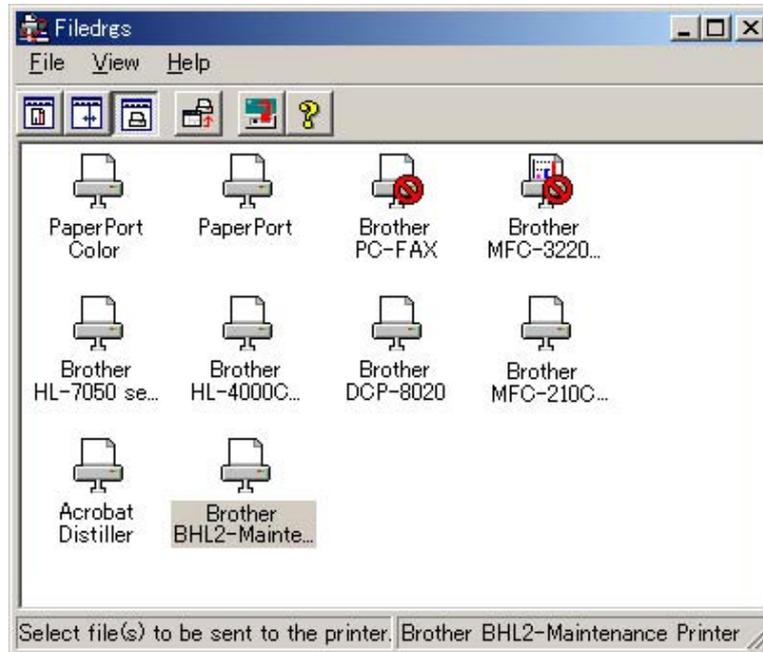


[5] Update the paper feeding correction value (Function code 58)

Before starting the operation below, be sure to set letter-size paper for printing check patterns.

- (1) On your PC, run "filedrgs.exe" in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#).

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



- (2) Drag and drop the "pfadj.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out "PF adjust check" patterns (see [page 7-15](#) for a sample printout).

- (3) On the machine, press the **5** and **8** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The "1.PF 2.EXIT" appears on the LCD.

- (4) To select the paper feed roller adjustment, press the **1** key.

The "PF ADJ NO. +0" appears on the LCD.

- (5) Out of the three rows of the "PF adjust check" pattern (on [page 7-15](#)), check the middle row and select the block that is the least uneven print. Make a note of that block number.

If the least unevenness seems to be far to the left of -8, regard it as -8; if it seems to be far to the right of +8, regard it as +8. In this case, you need to check whether the paper feed roller and head/carriage unit are set into place.

- (6) Enter the number of the least uneven block found in step (5).

For example, if the number of the least uneven block is +4, press the **4** key when the "PF ADJ NO. +0" is displayed on the LCD.

If the number is -4, press the **▼** key to display the "PF ADJ NO. -0" and press the **4** key.

Then press the **OK** key, and the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

- (7) On your PC, drag and drop the "exitadj.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out three sheets of "EXIT adjust check" patterns (on [page 7-16](#) for a sample printout).

- (8) On the machine, press the **5** and **8** keys in this order.

The "1.PF 2.EXIT" appears on the LCD.

- (9) To select the paper ejection roller adjustment, press the **2** key.

The "EXIT ADJ NO. +0" appears on the LCD.

- (10) Out of the three sheets of the "EXIT adjust check" patterns (on [page 7-16](#)), check the middle sheet and select the block that is the least uneven print. Make a note of that block number.

- (11) Enter the number of the least uneven block found in step (10) in the same way as in step (6).

Then press the **OK** key, and the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

* B17 PF adjust check - Ver 005 *

(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)



(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)



(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)



Paper Feeding Check Pattern for the Paper Feed Roller

BH7 EXIT adjust check 2/3 = Ver 005

(NG)-S -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +S(NG)



Paper Feeding Check Pattern for the Paper Ejection Roller

[6] Align vertical print lines (Function code 65)

- (1) Press the **6**, **5** and **1** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine prints out two sets of vertical alignment check patterns in monochrome for 600 dpi and 1200 dpi (see the next page), each of which consists of #0 through #8 blocks. If the vertical alignment is ON, #5 block shows vertically aligned lines.

The "600DPI NO.(1-8)" appears on the LCD.

- (2) For 600 dpi, check the printed vertical alignment check patterns and find which number block shows full alignment.

If the full alignment block is other than #5, enter that block number by using the numerical keys.

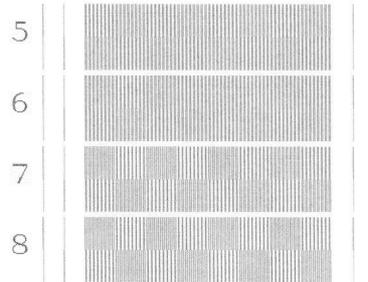
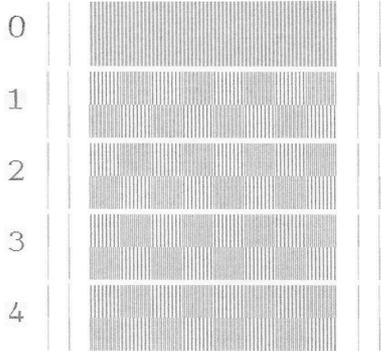
The "1200DPI NO.(1-8)" appears.

- (3) For 1200 dpi, perform the same operation as in step (2).

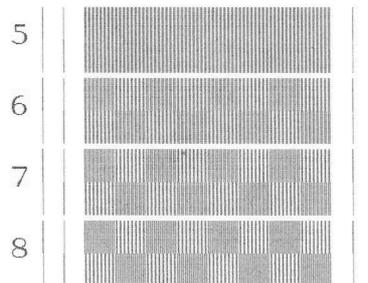
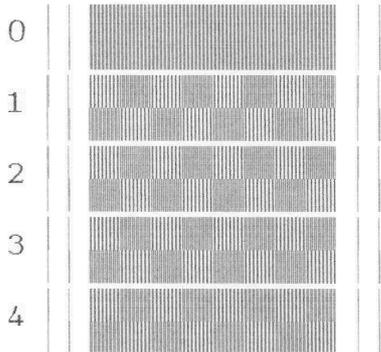
The machine automatically returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

NOTE: If #1 or #8 block is fully aligned so that you press the **1** or **8** key in the above procedure, then go back to step (1) to confirm that #5 block becomes aligned.

600DPI



1200DPI



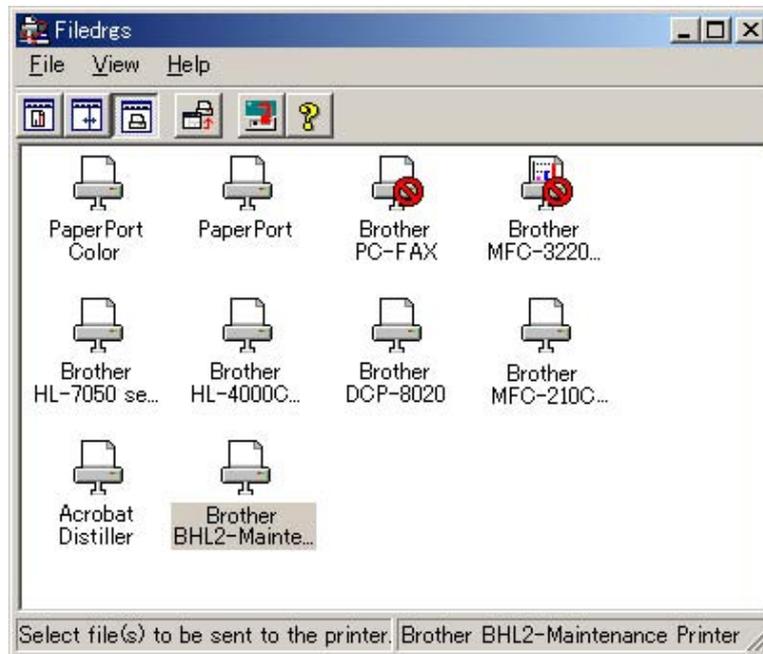
Vertical Alignment Check Patterns

[7] Margin adjustment in borderless printing (Function code 66)

Before starting the operation below, be sure to set letter-size paper for printing a check pattern.

- (1) On the PC, run "filedrgs.exe" in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#).

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



- (2) Drag and drop the "media.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out the "MEDIA CHECK" pattern (see [page 7-21](#) for a sample printout).

- (3) Measure the left and right margins on the printout.

(Example) Left: 1.3 mm, Right: 1.4 mm

If both margins are within the range from 0.9 to 1.1 mm, no adjustment is required.

- (4) If either margin is out of the specified range, press the **6** key twice in the initial stage of the maintenance mode on the machine.

The "MEDIA SENSOR ADJ" appears. (Note: The Media Sensor refers to the paper width sensor.)

- (5) To make the machine ready for data entry, press the * key.

The "LEFT: 10" appears on the LCD.

- (6) To adjust the left margin, enter the measured value (in units of 0.1 mm) multiplied by 10.
In this example, the left margin measured in step (3) is 1.3 mm, so press the **1**, **3**, and **OK** keys.
- (7) The "RIGHT: 10" appears on the LCD.
To adjust the right margin, enter the measured value (in units of 0.1 mm) multiplied by 10.
In this example, the right margin measured in step (3) is 1.4 mm, so press the **1**, **4**, and **OK** keys.
- (8) Upon completion of the entry, the machine automatically returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
Go back to step (2) and print out the margin check pattern again.
- (9) Measure the left and right margins on the printout.
If both margins are within the range from 0.9 to 1.1 mm, the adjustment is completed.

* BH7 MEDIA CHECK - Ver. 003 *

LEFT:0.9-1.1mm

RIGHT:0.9-1.1mm



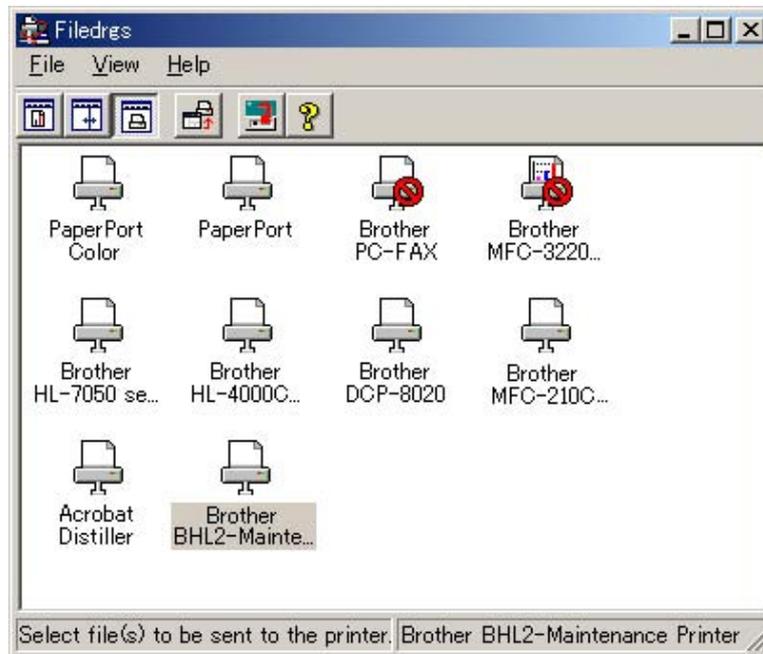
Margin Check Pattern

[8] Print out a total check pattern

Before starting the operation below, be sure to set letter-size paper for printing a check pattern.

- (1) On your PC, run "filedrgs.exe" in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#).

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



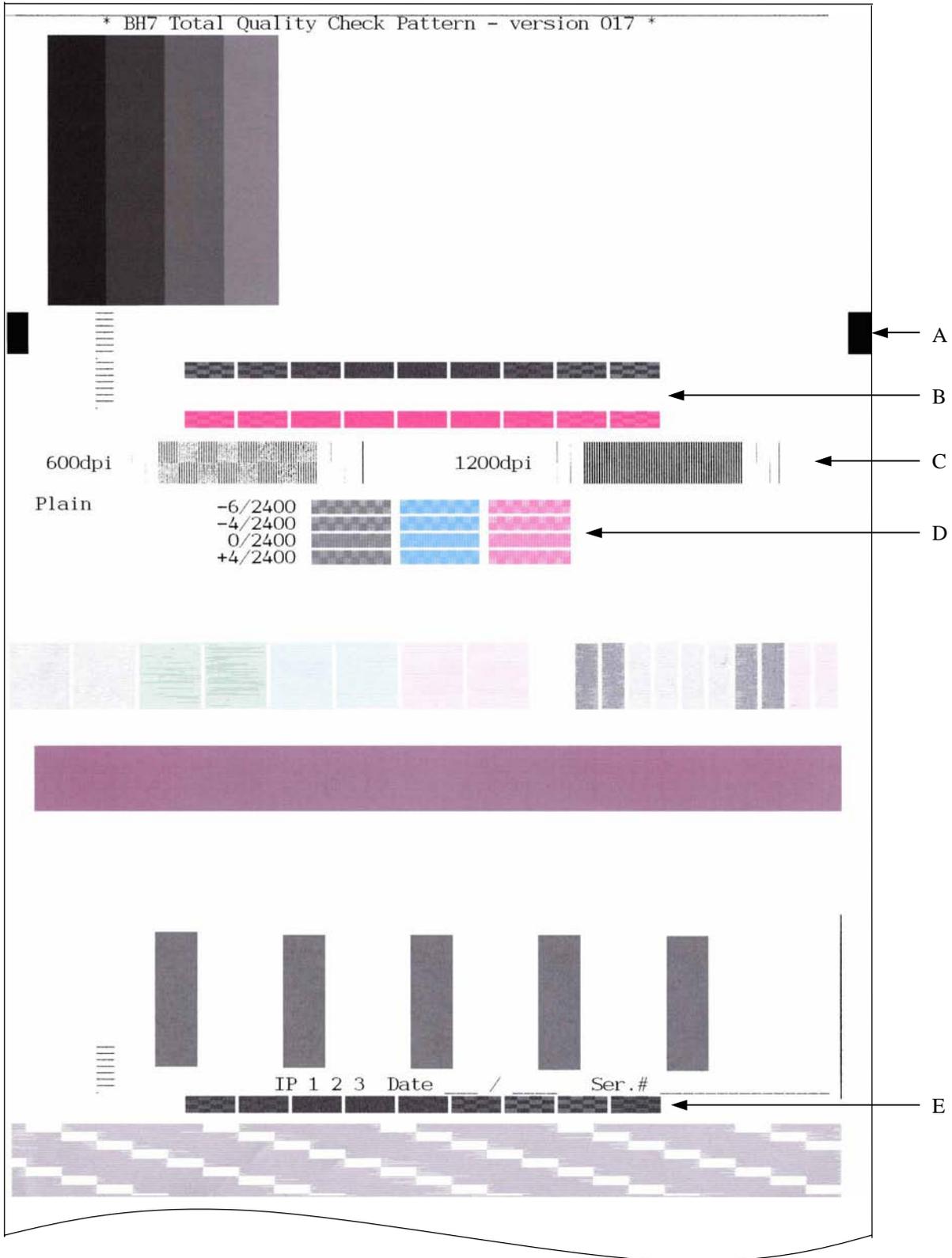
- (2) Drag and drop the "qualbh7.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out the "Total Quality Check Pattern" (see the next page for a sample printout).

- (3) Check the printed check pattern. If any problem is found, go back to the related item (any of [4] through [7] above) and make adjustments again.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A: Margin adjustment for borderless printing | Go back to Section 7.2 [7] . |
| B: Paper feed roller adjustment | Go back to Section 7.2 [5] . |
| C: Vertical print lines adjustment | Go back to Section 7.2 [6] . |
| D: Head positioning adjustment | Go back to Section 7.2 [4] . |
| E: Paper ejection roller adjustment | Go back to Section 7.2 [5] . |

- (4) Repeat steps (2) and (3) until no problem is found.



Total Check Pattern

- A: Margin adjustment for borderless printing
- B: Paper feed roller adjustment
- C: Vertical print lines adjustment
- D: Head positioning adjustment
- E: Paper ejection roller adjustment

[9] Switch back to standby

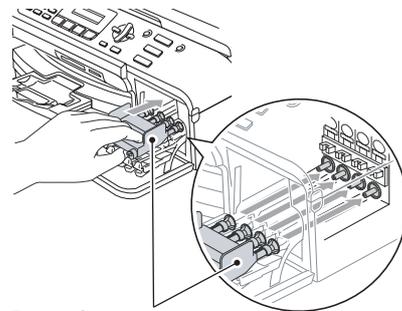
After completion of the adjustment, disconnect the USB cable and then press the **9** key twice to return to the standby state.

NOTE: Be sure to disconnect the USB cable first. Returning to standby without disconnecting the USB cable runs "Found New Hardware Wizard" that starts USB driver installation (as described in [Section 7.1.2](#)).

NOTE: Enable the initial setup mode (see [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.13](#)).

[10] Replace the ink cartridges with the protective part

Remove all four ink cartridges and set the protective part instead.



Protective part

(6_02)

7.3 IF YOU REPLACE THE MAIN PCB

NOTE: If the main PCB is replaced, you should also replace both of the ink absorber box and flushing box. Using the machine without replacing them for a long period may cause an overflow of drained ink from them, thereby staining the machine.

[1] Load programs

- If the main PCB is replaced with a new one, load the desired programs onto the flash ROM. Refer to [Appendix 2, page App. 2-5](#).
- If the main PCB is replaced with the one used for any other machine, follow the steps below.
 - (1) Change the firmware stored in the flash ROM. Refer to [Appendix 2, page App. 2-7](#).
 - (2) Reset each of the purge and flushing counters with the following procedure.
 - 1) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this order.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.
 - 2) Press the **8** and **0** keys in this order.
 - 3) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key several times until the purge (or flushing) count appears on the LCD.
 - 4) Press the **2**, **7**, **8**, and **3** keys in this order to reset the purge (or flushing) count.
 - 5) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
 - 6) Press the **9** key twice to exit from the maintenance mode.

[2] Initialize the EEPROM on the main PCB (Function code 01)

Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.1](#).

[3] Customize the EEPROM on the main PCB (Function code 74)

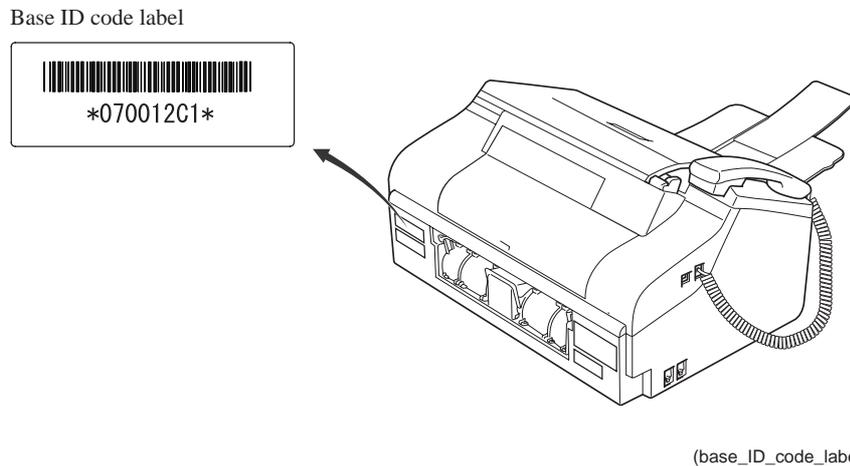
Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.18](#).

[4] Register base ID code to the main PCB and base unit (cordless PCB)

The following procedure registers the base ID code to both the main PCB and base unit (cordless PCB) at the same time. For the registration procedure of the cordless handsets, see [13] below.

- (1) Read the base ID code from the label attached to the rear of the machine.

NOTE: The code may be 8 or 10 digits long depending upon the machine models.



- (2) On the machine, press the **Menu, Black Start (Mono Start), ▼, ▲, ▼, ▲** in this order.
The machine enters the maintenance mode and displays the "■■ MAINTENANCE ■4■" on the LCD.
- (3) Press the **0, 0, 8, and 6** keys in this order.
The current base ID code registered appears on the LCD.
Base: XXXXXXXX
- (4) If the displayed code is different from the one read in step (1), move the cursor to the digit to be modified, using the ◀ and ▶ keys, and then enter the one read in step (1). To enter numerals, use the numerical keys; to enter alphabets A through F, use the ▲ and ▼ keys.
NOTE: To cancel the procedure halfway, press the **Stop/Exit** key.
- (5) Press the **OK** key.
If the registration completes normally, the "COMPLETE" appears on the LCD.
NOTE: If the "FAILED" appears, the registration has failed. Go back to step (2) above.
- (6) Wait two seconds for the screen to return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode and display the "■■ MAINTENANCE ■4■ ."
- (7) Press the **9** key twice to return to the standby state.

[5] Check the control panel PCB for normal operation (Function code 13)

Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.7](#).

[6] Check the sensor operation (Function code 32)

Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.8](#).

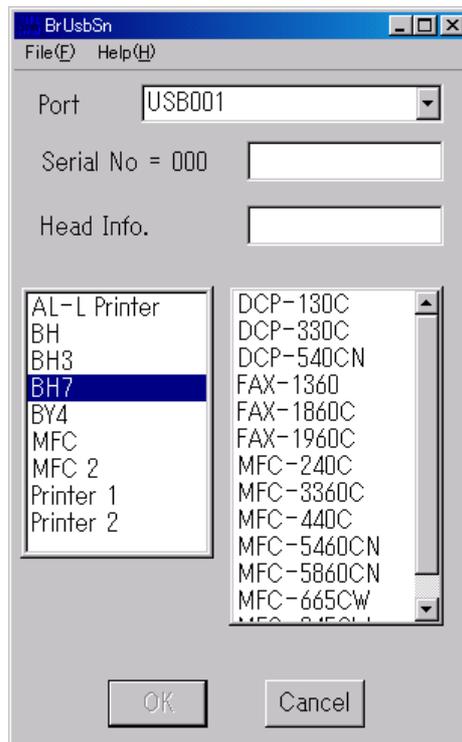
[7] Acquire white level data and set CIS scanner area (Function code 55)

Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.11](#).

[8] Set an ID code and update the head property information

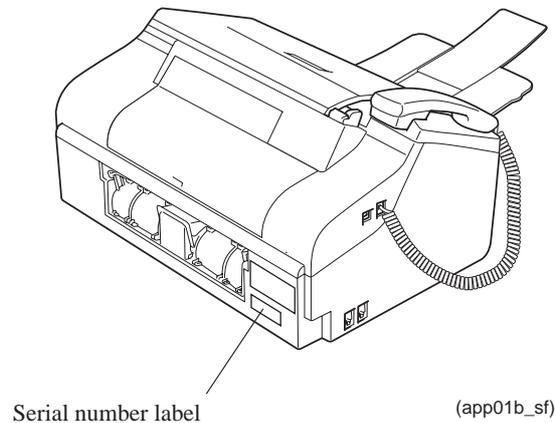
NOTE: Make sure that the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver has been installed to your PC. To do it, click **Start|Settings|Printers** to call up the Printers window and confirm that the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon (shown on the sample window on [page 7-5](#)) is displayed. If the driver has not been installed, install it referring to [Section 7.1.2](#).

- (1) Make sure that your PC is turned off, then connect the machine to your PC using a USB cable.
- (2) Switch your PC on.
- (3) On your PC, run the ID/head property utility (brusbsn.exe) in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#). The following window appears.

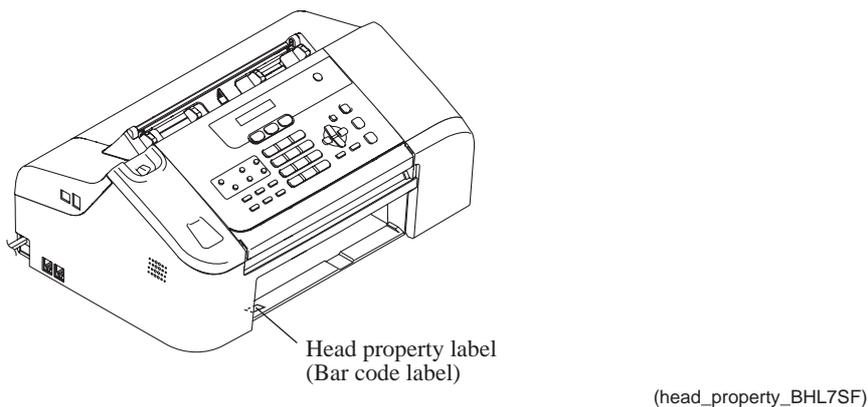


- (4) On the model menu, click **BH7**.

- (5) In **Port** on the BrUsbSn screen (on the previous page), select the port number assigned to the BHL2-Maintenance Printer. If the port number is unknown, follow the instructions given in [Section 7.2 \[1 \], step \(8\)](#).
- (6) In the **Serial No** box on the BrUsbSn screen, type the 9-digit serial number (e.g., D6F111101) printed on the nameplate labeled to the machine as an ID code.



- (7) In the **Head Info.** box, type the 15-digit property code (e.g., ALR778402F00000) which is printed on the bar code label attached to the lower cover. Click the **OK** button.



- (8) Check whether the entered character strings (ID code and head property information) are correct with the following procedure.

Press the **8** and **0** keys in this order. Then press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key several times, and the ID code appears on the LCD. Check that the displayed code is that string entered in step (6).

Next, press the **6** and **8** keys in this order. Then press the **2**, **5**, **8**, and **0** keys in this order, and the head property code appears on the LCD. Check that the displayed code is that string entered in step (7).

- (9) If both are OK, proceed to [9] below.

If something wrong is displayed, check the connection between the PC and machine and go back to step (2).

[9] Update the paper feeding correction value (Function code 58)

Refer to [Section 7.2, \[5 \]](#).

[10] Align vertical print lines (Function code 65)

Refer to [Section 7.2, \[6 \]](#).

[11] Margin adjustment in borderless printing (Function code 66)

Refer to [Section 7.2, \[7 \]](#).

[12] Switch back to standby

Refer to [Section 7.2, \[9 \]](#).

[13] Register cordless handsets

On the cordless handset

- (1) Press the **Menu/OK** key.
- (2) Press the **▲** or **▼** key to choose "Register HS," then press the **Menu/OK** key.

The cordless handset enters the registration mode.

On the machine (base unit)

Complete steps (3) and (4) below within two minutes from the entry of the registration mode.

- (3) Press the **Menu, 0, 6,** and **OK** keys in this order.
- (4) Press the **▲** or **▼** key to display "Register," then press the **OK** key.

Upon successful end of registration, the machine sounds a long beep.

- Notes**
- If the machine sounds three short beeps, indicating the failure of registration, it returns to the "Register" state. Perform steps (1) through (4) again.
 - If you want to install another cordless handset, repeat steps (1) through (4).
 - Up to four cordless handsets can be registered to the machine.

- (5) Press the **Stop/Exit** key. The machine returns to the standby state.

7.4 IF YOU REPLACE THE INK ABSORBER BOX OR FLUSHING BOX

When either the ink absorber box or flushing box is replaced, you should replace both of them.

[1] Reset each of the purge and flushing counters

- (1) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this order.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

- (2) Press the **8** and **0** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- (3) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key several times until the purge (or flushing) count appears on the LCD.
- (4) Press the **2**, **7**, **8**, and **3** keys in this order to reset the purge (or flushing) count.
- (5) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- (6) Press the **9** key twice to exit from the maintenance mode.

TIP: This machine counts all purge operations performed since produced in order to prevent the ink absorber box from overflowing with drained ink. An initial purge, for example, advances the counter by $163 + 432 = 595$.

When the purge or flushing counter approaches 9600 or 475852272, respectively, "MACHINE ERROR 46" appears, and further purge or flushing operations are prohibited. Replace both the ink absorber box and flushing box and reset their counters.

7.5 IF YOU REPLACE THE CIS UNIT

[1] Acquire white level data and set CIS scanner area (Function code 55)

Refer to [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.11](#).

7.6 IF YOU REPLACE THE CORDLESS PCB

[1] Register base ID code to the main PCB and base unit (cordless PCB)

Refer to [Section 7.3, \[4 \]](#).

[2] Register cordless handsets

Refer to [Section 7.3, \[13 \]](#).

7.7 IF YOU REPLACE THE CORDLESS HANDSETS

[1] Deregister and register cordless handsets

The machine can support up to four cordless handsets registered. If you replace any of them, deregister all handsets and then register them.

-- Deregistering a cordless handset --

On the machine (base unit)

- (1) Press the **Menu**, **0**, and **6** keys in this order.
- (2) Press the **Erase** and **1** keys in this order.
- (3) Press the **Stop/Exit** key. The machine returns to the standby state.

-- Registering a cordless handset --

On the cordless handset

- (1) Press the **Menu/OK** key.
- (2) Press the **▲** or **▼** key to choose "Register HS," then press the **Menu/OK** key.

The cordless handset enters the registration mode.

On the machine (base unit)

Complete steps (3) and (4) below within two minutes from the entry of the registration mode.

- (3) Press the **Menu**, **0**, **6**, and **OK** keys in this order.
- (4) Press the **▲** or **▼** key to display "Register," then press the **OK** key.

Upon successful end of registration, the machine sounds a long beep.

Notes • If the machine sounds three short beeps, indicating the failure of registration, it returns to the "Register" state. Perform steps (1) through (4) again.

• If you want to install another cordless handset, repeat steps (1) through (4).

• Up to four cordless handsets can be registered to the machine.

- (5) Press the **Stop/Exit** key. The machine returns to the standby state.

CHAPTER 8

CLEANING

CHAPTER 8 CLEANING

This chapter provides cleaning procedures not covered by the User's Guide. Before starting any repair work, clean the machine as it may solve the problem concerned.

CONTENTS

8.1	CLEANING THE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL SURFACES OF THE MACHINE.....	8-1
8.2	CLEANING THE MAINTENANCE UNIT	8-2

For the cleaning procedures of the head/carriage unit, scanner unit, and platen, refer to the User's Guide.

8.1 CLEANING THE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL SURFACES OF THE MACHINE

- (1) If the external surface of the machine is stained, clean it with a soft, clean and lint-free cloth.

NOTE: Do not use isopropyl alcohol (IPA) to remove dirt or stains from the molding parts. Doing so may cause cracks in those parts.

- (2) If the inside of the machine is stained, first unplug the power cord from the electrical outlet and then clean it with a soft, clean and lint-free cloth.

NOTE: Do not use liquid or aerosol cleaners.

- (3) If the PF encoder disk or encoder strip is stained, replace it with a new one. Do not try to clean it.

8.2 CLEANING THE MAINTENANCE UNIT

- (1) Plug the power cord of the machine into an electrical outlet.
- (2) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this sequence.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

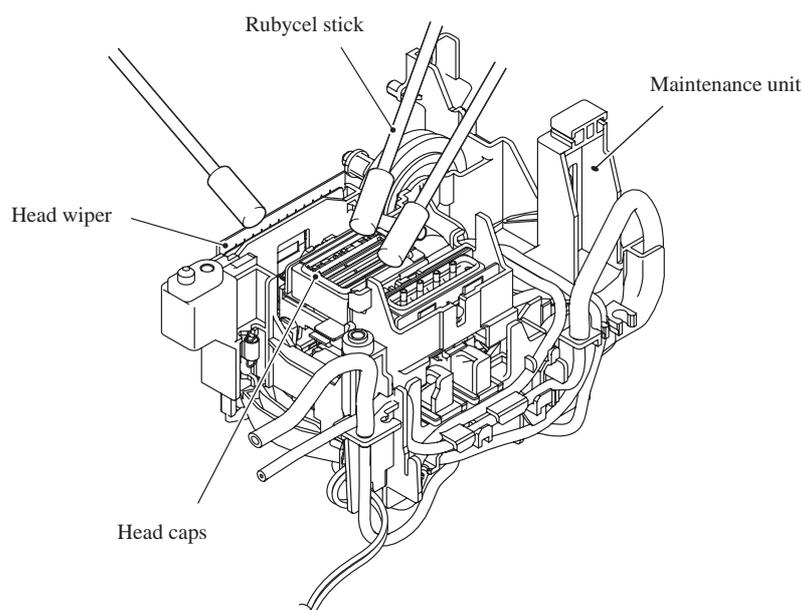
- (3) Move the head/carriage unit to the center of its travel (function code 63 in [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.13](#)) by pressing the **6**, **3**, and ***** keys in this sequence.
- (4) Unplug the power cord of the machine from the electrical outlet.
- (5) Open the upper jam clear cover.
- (6) Clean the two head caps and wiper of the maintenance unit with a "Rubycel" stick that is a head cleaner stick provided as a spare part.

NOTE: Do not use a cotton swab that may leave lint on the cleaned sections. Lint left on the maintenance unit will affect the print performance.

NOTE: Use a new Rubycel stick and do not use the used one for any other maintenance units.

NOTE: During the cleaning jobs, take care not to touch the head caps or wiper directly by hand or scratch their surfaces. Do not remove them from the head cap holder.

- (7) Close the upper jam clear cover.
- (8) Plug the power cord of the machine into an electrical outlet.
- (9) Hear the head/carriage unit moving. After the moving sound stops, unplug the machine's power cord from the electrical outlet.



CHAPTER 9

MAINTENANCE MODE

CHAPTER 9 MAINTENANCE MODE

This chapter describes the maintenance mode which is exclusively designed for the purpose of checks, settings and adjustments of the machine using the keys on the control panel.

In the maintenance mode, you can update memory (EEPROM: electrically erasable programmable read-only memory) contents for optimizing the drive conditions of the head/carriage unit or the paper feed roller and paper ejection roller in the engine unit, if those units have been replaced, or for setting the CIS scanner area, for example. You can also customize the EEPROM according to the shipment destination of the machine concerned. In addition, you can perform operational checks of the LCD, control panel PCB or sensors, perform a print test, display the log information or error codes, and modify firmware switches (WSW).

For models with a cordless handset, the maintenance functions dedicated to cordless handsets are provided.

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9.1 MAINTENANCE MODE FOR THE MACHINE

9.1.1 Entry into the Maintenance Mode

Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this order.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

To select one of the maintenance-mode functions listed in [Section 9.1.2](#), enter the corresponding 2-digit function code with the numerical keys on the control panel. (The details of each maintenance-mode function are described in [Section 9.1.4](#).)

- NOTES**
- To exit from the maintenance mode and switch to standby, press the **9** key twice in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
 - Pressing the **Stop/Exit** key after entering only one digit restores the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
 - If an invalid function code is entered, the machine resumes the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

9.1.2 List of Maintenance-mode Functions

Maintenance-mode Functions

Function Code	Function	Reference Section (Page)
01	EEPROM Parameter Initialization	9.1.4.1 (9-4)
05	Printout of Scanning Compensation Data	9.1.4.2 (9-5)
08	ADF Performance Test	9.1.4.3 (9-7)
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32	Sensor Operational Check	9.1.4.8 (9-18)
53	Transfer of Received FAX Data and/or Equipment's Log	9.1.4.9 (9-20)
54	Fine Adjustment of Scanning Start/End Position	9.1.4.10 (9-22)
55	Acquisition of White Level Data and CIS Scanner Area Setting	9.1.4.11 (9-23)
58	Updating of Paper Feeding Correction Value	9.1.4.12 (9-24)
63	Travel Check of the Head/Carriage Unit and Initial Setup Mode	9.1.4.13 (9-28)
65	Alignment of Vertical Print Lines in Monochrome	9.1.4.14 (9-29)
66	Margin Adjustment in Borderless Printing	9.1.4.15 (9-31)
68	Updating of Property Data	9.1.4.16 (9-34)
69	Head/Carriage Unit Traveling Speed Check	9.1.4.17 (9-35)
74	EEPROM Customizing	9.1.4.18 (9-36)
75	Travel of Head/Carriage Unit (for removing paper particles and dust accumulated on the maintenance unit)	9.1.4.19 (9-38)
76	Purging Operation	9.1.4.20 (9-39)
80	Display of the Equipment's Log	9.1.4.21 (9-42)
82	Equipment Error Code Indication	9.1.4.22 (9-44)
87	Output of Transmission Log to the Telephone Line	9.1.4.23 (9-44)
88	Assurance Mode Switch Setting	9.1.4.24 (9-45)
91	EEPROM Parameter Initialization (except the telephone number storage area)	9.1.4.1 (9-4)
99	Exit from the Maintenance Mode	----- (9-1)
(Menu + #, 2, 7, 9, 0, 0)	Cancellation of the Pin TX Lock Mode (Not applicable to U.S.A. models)	9.1.4.25 (9-52)

9.1.3 User-access to the Maintenance Mode

Basically, the maintenance-mode functions listed on the previous page should be accessed by service personnel only. However, you can allow end users to access some of these under the guidance of service personnel (e.g., by telephone).

The user-accessible functions (codes 10, 11, 12, 53, 66, 75, 76, 80, 82, 87, 88, and 91) are *shaded* in the table given on the previous page. Function code 10 accesses the firmware switches, each of which has eight selectors. You should not allow end users to access all of those selectors, but you can allow them to access user-accessible selectors which are *shaded* in the firmware switch tables in [Appendix 4](#).

The service personnel should instruct end users to follow the procedure given below.

- (1) Press the **Menu**, **Black Start (Mono Start)**, **Menu**, and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order.

The "MAINTENANCE 10" appears on the LCD.

TIP: For the models equipped with a numerical keypad, you may press the **Menu**, **Black Start (Mono Start)**, and **0** keys instead in the same way as conventional models. Then pressing **1** and **0** keys, for example, calls up the setting screen for Function code 10.

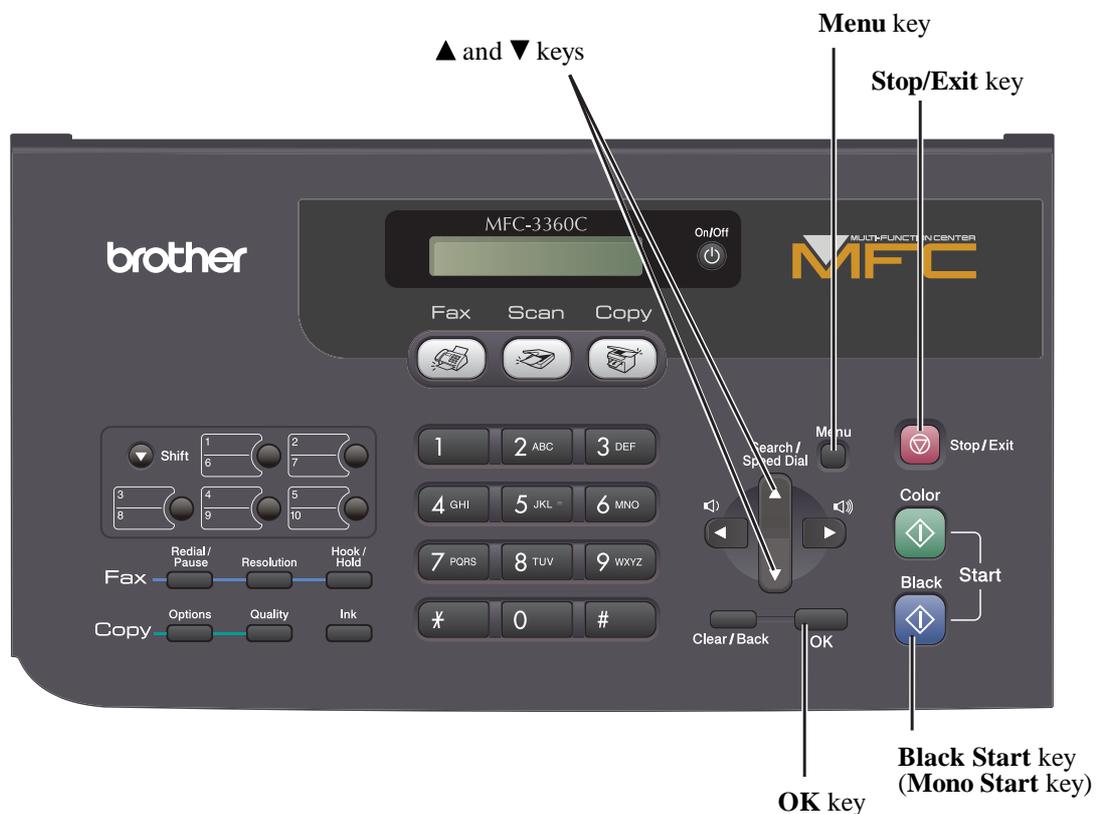
- (2) To access function code 10, press the **OK** key.

To access any other function code, call up the desired code using the **▲** and **▼** keys or numerical keys.

Then press the **OK** key.

For function code 10, access the desired firmware switch according to the operating procedure described in [Appendix 4](#).

- (3) To make the machine return to standby, press the **Stop/Exit** key. When each of the user-accessible functions is completed, the machine automatically returns to standby.



9.1.4 Detailed Description of Maintenance-mode Functions

9.1.4.1 EEPROM Parameter Initialization (Function code 01, 91)

■ Function

The machine initializes the parameters, user switches, firmware switches, and assurance mode switch settings registered in the EEPROM, to the initial values. Entering function code 01 initializes almost all of the EEPROM areas, but entering 91 does not initialize some areas, as listed below.

Function code	01	91
Data item		
Maintenance-mode functions	All of these will be initialized.	These will be initialized.
User switches		
Firmware switches		
Remote activation code		
Assurance mode switch settings		
Station ID data		These will <u>not</u> be initialized.
Outside line number		
Telephone function registration		
One-touch dialing		
Speed dialing		
Group dialing		
Call transfer data		
EEPROM customizing code (4-digit)	This will <u>not</u> be initialized. (Note that the first digit of the 4-digit code will be initialized to "0." If the code is <u>1</u> 001, for example, it will be initialized to <u>0</u> 001.)	

NOTE: If you replace the main PCB with the one used for any other machine, carry out this procedure and then customize the EEPROM (function code 74 in [Section 9.1.4.18](#)).

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **0** and **1** keys (or the **9** and **1** keys according to your need) in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The "PARAMETER INIT" appears on the LCD.

- (2) Upon completion of parameter initialization, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

9.1.4.2 Printout of Scanning Compensation Data (Function code 05)

■ Function

The machine prints out the white and black level data for scanning compensation.

■ Operating Procedure

Do not start this function merely after powering on the machine but start it after carrying out a sequence of scanning operation. Unless the machine has carried out any scanning operation, this function cannot print out correct scanning compensation data. This is because at the start of scanning operation, the machine initializes white and black level data and takes in the scanning compensation reference data.

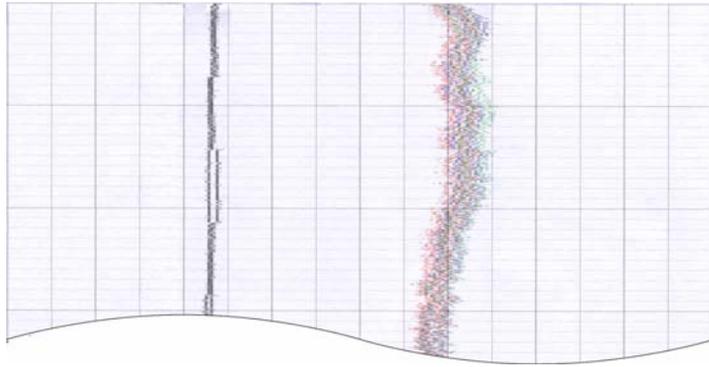
NOTE: Be sure to disconnect the USB cable from the machine before proceeding to the procedure below.

- (1) Press the **0** and **5** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "PRINTING" appears on the LCD.
- (2) The machine prints out the scanning compensation data list containing the following:
 - a) Black/white data graph
 - b) LED light intensity pulse data for green image (2 bytes)
 - c) LED light intensity pulse data for blue image (2 bytes)
 - d) LED light intensity pulse data for red image (2 bytes)
 - e) Black level data (4970 bytes)
 - f) White level data for red image (4970 bytes)
 - g) White level data for green image (4970 bytes)
 - h) White level data for blue image (4970 bytes)
- (3) Upon completion of recording of the compensation data list, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

NOTE: When the machine prints monochrome images after monochrome scanning, only the green data is valid.

NOTE: If any data is abnormal, its code will be printed in inline style.

a)



b)
c)
d)

402a4d1a : 0bb3
 402a4d1c : 0899
 402a4d1e : 1326

50f6da00	: 4a 4b 4d 4c 4d 4b 4c 4b 4b 4b 4c 4b 4b 4b 4a
50f6da20	: 4c 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4c 4b 4c 4b
50f6da40	: 4c 4a 4c 4b 4b 4a 4b 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6da60	: 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a
50f6da80	: 4b 4a 4b 4b 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dac0	: 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dae0	: 4c 4a 4b 4a
50f6db00	: 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4a 4a 4b 4b 4b 4a
50f6db20	: 4b 4b 4b 4a 4c 4b 4b 4b 4b 4a 4a 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6db40	: 4b 4a 4b 4b
50f6db60	: 4b 4a 4b 4a 4a 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6db80	: 4b 4a
50f6dba0	: 4b 4b 4b 4a 4b 4b 4b 4a 4b 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4a
50f6dbc0	: 4b 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dbe0	: 4b 4b 4b 4a
50f6dc00	: 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a
50f6dc20	: 4b 4a
50f6dc40	: 4c 4a 4c 4b 4b 4b 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a
50f6dc60	: 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dc80	: 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dca0	: 4c 4b 4b 4b 4b 4a 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a
50f6dcc0	: 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4b 4c 4a 4c 4b
50f6dce0	: 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4c 4b 4c 4a 4c 4a
50f6dd00	: 4c 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4b 4b 4b 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4b
50f6dd20	: 4b 4a 4c 4b 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c 4a 4c 4a 4b 4a 4b 4a 4c
50f6dd40	: 4b 4a 4b 4b 4c 4a 4c 4b 4c 4b 4c 4b 4d 4a 4c 4b
50f6dd60	: 4b 4a
50f6dd80	: 4a
50f6dda0	: 4a
50f6dde0	: 4a
50f6de00	: 4b 4a
50f6de20	: 4a
50f6de40	: 4a
50f6de60	: 4a
50f6de80	: 4a
50f6dea0	: 4a
50f6dec0	: 4a
50f6dee0	: 4a
50f6df00	: 4a
50f6df20	: 4a
50f6df40	: 4a
50f6df60	: 4b 4a
50f6df80	: 4a 4a 4b 4a
50f6dfa0	: 4a
50f6dfc0	: 4a
50f6dfd0	: 4b 4a
50f6dfe0	: 4b 4a
50f6dff0	: 4b 4a
50f6e000	: 4b 4a
50f5f800	: aa a5 a2 4a 4b 4c 4b 4a
50f5f820	: a5 a4 a4 a7 ac 4a
50f5f840	: a1 a3 a6 a7 a6 a1 9e 4a
50f5f860	: a8 ab a8 a4 a1 a1 a5 4a
50f5f880	: aa a5 a0 a0 a1 a2 a7 a7 a7 a0 9f 9f a1 a5 a5 a5
50f5f8a0	: a1 a0 9e 9f a4 a7 a5 a0 9f 9e 9f a1 a6 a6 a1 9f
50f5f8c0	: 9f 9e 9e a5 a6 a3 9d 9c 9c 9f a1 a4 4a 4a 4a 4a 4a 4a

e)
h)

Scanning Compensation Data List

9.1.4.3 ADF Performance Test (Function code 08)

■ Function

The machine counts the documents fed by the automatic document feeder (ADF) and displays the count on the LCD for checking the ADF performance.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Set documents. (Allowable up to the ADF capacity.)

The "DOC. READY" appears on the LCD.

- (2) Press the **0** and **8** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine feeds the documents in and out while counting them and displaying the current count on the LCD as shown below.

ADF CHECK P.01

↑ Current count (1st page in this example)

- (3) After counting all documents, the machine shows the final count. To return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

9.1.4.4 Test Pattern (Function code 09)

■ Function

This function prints out a test pattern (Print Quality Check sheet) to allow the service personnel to check the print quality.

■ Operating Procedure

Press the **0** and **9** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The figure on the next page shows a test pattern which is printed on the Print Quality Check sheet. According to the instructions printed on the sheet, you can check or correct the print quality.

Print Quality Check

- 1. Check the quality of the four-color blocks formed by the short lines.
- 2. If all the short lines are clear and visible, the quality is acceptable. Select **(Yes)**.
If you can see missing short lines, select **(No)** to begin the color cleaning process and follow the prompts on the LCD.



9.1.4.5 Firmware Switch Setting and Printout (Function codes 10 and 11)

[A] Firmware switch setting

■ Function

The machine incorporates the following firmware switch functions which can be activated with the procedures using the control panel keys.

The firmware switches have been set at the factory in conformity to the communications standards and codes of each country. Do not disturb them unless necessary. Some firmware switches may not be applicable in some versions. The firmware switch data list indicates "Not used." for those inapplicable switches.

Firmware Switches (WSW01 through WSW58)

WSW No.	Function
WSW01	Dial pulse setting
WSW02	Tone signal setting
WSW03	PBX mode setting
WSW04	TRANSFER facility setting
WSW05	1st dial tone and busy tone detection
WSW06	Pause key setting and 2nd dial tone detection
WSW07	Dial tone setting 1
WSW08	Dial tone setting 2
WSW09	Protocol definition 1
WSW10	Protocol definition 2
WSW11	Busy tone setting
WSW12	Signal detection condition setting
WSW13	Modem setting
WSW14	AUTO ANS facility setting
WSW15	REDIAL facility setting
WSW16	Function setting 1
WSW17	Function setting 2
WSW18	Function setting 3
WSW19	Transmission speed setting
WSW20	Overseas communications mode setting
WSW21	TAD setting 1
WSW22	ECM and call waiting caller ID
WSW23	Communications setting
WSW24	TAD setting 2
WSW25	TAD setting 3
WSW26	Function setting 4
WSW27	Function setting 5
WSW28	Function setting 6
WSW29	Function setting 7
WSW30	Function setting 8
WSW31	Function setting 9
WSW32	Function setting 10
WSW33	Function setting 11
WSW34	Function setting 12

Firmware Switches (WSW01 through WSW58) *Continued*

WSW35	Function setting 13	
WSW36	Function setting 14	
WSW37	Function setting 15	
WSW38	V.34 transmission settings	
WSW39	V.34 transmission speed	
WSW40	V.34 modem settings	
WSW41	ON-duration of the scanning light source	
WSW42	Internet mail settings	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW43	Function setting 21	
WSW44	Speeding up scanning-1	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW45	Speeding up scanning-2	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW46	Monitor of power ON/OFF state and parallel port kept at high	
WSW47	Switching between high- and full-speed USB	
WSW48	USB setup latency	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW49	End-of-copying beep and black ink print mode	
WSW50	SDAA settings	
WSW51	Function setting 16	
WSW52	Function setting 17	
WSW53	Function setting 18	
WSW54	Function setting 19	
WSW55	Function setting 20	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW56	Function setting 21	<i>(Not used.)</i>
WSW57	Function setting 22	
WSW58	Function setting 23	

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **1** and **0** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The machine displays the "WSW00" on the LCD and becomes ready to accept a firmware switch number.
- (2) Enter the desired number from the firmware switch numbers (01 through 58).
The following appears on the LCD:

Selector 1 Selector 8
 ↓ ↓
WSWXX = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

- (3) Use the right and left arrow keys to move the cursor to the selector position to be modified.
- (4) Enter the desired number using the **0** and **1** keys.
- (5) Press the **OK** key. This operation saves the newly entered selector values onto the EEPROM and readies the machine for accepting a firmware switch number.
- (6) Repeat steps (2) through (5) until the modification for the desired firmware switches is completed.
- (7) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

- NOTES:**
- To cancel this operation and return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode during the above procedure, press the **Stop/Exit** key.
 - If there is a pause of more than one minute after a single-digit number is entered for double-digit firmware switch numbers, the machine will automatically return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

■ Details of Firmware Switches

The details of the firmware switches are described in [Appendix 4](#) in which the user-accessible selectors of the firmware switches are *shaded*.

[B] Printout of firmware switch data

■ Function

The machine prints out the setting items of the firmware switches and their contents specified.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **1** key twice in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "PRINTING" appears on the LCD.
- (2) The machine prints out the configuration list as shown on the next page.
- (3) Upon completion of printing, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

CONFIGURATION LIST

MODEL : 8XA-B07-001
 TIME : 01/01/2007 00:15
 REV. : U0604201541VER.U
 PCI : 5.00
 SUM : 96B2
 SER.# : BR05F002724

WSW01 = 00000000	1-2. DIAL FORMAT	: NORMAL
	3-4. BREAK TIME	: 60 MS
	5-6. INTERDIGIT PAUSE	: 800 MS
	7. DP/PB CHANGE IN USER SW	: YES
	8. DP/PB FIXING SELECTION	: PB
WSW02 = 1111010	1-2. ON TIME	: 100 MS
	3-4. OFF TIME	: 140 MS
	5-8. LINE BEEP ATTENUATOR	: 10 DB
WSW03 = 10110000	1. PARA. CNG DETECTION1	: B
	2-4. NOT USED	
	5. PARA. CNG DETECTION2	: A
	6-8. NOT USED	
WSW04 = 00010110	1. NOT USED	
	2-3. DETECT DUAL TONE IN ICM	: A
	4. DETECT TONE LEVEL IN ICM	: HIGH
	5. ADDITIONAL DELAY OF CML ON-OGM	: 0 SEC
	6-8. FLASHING TIME	: 500 MS
WSW05 = 00000110	1-3. DIAL TONE DETECTION	: 3.5 SEC WAITING
	4. REMOTE ID DETECTION TIMEOUT	: 2 SEC
	5-6. BUSY TONE DETECTION (CALLING)	: AFTER DIALING
	7. BUSY TONE DETECTION (CALLED)	: OFF
	8. NOT USED	
WSW06 = 00101100	1-3. PAUSE KEY	: 3.5 SEC WAITING
	4-6. 2ND DT DETECTION TIME	: 800 MS
	7. 2ND DT DETECTION CYCLE	: 1 CYCLE
	8. 2ND DT INTERRUPT DETECTION TIME	: 30 MS
WSW07 = 01001100	1-2. FREQUENCY RANGE	: INITIAL DATA
	3. NOT USED	
	4-6. 2ND DT DETECTION LEVEL	: -30 DBM
	7. 1ST DT INTERRUPT DETECTION TIME	: 30 MS
	8. NOT USED	
WSW08 = 01100111	1-3. 1ST DT DETECTION TIME	: 900 MS
	4-5. 1ST/2ND DT TIME OUT	: 10 SEC
	6-8. 1ST DT DETECTION LEVEL	: -42 DBM
WSW09 = 00000000	1. ECM FRAME	: 256 OCTET
	2. NON STANDARD FACILITIES	: ON
	3-4. TIMES OF FALL BACK	: 4
	5. T5 TIMER	: 300 SEC
	6. T1 TIMER	: 35 SEC
	7-8. CALLING TIMEOUT	: 55 SEC
WSW10 = 00010100	1. NOT USED	
	2. TIMING OF LAST DIGIT-MODEM CHANGE	: 100 MS
	3. TIMING OF CML ON CNG TRANSMISSION	: 2 SEC
	4. TIMING OF CML ON CED TRANSMISSION	: 2 SEC
	5-6. TRAINING RETRIES	: 2
	7. CODING METHOD MR	: ON
	8. CODING METHOD MMR	: ON
WSW11 = 01011000	1-2. FREQUENCY RANGE	: INITIAL DATA
	3-8. ON/OFF TIME	: 175 - 500 / 175 - 600 MS
WSW12 = 10	1-2. OFF	
	3-4. AUT	
	5-6. ON	
	7-8. NOT	
WSW13 = 00	1-2. CAE	
	3-4. REC	
	5-8. ATT	
WSW14 = 01	1. NOT USED	
	2. CAL	
	3-4. CAL	
	5-8. DEL	
WSW15 = 00	1-2. INT	
	3-6. RET	
	7. NOT	
	8. CRF	
WSW16 = 01	1. NOT USED	
	2. COI	
	3-6. NOT	
	7. DDC	
	8. STC	
WSW17 = 00	1-2. OFF	
	3-4. NOT	
	5. DAT	
	6. NOT	
	7. NOT	
	8. NOT	
WSW18 = 10	1. NOT	
	2-3. CNG	
	4-5. NOT	
	6. RTI	
	7-8. FAX	
WSW19 = 11	1-3. TX	
	4-6. TX	
	7. V.3	
	8. V.1	
WSW20 = 10	1. EP	
	2. OVE	
	3. OVE	
	4-5. OFR	
	6-7. CNG	
	8. CNG	
WSW21 = 00	1-4. NO	
	5-6. HO	
	7-8. HO	
	8. RET	
WSW22 = 00100000	1. ECM TX	: ON
	2. ECM RX	: ON
	3. CALL WAITING CALLER ID	: OFF
	4-8. NOT USED	
WSW23 = 00001110	1. FIX TCF CHECK	: TOP
	2-3. TCF ERROR LIMIT	: 0%
	4-5. RTN CRITERION	: 14%
	6-7. NOT USED	
	8. ATTENUATOR LIMIT	: YES
WSW24 = 0	1-2. DGI	
	3-4. DEI	
	5-8. LTI	
WSW25 = 0	1-2. SOI	
	3-4. SOI	
	5-7. TII	
	8. FAI	
WSW26 = 0	1. NO	
	2. RTI	
	3. PL	
	4. D/I	
	5. NO	
	6. REI	
	7. HI	
	8. NO	
WSW27 = 0	1-3. DT	
	4-6. DT	
	7-8. NO	
WSW28 = 0	1-3. STI	
	4-6. STI	
	7-8. NO	
WSW29 = 1	1-3. TX	
	4-6. TX	
	7. V.3	
	8. V.1	
WSW30 = 1	1-3. TO	
	4-8. NO	
WSW31 = 1	1. NO	
	2. REI	
	3. NO	
	4. BL	
	5. D/I	
	6-8. NO	
WSW32 = 0	1-4. NO	
	5-6. HO	
	7-8. HO	
WSW33 = 0	1-3. SO	
	4-5. NO	
	6. PO	
	7-8. CO	
WSW34 = 0	1-3. CU	
	4-5. NO	
	6-7. DT	
	8. NO	
WSW35 = 1	1-4. D.	
	5-8. NOT USED	
WSW36 = 0	1. AL	
	2. EX	
	3. ST	
	4. NO	
	5. NO	
	6-8. IG	
WSW37 = 0	1-2. NC	
	3. V.	
	4. V.	
	5. V.	
	6. V.	
	7. V.	
	8. V.	
WSW38 = 0	1-2. TR	
	3. PH	
	4. V.	
	5. V.	
	6. V.	
	7. V.	
	8. V.	
WSW39 = 1	1-4. V.	
	5-8. V.	
WSW40 = 0	1-2. NC	
	3. V.	
	4. V.	
	5. V.	
	6. V.	
	7. V.	
	8. V.	
WSW41 = 0	1-4. NC	
	5-8. V.	
WSW42 = 1	1-8. NC	
WSW43 = 0	1. NC	
	2-3. PC	
	4-5. AY	
	6-7. NC	
	8. CC	
WSW44 = 0	1-8. NC	
WSW45 = 0	1-8. NC	
WSW46 = 0	1-2. PC	
	3. CR	
	4. SK	
	5-8. NC	
WSW47 = 0	1. RE	
	2-7. NC	
	8. US	
WSW48 = 0	1-8. NOT USED	
WSW49 = 00000000	1-2. NOT USED	
	3. COPY END BUZZER	: OFF
	4-5. COMMAND FLAG DETECT TIME	: 150MS
	6-7. NOT USED	
	8. USE ONLY BLACK CARTRIDGE	: OFF

Configuration List

9.1.4.6 Operational Check of LCD (Function code 12)

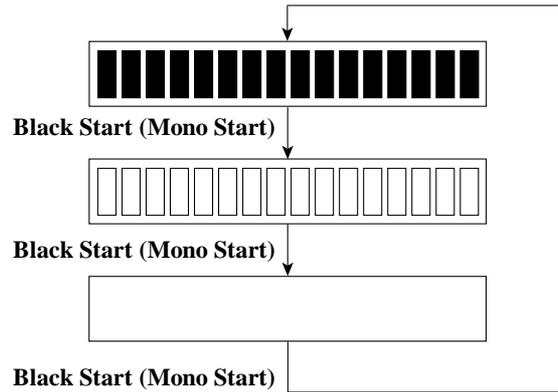
■ Function

This function allows you to check whether the LCD on the control panel works normally.

■ Operating Procedure

Checking the display state of the LCD:

- (1) Press the **1** and **2** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- (2) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key.
The LCD shows the screen given at right.
Each time you press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key, the LCD cycles through the displays as shown at right.
- (3) Press the **Stop/Exit** key in any process of the above display cycle. The machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.



9.1.4.7 Operational Check of Control Panel PCB (Function code 13)

■ Function

This function allows you to check the control panel PCB for normal operation.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **1** and **3** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "00 " will appear on the LCD.
- (2) Press the keys in the order designated in the illustration shown below.

The LCD shows the corresponding number in decimal notation each time a key is pressed. Check that the displayed number is correct by referring to the illustration below.

If a key is pressed out of order, the machine beeps and displays the "INVALID OPERATE" on the LCD. To return to the status ready to accept key entry for operational check, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

- (3) After the last number key is pressed, the machine beeps and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode

To terminate this operation, press the **Stop/Exit** key. The machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

MFC3360C

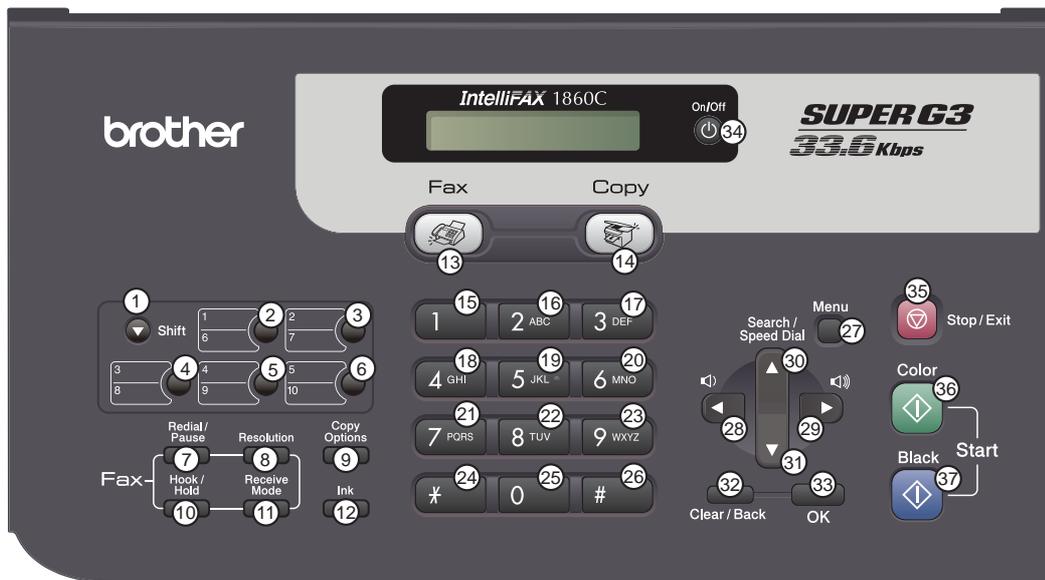


Key Entry Order (1)

FAX1960C



FAX1860C



Key Entry Order (2)

9.1.4.8 Sensor Operational Check (Function code 32)

■ Function

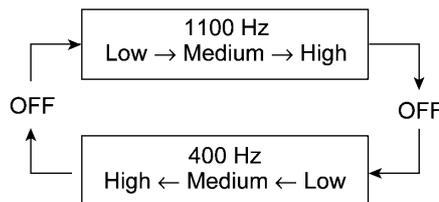
This function allows you to check the following:

- Document front sensor
- Document rear sensor
- Upper jam clear cover switch
- Ink cartridge cover switch
- Registration sensor
- Purge cam switch
- Black ink cartridge sensor
- Yellow ink cartridge sensor
- Cyan ink cartridge sensor
- Magenta ink cartridge sensor
- Head thermistor (in the head driver chip)
- Casing internal temperature thermistor (in the complex IC)
- Hook switch (for models with handset)

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **3** and **2** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine sounds 1100 Hz and 400 Hz tones cyclically through the following volumes for testing the speaker:



NOTE: To stop beeping, press the **Menu** or **OK** key.

If the sensing statuses are as listed below, the LCD will show "DFDRCVRS CCP1****" and "IKIYICIMVTHKLKTH," which can be switched by pressing the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key.

Given below is the relationship between the LCD indication, sensor name and sensor status.

LCD	Sensors	Sensing status
DF	Document front sensor	No document detected.
DR	Document rear sensor	No document detected.
CV	Upper jam clear cover switch	Upper jam clear cover closed.
RS	Registration sensor	No recording paper detected.
CC	Ink cartridge cover switch	Ink cartridge cover closed.
P1	Purge cam switch	Purge cam switch ON.
IK	Black ink cartridge sensor	Black ink cartridge loaded (Black ink present).
IY	Yellow ink cartridge sensor	Yellow ink cartridge loaded (Yellow ink present).
IC	Cyan ink cartridge sensor	Cyan ink cartridge loaded (Cyan ink present).
IM	Magenta ink cartridge sensor	Magenta ink cartridge loaded (Magenta ink present).
VT	Head thermistor	Driver chip temperature within the allowable range.
HK	Hook switch*1	On-hook state.
LK	High yield ink cartridge sensor*2	High yield ink cartridge not loaded.
TH	Casing internal temperature thermistor	Normal temperature detected.

*1 The "HK" is always displayed even on models not equipped with a handset.

*2 The "LK" is always displayed even on models not equipped with a high yield ink cartridge sensor.

- (2) Change the detecting conditions (e.g., open the upper jam clear cover or insert paper through the registration sensor or remove the ink cartridges), and then check that the indication on the LCD changes according to the sensor states.
- (3) To stop this operation and return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

9.1.4.9 Transfer of Received FAX Data and/or Equipment's Log (Function code 53)

■ Function

This function transfers received FAX data to another machine. It is useful when the machine cannot print received data due to the printing mechanism defective.

NOTE: The number of files that can be transferred at a time is 99. To transfer 100 files or more, carry out the following procedure more than one time.

TIP: If there are both color and monochrome data in a file to be transferred, the monochrome data will be transferred first. If the receiver machine does not support the color function, the sender machine cannot transfer color data, resulting in an error.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **5** and **3** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The "FAX TRANSFER" appears on the LCD.

- (2) To check the number of received files, press the **1** key.

The "1.NO. OF JOBS" appears on the LCD.

Press the **OK** key, and the number of received files appears, just as "NO. OF. JOBS: 10."

Pressing the **Stop/Exit** key returns the machine to the "FAX TRANSFER" state.

- (3) Select data to transfer as follows.

To transfer the activity report only, press the **2** key.

The "2.ACTIVITY" appears.

To transfer received files (together with the activity report), press the **3** key.

The "3.DOCUMENTS" appears. Note that if there is no received file, the "NO DOCUMENTS" appears.

To transfer the communication list for the latest communication, press the **4** key.

The "4.COM.LIST (NEW)" appears.

To transfer the communication list for the last three errors, press the **5** key.

The "5.COM.LIST (ERR3)" appears.

- (4) With the "2.ACTIVITY," "3.DOCUMENTS," "4.COMLIST (NEW)," or "5.COM.LIST (ERR3)" being displayed in step (3), press the **OK** key.

The "ENTER NO. &SET" appears.

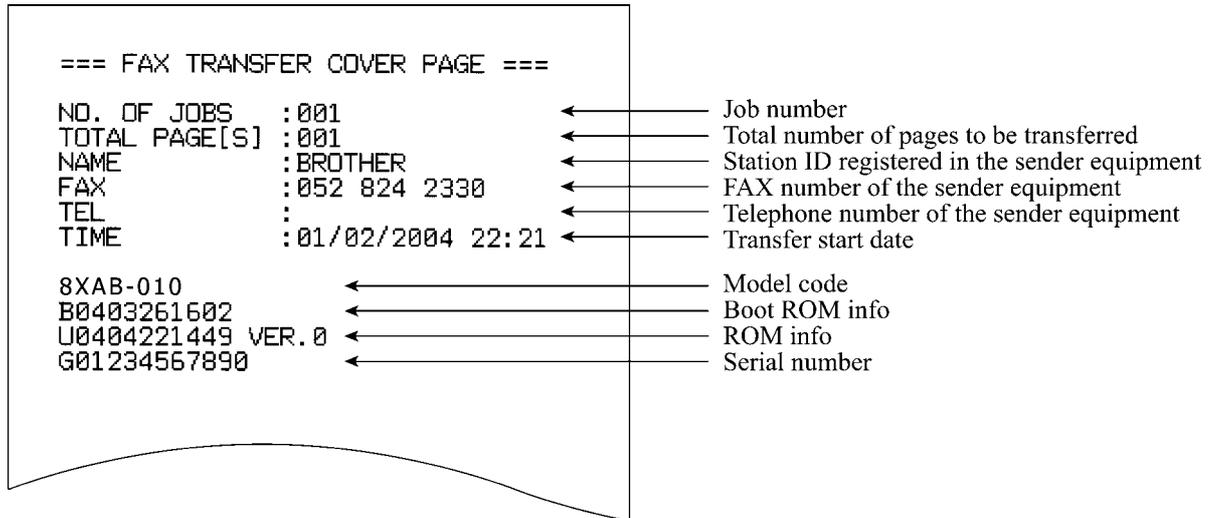
- (5) Enter the telephone number of the receiver machine and press the **OK** key again.

NOTE: Be sure to type the telephone number with the numerical keys. No one-touch dialing is allowed in this procedure.

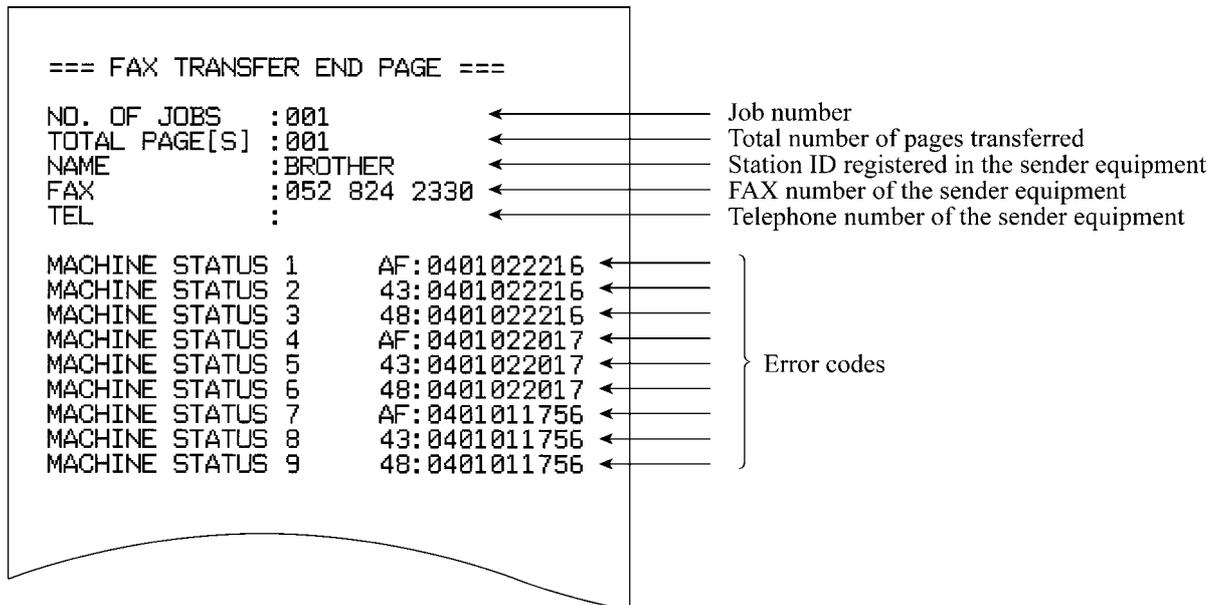
The machine displays the "ACCEPTED" for approx. two seconds and starts dialing to transfer data.

No station ID will be attached. A cover page and end page as shown on the next page will be automatically attached, instead.

Cover page sample



End page sample



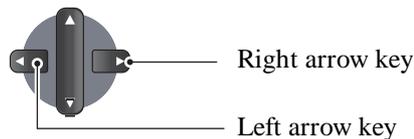
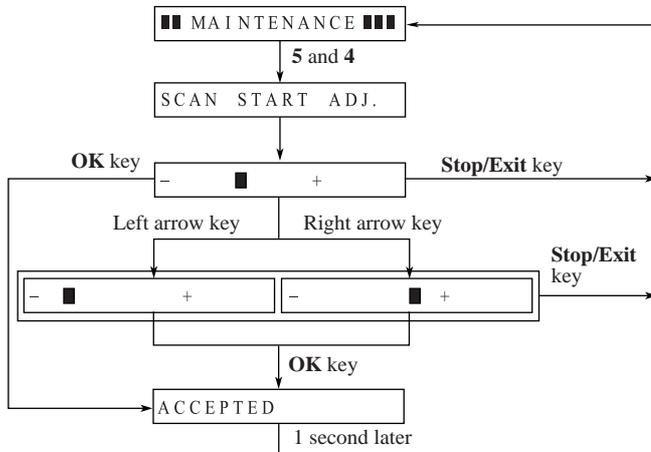
9.1.4.10 Fine Adjustment of Scanning Start/End Position (Function code 54)

■ Function

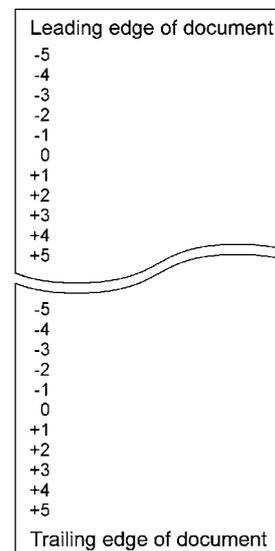
This function allows you to adjust the scanning start/end position.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **5** and **4** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "SCAN START ADJ." appears on the LCD.
- (2) Wait for the LCD to display the current scanning position correction state (- ■ +).
You can adjust the correction value to 11 levels from +5 to -5 (mm).
- (3) To increase the correction value, press the right arrow key; to decrease it, press the left arrow key.
If you press the **Stop/Exit** key, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode without making change of the correction value.
- (4) Press the **OK** key.
The "ACCEPTED" appears on the LCD. After one second, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.



NOTE: The relationship between the scanning start/end positions and their correction values is shown below.



9.1.4.11 Acquisition of White Level Data and CIS Scanner Area Setting (Function code 55)

■ Function

This function allows the machine to obtain white level data for the CIS scanner and save it together with the CIS scanner area into the EEPROM on the main PCB.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **5** key twice in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "SCANNER AREA SET" appears on the LCD.
The machine automatically obtains white level data.
- (2) If this operation completes normally, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

If any error is detected, the "SCANNER ERROR" appears on the LCD. To return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

9.1.4.12 Updating of Paper Feeding Correction Value (Function code 58)

■ Function

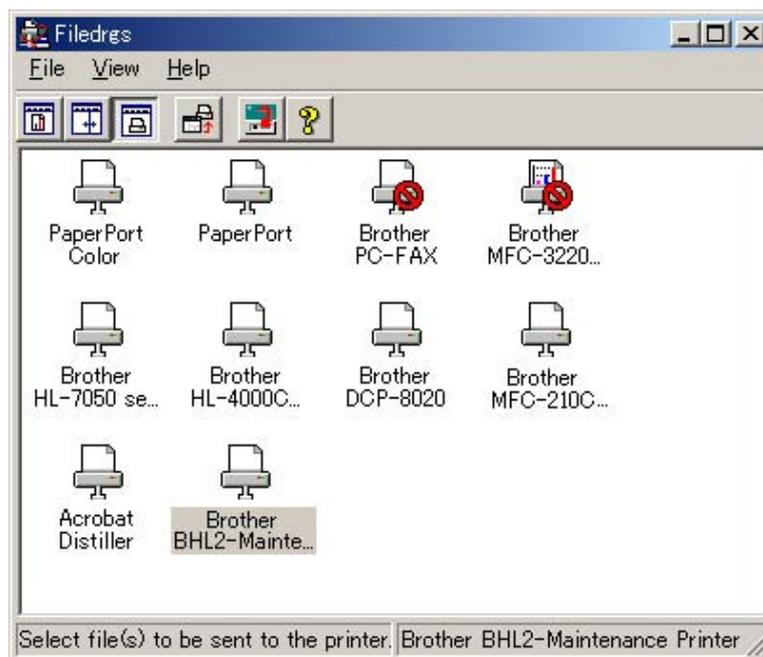
To keep the paper feeding performance in the best condition for quality print, the controller optimizes the rotation of the paper feed roller, using the correction value stored in the EEPROM on the main PCB.

If you replace the engine unit or head/carriage unit, you need to update the paper feeding correction value according to the procedure given here.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Switch on your PC.
- (2) Place the machine in the maintenance mode (see [Section 9.1.1](#)) and set letter-size paper to print check patterns.
- (3) Connect the machine to your PC using a USB cable.
- (4) On your PC, run "filedrgs.exe" in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#).

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



- (5) Drag and drop the "pfadj.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out "PF adjust check" pattern (see [page 9-26](#) for a sample printout).

- (6) On the machine, press the **5** and **8** keys in this order.

The "1.PF 2.EXIT" appears on the LCD.

- (7) To select the paper feed roller adjustment, press the **1** key.
The "PF ADJ NO. +0" appears on the LCD.
- (8) Out of the three rows of the "PF adjust check" pattern (on the next page), check the middle row and select the block that is the least uneven print. Make a note of that block number.
If the least unevenness seems to be far to the left of -8, regard it as -8; if it seems to be far to the right of +8, regard it as +8. In this case, you need to check whether the paper feed roller and head/carriage unit are set into place.
- (9) Enter the number of the least uneven block found in step (8).
For example, if the number of the least uneven block is +4, press the **4** key while the "PF ADJ NO. +0" is displayed on the LCD.
If the number is -4, press the **▼** key to display the "PF ADJ NO. -0" and press the **4** key.
Then press the **OK** key, and the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- (10) On your PC, drag and drop the "exitadj.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window.
The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out three sheets of "EXIT adjust check" pattern (on [page 9-27](#) for a sample printout).
- (11) On the machine, press the **5** and **8** keys in this order.
The "1.PF 2.EXIT" appears on the LCD.
- (12) To select the paper ejection roller adjustment, press the **2** key.
The "EXIT ADJ NO. +0" appears on the LCD.
- (13) Out of the three sheets of the "EXIT adjust check" pattern (on [page 9-27](#)), check the middle sheet and select the block that is the least uneven print. Make a note of that block number.
- (14) Enter the number of the least uneven block found in step (13) in the same way as in step (9).
Then press the **OK** key, and the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

* B17 PF adjust check - Ver 005 *

(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)


(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)


(NG)-8 -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +8(NG)


Paper Feeding Check Pattern for the Paper Feed Roller

BH7 EXIT adjust check 2/3 - Ver 005

(NG)-S -6 -4 -2 0 +2 +4 +6 +S(NG)



Paper Feeding Check Pattern for the Paper Ejection Roller

9.1.4.13 Travel Check of the Head/Carriage Unit and Initial Setup Mode (Function code 63)

■ Function

This procedure moves the head/carriage unit to the center of its travel (Function code 63 + *).

It can also enable or disable the initial setup mode when the power is applied at the next time (Function code 63 + 1 or Function code 63 +3).

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **6** and **3** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The "MAINTENANCE 63" appears on the LCD.
- (2) To make the head/carriage unit travel to the center of its travel, press the * key.
After completion of head replacement or adjustment jobs, press the **Stop/Exit** key. The head/carriage unit returns to the home position where the head/carriage unit will be locked.
- (3) To enable or disable the initial setup mode when the power is applied at the next time, press the **1** or **3** key, respectively.

If you enable the initial setup mode, wait until the "INIT" appears on the LCD and the head/carriage unit becomes locked. When the "HEAD LOCKED" appears, turn the power off.

NOTE: Enabling the initial setup mode resets all counts which can be displayed with Function code 80 (described in [Section 9.1.4.21 "Display of the Equipment's Log"](#)).

If you disable the initial setup mode, the machine displays the "NOT INIT" on the LCD and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

9.1.4.14 Alignment of Vertical Print Lines in Monochrome (Function code 65)

■ Function

This function allows you to align vertical lines printed in the forward and backward direction of the head/carriage unit.

If the head/carriage unit or main PCB is replaced with a new one, you need to make the adjustment given in this section.

NOTE: If the head/carriage unit is replaced, you need to make other adjustments in addition. Refer to [Chapter 7, Section 7.2](#).

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **6** and **5** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode. Then press the **1** key.

The machine displays the "MAINTENANCE 65" on the LCD and prints two sets of vertical alignment check patterns (shown on the next page) in monochrome for 600 dpi and 1200 dpi, each of which consists of #0 through #8 blocks. If the vertical alignment is ON, #5 block shows vertically aligned lines.

The "600DPI NO. (1-8)" appears on the LCD.

- (2) For 600 dpi, check the printed vertical alignment check patterns and find which number block shows full alignment.

If the full alignment block is other than #5, enter that block number by using the numerical keys.

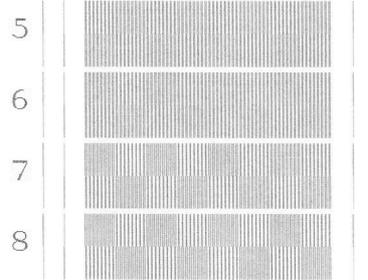
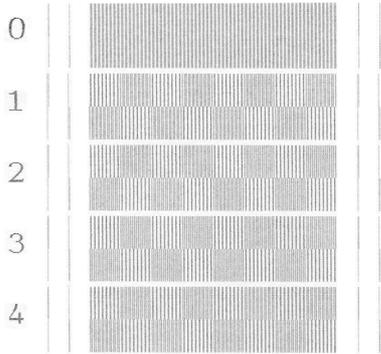
The "1200DPI NO.(1-8)" appears on the LCD.

- (3) For 1200 dpi, perform the same operation as in step (2).

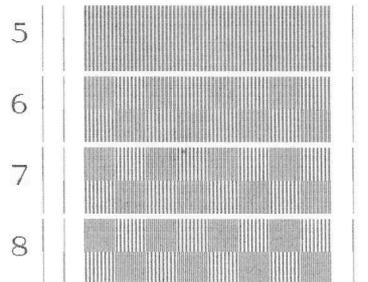
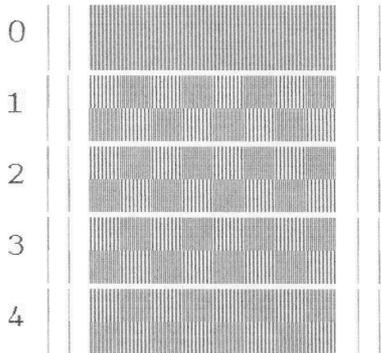
The machine automatically returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

NOTE: If #1 or #8 block is fully aligned so that you press the **1** or **8** key in the above procedure, then go back to step (1) to confirm that #5 block becomes aligned.

600DPI



1200DPI



Vertical Alignment Check Patterns

9.1.4.15 Margin Adjustment in Borderless Printing (Function code 66)

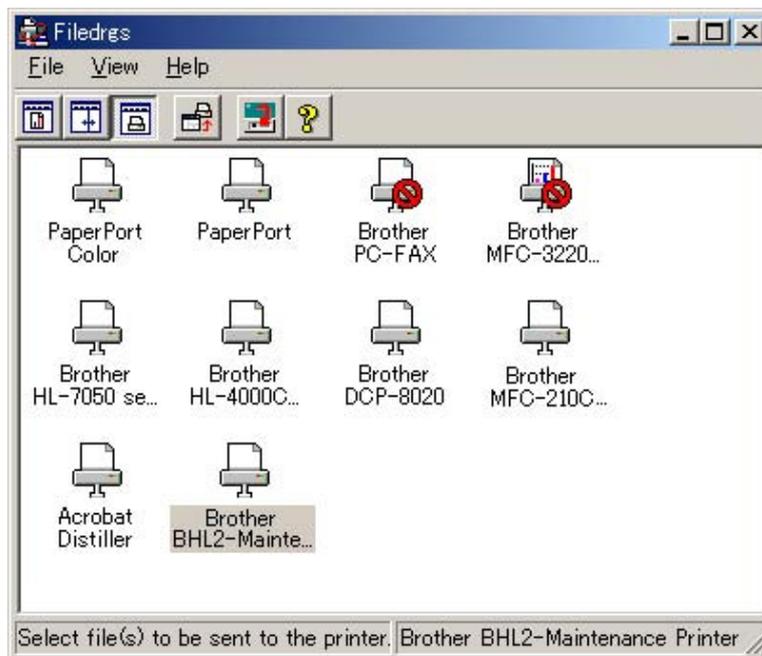
■ Function

This function allows you to adjust the left and right margins for borderless printing. You print out a margin check pattern, measure the left and right margins, and enter the correction values.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Switch on your PC.
- (2) Place the machine in the maintenance mode (see [Section 9.1.1](#)) and set letter-size paper to print a margin check pattern.
- (3) Connect the machine to your PC using a USB cable.
- (4) On the PC, run "filedrg32.exe" in the folder created in [Section 7.1.1](#).

The Filedrgs window appears as shown below.



- (5) Drag and drop the "media.prn" onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window shown above.

The machine displays the "RECEIVING DATA" on the LCD and prints out the "MEDIA CHECK" pattern (see [page 9-33](#) for a sample printout).

- (6) Measure the left and right margins on the printout.

(Example) Left: 1.3 mm, Right: 1.4 mm

If both margins are within the range from 0.9 to 1.1 mm, no adjustment is required.

- (7) If either margin is out of the specified range, press the **6** key twice on the machine.
The "MEDIA SENSOR ADJ" appears. (Note: The Media Sensor refers to the paper width sensor.)
- (8) To make the machine ready for data entry, press the * key.
The "LEFT: 10" appears on the LCD.
- (9) To adjust the left margin, enter the measured value (in units of 0.1 mm) multiplied by 10.
In this example, the left margin measured in step (6) is 1.3 mm, so press the **1**, **3**, and **OK** keys.
- (10) The "RIGHT: 10" appears on the LCD.
To adjust the right margin, enter the measured value (in units of 0.1 mm) multiplied by 10.
In this example, the right margin measured in step (6) is 1.4 mm, so press the **1**, **4**, and **OK** keys.
- (11) Upon completion of the entry, the machine automatically returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
Go back to step (5) and print out the margin check pattern again.
- (12) Measure the left and right margins on the printout.
If both margins are within the range from 0.9 to 1.1 mm, the adjustment is completed.

* BH7 MEDIA CHECK - Ver. 003 *

LEFT:0.9-1.1mm

RIGHT:0.9-1.1mm



Margin Check Pattern

9.1.4.16 Updating of Property Data (Function code 68)

■ Function

To keep the print quality, the controller optimizes the drive conditions of individual head/carriage units according to the property data. For instance, the controller optimizes the head drive strength, ink jet-out timing and other drive conditions according to the electromechanical properties unique to individual head/carriage units and ambient temperature.

The property data is stored in the EEPROM on the main PCB and its property code is printed on the property labels attached to the machine and the head/carriage unit.

If you replace the head/carriage unit with a new spare part, you need to enter its property code printed on the property label (that comes with the new spare part) and replace the old property label on the machine (see Appendix 1 for the label location) with the new one. If the old part may be used in future, store the old property label also with the old part.

■ Operating Procedure

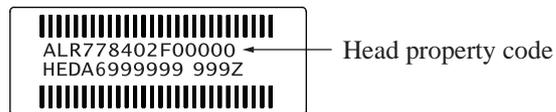
(1) Press the **6** and **8** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

(2) Press the **2**, **5**, **8**, and **0** keys in this order.

The current property data stored in the EEPROM appears on the LCD and the machine is ready for entry.

(3) Check the property label that comes with a new head/carriage unit and then enter the property code.

The code to be entered is 12 digits excluding the heading alphabets.



To enter letters "A" through "F," press the **1** through **6** keys while holding down the **#** key, respectively.

(4) Press the **OK** key.

The machine beeps, shows the "INPUT ACCEPTED" on the LCD, and writes the entered property code into the EEPROM. Then it returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

NOTE: If the entered data contains any checksum error, the machine beeps, shows the "INPUT ERROR" and returns to the ready-to-enter state. Go back to step (3).

9.1.4.17 Head/Carriage Unit Traveling Speed Check (Function code 69)

■ Function

This function checks whether or not the traveling speed of the head/carriage unit is within the specified range.

This procedure should be performed when you replace the head/carriage unit or carriage motor, or when you loosen the CR timing belt.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **6** and **9** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine starts aging the head/carriage unit, showing the "CR AGING" on the LCD.

In each of travel speeds 43.3 and 21.7 inches/sec, the machine checks whether the maximum and minimum speeds are within the specified range.

- If both are within the range, the "43O 21O" appears on the LCD.
- If either one is out of the range, the machine shows some message, e.g., "43O 21X" on the LCD. This sample message indicates that the speed variation is within the allowable range when the head/carriage unit travels at 43.3 inches/sec.; however, it is out of the range at 21.7 inches/sec.

- (2) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

9.1.4.18 EEPROM Customizing (Function code 74)

The "EEPROM Customizing Codes List" is given on the next page.

■ Function

This function allows you to customize the EEPROM according to language, function settings, and firmware switch settings.

NOTE: If you replace the main PCB, be sure to carry out this procedure.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **7** and **4** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The current customizing code appears on the LCD.

- (2) Enter the desired customizing code.

To enter letters "A" through "F," press the **1** through **6** keys while holding down the # key, respectively.

The newly entered code appears.

NOTE: *If a wrong 4-digit code is entered, the machine will malfunction.*

- (3) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key.

The machine saves the setting and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

If you press the **Stop/Exit** key or no keys are pressed for one minute in the above procedure, the machine stops the procedure and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

EEPROM Customizing Codes List

Destination	US Mexico	Canada	Chile Argentina	UK	Germany	Italy	Spain
MFC3360C	0001	0002	0040	0004	0003	0016	0015
FAX1960C	0201	---	---	---	---	---	---
FAX1860C	0101	---	---	---	---	---	---

Destination	Portugal	Netherlands	Ireland	Singapore, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Vietnam, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Iran, India, Jordan, Egypt, Lebanon, Syria, Pakistan, Kenya	Australia New Zealand	China
MFC3360C	0018	0009	0004	0040	0056	0020
FAX1960C	---	---	---	---	---	---
FAX1860C	---	---	---	---	---	---

The above information is as of July 31, 2006. The up-to-date information is available from your local Brother Customer Service.

9.1.4.19 Travel of Head/Carriage Unit (for removing paper particles and dust accumulated on the maintenance unit) (Function code 75)

■ Function

This function is used to remove paper particles and dust accumulated between the maintenance unit and head/carriage unit. Using this function moves the head/carriage unit to the flushing position, allowing you to easily remove the paper particles and dust accumulated.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **7** and **5** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The head/carriage unit moves to the flushing position and the "PLS COVER OPEN" appears on the LCD.

- (2) Open the upper jam clear cover.

The "PLS COVER CLOSE" appears on the LCD. Remove the paper particles and dust accumulated.

- (3) Close the upper jam clear cover.

The head/carriage unit moves back to the home position.

The machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

9.1.4.20 Purging Operation (Function code 76)

■ Function

The machine can carry out several types of purging operations--normal purge, periodical reset purge, power purge, initial purge, user reset purge, and engine setup purge. This function allows you to select the desired purge type and carry it out.

TIP: The purge types and their details are described on the next page.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **7** and **6** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The machine displays the "CLEANING ALL" on the LCD and enters the purge mode.

- (2) Press the ◀ or ▶ key to display the target color for purge.

Each time the ◀ or ▶ key is pressed, the "CLEANING ALL," "CLEANING BLACK," "CLEANING MAGENTA," "CLEANING CYAN," or "CLEANING YELLOW" appears cyclically.

"CLEANING ALL": Purge for all four color inks

"CLEANING BLACK": Purge for black ink

"CLEANING MAGENTA" / "CLEANING CYAN" / "CLEANING YELLOW": Any color choice performs purge for all three color inks.

- (3) Enter the purge code according to the table on the next page.
- (4) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key.

Upon completion of purging, the machine automatically returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

Purge types, ink usage, purge counts, and purge codes

Purge Types	Description	Ink Usage	Purge Counts (See Note.)	Purge Codes (In the maintenance mode, Function code 76)
Normal purge	This purge operation removes dried ink sticking to the head nozzles.	Black: 0.21 mL Per color: 0.13 mL	Black: 11 Total of colors: 21	1
Periodical reset purge	This purge operation removes any bubbles that have accumulated in the ink supply tubes.	Black: 0.44 mL Per color: 0.32 mL	Black: 24 Total of colors: 54	2
Power purge	More powerful than a periodical reset purge, this purge operation is for removing stubborn clogging from the head nozzles and ink supply tubes.	Black: 0.59 mL Per color: 0.38 mL	Black: 32 Total of colors: 64	3
Initial purge	When the user loads ink cartridges for the first time, this purge operation automatically runs to refill the ink supply tubes and print head with fresh ink.	Black: 2.92 mL Per color: 2.59 mL	Black: 163 Total of colors: 432	4
User reset purge	This purge operation should be performed if the print quality problem persists after a user has performed the purge operation repeatedly by pressing the Ink (Ink Management) key.	Black: 0.50 mL Per color: 0.32 mL	Black: 28 Total of colors: 54	5
Engine setup purge	This purge operation refills the ink supply tubes with ink when there is no ink in those tubes.	Black: 2.92 mL Per color: 2.59 mL	Black: 163 Total of colors: 432	6

(Note) This machine counts all purge operations and flushing operations performed since produced in order to prevent the ink absorber box and flushing box from overflowing with drained and flushed ink, respectively. An initial purge, for example, advances the counter by $163 + 432 = 595$. When the purge or flushing counter approaches 9600 or 475852272, respectively, the "MACHINE ERROR 46" appears, and further purge or flushing operations are prohibited. Replace the ink absorber box and flushing box, and then reset their counters with the following procedure.

■ Resetting purge or flushing counter

- 1) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

- 2) Press the **8** and **0** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode to call up the machine's log information. (Function code 80. Refer to [Section 9.1.4.21.](#))
- 3) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key several times until the purge or flushing count appears on the LCD.
- 4) Press the **2, 7, 8,** and **3** keys in this order to reset the purge or flushing count.
- 5) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
- 6) Press the **9** key twice to return to the standby state.

9.1.4.21 Display of the Equipment's Log (Function code 80)

■ Function

The machine can display its log information on the LCD.

This procedure allows you to reset the purge count. It is necessary to reset the purge count when the ink absorber box is replaced with a new one without replacing the main PCB.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **8** and **0** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The calendar clock appears on the LCD.
- (2) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key. Pressing the key more than ten times calls up the following log information items on the LCD, one by one. (The following list does not include all items.)
 - Head property code
 - Ink drop count, indicating how many droplets have been jetted out from each of the ink cartridges*¹
 - Ink drop count after near-empty, indicating how many droplets have been jetted out from each of the ink cartridges*¹ after the ink cartridge sensor detects near-empty.
 - Total ink drop count, indicating how many droplets the machine has jetted out from each of the ink cartridges*¹ since produced
 - Ink cartridge change count, indicating how many times ink cartridge replacement has been made for each color*¹
 - Jam count, indicating how many times a paper jam has occurred
 - Total page count, indicating how many pages have been printed since the machine was produced
 - PC print page count, indicating how many pages the machine has been printed as an output device of the connected PC
 - Color copy page count, indicating how many copies in color have been made
 - Black copy page count, indicating how many copies in monochrome have been made
 - FAX page count, indicating how many received FAX pages have been printed
 - Purge count, indicating how many times the purge operation has been carried out
(With the purge count displayed, pressing the **2**, **7**, **8** and **3** keys in this order resets the purge count.)
 - Purging record for each purge type
 - Wiper count, indicating how many times the wiper operation has been carried out
 - Flushing count, indicating how many times the flushing operation has been carried out
(With the flushing count displayed, pressing the **2**, **7**, **8** and **3** keys in this order resets the flushing count.)

- Total power-ON time
- Error code of the most recent machine error*²
- ADF paper jam count, indicating how many times a paper jam has occurred
- ADF page count, indicating how many pages the ADF has fed
- Error code of the most recent communications error*³
- Base ID code (which appears only on models with a cordless handset)
- Cordless handset ID code(s) (which appears only on models with a cordless handset)*⁴

After all of the log information items above are displayed, pressing the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key returns the screen to the calendar clock in step (1) above.

- (3) To stop this operation and return to the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

*¹ To check each of the four ink cartridges, press the **OK** key. Pressing the key cycles through black, yellow, cyan, and magenta.

*² When a machine error code is displayed, pressing the **OK** key cycles through recent nine errors that have occurred.

*³ When a communications error code is displayed, pressing the **OK** key cycles through the latest error, 2nd latest error, and 3rd latest error.

*⁴ Up to four cordless handsets can be registered to the base unit (cordless PCB). For the ones not registered, "FFFFFFFF" is displayed each.

9.1.4.22 Equipment Error Code Indication (Function code 82)

■ Function

This function displays an error code of the last error on the LCD.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **8** and **2** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The LCD shows the "MACHINE ERROR X X."

- (2) To stop this operation and return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode, press the **Stop/Exit** key.

9.1.4.23 Output of Transmission Log to the Telephone Line (Function code 87)

■ Function

This function outputs the transmission log (that the machine has stored about the latest transmission) to the telephone line. It allows the service personnel to receive the transmission log of the user's machine at a remote location and use it for analyzing problems arising in the user's machine.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) If the user's machine has a transmission-related problem, call the user's machine at a remote location from your machine.
- (2) If the line is connected, have the user perform the following:
 - 1) Press the **Menu**, **Redial/Pause**, and **0** keys in this order.
 - 2) Press the **8** and **7** keys in this order.

The above operation makes the user's machine send CNG to your machine for sending the transmission log.

- (3) If you hear the CNG sent from the user's machine, press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key of your machine.

Your machine will start to receive the transmission log from the user's machine.

9.1.4.24 Assurance Mode Switch Setting (Function code 88)

■ Function

The machine incorporates four assurance mode switches (AMS01 through AMS04) that are firmware switches just like the ones described in [Section 9.1.4.5](#).

When the machine does not function normally because the usage environments or operating conditions are not usual, the assurance mode switches provide workarounds to make the machine usable by changing the machine settings to untypical ones.

The user is allowed to access the assurance mode switches under the guidance of service personnel (e.g., by telephone).

The details about AMS01 through AMS04 are described on the following pages.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **8** key twice in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
The machine displays "AMS00" on the LCD and becomes ready to accept an assurance mode switch number.
- (2) Enter the desired number from the assurance mode switch numbers (01 through 04).

The following appears on the LCD:

Selector 1 Selector 8
 ↓ ↓
AMSXX = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

- (3) Use the right and left arrow keys to move the cursor to the selector position to be modified.
- (4) Enter the desired number using the **0** and **1** keys.
- (5) Press the **OK** key. This operation saves the newly entered selector values onto the EEPROM and readies the machine for accepting an assurance mode switch number.
- (6) Repeat steps (2) through (5) until the modification for the desired assurance mode switches is completed.
- (7) Press the **Stop/Exit** key to return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

- NOTES:**
- To cancel this operation and return the machine to the initial stage of the maintenance mode during the above procedure, press the **Stop/Exit** key.
 - If there is a pause of more than one minute after a single-digit number is entered for double-digit assurance mode switch numbers, the machine will automatically return to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.
 - Initializing the EEPROM with Function code 01 or 91 initializes the AMS switch settings.

AMS01 (Printing assurance 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Prevention of stains on back side of leading edge of paper in borderless printing	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
2	Reduction of banding in borderless printing (Limit of the number of head nozzles to be used)	0: Disable (No limit) 1: Enable (Limit)
3 4	Protection of platen from no-paper printing to prevent stains (Functional restriction on the paper width sensor)	No. 3 4 0 0 : Enable (Determine the sensor function depending upon the print resolution selected) (default) 0 1 : Enable (Detect the leading edge plus right and left edges of paper) 1 0 : Enable (Detect the leading edge of paper) 1 1 : Disable (No paper detection)
5	Assurance print 1 (Printing with black and cyan inks in monochrome copy)	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
6	Assurance print 2 (Printing with black and cyan inks in monochrome FAX reception and in list output)	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
7 8	Workaround for false jam detection (Functional restriction on the paper width sensor)	No. 7 8 0 0 : Detect both the leading edge and width of paper (default) 0 1 : Detect both the leading edge and width of paper 1 0 : Detect only the leading edge of paper 1 1 : No detection

- **Selector 1: Prevention of stains on back side of leading edge of paper in borderless printing**

Setting this selector to "1" reduces the protruding amount of the leading edge of recording paper to the platen groove to minimize stains that could be caused by ink mist on the back side of the leading edge. Enabling this function reduces the throughput than disabling it.

- **Selector 2: Reduction of banding in borderless printing (Limit of the number of head nozzles to be used)**

Setting this selector to "1" limits the number of head nozzles to be used in borderless printing to reduce banding.

By default, this selector is set to "0" for models with movable platen, and "1" for models without movable platen.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: Protection of platen from no-paper printing to prevent stains (Functional restriction on the paper width sensor)**

The setting made by these selectors applies to such printing that is assumed to be at a high resolution, that is, printing from a PC and copying.

If these selectors are set to "0, 0," the machine automatically determines the functions of the paper width sensor depending upon the print resolution selected. Therefore, in low resolution printing, e.g. when the "Fast" print quality is selected, the paper width sensor is automatically disabled. On the contrary, in high resolution printing, e.g. when the "Highest" print quality is selected, the sensor is automatically enabled.

Setting these selectors to "1, 1" disables the paper width sensor to save the sensing time for higher throughput.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Assurance print 1 and 2**

Enabling assurance print 1 or 2 causes the machine to mix black ink (pigment-based) and a little of cyan ink (dye-based) to use in monochrome copy or in monochrome FAX reception and list output, respectively.

If black ink is not jetted out normally, cyan ink can be substituted for black ink in printing. This ensures that in list printing (in which data once printed will be deleted) the data will be preserved as a printout.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Workaround for false jam detection (Functional restriction on the paper width sensor)**

The setting made by these selectors applies to the list and index printing and test printing.

When logo printed recording paper is used, for example, the paper width sensor might misdetect the paper present state as "no paper loaded" due to the logo's color. Limiting the paper width sensor functions with these selectors avoids detecting such a false paper jam.

AMS02 (Printing assurance 2)

Selector No.	Function		Setting and Specifications	
1	Head-platen gap offset (Prevention of stains on recording paper)	For glossy paper	0: Disable (default)	1: Enable
2		For recording paper except glossy paper	0: Disable (default)	1: Enable
3 5	Paper feed amount compensation (for preventing banding at the leading edge of recording paper fed from the photo tray)		No. 3 4 5 0 0 0 : Enable for 4 x 6 postcards (default) 1 0 0 : Enable for Photo L-size paper in Japan Others : Disable	
6	Registration time offset to slipping in plain paper feeding		0: Disable (default)	1: Enable
7	Unidirectional print for higher print quality		0: Disable (default)	1: Enable
8	Improvement of paper feeding reliability		0: Disable (default)	1: Enable

- Selectors 1 and 2: Head-platen gap offset (Prevention of stains on recording paper)**

If using curled or thick recording paper results in a stained print face of the paper, increase the gap between the head nozzles and the platen with these selectors to reduce the production of stains.

Enabling the head-platen gap offset increases the gap to 1.6 or 2.3 mm if it was 1.3 or 1.6 mm, respectively. (The details are given in the table below.)

In borderless printing, even if enabled by these selectors, the head-platen gap offset becomes disabled except when the Brother premium glossy photo paper is used with the "Photo" or "Highest" print quality selected.

Recording paper	Print quality selected	Head-platen gap offset (specified by selector 1 or 2)				
		OFF	ON for glossy paper		ON for recording paper except glossy paper	
			Using A4, letter, or legal paper in borderless printing	In printing with borderless printing OFF, or using paper except A4, letter, and legal paper	Using A4, letter, or legal paper in borderless printing	In printing with borderless printing OFF, or using paper except A4, letter, and legal paper
Brother premium glossy photo paper	"Highest"	1.3 mm	1.6 mm	1.6 mm	---	---
	"Photo"	1.3 mm	1.6 mm	1.6 mm		
	"Fine"	1.6 mm	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm		
Other glossy paper	"Highest"	1.6 mm	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm	---	---
	"Photo"	1.6 mm	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm		
	"Fine"	1.6 mm	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm		
Inkjet paper	"Photo"	1.6 mm	---	---	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm
	"Fine"	1.6 mm			(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm
Plain paper (except the above)	"Fine"	1.6 mm	---	---	(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm
	"Normal"	1.6 mm			(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm
	"Fast Normal"	1.6 mm			(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm
	"Fast"	1.6 mm			(1.6 mm)	2.3 mm

In the above table, values in parentheses are not changed since the offset is automatically disabled.

- **Selectors 3 to 5: Paper feed amount compensation (for preventing banding at the leading edge of recording paper fed from the photo tray)**

This compensation function is usually enabled for preventing banding (horizontal streaks) from occurring at the leading edge of recording paper fed from the photo tray.

When postcards or small size paper are fed from the standard paper tray, however, this compensation function can be counterproductive. If so, disable the function, and the print quality may be improved.

- **Selector 6: Registration time offset to slipping in plain paper feeding**

Enabling the registration time offset with this selector increases the registration time (during which the paper feed roller rotates in the reverse direction), avoiding the occurrence of a paper feeding timeout error even if the paper cannot reach the registration sensor actuator within the predetermined registration time due to slipping of the paper pull-in rollers against paper in the paper tray.

Selecting the "Fast" print quality disables the registration time offset even if it is enabled with this selector.

NOTE: Selecting the "Glossy paper" automatically enables the registration time offset.

- **Selector 7: Unidirectional print for higher print quality**

The machine prints bidirectionally by default. To get higher print quality, set this selector to "1" to switch to the unidirectional print mode in which printing is performed only when the head/carriage unit travels from left to right. Note that the unidirectional print mode sacrifices the print speed.

Print object	Unidirectional print
Print FAX message received	Yes
Copy	Yes
Print from PC	No
Print a list	Yes
Print a test pattern	No

- **Selector 8: Improvement of paper feeding reliability**

Setting this selector to "1" improves the paper feeding reliability, sacrificing the print speed.

AMS03 (Maintenance assurance 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Protection of head caps from drying	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
2 3	Auto capping start time	No. 2 3 0 0 : 30 seconds (default) 0 1 : 5 seconds 1 0 : 15 seconds 1 1 : 300 seconds
4	Purge more powerful than normal purge	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
5 6	Not used.	
7	Automatic purging interval programmed for matching the ambient temperature (for color ink)	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable
8	Automatic purging interval programmed for matching the ambient temperature (for black ink)	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable

- **Selector 1: Protection of head caps from drying**

If the protection function is enabled with this selector, the head/carriage unit automatically returns to the home position (head capping position) for flushing each time the machine prints the specified number of pages in order to protect the inside of the head caps from drying up. This function is useful in a dry environment or for heavy duty print per printing cycle.

- **Selectors 2 and 3: Auto capping start time**

If data transfer from the PC stops midway through printing for some reason in the PC, the head/carriage unit automatically returns to the home position (head capping position) after the specified auto capping start time (default: 30 seconds) to prevent the head surface from drying up. At the restart of printing after the auto capping operation, print image unevenness could occur. To avoid it, increase the auto capping start time with these selectors.

- **Selector 4: Purge more powerful than normal purge**

Setting this selector to "1" automatically selects a purge more powerful than the normal purge from the first if the purge is initiated immediately after printing.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Automatic purging interval programmed for matching the ambient temperature**

The "automatic purging interval programmed for matching the ambient temperature" is enabled by default. If the machine is set in an excessively hot or cold place, therefore, the automatic purging interval becomes short, resulting in increased ink waste.

Disabling this interval enables the one programmed for the ordinary temperature. In the first printing after a long no-print period, however, the print quality may lower.

AMS04 (Maintenance assurance 2)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Line monitor volume	0: Normal (default) 1: Extra-high
2	Not used.	
3	Black ink print mode	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
4	Automatic purging for color ink	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable
5	Not used.	
6 7	Automatic purging interval	No. 6 7 0 0 : 30 days (black and color) 0 1 : 20 days (black), 30 days (color) 1 0 : 30 days (black), no purge (color) 1 1 : No purge (black and color)
8	Automatic purging for black ink	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable

- **Selector 3: Black ink print mode**

If any color ink runs out, printing is no longer possible by default. Setting this selector to "1" allows the machine to function as a monochrome printer, making it possible to print with black ink only even in an ink empty state as listed below.

Printing FAX message received	Monochrome printing only possible.
Printing from a PC	Monochrome printing only possible.
Copying	Monochrome printing only possible. The Black Start (Mono Start) key is enabled, but the Color Start key is disabled.
Printing lists	Monochrome printing only possible.
Purge operation	Purge operation possible for black ink only, not possible for all-color or any specific color.

Tip: Difference between selector 3 on AMS04 and selector 8 on WSW49 (See [page App. 4-53.](#))

Both selector 3 on AMS04 and selector 8 on WSW49 specify the similar black ink print mode that applies if any color ink runs out. The difference is that the former allows the machine to print all data received as a monochrome printer with black ink only; the latter to ignore the ink empty state, receive both color and black data, and print it, resulting in a printout missing color components.

- **Selectors 4 and 8: Automatic purging for color ink and for black ink**

The machine periodically performs an automatic purge by default. The automatic purge, however, wastes ink when no printing has occurred. To avoid it, disable the automatic purge with these selectors. In the first printing after a long no-print period, disabling it may lower the print quality.

Setting selector 4 or 8 to "1" disables the setting made by selectors 6 and 7.

- **Selectors 6 and 7: Automatic purging interval**

These selectors allow you to select the automatic purging interval to reduce ink consumption.

Setting these selectors to "1, 1" (No purge) disables the setting made by selectors 4 and 8.

9.1.4.25 Cancellation of the Pin TX Lock Mode (Not applicable to U.S.A. models)

■ Function

This procedure can cancel the Pin TX lock mode. Use this procedure if the user forgets his/her password entered when setting the Pin TX lock mode so as not to exit from the mode.

NOTE: Carrying out this procedure will lose passwords previously entered but retain FAX messages received in the Pin TX lock mode.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) When the PIN TX LOCK is displayed on the LCD, press the **Menu** and # keys *at the same time*. Within two seconds, start to press the **2, 7, 9, 0,** and **0** keys.

The Pin TX lock mode will be canceled and the machine returns to the calendar clock screen.

9.2 MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS FOR CORDLESS HANDSETS

9.2.1 Overview

Models with a cordless handset have the maintenance functions dedicated to cordless handsets, as listed below.

To access one of these functions, press the **Menu/OK**, *****, and **#** keys, enter the corresponding **3-digit function code** with the numerical keys, and then press the **#** key on the cordless handset. (The details of each maintenance function are described in [Section 9.2.2](#).)

Maintenance Functions for Cordless Handsets

Function Code	Function	Reference Section (Page)
086	Checking of Cordless Handset ID Code and Base ID Code	9.2.2.1 (9-54)
195	Measuring of RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator)	9.2.2.2 (9-55)
196	Measuring of BER (Bit Error Rate)	9.2.2.3 (9-56)
197	Version Information on Cordless Handset	9.2.2.4 (9-56)
198	EEPROM Parameter Initialization	9.2.2.5 (9-57)

- NOTES**
- Pressing the **Off** key after entering only one or two digits restores the cordless handset to the standby state.
 - Entering an invalid function code does not display any error message so that the cordless handset superficially appears to accept the entry. If you make a mistake in entering a code, therefore, press the **Off** key to return to the standby state and then go back to the beginning of the procedure.

9.2.2 Detailed Description of the Maintenance Functions

9.2.2.1 Checking of Cordless Handset ID Code and Base ID Code (Function code 086)

■ Function

The cordless handset and base unit (cordless PCB in the machine) each have a unique ID code. When the machine leaves the factory, the cordless handset ID code is registered to the base unit, and the base ID code, to the cordless handset so that the handset and base unit are exclusively paired. Once paired, they can identify each other and initiate wireless communication between them.

Up to four cordless handset ID codes can be registered to the base unit.

Function code 086 allows you to check the cordless handset ID code and base ID code registered in the handset.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the Menu/OK, *, #, 0, 8, 6, and # keys in this order in the standby state.

The cordless handset displays its ID code as shown below.

Handset
ID = XXXXXXXX

- (2) To display the base ID code registered in the cordless handset, press the ▲ or ▼ key on the cordless handset.

Base Unit
ID = YYYYYYYY

- (3) To return to the standby state, press the **Off** key or leave the handset for one minute without pressing any key.

9.2.2.2 Measuring of RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) (Function code 195)

■ Function

This function is used to measure the RSSI (received signal strength indicator) of outside radio frequency interference (RFI) with the frequency band in a channel selected in an environment where the cordless handset is used.

Select a channel (001ch through 089ch) and measure the RSSI using the procedure below. Lower measured value means less radio frequency interference and better communications state.

If noise is heard with the cordless handset due to radio frequency interference, changing the locations of the machine and the cordless handset may avoid the noise.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the Menu/OK, *, #, 1, 9, 5, and # keys in this order in the standby state.

The following appears on the handset's LCD.

```
RF TEST MODE
RSSI
CH = 040
```

- (2) To change the channel, enter a 3-digit channel number from 001 through 089 using the numerical keys or the arrow keys (◀ or ▶) on the cordless handset.
- (3) Press the **Menu/OK** key on the cordless handset to start measuring the RSSI.

```
RSSI    ****H
CH = 089
```

Where, "H" or "L" at the end of the first line means high or low gain modulation, respectively.

Pressing the ▲ or ▼ key switches to high or low gain modulation, respectively.

NOTE: The higher the measured value, the higher the radio frequency interference.

- (4) To measure the RSSI for other channels, repeat steps (2) and (3) above.
- (5) To returns to the standby state, press the **Off** key.

9.2.2.3 Measuring of BER (Bit Error Rate) (Function code 196)

■ Function

This function is used to measure the BER (bit error rate) in data received through the wireless communications link between the base unit (cordless PCB in the machine) and the cordless handset.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the Menu/OK, *, #, 1, 9, 6, and # keys in this order in the standby state.

The following appears on the handset's LCD.

Rx Quality
C* S* P* G** (BER of base unit)
C* S* P* G** (BER of cordless handset)

Where,

C: Count of CRC errors per 100 frames	Max. = 9	Best = 0
S: Count of SYNC errors per 100 frames	Max. = 9	Best = 0
P: Count of Parity errors per 100 frames	Max. = 9	Best = 0
G: Count of LowGain selected per 100 frames	Max. = 99	Best = 99

NOTE: For C, S, and P, the lower value, the higher RF sensitivity; for G, the higher value, the higher sensitivity.

- (2) Bring the cordless handset into contact with the antenna on the base unit (in the machine) and check for a while that the measured values change.

The measured values come to the best ones and stay on. If not, the wireless communication is abnormal.

- (3) To return to the standby state, press the **Off** key twice.

9.2.2.4 Version Information on Cordless Handset (Function code 197)

■ Function

This function is used to check the version information on the cordless handset.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the Menu/OK, *, #, 1, 9, 7, and # keys in this order in the standby state.

The following appears on the handset's LCD.

PT: 3442 3108
FW: 4567
CP: 15678901

Where,

PT indicates the 8-digit compilation date of the internal host. The higher 4 digits are fixed to 3442; the lower indicates the date (in this example, 3108 means August 31).

FW indicates the 4-digit firmware version.

CP indicates the 8-digit CP version or revision.

- (2) To return to the standby state, press the **Off** key.

9.2.2.5 EEPROM Parameter Initialization (Function code 198)

■ Function

This function initializes the contents of the EEPROM in the cordless handset to the initial values, erasing all personal information stored.

NOTE: This function also erases the cordless handset ID code and base ID code which have been registered to the EEPROM in the cordless handset.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the Menu/OK, *, #, 1, 9, 8, and # keys in this order in the standby state.

The following appears on the handset's LCD.

```
E2PROM INIT
1. Yes 2. No
Number input
```

- (2) To initialize the contents of the EEPROM in the cordless handset, press the **1** key; to cancel initialization, press the **2** key.

If you press the **1** key, the following confirmation screen appears.

```
All Delete?
1. Yes 2. No
Number input
```

- (3) To initialize it, press the **1** key again; to cancel initialization, press the **2** key.
- (4) To return to the standby state, press the **Off** key or leave the handset for one minute without pressing any key.

Appendix 1. Reading Labels

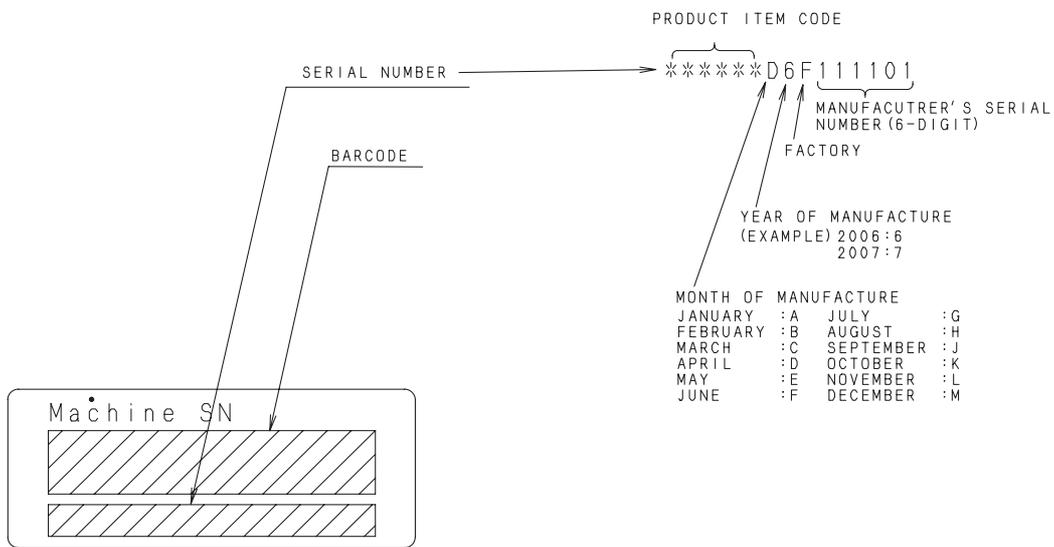
This appendix shows the location of labels put on some parts and describes the coding information for serial number, property data, and manufacturing information.

Reading Labels

An individual machine has a "serial number label" for the machine itself and "property labels" for the head/carriage unit. An individual ink cartridge and a battery in the cordless handset also have a "manufacturing information label."

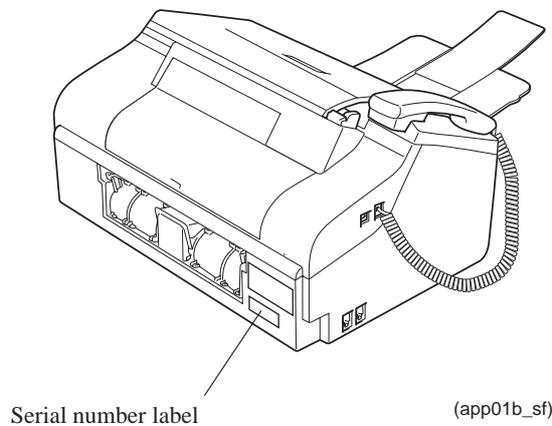
This section lists the coding information for those serial number, property data, and manufacturing information.

(1) Serial number label for the machine itself



(app01a)

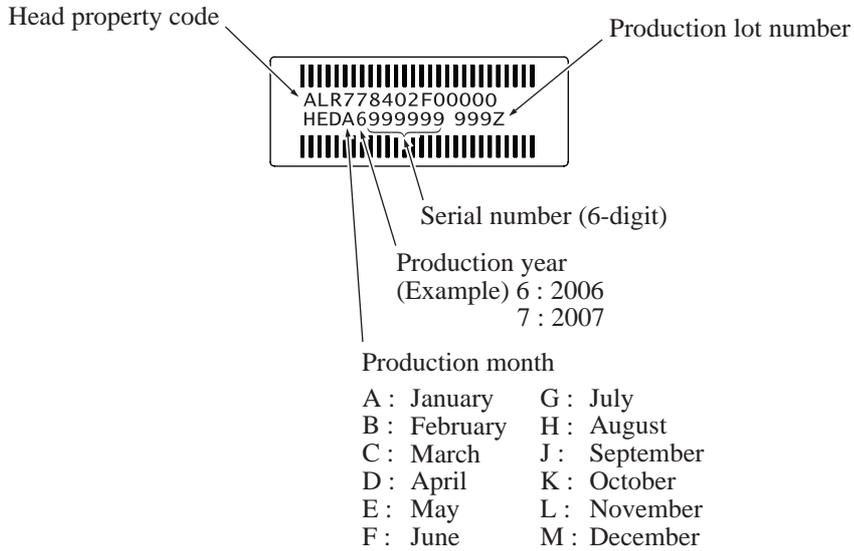
Location



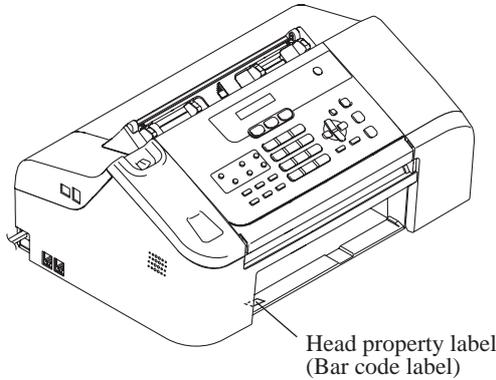
(2) Head property labels

The property code of the head/carriage unit is printed on head property labels--bar code label and QR code label, each of which is attached to the lower cover and the head/carriage unit, respectively.

■ On the lower cover

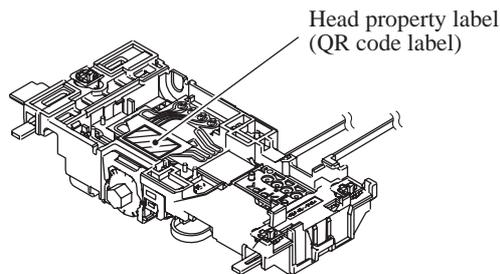


(bar_code_label)



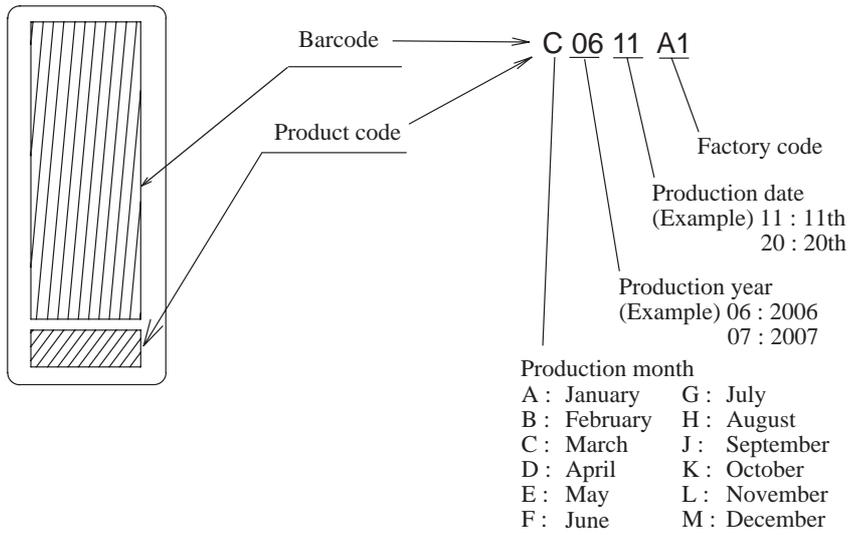
(head_property_BHL7SF)

■ On the head/carriage unit



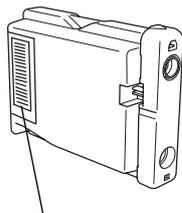
(app01f)

(3) Manufacturing information label for an ink cartridge



(app01g)

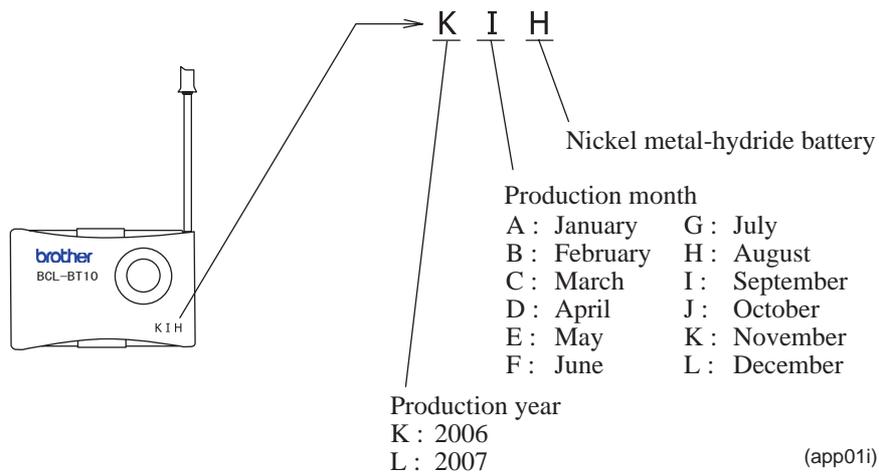
Location



Manufacturing information label

(app01h)

(4) Manufacturing information label for a battery (in cordless handsets)



(app01i)

Appendix 2. Firmware Installation

This appendix provides instructions on how to change firmware stored in the flash ROM on the main PCB or load firmware to a new main PCB from the host PC.

A2.1 Loading the Programs to the Flash ROM	App. 2-1
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A2.1 Loading the Programs to the Flash ROM

If you want to change the programs stored in the flash ROM on the main PCB or after you replace the main PCB, load the desired programs to the flash ROM.

Loading requires a PC/AT-compatible computer running Windows 98SE/Me, Windows 2000 Professional, or Windows XP Home/Professional.

CAUTION: During loading, never turn off your PC or the machine, unplug the USB interface cable, interrupt loading or load invalid data. If you do so, loading will fail, causing the PCB to be unusable. You will have to replace the main PCB and load programs to a new PCB.

Preparation

You need the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver and filedg32.exe (provided by Brother Industries). Save them in an arbitrary folder in your PC.

Installing the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver

To identify terminals connected via USB interface, a PC requires the corresponding virtual USB devices to be implemented by driver/software. If you connect any number of machines to your PC, therefore, the same number of virtual USB devices will be automatically configured on your PC. To prevent virtual USB devices from being configured limitlessly, use the unique driver installation procedure described below that enables your PC to identify terminals via a single virtual USB device.

NOTE: Once this installation procedure is carried out for a PC, no more driver/software installation will be required for that PC to identify machines. If the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver has been already installed to your PC according to this procedure, skip this section.

NOTE: Before proceeding to the procedure given below, make sure that the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver (listed in [Chapter 7, Section 7.1.1](#)) is stored in your PC.

- (1) Make sure that the power cord of the machine is unplugged from the electrical outlet.
If the machine is connected to your PC, unplug the USB cable.
- (2) Switch on your PC.
- (3) Plug the power cord of the machine into an electrical outlet.
- (4) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode. (Refer to [Chapter 9](#).)

TIP: FAX models equipped with numerical keypads can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this sequence.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "**■■ MAINTENANCE ■■**" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

- (5) Connect the machine to your PC using a USB cable.

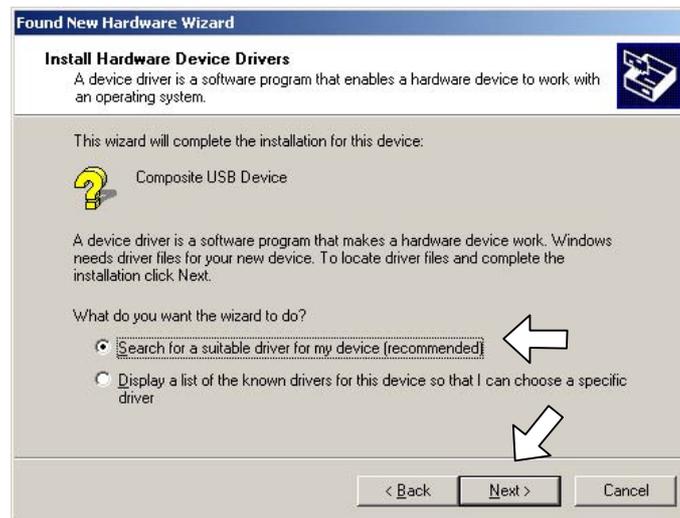
The following window appears.



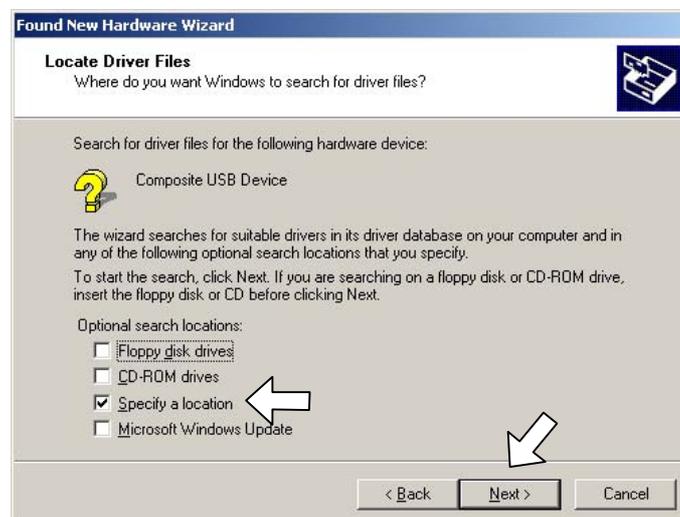
- (6) The following screen appears, indicating the detection of new hardware device by the system. Click **Next** to proceed.



- (7) Select "Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended)" and click **Next**.



- (8) Select "Specify a location" and click **Next**.



- (9) Select the folder where the copy of the BHL2-Maintenance Printer driver is located (or click **Browse** to specify it), then click **OK**.

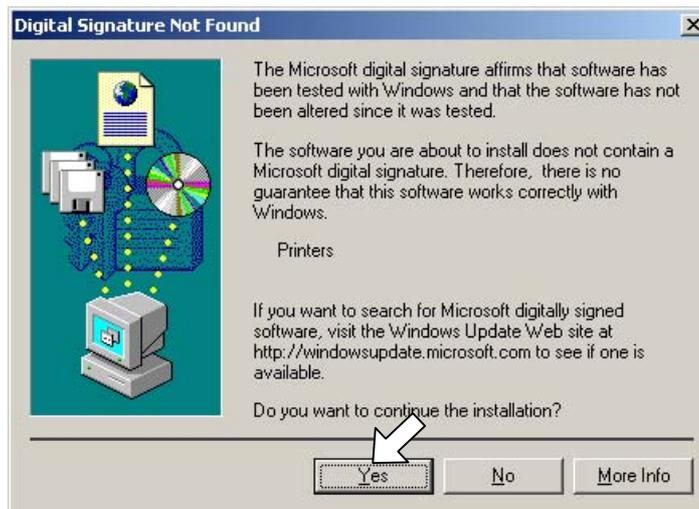
(This sample screen is captured on the Windows 2000 desktop.)



- (10) Click **Next**.



- (11) To proceed, click **Yes**.



(12) If the driver is successfully installed, the following message window appears. Click **Finish** to return to Windows.



NOTE: After completion of the driver installation, if the machine exits the maintenance mode, the "Found New Hardware Wizard" screen in step (6) appears again. Click **Cancel**.

NOTE: To check that the printer driver is successfully installed, click **Start|Settings|Printers** to call up the Printers window as shown below and confirm that the Brother BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon is displayed.



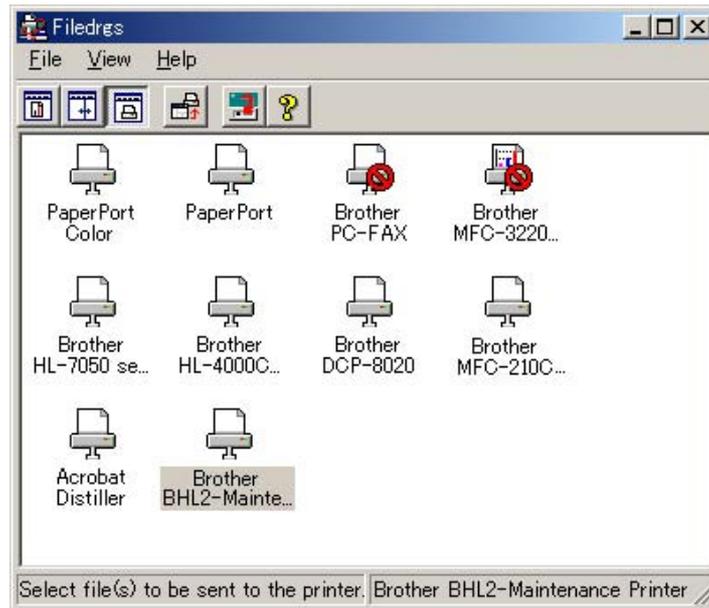
Loading the programs onto the flash ROM of the machine

■ After replacing the main PCB with a new one

Unplug the power cord of the machine from the electrical outlet and disconnect the USB cable that connects the machine with your PC.

- (1) On your PC, run "filedrg32.exe."

The Filedrgs window will appear as shown below.



- (2) Connect the machine to your PC using a USB cable.

- (3) On the machine, follow the steps below to enter the firmware loading mode.

- 1) Plug the power cord into an electrical outlet with the **0** key held down and keep holding it down until the following appears on the LCD. While the **0** key is held down, the machine beeps.



- 2) Hold down the **1** key until the following appears on the LCD. While the **1** key is held down, the machine beeps.



- 3) Hold down the **2** key until the following appears on the LCD. While the **2** key is held down, the machine beeps.



- 4) Hold down the **3** key until the following appears on the LCD. While the **3** key is held down, the machine beeps.



When the black and white pattern shown above is displayed, the machine is ready to receive programs or data for firmware installation from the connected PC.

NOTE: Pressing a wrong key or no key within the specified time in steps 1) through 4) above causes an error. If it happens, unplug the power cord and go back to step (1) above.

- (4) Drag and drop the firmware (e.g., lz0023_a.pmu) onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrgs window.

NOTE: To use a firmware file, extract it beforehand by double-clicking. It is a self-extracting file having the extension .exe.

After approx. 2 to 5 minutes, the loading operation is complete and the machine automatically reboots and returns to the standby state.

- (5) Check the version of the firmware installed, with the following steps.

Press the * and # keys at the same time to display the firmware version on the LCD.

- Sample version number shown on the LCD: A0307252244:CF30

If the displayed version number is identical with the firmware version you installed, the loading operation has been successfully finished.

NOTE: If loading operation ends abnormally, turn the machine off and on. Wait for the machine to emit a long beep and automatically enter the firmware loading mode, and then perform the loading procedure above again.

■ **After replacing the main PCB with the one used for any other machine or when changing programs**

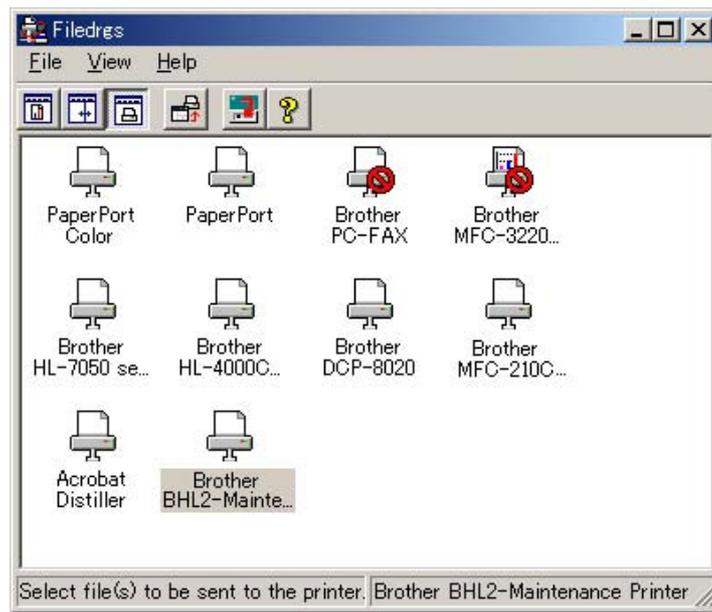
Unplug the power cord from the electrical outlet and make sure that the machine is connected with your PC using a USB cable.

While holding down the **5** key, plug the power cord into an electrical outlet.

The black and white pattern appears on the LCD as shown on the previous page. The machine is ready to receive programs or data for firmware installation from the connected PC.

(1) On your PC, run "filedrg32.exe."

The Filedrags window will appear as shown below.



(2) Drag and drop the firmware (e.g., lz0023_a.pmu) onto the BHL2-Maintenance Printer icon in the Filedrags window shown above.

NOTE: To use a firmware file, extract it beforehand by double-clicking. It is a self-extracting file having the extension .exe.

After approx. 2 to 5 minutes, the loading operation is complete and the machine automatically reboots and returns to the standby state.

(3) On the machine, check the version of the firmware installed, with the following steps.

Press the * and # keys at the same time to display the firmware version on the LCD.

- Sample version number shown on the LCD: A0307252244:CF30

If the displayed version number is identical with the firmware version you installed, the loading operation has been successfully finished.

NOTE: If loading operation ends abnormally, turn the machine off and on. Wait for the machine to emit a long beep and automatically enter the firmware loading mode, and then perform the loading procedure above again.

Appendix 3. EEPROM Customizing Codes

This appendix provides instructions on how to set up the EEPROM customizing codes for the various preferences exclusively designed for each destination. The specified customizing code is stored in the EEPROM mounted on the main PCB. If the main PCB is replaced, therefore, you need to set up the proper customizing code with the machine in the maintenance mode.

NOTE: Customizing codes customize firmware for individual models, enabling the common firmware to be used for various models. A list of EEPROM customizing codes comes with the firmware data provided by Brother Industries.

EEPROM CUSTOMIZING CODES

This function allows you to customize the EEPROM according to language, function settings, and firmware switch settings.

Refer to the "EEPROM Customizing Codes List" on the next page.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Press the **Menu** and **Black Start (Mono Start)** keys in this order. Next press the **▲** key four times to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu**, *****, **2**, **8**, **6** and **4** keys in this order.

The machine beeps for approx. one second and displays "**■■ MAINTENANCE ■■■**" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial stage of the maintenance mode, a mode in which the machine is ready to accept entry from the keys.

- (2) Start customizing the EEPROM (with Function code 74) by pressing the **7** and **4** keys in this order.

Press the **7** and **4** keys in this order in the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

The current customizing code appears on the LCD.

- (3) Enter the desired customizing code.

To enter letters "A" through "F," press the **1** through **6** keys while holding down the **#** key, respectively.

The newly entered code appears.

NOTE: *If a wrong 4-digit code is entered, the machine will malfunction.*

- (4) Press the **Black Start (Mono Start)** key.

The machine saves the setting and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

If you press the **Stop/Exit** key or no keys are pressed for one minute in the above procedure, the machine stops the procedure and returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

■ **EEPROM Customizing Codes List**

Destination	US Mexico	Canada	Chile Argentina	UK	Germany	Italy	Spain
MFC3360C	0001	0002	0040	0004	0003	0016	0015
FAX1960C	0201	---	---	---	---	---	---
FAX1860C	0101	---	---	---	---	---	---

Destination	Portugal	Netherlands	Ireland	Singapore, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Vietnam, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Iran, India, Jordan, Egypt, Lebanon, Syria, Pakistan, Kenya	Australia New Zealand	China
MFC3360C	0018	0009	0004	0040	0056	0020
FAX1960C	---	---	---	---	---	---
FAX1860C	---	---	---	---	---	---

The above information is as of July 31, 2006. The up-to-date information is available from your local Brother Customer Service.

Appendix 4. Firmware Switches (WSW)

This appendix describes the functions of the firmware switches, which can be divided into two groups: one is for customizing preferences designed for the shipping destination (as described in [Appendix 3](#)) and the other is for modifying preferences that match the machine to the environmental conditions. Use the latter group if the machine malfunctions due to mismatching.

NOTE: Each of the firmware switches has eight selectors. You should not allow end users to access all of those selectors, but you can allow them to access user-accessible selectors which are *shaded* in the firmware switch tables in this appendix.

NOTE: The firmware switch setting procedure is given in [Chapter 9, Section 9.1.4.5](#) (Function code 10).

WSW No.	Function	Refer to:
WSW01	Dial pulse setting	App. 4-3
WSW02	Tone signal setting	App. 4-4
WSW03	PBX mode setting	App. 4-5
WSW04	TRANSFER facility setting	App. 4-6
WSW05	1st dial tone and busy tone detection	App. 4-7
WSW06	Pause key setting and 2nd dial tone detection	App. 4-9
WSW07	Dial tone setting 1	App. 4-11
WSW08	Dial tone setting 2	App. 4-12
WSW09	Protocol definition 1	App. 4-13
WSW10	Protocol definition 2	App. 4-14
WSW11	Busy tone setting	App. 4-15
WSW12	Signal detection condition setting	App. 4-16
WSW13	Modem setting	App. 4-17
WSW14	AUTO ANS facility setting	App. 4-18
WSW15	REDIAL facility setting	App. 4-19
WSW16	Function setting 1	App. 4-20
WSW17	Function setting 2	App. 4-21
WSW18	Function setting 3	App. 4-22
WSW19	Transmission speed setting	App. 4-23
WSW20	Overseas communications mode setting	App. 4-24
WSW21	TAD setting 1	App. 4-25
WSW22	ECM and call waiting caller ID	App. 4-26
WSW23	Communications setting	App. 4-27
WSW24	TAD setting 2	App. 4-28
WSW25	TAD setting 3	App. 4-29
WSW26	Function setting 4	App. 4-30
WSW27	Function setting 5	App. 4-31
WSW28	Function setting 6	App. 4-32
WSW29	Function setting 7	App. 4-33
WSW30	Function setting 8	App. 4-34
WSW31	Function setting 9	App. 4-35
WSW32	Function setting 10	App. 4-36
WSW33	Function setting 11	App. 4-37
WSW34	Function setting 12	App. 4-38
WSW35	Function setting 13	App. 4-39
WSW36	Function setting 14	App. 4-40
WSW37	Function setting 15	App. 4-41
WSW38	V.34 transmission setting	App. 4-42
WSW39	V.34 transmission speed	App. 4-43
WSW40	V.34 modem settings	App. 4-44
WSW41	ON-duration of the scanning light source	App. 4-46
WSW42	Internet mail settings <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-47
WSW43	Function setting 21	App. 4-47
WSW44	Speeding up scanning-1 <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-48
WSW45	Speeding up scanning-2 <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-49
WSW46	Monitor of power ON/OFF state and parallel port kept at high	App. 4-50

WSW47	Switching between high- and full-speed USB	App. 4-51
WSW48	USB setup latency <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-52
WSW49	End-of-copying beep and black ink print mode	App. 4-53
WSW50	SDAA settings	App. 4-54
WSW51	Function setting 16	App. 4-55
WSW52	Function setting 17	App. 4-56
WSW53	Function setting 18	App. 4-57
WSW54	Function setting 19	App. 4-58
WSW55	Function setting 20 <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-59
WSW56	Function setting 21 <i>(Not used.)</i>	App. 4-59
WSW57	Function setting 22	App. 4-60
WSW58	Function setting 23	App. 4-61

WSW01 (Dial pulse setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Dial pulse generation mode	No. 1 2 0 0 : N 0 1 : N+1 1 0 : 10-N 1 1 : N
3 4	Break time length in pulse dialing	No. 3 4 0 0 : 60 ms 0 1 : 67 ms 1 0 : 40 ms (for 16 PPS) 1 1 : 64 ms (at 106-ms intervals)
5 6	Inter-digit pause	No. 5 6 0 0 : 800 ms 0 1 : 850 ms 1 0 : 950 ms 1 1 : 600 ms
7	Switching between pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing, by the function switch	0: Yes 1: No
8	Default dialing mode, pulse (DP) or tone (PB) dialing	0: PB 1: DP

ms: millisecond(s)

- Selectors 1 and 2: Dial pulse generation mode**

These selectors set the number of pulses to be generated in pulse dialing.

N: Dialing "N" generates "N" pulses. (Dialing "0" generates 10 pulses.)

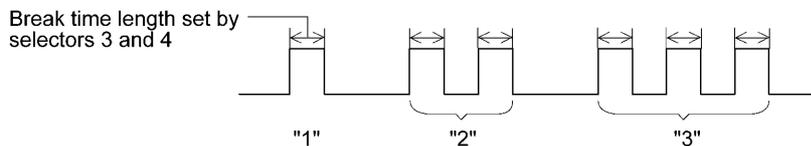
N + 1: Dialing "N" generates "N + 1" pulses.

10 - N: Dialing "N" generates "10 - N" pulses.

- Selectors 3 and 4: Break time length in pulse dialing**

These selectors set the break time length in pulse dialing.

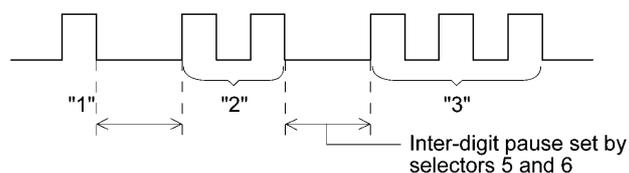
(Example: If "1," "2," and "3" are dialed when N is set by selectors 1 and 2.)



- Selectors 5 and 6: Inter-digit pause**

These selectors set the inter-digit pause in pulse dialing.

(Example: If "1," "2," and "3" are dialed when N is set by selectors 1 and 2.)



- **Selector 7: Switching between pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing, by the function switch**

This selector determines whether or not the dialing mode can be switched between the pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing by using the function switch.

- **Selector 8: Default dialing mode, pulse (DP) or tone (PB) dialing**

This selector sets the default dialing mode (pulse dialing or tone dialing) which can be changed by the function switch. If the user switches it with the function switch when selector 7 is set to "0," the setting specified by this selector will also be switched automatically.

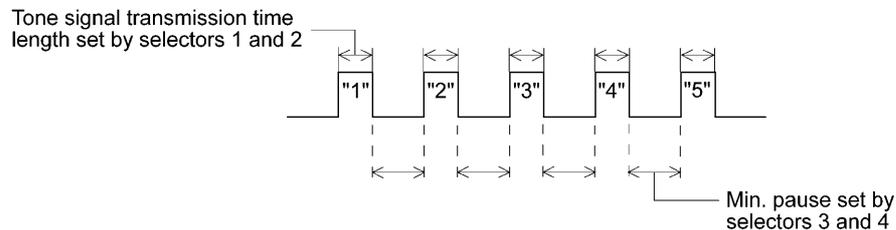
WSW02 (Tone signal setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Tone signal transmission time length	No. 1 2 0 0 : 70 ms 0 1 : 80 ms 1 0 : 90 ms 1 1 : 100 ms
3 4	Min. pause in tone dialing	No. 3 4 0 0 : 70 ms 0 1 : 80 ms 1 0 : 90 ms 1 1 : 140 ms
5 8	Attenuator for pseudo ring backtone to the line (selectable in the range of 0-15 dB, in 1 dB increments)	0: 0 dB 1: 8 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 4 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 2 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 1 dB

ms: millisecond(s)

- **Selectors 1 through 4: Tone signal transmission time length and Min. pause in tone dialing**

These selectors set the tone signal transmission time length and minimum pause in tone dialing. (Example: If "1," "2," "3," "4," and "5" are dialed.)



- **Selectors 5 through 8: Attenuator for pseudo ring backtone to the line**

These selectors are used to adjust the sound volume of a ring backtone in the F/T mode, an on-hold sound, or a beep generated as a signal during remote control operation or at the start of ICM recording.

The larger the value specified by these selectors, the greater the attenuation.

WSW03 (PABX* mode setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	CNG detection when sharing a modular wall socket with a telephone	0: A 1: B
2 4	Detection time length of PABX* dial tone, required for starting dialing (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 2 3 4 0 0 0 : 50 ms 0 0 1 : 210 ms 0 1 0 : 500 ms 0 1 1 : 800 ms 1 0 0 : 900 ms 1 0 1 : 1.5 sec. 1 1 0 : 2.0 sec. 1 1 1 : 2.5 sec.
5	CNG detection when sharing a modular wall socket with a telephone	0: A 1: B
6 7	Dial tone detection in PABX*	No. 6 7 0 0 : No detection (3.5 sec. WAIT) 0 1 : No detection (5 sec. WAIT) 1 0 : No detection (7 sec. WAIT) 1 1 : Detection (Frequency only)
8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s), ms: millisecond(s)
* PABX: Private automatic branch exchange

NOTE: Selectors 2 through 4, 6 and 7 are not applicable where no PABX is installed.

● **Selectors 1 and 5: CNG detection when sharing a modular wall socket with a telephone**

These selectors determine whether or not the machine detects a CNG signal when a line is connected to a telephone sharing a modular wall socket with the machine. Upon detection of CNG signals by the number of cycles specified by these selectors, the machine interprets CNG as an effective signal and then starts FAX reception.

Selector		Cycle
No. 1	No. 5	
0 (A)	0 (A)	0.5 cycle
0 (A)	1 (B)	1.0 cycle
1 (B)	0 (A)	1.5 cycles
1 (B)	1 (B)	2.0 cycles

● **Selectors 2 through 4: Detection time length of PABX dial tone, required for starting dialing (*Not used.*)**

Upon detection of the PABX dial tone for the time length set by these selectors, the machine starts dialing.

These selectors are effective only when both selectors 6 and 7 are set to "1" (Detection).

- **Selectors 6 and 7: Dial tone detection in PABX**

These selectors activate or deactivate the dial tone detection function which detects a dial tone when a line is connected to the PABX.

Setting both of these selectors to "1" activates the dial tone detection function so that the machine starts dialing upon detection of a dial tone when a line is connected.

Other setting combinations deactivate the dial tone detection function so that the machine starts dialing after the specified WAIT (3.5, 5.0, or 7.0 seconds) without detection of a dial tone when a line is connected.

WSW04 (TRANSFER facility setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Earth function in transfer facility (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: Provided 1: Not provided
2 3	Dual tone detection frequency in ICM recording	No. 2 3 0 0 : 350 and 440 Hz (A) 0 1 : 440 and 480 Hz (B) 1 0 : } 480 and 620 Hz (C) 1 1 : }
4	Dual tone detection sensitivity in ICM recording	0: Normal 1: High
5	Time to be added to the setting specified by selectors 3 and 4 of WSW24 (Time length from CML ON to start of pseudo ring backtone transmission)	0: Not added 1: +4 seconds added
6 8	Break time length for flash function	No. 6 7 8 No. 6 7 8 0 0 0 : 80 ms 1 0 1 : 250 ms 0 0 1 : 100 ms 1 1 0 : 500 ms 0 1 0 : 110 ms 1 1 1 : 700 ms 0 1 1 : 120 ms 1 0 0 : 200 ms

ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 and 5 through 8 are not applicable in those countries where no transfer facility is supported.

NOTE: Selectors 2 through 4 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

- **Selector 1: Earth function in transfer facility (*Not used.*)**

This selector determines whether or not the earth function is added to the transfer setting menu to be accessed by the function switch.

- **Selectors 2 and 3: Dual tone detection frequency in ICM recording**

If the machine detects either of the frequencies set by these selectors in ICM recording, it disconnects the line. For example, if these selectors are set to “0, 0,” the machine disconnects the line upon detection of 350 Hz or 440 Hz.

- **Selector 4: Dual tone detection sensitivity in ICM recording**

Setting this selector to "1" increases the tone detection sensitivity in ICM recording.

- **Selectors 6 through 8: Break time length for flash function**

These selectors set the break time length.

This setting is effective only when the flash function is selected for the Speed Dial key by using the function switch.

WSW05 (1st dial tone and busy tone detection)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	1st dial tone detection	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 3.5 sec. WAIT 0 0 1 : 7.0 sec. WAIT 0 1 0 : 10.5 sec. WAIT 0 1 1 : 14.0 sec. WAIT 1 0 0 : 17.5 sec. WAIT 1 0 1 : 21.0 sec. WAIT 1 1 0 : 24.5 sec. WAIT 1 1 1 : Detection (Without WAIT)
4	Max. pause time allowable for remote ID code detection	0 : 2 seconds 1: 1 second
5 6	Busy tone detection in auto- matic sending mode	No. 5 6 0 0 : No detection 0 1 : Detection only after dialing 1 0 : No detection 1 1 : Detection before and after dialing
7	Busy tone detection in auto- matic receiving mode	0: Yes 1: No
8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 5 through 7 are not applicable in those countries where no busy tone detection is supported.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: 1st dial tone detection**

These selectors activate or deactivate the 1st dial tone detection function which detects the 1st dial tone issued from the PSTN when a line is connected to the PSTN.

Setting all of these selectors to "1" activates the dial tone detection function so that the machine starts dialing upon detection of a dial tone when a line is connected. (However, in those countries which support no dial tone detection function, e.g., in the U.S.A., setting these selectors to "1" makes the machine start dialing after a WAIT of 3.5 seconds.) For the detecting conditions of the 1st dial tone, refer to WSW07 and WSW08.

Other setting combinations deactivate the dial tone detection function so that the machine starts dialing after the specified WAIT (3.5, 7.0, 10.5, 14.0, 17.5, 21.0, or 24.5 seconds) without detection of a dial tone when a line is connected to the PSTN.

- **Selector 4: Max. pause time allowable for remote ID code detection**

This selector sets the maximum pause time allowable for detecting the second digit of a remote ID code after detection of the first digit in remote reception.

If selector 4 is set to "0" (2 seconds), for instance, only a remote ID code whose second digit is detected within 2 seconds after detection of the first digit will become effective so as to activate the remote function.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Busy tone detection in automatic sending mode**

These selectors determine whether or not the machine automatically disconnects a line upon detection of a busy tone in automatic sending mode.

Setting selector 6 to "0" ignores a busy tone so that the machine does not disconnect the line.

Setting selectors 5 and 6 to "0" and "1," respectively, makes the machine detect a busy tone only after dialing and disconnect the line.

Setting both of selectors 5 and 6 to "1" makes the machine detect a busy tone before and after dialing and then disconnect the line.

- **Selector 7: Busy tone detection in automatic receiving mode**

This selector determines whether or not the machine automatically disconnects the line upon detection of a busy tone in automatic receiving mode.

WSW06 (Pause key setting and 2nd dial tone detection)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Pause key setting and 2nd dial tone detection	No.1 2 3 0 0 0 : No pause 0 0 1 : 3.5 sec. WAIT 0 1 0 : 7 sec. WAIT 0 1 1 : 10.5 sec. WAIT 1 0 0 : 14 sec. WAIT 1 1 0 : 2nd dial tone detection only in pulse dialing (DP) system 1 0 1 : } 2nd dial tone detection 1 1 1 : } both in DP and push-button (PB) dialing system
4 6	Detection of international tone	No.4 5 6 0 0 0 : 50 ms 0 0 1 : 210 ms 0 1 0 : 500 ms 0 1 1 : 800 ms 1 0 0 : 900 ms 1 0 1 : 1.5 sec. 1 1 0 : 2.0 sec. 1 1 1 : 2.5 sec.
7	No. of 2nd dial tone detection cycles	0: 1 cycle 1: 2 cycles
8	Allowable instantaneous interrupt during reception of 2nd dial tone	0: 30 ms 1: 50 ms

sec.: second(s), ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: Selectors 4 through 8 are not applicable in those countries where no dial tone detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Pause key setting and 2nd dial tone detection**

Selectors			
1	2	3	
0	0	0	No WAIT is inserted even if the Pause key is pressed.
0	0	1	If you press the Pause key during dialing, the machine will insert WAIT as defined in the above table. If the Pause key is pressed repeatedly, the machine inserts the specified WAIT multiplied by the number of depressions. It applies also in hook-up dialing.
0	1	0	
0	1	1	
1	0	0	
1	0	1	When these selectors are set to "1, 0, 1": Each time you press the Pause key in dialing, the machine will wait for the 2nd dial tone to be sent via the communications line regardless of pulse dialing or tone dialing. When these selectors are set to "1, 1, 0": If you press the Pause key in pulse dialing, the machine will first wait for the 2nd dial tone to be sent via the communications line. After that, pressing the Pause key will cause the machine to insert a WAIT of 3.5 seconds. In tone dialing, the machine will insert a WAIT of 3.5 seconds. When these selectors are set to "1, 1, 1": If you press the Pause key, the machine will first wait for the 2nd dial tone to be sent via the communications line regardless of pulse dialing or tone dialing. After that, pressing the Pause key will cause the machine to insert a WAIT of 3.5 seconds. (In those countries where no dial tone detection function is supported, setting these selectors to "1, 0, 1," "1, 1, 0," or "1, 1, 1" inserts a WAIT of 3.5 seconds.)
1	1	0	
1	1	1	

- **Selectors 4 through 6: Detection of international tone**

Upon detection of the 2nd dial tone for the time length specified by these selectors, the machine starts dialing.

This setting is effective only when the 2nd dial tone detection function is activated by selectors 1 through 3 (Setting 101, 110, or 111).

This function does not apply in those countries where no dial tone detection function is supported.

- **Selector 7: No. of 2nd dial tone detection cycles**

This selector sets the number of dial tone detection cycles required for starting dialing.

- **Selector 8: Allowable instantaneous interrupt during reception of 2nd dial tone**

This selector sets the allowable instantaneous interrupt period that should be ignored during reception of the 2nd dial tone.

WSW07 (Dial tone setting 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Dial tone frequency band control	No. 1 2 0 0 : Narrows by 10 Hz 0 1 : Initial value 1 0 : Widens by 10 Hz 1 1 : Widens by 10 Hz
3	Line current detection (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: No 1: Yes
4 6	2nd dial tone detection level ($Z = 600\Omega$)	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : -21 dBm 0 0 1 : -24 dBm 0 1 0 : -27 dBm 0 1 1 : -30 dBm 1 0 0 : -33 dBm 1 0 1 : -36 dBm 1 1 0 : -39 dBm 1 1 1 : -42 dBm
7	Allowable instantaneous interrupt during reception of 1st dial tone	0: 30 ms 1: 50 ms
8	Not used.	

ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1, 2, 4 through 7 are not applicable in those countries where no dial tone or line current detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

NOTE: Selector 3 is not applicable to those models having no loop current detection function.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Dial tone frequency band control**

These selectors set the frequency band for the 1st dial tone and busy tone (before dialing) to be detected.

This setting is effective only when selectors 1 through 3 on WSW05 are set to "1,1,1."

- **Selector 3: Line current detection** (*Not used.*)

This selector determines whether or not to detect a line current before starting dialing.

- **Selectors 4 through 6: 2nd dial tone detection level**

These selectors set the detection level of the 2nd dial tone.

- **Selector 7: Allowable instantaneous interrupt during reception of 1st dial tone**

This selector sets the allowable instantaneous interrupt period that should be ignored during reception of the 1st dial tone.

WSW08 (Dial tone setting 2)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	1st dial tone detection time length	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 50 ms 0 0 1 : 210 ms 0 1 0 : 500 ms 0 1 1 : 800 ms 1 0 0 : 900 ms 1 0 1 : 1.5 sec. 1 1 0 : 2.0 sec. 1 1 1 : 2.5 sec.
4 5	Time-out length for 1st and 2nd dial tone detection	No. 4 5 0 0 : 10 sec. 0 1 : 20 sec. 1 0 : 15 sec. 1 1 : 30 sec.
6 8	Detection level of 1st dial tone and busy tone before dialing	No. 6 7 8 0 0 0 : -21 dBm 0 0 1 : -24 dBm 0 1 0 : -27 dBm 0 1 1 : -30 dBm 1 0 0 : -33 dBm 1 0 1 : -36 dBm 1 1 0 : -39 dBm 1 1 1 : -42 dBm

sec.: second(s), ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: The WSW08 is not applicable in those countries where no dial tone detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

• **Selectors 1 through 3: 1st dial tone detection time length**

Upon detection of the 1st dial tone for the time length set by these selectors, the machine starts dialing.

This setting is effective only when selectors 1 through 3 on WSW05 are set to "1,1,1."

• **Selectors 4 and 5: Time-out length for 1st and 2nd dial tone detection**

These selectors set the time-out length for the 1st and 2nd dial tone detection so that the machine waits dial tone input for the specified time length and disconnects itself from the line when no dial tone is inputted.

WSW09 (Protocol definition 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications	
1	Frame length selection	0: 256 octets 1: 64 octets	
2	Use of non-standard commands	0: Allowed 1: Prohibited	
3 4	No. of retries	No. 3 4	
		0 0 : 4 times	
		0 1 : 3 times	
		1 0 : 2 times	
		1 1 : 1 time	
5	T5 timer	0: 300 sec. 1: 60 sec.	
6	T1 timer	0: 35 sec. 1: 40 sec.	
7 8	Timeout for response from the called station in automatic sending mode	No. 7 8	
		0 0 : { 55 sec. (in U.S.A. and Canadian models)	
			60 sec. (in other models)
		0 1 : 140 sec.	
		1 0 : 90 sec.	
		1 1 : 35 sec.	

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 5 are not applicable in those models which do not support ECM.

- **Selector 1: Frame length selection**

Usually a single frame consists of 256 octets (1 octet = 8 bits). For communications lines with higher bit error rate, however, set selector 1 to "1" so that the machine can divide a message into 64-octet frames.

Remarks: The error correction mode (ECM) is a facsimile transmission manner in which the machine divides a message into frames for transmission so that if any data error occurs on the transmission line, the machine retransmits only those frames containing the error data.

- **Selector 2: Use of non-standard commands**

If this selector is set to "0," the machine can use non-standard commands (the machine's native-mode commands, e.g., NSF, NSC, and NSS) for communications. If it is set to "1," the machine will use standard commands only.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: No. of retries**

These selectors set the number of retries in each specified modem transmission speed.

- **Selector 5: T5 timer**

This selector sets the time length for the T5 timer.

- **Selector 6: T1 timer**

This selector sets the time length for the T1 timer.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Timeout for response from the called station in automatic sending mode**

If the machine (calling station) receives no response (no G3 command) from the called terminal in automatic sending mode for the period specified by these selectors, it disconnects the line.

WSW10 (Protocol definition 2)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2	Time length from transmission of the last dial digit to CML ON	0: 100 ms 1: 50 ms
3	Time length from CML ON to CNG transmission	0: 2 sec. 1: 4 sec.
4	Time length from CML ON to CED transmission (except for facsimile-to-telephone switching)	0: 0.5 sec. 1: 2 sec.
5 6	No. of training retries	No. 5 6 0 0 : 1 time 0 1 : 2 times 1 0 : 3 times 1 1 : 4 times
7	Encoding system (Compression)	MR 0: Allowed 1: Not allowed
8		MMR 0: Allowed 1: Not allowed

sec.: second(s), ms: millisecond(s)

- **Selector 2: Time length from transmission of the last dial digit to CML ON**
This selector sets the time length from when the machine transmits the last dial digit until the CML relay comes on.
- **Selector 3: Time length from CML ON to CNG transmission**
This selector sets the time length until the machine transmits a CNG after it turns on the CML relay.
- **Selector 4: Time length from CML ON to CED transmission**
This selector sets the time length until the machine transmits a CED after it turns on the CML relay. This setting does not apply to switching between facsimile and telephone.
- **Selectors 5 and 6: No. of training retries**
These selectors set the number of training retries to be repeated before automatic fallback.
- **Selectors 7 and 8: Encoding system (Compression)**
This selector determines whether or not to allow the use of the MR/MMR coding system.

WSW11 (Busy tone setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Busy tone frequency band control	No. 1 2 0 0 : Narrows by 10 Hz 0 1 : Initial value 1 0 : Widens by 10 Hz 1 1 : Widens by 10 Hz
3		1: 250-750/250-750 ms
4	ON/OFF time length ranges for busy tone (More than one setting allowed)	1: 400-600/400-600 ms
5		1: 175-440/175-440 ms
6		1: 100-1000 ms/17-660 ms
7		1: 110-410/320-550 ms
8		1: 100-660/100-660 ms

ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: WSW11 is not applicable in those countries where no busy tone detection is supported.

NOTE: The setting of WSW11 is effective only when selectors 5 and 6 on WSW05 are set to "0, 1" or "1, 1" (Busy tone detection).

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Busy tone frequency band control**

These selectors set the frequency band for busy tone to be detected.

- **Selectors 3 through 8: ON/OFF time length ranges for busy tone**

These selectors set the ON and OFF time length ranges for busy tone to be detected. If more than one selector is set to "1," the ranges become wider. For example, if selectors 4 and 5 are set to "1," the ON and OFF time length ranges are from 175 to 600 ms.

WSW12 (Signal detection condition setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Min. detection period required for interpreting incoming calling signal (CI) as OFF	No. 1 2 0 0 : 1500 ms 0 1 : 500 ms 1 0 : 700 ms 1 1 : 900 ms
3 4	Max. detection period for incoming calling signal (CI) being OFF	No. 3 4 0 0 : 6 sec. 0 1 : 7 sec. 1 0 : 9 sec. 1 1 : 11 sec.
5 6	Min. detection period required for acknowledging incoming calling signal (CI) as ON	No. 5 6 0 0 : 800 ms (1000 ms*) 0 1 : 200 ms 1 0 : 250 ms 1 1 : 150 ms
7	Line connection timing (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: Ringer-OFF period (default) 1: Ringer-ON period
8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s), ms: millisecond(s)

*1000 milliseconds in Chinese models.

- **Selectors 1 through 4: Min. detection period required for interpreting incoming calling signal (CI) as OFF**
Max. detection period for incoming calling signal (CI) being OFF

If the machine detects the OFF state of a CI signal for the period greater than the value set by selectors 1 and 2 and less than the value set by selectors 3 and 4, it interprets the CI signal as OFF.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Min. detection period required for acknowledging incoming calling signal (CI) as ON**

These selectors set the period required to make the machine acknowledge itself to be called. That is, if the machine continuously detects a CI signal with the frequency set by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW14 during the period set by these selectors 5 and 6, then it acknowledges the call.

- **Selector 7: Line connection timing (*Not used.*)**

If a line is connected in a ringer-ON period, FAX models equipped with an SDAA circuit may malfunction due to the ringer voltage. To make the line connection stable, this selector should be set to "0" so that a line is connected in a ringer-OFF period.

WSW13 (Modem setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Cable equalizer	No. 1 2 0 0 : 0 km 0 1 : 1.8 km 1 0 : 3.6 km 1 1 : 5.6 km
3 4	Reception level	No. 3 4 0 0 : -43 dBm 0 1 : -47 dBm 1 0 : -49 dBm 1 1 : -51 dBm
5 8	Modem attenuator	0: 0 dB 1: 8 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 4 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 2 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 1 dB

The modem should be adjusted according to the user's line conditions.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Cable equalizer**

These selectors are used to improve the pass-band characteristics of analogue signals on a line. (Attenuation in the high-band frequency is greater than in the low-band frequency.)

Set these selectors according to the distance from the telephone switchboard to the machine.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: Reception level**

These selectors set the optimum receive signal level.

- **Selectors 5 through 8: Modem attenuator**

These selectors are used to adjust the transmitting level attenuation of the modem when the reception level at the remote station is improper due to line loss. This function applies for G3 protocol signals.

Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of attenuation assigned to each selector.

If selector 8 on WSW23 is set to "0," this setting is so limited that 10 dB (1 dB in France) or higher setting only is effective. Note that in Japan and China, 9 dB or higher and 2 dB or higher settings only are effective, respectively, regardless of whether selector 8 on WSW23 is set to "0."

WSW14 (AUTO ANS facility setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Frequency band selection (lower limit) for incoming calling signal (CI)	No. 1 2 0 0 : 13 Hz 0 1 : 15 Hz 1 0 : 23 Hz 1 1 : 20 Hz
3 4	Frequency band selection (upper limit) for incoming calling signal (CI)	No. 3 4 0 0 : 30 Hz 0 1 : 55 Hz 1 0 : 70 Hz 1 1 : 200 Hz
5 8	No. of rings in AUTO ANS mode	No. 5 6 7 8 0 0 0 0 : Fixed to once 0 0 0 1 : 1 to 6 times 0 0 1 0 : 1 to 8 times 0 0 1 1 : 2 to 8 times 0 1 0 0 : 1 to 2 times 0 1 0 1 : 1 to 3 times 0 1 1 0 : 1 to 4 times 0 1 1 1 : 1 to 5 times 1 0 0 0 : 2 to 3 times 1 0 0 1 : 2 to 4 times 1 0 1 0 : 2 to 5 times 1 0 1 1 : 2 to 6 times 1 1 0 0 : 1 to 10 times 1 1 0 1 : 2 to 10 times 1 1 1 0 : 3 to 5 times 1 1 1 1 : 4 to 10 times

- **Selectors 1 through 4: Frequency band selection for incoming calling signal (CI)**

These selectors are used to select the frequency band of CI for activating the AUTO ANS facility.

In the French models, if the user sets the PBX to OFF from the control panel, the setting made by selectors 1 and 2 will take no effect and the frequency's lower limit will be fixed to 32 Hz. (Even if the setting made by these selectors does not apply, it will be printed on the configuration list.)

- **Selectors 5 through 8: No. of rings in AUTO ANS mode**

These selectors set the number of rings to initiate the AUTO ANS facility.

WSW15 (REDIAL facility setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Redial interval	No. 1 2 0 0 : 5 minutes 0 1 : 1 minute 1 0 : 2 minutes 1 1 : 3 minutes
3 6	No. of redialings	No. 3 4 5 6 0 0 0 0 : 16 times 0 0 0 1 : 1 times 0 0 1 0 : 2 times 0 0 1 1 : 3 times 1 1 1 1 : 15 times
7	Not used.	
8	CRP option	0: Disable 1: Enable

- **Selectors 1 through 6: Redial interval and No. of redialings**

The machine redials by the number of times set by selectors 3 through 6 at intervals set by selectors 1 and 2.

- **Selector 8: CRP option**

If a command error occurs in the machine (calling station), the machine usually waits for three seconds and then makes a retry three times. This CRP option is a request command that can be sent from the called station for requesting the calling station to retry the failed command immediately.

WSW16 (Function setting 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2	ITU-T (CCITT) superfine recommendation	0: OFF 1: ON
3 6	Not used.	
7	Max. document length limitation	0: 400 cm 1: 90 cm
8	Stop key pressed during reception	0: Not functional 1: Functional

NOTE: Selector 7 is applicable to models with ADF unit.

- **Selector 2: ITU-T (CCITT) superfine recommendation**

If this selector is set to "1," the machine communicates in ITU-T (CCITT) recommended superfine mode (15.4 lines/mm). If it is set to "0," it communicates in native superfine mode.

- **Selector 7: Max. document length limitation**

This selector is used to select the maximum length of a document to be sent.

- **Selector 8: Stop key pressed during reception**

If this selector is set to "1," pressing the **Stop** key can stop the current receiving operation. The received data will be lost.

WSW17 (Function setting 2)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Off-hook alarm	No. 1 2 0 0 : No alarm 0 1 : Always valid 1 0 : } Valid except when 1 1 : } 'call reservation' is selected.
3 4	Not used.	
5	Calendar clock type	0: U.S.A. type 1: European type
6	Not used.	
7	Non-ring reception	0: OFF 1: ON
8	Not used.	

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Off-hook alarm**

These selectors activate or deactivate the alarm function which sounds an alarm when the communication is completed with the handset being off the hook.

- **Selector 5: Calendar clock type**

If this selector is set to "0" (USA), the MM/DD/YY hh:mm format applies; if it is set to "1" (Europe), the DD/MM/YY hh:mm format applies: DD is the day, MM is the month, YY is the last two digits of the year, hh is the hour, and mm is the minute.

- **Selector 7: Non-ring reception**

Setting this selector to "1" makes the machine receive calls without ringer sound if the Ring Delay is set to 0.

WSW18 (Function setting 3)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2 3	Detection enabled time for CNG or "no tone"	No. 2 3 0 0 : 40 sec. 0 1 : 0 sec. (No detection) 1 0 : 5 sec. 1 1 : 80 sec.
4 5	Not used.	
6	Registration of station ID	0: Permitted 1: Prohibited
7 8	Tone sound monitoring	No. 7 8 0 0 : No monitoring 0 1 : No monitoring 1 0 : Up to phase B at the calling station only 1 1 : All transmission phases both at the calling and called stations

sec.: second(s)

- **Selectors 2 and 3: Detection enabled time for CNG or "no tone"**

After the line is connected via the external telephone or by picking up the handset of the machine, the machine can detect a CNG signal or "no tone" for the time length specified by these selectors. The setting specified by these selectors becomes effective only when selector 8 on WSW20 is set to "1."

- **Selector 6: Registration of station ID**

Setting this selector to "0" permits the registration of station ID for Austrian and Czech models.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Tone sound monitoring**

These selectors set monitoring specifications of the tone sound inputted from the line.

WSW19 (Transmission speed setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	First transmission speed choice for fallback	No. 1 2 3 No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : 2,400 bps 0 0 1 : 4,800 bps 0 1 0 : 7,200 bps 0 1 1 : 9,600 bps 1 0 0 : 12,000 bps 1 0 1 : } 1 1 0 : } 14,400 bps 1 1 1 : }
4 6	Last transmission speed choice for fallback	
7	V.34 mode	0: Permitted 1: Prohibited
8	V.17 mode	0: Permitted 1: Prohibited

NOTE: Selector 7 takes effect only in models supporting V.34 mode.

- **Selectors 1 through 6: First and last choices of transmission speed for fallback**

These selectors are used to set the MODEM speed range. With the first transmission speed choice specified by selectors 1 through 3, the machine attempts to establish the transmission link via the MODEM. If the establishment fails, the machine automatically steps down to the next lowest speed and attempts to establish the transmission link again. The machine repeats this sequence while stepping down the transmission speed to the last choice specified by selectors 4 through 6.

If the MODEM always falls back to a low transmission speed (e.g., 4,800 bps), set the first transmission speed choice to the lower one (e.g., modify it from 12,000 bps to 7,200 bps) in order to deactivate the high-speed MODEM function and reduce the training time for shorter transmission time.

Generally, to save the transmission time, set the last transmission speed choice to a higher one.

- **Selector 7: V.34 mode**

Permitting the V.34 mode with this selector makes WSW38 to WSW40, and WSW41 (selectors 5 to 8) effective.

WSW20 (Overseas communications mode setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	EP* tone prefix	0: OFF 1: ON
2	Overseas communications mode (Reception)	0: 2100 Hz 1: 1100 Hz
3	Overseas communications mode (Transmission)	0: OFF 1: Ignores DIS once.
4 5	Min. time length from reception of CFR to start of transmission of video signals	No. 4 5
		0 0 : 100 ms
		0 1 : 200 ms
		1 0 : 300 ms
		1 1 : 400 ms
6 7	At CNG detection, elimination of chattering noise	No. 6 7
		0 0 : Yes, at both ON/OFF timings
		0 1 : Yes, at OFF timing
		1 0 : No
		1 1 : No
8	Limitation on CNG detection	0: OFF 1: ON

ms: millisecond(s)

* EP: Echo protection

NOTE: Selectors 6 and 7 are applicable to models equipped with an SDAA circuit.

- **Selector 1: EP tone prefix**

Setting this selector to "1" makes the machine transmit a 1700 Hz echo protection (EP) tone immediately preceding training in V.29 modulation system to prevent omission of training signals.

Prefixing an EP tone is useful when the machine fails to transmit at the V.29 modem speed and always has to fall back to 4,800 bps transmission.

The setting made by this selector takes effect only when the Overseas Mode is set to ON.

- **Selectors 2 and 3: Overseas communications mode**

These selectors should be used if the machine malfunctions in overseas communications. According to the communications error state, select the signal specifications.

Setting selector 2 to "1" allows the machine to use 1100 Hz CED signal instead of 2100 Hz in receiving operation. This prevents malfunctions resulting from echoes, since the 1100 Hz signal does not disable the echo suppressor (ES) while the 2100 Hz signal does.

Setting selector 3 to "1" allows the machine to ignore a DIS signal sent from the called station once in sending operation. This operation suppresses echoes since the first DIS signal immediately follows a 2100 Hz CED (which disables the ES) so that it is likely to be affected by echoes in the disabled ES state. However, such a disabled ES state will be removed soon so that the second and the following DIS signals are not susceptible to data distortion due to echoes. Note that some models when called may cause error by receiving a self-outputted DIS.

The setting made by selector 3 takes effect only when the Overseas Communications Mode is set to ON. (The setting made by selector 2 is always effective.)

- **Selectors 8: Limitation on CNG detection**

If this selector is set to "1," the machine detects a CNG signal according to the condition preset by selectors 2 and 3 on WSW18 after a line is connected. If it is set to "0," the machine detects a CNG signal as long as the line is connected.

WSW21 (TAD setting 1)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 5	"No tone" detection period during recording of ICM (Max. waiting time for voice signal)	No. 1 2 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 : No detection 0 0 0 0 1 : 1 sec. 0 0 0 1 0 : 2 sec. 0 0 0 1 1 : 3 sec. 0 0 1 1 0 : 6 sec. (default) 1 1 1 1 1 : 31 sec.
6 7	Taping the call	No. 6 7 0 0 : Enable (signaling for U.S.A.) 0 1 : Enable (signaling for countries except U.S.A.) 1 0 : Enable (without signaling) 1 1 : Disable
8	Erasure of message stored in the memory after the message transfer	0: Yes 1: No

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 5 are applicable to models equipped with ICM recorder.

NOTE: Selectors 6 through 8 are applicable to models with a built-in TAD.

- **Selectors 1 through 5: "No tone" detection period during recording of ICM (Max. waiting time for voice signal)**

If the machine detects "no tone"* during recording of ICM for the time length specified by these selectors, it automatically stops recording ICM and disconnects the line. (*Tone whose level is less than the threshold specified by selectors 1 through 3 on WSW33 is interpreted as "no tone.")

- **Selectors 6 and 7: Taping the call**

These selectors select whether or not to tape the call. Setting them to "1, 0" enables taping the call without signaling to the calling station that the call is being taped.

- **Selector 8: Erasure of message stored in the memory after the message transfer**

Setting this selector to "0" will erase the message recorded in the memory after the document retrieval feature transfers the message.

WSW22 (ECM and call waiting caller ID)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications	
1	ECM* in sending	0: ON	1: OFF
2	ECM* in receiving	0: ON	1: OFF
3	Call Waiting Caller ID	0: ON	1: OFF
4	Not used.		
5 8	Acceptable TCF bit error rate (%) (Only at 4,800 bps) (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: 0% 0: 0% 0: 0% 0: 0%	1: 8% 1: 4% 1: 2% 1: 1%

* ECM: Error correction mode

NOTE: Selector 3 is applicable to the American models.

NOTE: Selectors 5 through 8 are applicable to the Chinese, Taiwanese and Asian models only.

- **Selector 3: Call Waiting Caller ID**

Setting this selector to "0" allows the user to decide whether or not to interrupt the current call when a new call comes in. If Call Waiting Caller ID service is available in the area and the user subscribes to it, he/she can see information about his/her incoming call on the LCD.

- **Selectors 5 through 8: Acceptable TCF bit error rate (%) (*Not used.*)**

Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of percent assigned to each selector. If you set selectors 7 and 8 to "1," the acceptable TCF bit error rate will be 3%.

WSW23 (Communications setting)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Starting point of training check (TCF)	0: From the head of a series of zeros 1: From any arbitrary point
2 3	Allowable training error rate	No. 2 3 0 0 : 0% 0 1 : 0.5% 1 0 : 1% 1 1 : 2%
4 5		No. 4 5 0 0 : 16% 0 1 : 14% 1 0 : 10% 1 1 : 8%
6 7	Not used.	
8	Limitation of attenuation level	0: Yes 1: No

NOTE: Selector 8 is not applicable to the French models.

- **Selector 1: Starting point of training check (TCF)**

At the training phase of receiving operation, the called station detects for 1.0 second a training check (TCF) command, a series of zeros which is sent from the calling station for 1.5 seconds to verify training and give the first indication of the acceptability of the line.

This selector sets the starting point from which the called station should start counting those zeros. If this selector is set to "0," the called station starts counting zeros 100 milliseconds after the head of a series of zeros is detected.

If it is set to "1," the called station starts counting zeros upon detection of 10-millisecond successive zeros 50 milliseconds after the head of a series of zeros is detected. In this case, if the detection of 10-millisecond successive zeros is too late, the data counting period will become less than 1.0 second, making the called station judge the line condition unacceptable.

- **Selectors 2 and 3: Allowable training error rate**

The called station checks a series of zeros gathered in training (as described in Selector 1) according to the allowable training error rate set by these selectors. If the called station judges the line condition to be accepted, it responds with CFR; if not, it responds with FTT.

- **Selectors 4 and 5: Decoding error rate for transmission of RTN**

The machine checks the actual decoding errors and then transmits an RTN according to the decoding error rate (Number of lines containing an error per page ÷ Total number of lines per page) set by these selectors.

- **Selector 8: Limitation of attenuation level**

Setting this selector to "0" limits the transmitting level of the modem to 10 dB (1 dB in France).

This setting has priority over the settings selected by WSW02 (selectors 5 through 8) and WSW13 (selectors 5 through 8).

WSW24 (TAD setting 2)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Maximum OGM recording time	No. 1 2 0 0 : 15 sec. 0 1 : 20 sec. 1 0 : 30 sec. 1 1 : 50 sec.
3 4	Time length from CML ON to start of pseudo ring backtone transmission	No. 3 4 0 0 : 4 sec. 0 1 : 3 sec. 1 0 : 2 sec. 1 1 : 1 sec.
5 8	Attenuator for playback of ICM/OGM to the line (Selectable from the range of 0-15 dB)	0: 0 dB 1: 8 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 4 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 2 dB 0: 0 dB 1: 1 dB

sec.: second(s)

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Maximum OGM recording time**

These selectors specify the allowable maximum recording time for an OGM.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: Time length from CML ON to start of pseudo ring backtone transmission**

These selectors specify the length of time from CML-ON up to the start of pseudo ring backtone transmission.

In models with an OGM facility, the settings made by these selectors also apply to the length of time from CML-ON up to the start of OGM transmission.

- **Selectors 5 through 8: Attenuator for playback of ICM/OGM to the line**

Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of attenuation assigned to each selector.

This setting is not limited by selector 8 on WSW23.

WSW25 (TAD setting 3)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Delay time for starting "no tone" detection in the external TAD mode	No. 1 2 0 0: 0 sec. 0 1: 8 sec. 1 0: 16 sec. 1 1: 24 sec.
3 4	Threshold level of "no tone" detection in the external TAD mode	No. 3 4 0 0: -43 dB (A) 0 1: -46 dB (B) 1 0: -49 dB (C) 1 1: -51 dB (D)
5 7	Pause between paging number and PIN	No. 5 6 7 0 0 0 : 2 sec. 0 0 1 : 4 sec. 0 1 0 : 6 sec. 0 1 1 : 8 sec. 1 0 0 : 10 sec. 1 0 1 : 12 sec. 1 1 0 : 14 sec. 1 1 1 : 16 sec.
8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 4 are not applicable to the U.S.A. models, models without "no tone" signal detecting function in the external TAD mode, or models with Rockwell modem V24.

NOTE: Selectors 5 through 7 are applicable to the U.S.A. models only.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Delay time for starting "no tone" detection in the external TAD mode**

These selectors take effect only in the external TAD mode. The machine delays starting detection of "no tone" by the time length specified by these selectors.

The total length of the delay time specified by these selectors and the maximum waiting time specified by WSW21 (selectors 1 through 5) should not exceed 40 seconds.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: Threshold level of "no tone" detection in the external TAD mode**

These selectors specify the threshold level of "no tone" detection in the external TAD mode.

- **Selectors 5 through 7: Pause between paging number and PIN**

These selectors set the pause time between a telephone number being paged and PIN (personal identification number) for the paging feature.

WSW26 (Function setting 4)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Not used.	
3	Dialing during document reading into the temporary memory in in-memory message transmission	0: Disable 1: Enable
4 5	No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone except in the external TAD mode or via the built-in telephone)	No. 4 5 0 0 : 0.5 (A) 0 1 : 1 (B) 1 0 : 1.5 (C) 1 1 : 2 (D)
6 7	No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode, via the built-in telephone in the TAD mode, or via the machine in the automatic reception of the F/T mode)	No. 6 7 0 0 : 0.5 (A) 0 1 : 1 (B) 1 0 : 1.5 (C) 1 1 : 2 (D)
8	Not used.	

- **Selector 3: Dialing during document reading into the temporary memory in in-memory message transmission**

If this selector is set to "0," the machine waits for document reading into the memory to complete and then starts dialing. This enables the machine to list the total number of pages in the header of the facsimile message.

- **Selectors 4 and 5: No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone except in the external TAD mode or via the built-in telephone)**

The machine interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects the CNG by the number of cycles specified by these selectors when the line is connected via the external telephone except in the external TAD mode or via the built-in telephone.

- **Selectors 6 and 7: No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode, via the built-in telephone in the TAD mode, or via the machine in the automatic reception of the F/T mode)**

The machine interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects the CNG by the number of cycles specified by these selectors when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode, via the built-in telephone in the TAD mode, or via the machine in the automatic reception of the F/T mode.

WSW27 (Function setting 5)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2	Ringer OFF setting	0: Yes 1: No
3	Automatic playback of OGM when switched to the TAD mode	0: No 1: Yes
4	Detection of distinctive ringing pattern	0: Yes 1: No
5	Not used.	
6	Recording quality	0: Normal 1: High
7	Recording time for high recording quality	0: Short (9.6 kbps) 1: Long (8.8 kbps)
8	Not used.	

NOTE: Selectors 4 and 5 are applicable to the U.S.A. models only.

- **Selector 2: Ringer OFF setting**

This selector determines whether or not the ringer can be set to OFF.

- **Selector 3: Automatic playback of OGM when switched to the TAD mode**

This selector determines whether or not to automatically play back an OGM the moment the machine switches to the TAD mode.

- **Selectors 4: Detection of distinctive ringing pattern**

If this selector is set to "1," the machine detects only the number of rings; if it is set to "0," the machine detects the number of rings and the ringing time length to compare the detected ringing pattern with the registered distinctive one.

- **Selector 6: Recording quality**

This selector determines the recording quality for the OGM and ICM. Selecting "1" (High) increases the quality, sacrificing the recording time.

- **Selector 7: Recording time for high recording quality**

This setting takes effect when selector 6 is set to "1" (High). Setting this selector to "0" (Short) further increases the recording quality, sacrificing the recording time.

The recording quality and time to be applied when this selector is set to "1" (Long) are higher and shorter than the ones to be applied when selector 6 is set to "0" (Normal).

The recording quality and time determined by this selector being set to "1" (Long) are higher and shorter than the ones determined by selector 6 being set to "0" (Normal).

WSW28 (Function setting 6)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Transmission level of DTMF high-band frequency signal	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 0 dB 0 0 1 : +1 dB 0 1 0 : +2 dB 0 1 1 : +3 dB 1 0 0 : 0 dB 1 0 1 : -1 dB 1 1 0 : -2 dB 1 1 1 : -3 dB
4 6	Transmission level of DTMF low-band frequency signal	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : 0 dB 0 0 1 : +1 dB 0 1 0 : +2 dB 0 1 1 : +3 dB 1 0 0 : 0 dB 1 0 1 : -1 dB 1 1 0 : -2 dB 1 1 1 : -3 dB
7 8	Not used.	

- Selectors 1 through 6: Transmission level of DTMF high-/low-band frequency signal**

These selectors are intended for the manufacturer who tests the machine for the Standard. Never access them.

WSW29 (Function setting 7)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Compression threshold level for voice signals inputted via the telephone line in the built-in TAD operation	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : -47.0 dBm (A) 0 0 1 : -48.5 dBm (B) 0 1 0 : -50.0 dBm (C) 0 1 1 : -51.5 dBm (D) 1 0 0 : -53.0 dBm (E) 1 0 1 : -54.5 dBm (F) 1 1 0 : -56.0 dBm (G) 1 1 1 : OFF (H)
4 6	Compression threshold level for voice signals inputted via the handset in the built-in TAD operation	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : -44.0 dBm (A) 0 0 1 : -45.5 dBm (B) 0 1 0 : -47.0 dBm (C) 0 1 1 : -48.5 dBm (D) 1 0 0 : -50.0 dBm (E) 1 0 1 : -51.5 dBm (F) 1 1 0 : -53.0 dBm (G) 1 1 1 : OFF (H)
7	Impedance switching control in pulse dialing (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: OFF 1: ON
8	Prompt beep when the memory area for the activity report becomes full (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: No 1: Yes

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 6 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

NOTE: Selectors 7 and 8 are applicable only to the European versions.

- **Selectors 1 through 6: Compression threshold level for voice signals inputted via the telephone line in the built-in TAD operation**

If voice signals inputted via the telephone line are below the level specified by these selectors, the TAD interprets those received voice signals as no signal, compressing the recording time.

- **Selector 8: Prompt beep for activity report (*Not used.*)**

This selector determines whether or not to beep if the memory area for the activity report becomes full, for prompting you to print out the report. (Printing it out will clear the memory area.)

WSW30 (Function setting 8)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Dial tone/busy tone detection level during recording of ICM (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : -38.0 dBm (A) 0 0 1 : -39.5 dBm (B) 0 1 0 : -41.0 dBm (C) 0 1 1 : -42.5 dBm (D) 1 0 0 : -44.0 dBm (E) 1 0 1 : -45.5 dBm (F) 1 1 0 : -47.0 dBm (G) 1 1 1 : -48.5 dBm (H)
4 8	Not used.	

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 3 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Dial tone/busy tone detection level during recording of ICM** (*Not used.*)

If the machine (called station) detects dial tone (400 Hz continuously) or busy tone (400 Hz intermittently) exceeding the detection level specified by these selectors for the period specified by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW35, then it interprets the calling station as being disconnected. The machine stops TAD recording and disconnects the line.

WSW31 (Function setting 9)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2	Default reduction rate for failure of automatic reduction during recording	0: 100% 1: 70%
3	Not used.	
4	(Do not disturb this selector.)	
5	Minimum ON and OFF duration of ringer signals effective in distinctive ringing	0: 130 ms 1: 90 ms
6 8	Not used.	

ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: Selector 5 is applicable only to the U.S.A. models.

- **Selector 2: Default reduction rate for failure of automatic reduction during recording**

This selector sets the default reduction rate to be applied if the automatic reduction function fails to record one-page data sent from the calling station in a single page of the current recording paper.

If it is set to "0," the machine records one-page data at full size (100%) without reduction; if it is set to "1," the machine records it at 70% size.

- **Selector 5: Minimum ON and OFF duration of ringer signals effective in distinctive ringing**

The ringer pattern consists of short and long rings, e.g., short-short-long rings. This selector sets the minimum ON and OFF duration of ringer signals that are required for the machine to interpret ringer signals as being ON or OFF. This is to prevent components of a ringer pattern from being misinterpreted due to chattering in distinctive ringing.

The machine monitors ringer signals at 10-millisecond intervals. If the signal is ON, the machine counts +1; if it is OFF, it counts -1. If the counter increments up to +5 or +13 when this selector is set to "1" (90 milliseconds) or "0" (130 milliseconds), respectively, the machine interprets the current signal as being ON.

If the counter returns to zero, the machine interprets the signal as being OFF.

If the Distinctive Ring is set to OFF, this selector is not effective.

WSW32 (Function setting 10)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 4	Not used.	
5 6	Default resolution	No. 5 6 0 0 : Standard 0 1 : Fine 1 0 : Super fine 1 1 : Photo
7 8	Default contrast	No. 7 8 0 0 : Automatic 0 1 : Automatic 1 0 : Super light 1 1 : Super dark

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Default resolution**

These selectors set the default resolution which applies when the machine is turned on or completes a transaction.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Default contrast**

These selectors set the default contrast which applies when the machine is turned on or completes a transaction.

WSW33 (Function setting 11)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Threshold level of "no tone" detection during recording of ICM	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : -48 dBm (A) 0 0 1 : -50 dBm (B) 0 1 0 : -52 dBm (C) 0 1 1 : -54 dBm (D) 1 0 0 : -56 dBm (E) 1 0 1 : -58 dBm (F) 1 1 0 : -60 dBm (G) (default) 1 1 1 : -62 dBm (H)
4 5	FAX receiving speed to be kept within the transmission speed limit to the PC (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 4 5 0 0 : 14,400 bps 0 1 : 12,000 bps 1 0 : 9,600 bps 1 1 : 7,200 bps
6	Report output of polled transmission requests	0: Yes 1: No
7 8	Comfortable noise level	No. 7 8 0 0 : OFF 0 1 : Low (A) 1 0 : Medium (B) 1 1 : High (C)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 3 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Threshold level of "no tone" detection during recording of ICM**

If the tone level during recording of ICM is less than the threshold setting made by these selectors, the tone is interpreted as "no tone." When the "no tone" state is kept for the period specified by selectors 1 through 5 on WSW21, the machine stops recording of ICM and disconnects the line.

- **Selectors 4 and 5: FAX receiving speed to be kept within the transmission speed limit to the PC**
(*Not used.*)

To transmit FAX data being received from other machine to the connected PC, you may need to keep the FAX receiving speed within the transmission speed limit specified for the PC. In an initial negotiation sequence for transmission, the machine responds to the calling station with the allowable FAX receiving speed specified by these selectors.

- **Selectors 7 and 8: Comfortable noise level**

These selectors set the level of noise to be added during playing-back of voice signals recorded with no-signal compression.

If they are set to "0, 0," no noise will be added.

WSW34 (Function setting 12)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Erasing time length of ICM tone recorded preceding the tone detection starting point in the case of automatic line disconnection due to no voice signal received	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 0 sec. 0 0 1 : 1 sec. 0 1 0 : 2 sec. 0 1 1 : 3 sec. 1 0 0 : 4 sec. 1 0 1 : 5 sec. 1 1 0 : 6 sec. 1 1 1 : 7 sec.
4 5	No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the machine in F/T mode) <i>(Not used.)</i>	No. 4 5 0 0 : 0.5 (A) 0 1 : 1 (B) 1 0 : 1.5 (C) 1 1 : 2 (D)
6 7	Number of DTMF tone signals for inhibiting the detection of CNG during external TAD operation	No. 6 7 0 0 : 3 0 1 : 2 1 0 : 1 1 1 : OFF
8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 5 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Erasing time length of ICM tone recorded preceding the tone detection starting point in the case of automatic line disconnection due to no voice signal received**

If the machine has disconnected the line after detection of disconnection tone in ICM recording, it erases tone recorded preceding the tone detection starting point for the time length set by these selectors.

- **Selectors 4 and 5: No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the machine in F/T mode) *(Not used.)***

The machine interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects a CNG signal by the number of cycles specified by these selectors when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the machine in F/T mode.

- **Selectors 6 and 7: Number of DTMF tone signals for inhibiting the detection of CNG during external TAD operation**

If the machine receives this specified number of DTMF tone signals during external TAD operation, it will not detect CNG afterwards.

If these selectors are set to "1, 1," the CNG detection will not be inhibited.

WSW35 (Function setting 13)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 4	Max. detection period of dial tone/busy tone during recording of ICM	No. 1 2 3 4 0 0 0 0 : No detection 0 0 0 1 : 1 sec. 0 0 1 0 : 2 sec. 0 1 0 0 : 4 sec. 1 1 1 1 : 15 sec.
5 8	Not used.	

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 4 are applicable to models with built-in TAD.

- **Selectors 1 through 4: Max. detection period of dial tone/busy tone during recording of ICM**

If the machine (called station) detects dial tone or busy tone exceeding the detection level specified by selectors 1 through 3 on WSW30 for the period specified by these selectors, then it interprets the state as the calling station's breaking the connection, stops recording the ICM, and disconnects the line.

WSW36 (Function setting 14)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	ECP mode*	0: ON 1: OFF
2	Recovery from Inactive PC Interface	0: Disable 1: Enable
3	PC Power-off Recognition Time	0: Normal 1: Long
4	Not used.	
5	Escape from phase C	0: Yes 1: No
6 8	Extension of incoming calling signal (CI) frequency band specified by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW14	No. 6 7 8 0 0 0 : 0 (Ignored) 0 0 1 : 4 (448 Hz) 0 1 0 : 8 (244 Hz) 0 1 1 : 12 (162 Hz) 1 0 0 : 16 (122 Hz) 1 0 1 : 20 (97 Hz) 1 1 0 : 24 (81 Hz) 1 1 1 : 28 (69 Hz)

*ECP (Enhanced Capabilities Port)

NOTE: Selectors 2 and 3 on WSW36 take effect only when the "Monitoring the PC ON/OFF state" is enabled with selectors 1 and 2 on WSW46.

- **Selector 1: ECP mode**

The ECP mode enhances the normal bidirectional communications between the machine and the connected PC for higher transmission speed.

- **Selector 2: Recovery from Inactive PC Interface**

If the machine recognizes via the STB signal line that the connected PC is powered off, it will turn the PC interface outputs Low to protect the PC from hazards that could be caused by weak electric current accidentally flown from the machine.

This selector determines whether or not the machine should recover from the inactive PC interface to normal interfacing state upon receipt of data from the PC.

- **Selector 3: PC Power-off Recognition Time**

This selector sets the time length from when the machine detects the PC powered off until it recognizes the detected state as power-off.

If selector 2 is set to "0," it is recommended that selector 3 be set to "1"; otherwise, the machine may mistakenly detect PC powered off.

- **Selector 5: Escape from phase C**

This selector determines whether or not the machine will escape from phase C when it detects an RTC (Return to Control) in non-ECM mode or an RCP (Return to Control Partial page) in ECM mode.

- **Selectors 6 through 8: Extension of incoming calling signal (CI) frequency band specified by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW14**

At the start of reception, if the machine detects the frequency of a CI signal specified by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW14, it starts the ringer sounding. However, the machine may fail to detect the CI signal normally due to noise superimposed at the time of reception. To prevent it, use selectors 6 through 8 on WSW36.

If the machine detects higher frequencies than the setting made here, it regards them as noise and interprets the detecting state as being normal, allowing the ringer to keep sounding according to the preset number of ringers (until it starts automatic reception of FAX data in the FAX mode or enters the TAD mode in the TEL mode).

WSW37 (Function setting 15)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Printout of the stored image data of an unsent document onto an error report	0: No 1: Yes
2	Erasure of the stored image data of an unsent document at the time of the subsequent in-memory message transmission	0: No 1: Yes
3 8	Not used.	

- **Selector 1: Printout of the stored image data of an unsent document onto an error report**

This selector determines whether or not to print out the 1st-page image data of a document onto the error report if the document image data stored in the temporary memory cannot be transmitted normally.

- **Selector 2: Erasure of the stored image data of an unsent document at the time of the subsequent in-memory message transmission**

If in-memory message transmission fails repeatedly when selector 1 is set to "1," the temporary memory will be occupied with image data. Setting selector 2 to "1" will automatically erase the stored 1st-page image data of an unsent document at the time of the subsequent in-memory message transmission only when recording paper or toner runs out.

WSW38 (V.34 transmission settings)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Setting of the equalizer	No. 1 2 0 0 : Automatic 0 1 : Automatic 1 0 : Fixed to 4 points 1 1 : Fixed to 16 points
3	Sending level of guard tone at phase 2	0: Normal - 7 db 1: Normal
4	Stepping down the transmission speed at fallback each	0: 2,400 bps 1: 4,800 bps
5 6	Automatic control of modem's EQM gain for proper transmission speed choice	No. 5 6 0 0 : For higher transmission speed than the current setting 0 1 : No change from the current setting 1 0 : For lower transmission speed than the current setting 1 1 : For further lower transmission than the setting made by 1, 0
7	Redialing when a communications error occurs	0: ON 1: OFF
8	Detection of CED for stopping CNG	0: ON 1: OFF

NOTE: WSW38 takes effect only when the V.34 mode is permitted (WSW19, selector 7) in models supporting V.34 mode.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Setting of the equalizer**

These selectors set the equalizer's training level to be applied if the machine fails to send training due to weak line connection. If these selectors are set to "0, 0" or "0, 1," the modem will automatically set the appropriate training level.

- **Selector 3: Sending level of guard tone at phase 2**

This selector sets the sending level of guard tone for 1800 Hz to be sent at Phase 2 in the V. 34 mode.

- **Selector 4: Stepping down the transmission speed at fallback each**

This selector determines how much the modem steps down the transmission speed at fallback when called by the remote station. If this selector is set to "1," the modem may step down the transmission speed from 33,600 bps to 28,800 bps by one-time fallback.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Automatic control of modem's EQM gain for proper transmission speed choice**

These selectors determine how the modem controls the EQM (Eye Quality Monitor) gain for proper choice of the transmission speed, which applies if the modem selects higher transmission speed than the possible speed so that it always repeats falling back.

- **Selector 8: Detection of CED for stopping CNG**

If this selector is set to "0," the detection time of CED specified by WSW43, selectors 4 and 5 will apply.

WSW39 (V.34 transmission speed)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 4	First transmission speed choice for fallback	No. 1 2 3 4 No. 5 6 7 8 0 0 0 0 : 2,400 bps 0 0 0 1 : 4,800 bps 0 0 1 0 : 7,200 bps 0 0 1 1 : 9,600 bps 0 1 0 0 : 12,000 bps 0 1 0 1 : 14,400 bps 0 1 1 0 : 16,800 bps 0 1 1 1 : 19,200 bps
5 8	Last transmission speed choice for fallback	1 0 0 0 : 21,600 bps 1 0 0 1 : 24,000 bps 1 0 1 0 : 26,400 bps 1 0 1 1 : 28,800 bps 1 1 0 0 : 31,200 bps 1 1 0 1 : 33,600 bps 1 1 1 0 : 33,600 bps 1 1 1 1 : 33,600 bps

NOTE: WSW39 takes effect only when the V.34 mode is permitted (WSW19, selector 7) in models supporting V.34 mode. For the transmission speed setting in other modes, refer to WSW19.

• **Selectors 1 through 8: First and last choices of transmission speed for fallback**

These selectors are used to set the modem speed range. With the first transmission speed choice specified by selectors 1 through 4, the machine attempts to establish the transmission link via the modem. If the establishment fails, the machine automatically steps down to the next highest speed and attempts to establish the transmission link again. The machine repeats this sequence while stepping down the transmission speed to the last choice specified by selectors 5 through 8.

If the modem always falls back to a low transmission speed (e.g., 24,000 bps), set the first transmission speed choice to the lower one (e.g., modify it from 31,200 bps to 26,400 bps) in order to deactivate the high-speed modem function and reduce the training time for shorter transmission time.

WSW39 will be limited by selectors 3 through 8 on WSW40.

WSW40 (V.34 modem settings)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications			
1 2	Not used.				
3 8	Masking of symbol rate(s)	Not masking Masking			
		No. 3	0	1	3429 symbols/sec
		No. 4	0	1	3200 symbols/sec
		No. 5	0	1	3000 symbols/sec
		No. 6	0	1	2800 symbols/sec
		No. 7	-	-	Not used.
		No. 8	0	1	2400 symbols/sec

sec.: second(s)

NOTE: WSW40 takes effect only when the V.34 mode is permitted (WSW19, selector 7) in models supporting V.34 mode.

- **Selectors 3 through 8: Masking of symbol rate(s)**

These selectors allow you to limit the transmission speed range in V.34 mode by masking the desired symbol rate(s). Transmission speeds assigned to the symbol rates are listed on the next page. The setting made by these selectors will limit the setting made by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW39.

If selector 3 is set to "1" to mask the 3429 symbols/second when the first transmission speed choice is 33,600 bps (specified by selectors 1 through 4 of WSW39), for example, then the allowable maximum transmission speed will be limited to 31,200 bps. If selector 8 is set to "1" to mask the 2400 symbols/second when the first transmission speed choice is 33,600 bps, then the allowable maximum transmission speed remains 33,600 bps.

If selector 8 is set to "1" to mask the 2400 symbols/second when the first transmission speed choice is 21,600 bps (specified by selectors 1 through 4 on WSW39), then the allowable maximum transmission speed remains 21,600 bps but the minimum transmission speed will be limited to 4,800 bps.

Symbol rate	Transmission speed (bps)	Symbol rate	Transmission speed (bps)	Symbol rate	Transmission speed (bps)
2400	2,400	3000	4,800	3429	4,800
	4,800		7,200		7,200
	7,200		9,600		9,600
	9,600		12,000		12,000
	12,000		14,400		14,400
	14,400		16,800		16,800
	16,800		19,200		19,200
	19,200		21,600		21,600
	21,600		24,000		24,000
	2800		4,800		3200
7,200		28,800	31,200		
9,600		4,800	33,600		
12,000		7,200			
14,400		9,600			
16,800		12,000			
19,200		14,400			
21,600		16,800			
24,000		19,200			
26,400		21,600			
		24,000			
		26,400			
		28,800			
	31,200				

WSW41 (ON-duration of the scanning light source)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	ON-duration of the scanning light source at room temperature <i>(Not used.)</i>	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 16 hours 0 0 1 : 24 hours 0 1 0 : 12 hours 0 1 1 : 8 hours 1 0 0 : 4 hours 1 0 1 : 2 hours 1 1 0 : 10 minutes 1 1 1 : 0 minute
4	I-FAX Relay Report <i>(Not used.)</i>	0: ON 1: OFF
5 8	Modem attenuator	No. 5 6 7 8 0 0 0 0 : -10 dBm 0 0 0 1 : -11 dBm 0 0 1 0 : -12 dBm 0 0 1 1 : -13 dBm 0 1 0 0 : -14 dBm 1 1 1 1 : -25 dBm

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 3 are applicable to CCD models.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: ON-duration of the scanning light source at room temperature** *(Not used.)*

If the scanning operation is started when the scanning light source is off, then it will come on for scanning. These selectors determine how long the light source is ON after scanning.

If these selectors are set to "1, 1, 1," the light source goes off immediately after the scanning sequence.

- **Selectors 5 through 8: Modem attenuator**

These selectors are used to adjust the transmitting level of the modem when the reception level at the remote station is improper due to line loss. This function applies to super G3 protocol signals.

WSW42 (Internet mail settings) (Not used)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Access to the incoming mail (POP3) server (Periodical or on-demand)	0: Disable 1: Enable
2	Access to the outgoing mail (SMTP) server	0: Disable 1: Enable
3	I-FAX relay	0: Disable 1: Enable
4 8	Not used.	

NOTE: WSW42 is applicable to models equipped with LAN interface.

WSW43 (Function setting 21)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Not used.	
2 3	Wait time for PC-Fax reception (Class 2) and FPTTS command transmission	No. 2 3 0 0 : 50 ms 0 1 : 100 ms 1 0 : 150 ms 1 1 : 0 ms
4 5	Detection time of 2100 Hz CED or ANSam	No. 4 5 0 0 : 200 ms 0 1 : 300 ms 1 0 : 400 ms 1 1 : 500 ms
6	Not used.	
7	Automatic start of remote maintenance (Not used.)	0: No 1: Yes
8	JPEG coding	0: Disable 1: Enable

ms: millisecond(s)

● **Selector 8: JPEG coding**

Setting this selector to "0" disables the machine from sending/receiving JPEG color images and from receiving JPEG monochrome images.

WSW44 (Speeding up scanning-1) (Not used.)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 5	Not used.	
6 8	Effective time length of the white level compensation data obtained beforehand	No. 6 7 8 0 0 0 : Obtained compensation data ineffective 0 0 1 : 1 min. 0 1 0 : 3 min. 0 1 1 : 5 min. 1 0 0 : 10 min. 1 0 1 : 15 min. 1 1 0 : 20 min. 1 1 1 : 30 min.

min.: minute(s)

NOTE: Selectors 6 through 8 are applicable only to models equipped with flat-bed scanner.

- **Selectors 6 through 8: Effective time length of the white level compensation data obtained beforehand**

If you set documents in the ADF and the document front sensor detects them, the controller will make correction of the reference voltage to be applied to white level compensation for document scanning before the **Copy** key is pressed.

These selectors determine how long compensation data obtained beforehand will keep effective.

WSW45 (Speeding up scanning-2) (Not used.)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Delay time from when documents are set until the ADF starts drawing them in	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : No automatic drawing-in 0 0 1 : 1 sec. 0 1 0 : 2 sec. 0 1 1 : 3 sec. 1 0 0 : 4 sec. 1 0 1 : 5 sec. 1 1 0 : 6 sec. 1 1 1 : 7 sec.
4 6	Periodical correction intervals of the reference voltage to be applied to white level compensation for document scanning, during standby	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : No correction of reference voltage during standby 0 0 1 : 10 sec. 0 1 0 : 30 sec. 0 1 1 : 1 min. 1 0 0 : 3 min. 1 0 1 : 5 min. 1 1 0 : 10 min. 1 1 1 : 30 min.
7	Standby position of the CIS unit	0: CIS home position 1: Location of the white reference film
8	Line polarity reversal detector (Not used.)	0: Disable 1: Enable

sec.: second(s), min.: minute(s)

NOTE: WSW45 is applicable only to models equipped with flat-bed scanner.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Delay time from when documents are set until the ADF starts drawing them in**

These selectors determine how long the ADF will delay automatic drawing-in of documents (to the scanning standby position) after you set them in the ADF, as well as determining whether or not the ADF automatically draws in documents.

- **Selectors 4 through 6:p Periodical correction intervals of the reference voltage applied to white level compensation for document scanning, during standby**

These selectors set the correction intervals (in seconds) of the reference voltage to be applied to white level compensation for document scanning during standby, as well as determining whether or not the controller makes the reference voltage correction during standby. (Conventionally, the correction has been made immediately before the start of actual scanning)

This function takes effect in copying. Making the correction during standby may shorten the preparation time for copying.

NOTE: Do not access these selectors.

- **Selector 7: Standby position of the CIS unit**

This selector determines whether the standby position of the CIS unit should be the home position or the location of the white reference film (attached to the inside of the scanner top cover). If the location of the reference film is selected, the CIS unit will not return to the home position so as to shorten the travel time, decreasing the preparation time for copying.

- **Selector 8: Line polarity reversal detector** (*Not used.*)

When the remote station breaks the connection, a line polarity reversal occurs. Enabling the polarity reversal detector with this selector allows the machine to detect the polarity reversal if detected when the user is leaving a message on the station's answering machine.

WSW46 (Monitor of power ON/OFF state and parallel port kept at high)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Monitoring the PC ON/OFF state	No. 1 2 0 0 : Disable 0 1 : Monitor SELECT IN 1 0 : Monitor STROBE 1 1 : Monitor both SELECT IN and STROBE
3	Parallel port output pins kept at high level	0: Enable 1: Disable
4	Previous filtering parameters for white level compensation	0: Enable 1: Disable
5 8	Not used.	

NOTE: Selector 4 is not applicable to models equipped with flat-bed scanner.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: Monitoring the PC ON/OFF state**

For the related functions, refer to WSW36, selectors 2 and 3.

- **Selector 3: Parallel port output pins kept at high level**

Setting this selector to "0" will keep all parallel output pins of the machine at high level. Use this setting if Resource Manager (bundled with MFC models) installed to WindowsNT running on the connected PC fails to monitor the power ON/OFF state of the machine.

- **Selector 4: Previous filtering parameters for white level compensation**

At the start of scanning operation, the machine usually initializes white and black level data stored in the EEPROM by scanning the white reference film attached to the inside of the scanner top cover. After long use of the machine, however, the film may be contaminated with dust or dirt. Accordingly, incorrect white level data will be set up so that white vertical streaks will be brought on the scanning result.

Setting this selector to "0" (Enabled) will apply previously saved white level data instead of new incorrect compensation.

WSW47 (Switching between high- and full-speed USB)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Handling paper at the occurrence of a paper feed timing error	0: Eject paper w/o print 1: Print on the current paper
2	Not used.	
3 4	Delay of FAX line disconnection when switching to the pseudo-ringing external telephone (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 3 4 0 0 : 200 ms 0 1 : 400 ms 1 0 : 700 ms 1 1 : 1000 ms
5	Disable the ringer of external telephone at non-ring reception (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: No 1: Yes
6	Not used.	
7	Disable the ringer of external telephone with CAR signal when caller ID service is available (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: No 1: Yes
8	Switching between high-speed USB and full-speed USB	0: Auto switching between high-speed USB (ver. 2.0) and full-speed USB (ver. 1.1) 1: Fixed to full-speed USB (ver. 1.1)

NOTE: Selector 1 is applicable only to models equipped with flat-bed scanner.

NOTE: Selectors 3 and 4 are applicable only to models supporting pseudo-ringing of a connected external telephone.

- **Selector 1: Handling paper at the occurrence of a paper feed timing error**

When feeding paper to the print start position, the machine might cause a feed timing error so that the registration sensor goes ON signaling the presence of paper. This selector determines whether the machine prints on the current paper or ejects the current paper without printing and prints on the next paper.

- **Selectors 3 and 4: Delay of FAX line disconnection when switching to the pseudo-ringing external telephone (*Not used.*)**

When the machine receives a phone call, it can make the connected external telephone ring (so called pseudo-ringing). During pseudo-ringing, if you pick up the handset of the external telephone, the line might be disconnected due to cut-off of the line current.

To hold the line, the machine may supply line current by making use of the pulse generator circuit that forms a parallel loop. This way the FAX line disconnection may be delayed. These selectors determine the delay period.

WSW48 (USB setup latency) (Not used.)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Not used.	
3 5	Number of PCs registrable to each of TWAIN-enabled applications over a network	No. 3 4 5 0 0 0 : 25 0 0 1 : 50 0 1 0 : 75 0 1 1 : 100 1 0 0 : 125 1 0 1 : 150 1 1 0 : 175 1 1 1 : 200
6 8	USB setup latency	No. 6 7 8 0 0 0 : Default period 0 0 1 : Shorter 1 0 1 0 : Longer 1 0 1 1 : Longer 2 1 0 0 : Longer 3 1 0 1 : Longer 4 1 1 0 : Shorter 2 1 1 1 : Shorter 3

- **Selectors 6 through 8: USB setup latency**

These selectors should not be disturbed.

WSW50 (SDAA settings)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	Percentage voltage for interpreting the external telephone as being hooked up (based on the network's standard voltage)	No. 1 2 0 0 : 50% 0 1 : 80% 1 0 : 30% 1 1 : No detection
3	DC mask curve table to be applied when the line is connected	0: Apply the initial value specified by local regulations 1: Apply table DC5 prepared specially
4	AC impedance to be applied when the line is connected	0: 600Ω termination 1: ZR termination
5 6	Current control to be applied immediately after connection of the line	No. 5 6 0 0 : Standard 0 1 : Increase start-up current for termination 1 0 : Fine current control for termination 1 1 : Not used. (equal to "0, 0")
7 8	AC voltage threshold for detection of ring	No. 7 8 0 0 : 19 V 0 1 : 11 V 1 0 : 25 V 1 1 : 31 V

NOTE: WSW50 is applicable to models equipped with an SDAA circuit.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Current control to be applied immediately after connection of the line**

FAX models equipped with an SDAA circuit (on which an NTU chip is mounted) might not be connected to a broad band line such as an ADSL (Asynchronous Digital Subscriber Line) in a stable condition. If those models fail to connect to such a line, try to change the current control to be applied immediately after connection of the line by using selectors 5 and 6.

If selectors 5 and 6 are set to "0" and "1," respectively, the SDAA draws more current, decreasing the period required to terminate the current control. If they are set to "1" and "0," the SDAA finely controls precision of the termination current against the voltage to approach nearer to the specified DC curve that specifies the current vs. voltage characteristics of the network termination. Selecting either control may solve an unstable connection problem.

WSW51 (Function setting 16)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1	Output of communications error report when transmission verification report is disabled	0: Enable 1: Disable
2	CR motor control for reducing torque fluctuation (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: Activate 1: Deactivate
3 4	Cordless handset transmitter volume	No. 3 4 0 0 : Middle (default) 0 1 : Low 1 0 : High 1 1 : Very high
5 7	Transmitter level and echo suppression	No. 5 6 7 0 0 0 : Transmitter level 0 & echo suppression OFF 0 0 1 : Transmitter level 1 & echo suppression ON 0 1 0 : Transmitter level 2 & echo suppression ON 0 1 1 : Transmitter level 3 & echo suppression ON
8	Switching from ink near-empty to ink empty when opening the scanner cover (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: Yes 1: No (No change from ink near-empty)

NOTE: Selectors 3 and 4 are applicable to models equipped with cordless handset.

- **Selector 2: CR motor control for reducing torque fluctuation** (*Not used.*)

When the CR motor runs, the motor torque may vary so as to cause the head/carriage unit travel velocity to fluctuate, affecting the print quality. Setting this selector to "0" activates the CR motor control that regulates the motor drive current to reduce torque fluctuation, running the CR motor smoothly.

- **Selectors 5 through 7: Transmitter level and echo suppression**

Transmitter level 0 sets the transmitter volume to a maximum. As the level increases, the volume decreases. The transmitter level can be also changed by the user switch and its setting is interlocked with the setting made by these selectors.

Enabling the echo suppression suppresses echoes in both the receiver and transmitter.

- **Selector 8: Switching from ink near-empty to ink empty when opening the scanner cover** (*Not used.*)

If this selector is set to "0," opening the scanner cover switches from ink near-empty (if detected) to ink empty state, prompting the user to replace the near-empty ink cartridge(s) immediately.

WSW52 (Function setting 17)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Transmitter level and echo suppression for cordless handset (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : Transmitter level 0 & echo suppression OFF 0 0 1 : Transmitter level 1 & echo suppression ON 0 1 0 : Transmitter level 2 & echo suppression ON 0 1 1 : Transmitter level 3 & echo suppression ON
4 6	External telephone pseudo ring signal frequency	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : 16 Hz 0 0 1 : 20 Hz 0 1 0 : 24 Hz 0 1 1 : 28 Hz 1 0 0 : 32 Hz 1 0 1 : 16 Hz 1 1 0 : 16 Hz 1 1 1 : 16 Hz
7	Caller ID display (number display) being kept ON even after switching back to TEL from FAX mode	0: Enable 1: Disable
8	Dial number being displayed during faxing (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: Enable 1: Disable

- **Selectors 4 through 6: External telephone pseudo ring signal frequency**

These selectors provide a choice of pseudo ring sounds of the external telephone.

- **Selector 7: Caller ID display (number display) being kept ON even after switching back to TEL from FAX mode**

Enabling this function keeps the caller ID display ON even after the machine switches back to the TEL mode from the FAX mode.

- **Selector 8: Dial number being displayed during faxing**

Setting this selector to "0" enables the machine to keep displaying the dial number of the FAX receiver on the LCD until the end of faxing.

WSW53 (Function setting 18)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 6	Not used.	
3 4	FSK receive timing delay for caller ID	No. 3 4 0 0 : 0 ms 0 1 : 100 ms 1 0 : 150 ms 1 1 : 200 ms
5 6	Allowable instantaneous interrupt period during reception of caller ID	No. 5 6 0 0 : 20 ms 0 1 : 10 ms 1 0 : 30 ms 1 1 : 0 ms
7	CNG detection retry after detection of invalid CNG	0: Yes 1: No
8	JPEG decompressor (<i>Not used.</i>)	0: ASIC (default) 1: Software

NOTE: Selector 8 is applicable to models equipped with PhotoCapture Center.

- **Selectors 3 through 6: FSK receive timing delay for caller ID**
Allowable instantaneous interrupt period during reception of caller ID

If a communications error occurs during a telephone conversation when the user has subscribed to the caller ID service, change the settings of these selectors, and it may improve the communications state. First, change the settings of selectors 3 and 4. If the error persists, change the settings of selectors 5 and 6.

- **Selector 8: JPEG decompressor (*Not used.*)**

By default, the ASIC (Application specified integrated circuit) in the machine decompresses the compressed JPEG data in a memory card inserted. If it fails to decompress the data and reproduce the image normally, switch from the ASIC to any proven decompressor software with this selector.

WSW54 (Function setting 19)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 2	PictBridge command delay time (<i>Not used.</i>)	No. 1 2 0 0 : 100 ms (default) 0 1 : 0 ms 1 0 : 50 ms 1 1 : 200 ms
3	Extension of the "No. of CNG cycles to be detected" for Easy Receive mode	0: No 1: + 2 cycles
4	Recovery of cordless handset ID	0: Enable 1: Disable
5 6	Caller ID tone alert detection period	No. 5 6 0 0 : 10 ms (default) 0 1 : 20 ms 1 0 : 30 ms 1 1 : 40 ms
7	Transmission of caller ID wetting pulse	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable
8	Switching between DTMF and FSK for caller ID	0: DTMF (default) 1: FSK

ms: millisecond(s)

NOTE: Selectors 1 and 2 are applicable to PictBridge-enabled models.

NOTE: Selector 4 is applicable to models with cordless handset.

NOTE: Selectors 5 through 7 are applicable to the UK models.

NOTE: Selector 8 is applicable to the Chinese models.

- **Selectors 1 and 2: PictBridge command delay time** (*Not used.*)

These selectors specify the PictBridge command delay time that applies when the machine responds to the digital camera connected via PictBridge during negotiation. If the machine fails to receive data from the digital camera, change the delay time.

- **Selector 3: Extension of the "No. of CNG cycles to be detected" for Easy Receive mode**

In Easy Receive mode, if the machine fails to detect the CNG even after the setting made by selectors 4 and 5 on WSW26, extend the "No. of CNG cycles to be detected" by two cycles.

- **Selector 4: Recovery of cordless handset ID**

Enabling this function automatically writes the cordless handset ID registered on the main PCB onto the cordless PCB when the power is turned on if the ID on the cordless PCB is discrepant with the one on the main PCB.

- **Selectors 5 and 6: Caller ID tone alert detection period**

If the machine misdetects a tone alert for a caller ID, adjust the detection period with these selectors.

- **Selector 7: Transmission of caller ID wetting pulse**

If the machine fails to display a caller ID due to a wetting pulse transmitted after the detection of a tone alert, disable the transmission of caller ID wetting pulse.

- **Selector 8: Switching between DTMF and FSK for caller ID**

If the machine fails to receive a caller ID, switch from DTMF to FSK. This setting is equivalent to the DTMF/FSK setting made from the menu.

WSW55 (Function setting 20) (Not used.)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 8	_____	

WSW56 (Function setting 21) (Not used.)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 8	_____	

WSW57 (Function setting 22)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Caller ID judgment voltage level to discriminate caller ID event from ring event	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : 0 V 0 0 1 : 5 V (default) 0 1 0 : 10 V 0 1 1 : 15 V 1 0 0 : 20 V 1 0 1 : 25 V 1 1 0 : 30 V 1 1 1 : Maximum
4 6	Caller ID judgment voltage level to detect line polarity reversal	No. 4 5 6 0 0 0 : 0 V 0 0 1 : 5 V (default) 0 1 0 : 10 V 0 1 1 : 15 V 1 0 0 : 20 V 1 0 1 : 25 V 1 1 0 : 30 V 1 1 1 : Maximum
7	Time limit for judging a caller ID burst ring	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable
8	Start key on the machine after dialing with cordless handset	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 7 are applicable to the European models.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Caller ID judgment voltage level to discriminate caller ID event from ring event**

If the machine misdetects a caller ID event as a ring event due to voltage variation, it fails to display a caller ID. If it happens, increase the judgment voltage level provided that the setting made by these selectors is equal to or more than the setting made by selectors 4 through 6.

- **Selectors 4 through 6: Caller ID judgment voltage level to detect line polarity reversal**

If the machine fails to detect a line polarity reversal for a caller ID due to a great difference between the line voltage when a polarity reversal occurs and the one at the steady state, it fails to display a caller ID. If it happens, increase the judgment voltage level provided that the setting made by these selectors is equal to or less than the setting made by selectors 1 through 3.

- **Selector 7: Time limit for judging a caller ID burst ring**

The time limit for judging a caller ID burst ring is enabled by default so that receiving a burst ring out of the specified time limit causes the machine to interpret it as an ordinary call involving no caller ID signal, resulting in no caller ID display.

When the machine fails to display a caller ID if you have the caller ID subscriber service from your telephone company, disable the time limit with this selector to receive a caller ID burst ring independent of the burst ring time.

- **Selector 8: Start key on the machine after dialing with cordless handset**

Pressing the **Start** key on the machine to send a fax during a telephone conversation with the cordless handset cannot start a sending operation by default. Setting this selector to "1" enables the **Start** key pressed even after dialing with cordless handset.

WSW58 (Function setting 23)

Selector No.	Function	Setting and Specifications
1 3	Prevention against line disconnection during ICM recording (Percentage of guard tone response time relative to end-of-call tone ON time)	No. 1 2 3 0 0 0 : Disable 0 0 1 : 10% 0 1 0 : 20% 0 1 1 : 30% (default) 1 0 0 : 40% 1 0 1 : 50% 1 1 0 : 60% 1 1 1 : 70%
4	Trimming of R key signal issued from cordless handset--For connection to base unit with PBX OFF	0: Disable (default) 1: Enable
5	Call transfer to cordless handset from telephone(s) connected in parallel with the machine (base unit)	0: Enable (default) 1: Disable
6 8	Not used.	

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 3 are applicable to models equipped with TAD.

NOTE: Selector 4 is applicable to European models with a cordless handset.

NOTE: Selector 5 is applicable to U.S.A. models with a cordless handset.

- **Selectors 1 through 3: Prevention against line disconnection during ICM recording (Percentage of guard tone response time relative to end-of-call tone ON time)**

If the machine misdetects an ICM tone as an end-of-call tone, it disconnects the line even during recording of the ICM. If it happens, change the percentage of the guard tone response time relative to the end-of-call tone ON time with these selectors.

If the percentage of the actual guard tone response time is more than the setting made by these selectors, the machine interprets it as no detection of end-of-call tone, continuing recording the ICM.

- **Selector 4: Trimming of R key signal issued from cordless handset--For connection to base unit with PBX OFF**

For European models, a cordless handset can be registered to up to four base units.

On the cordless handset registered to more than one base unit, if you have programmed an **R** key press as part of a number stored in a Speed-Dial location, you can dial using a Speed-Dial location stored in the handset when connected to the base unit in which *PBX is set to ON*.

When the cordless handset is connected to any other base unit in which *PBX is set to OFF*, however, using a Speed-Dial location may dial an unintended telephone number or cause a malfunction due to the programmed **R** key signal preceding the intended number. To avoid such problems, enable the **R** key signal trimming function with this selector so that the base unit dials trimming the received **R** key signal.

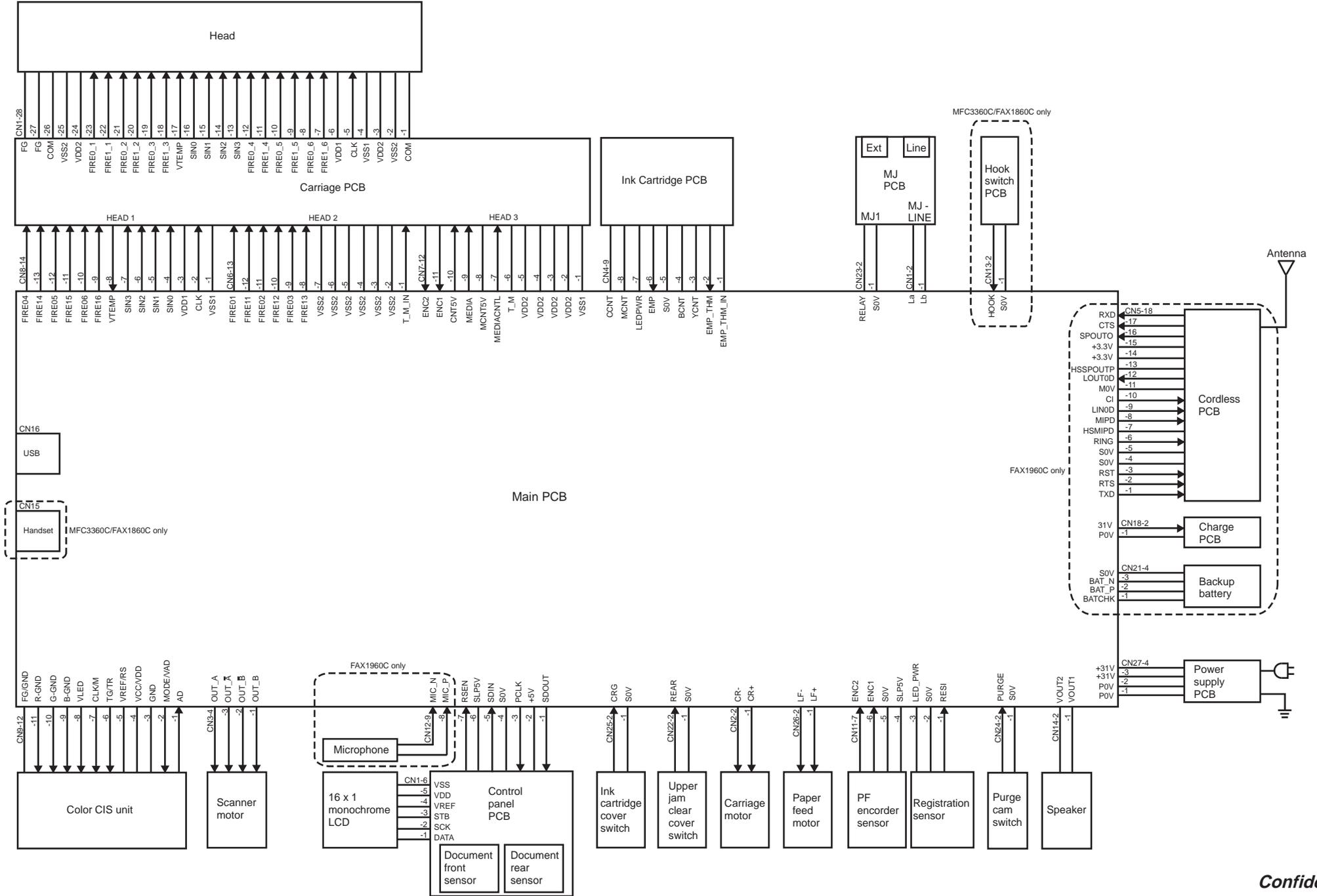
- **Selector 5: Call transfer to cordless handset from telephone(s) connected in parallel with the machine (base unit)**

Enabling this function allows the machine (base unit) to transfer a call transferred from telephone(s) connected in parallel with the machine to the cordless handset.

Appendix 5. Wiring Diagrams

This appendix provides the wiring diagrams that help you understand the connections between PCBs.

MFC3360C/FAX1960C/FAX1860C

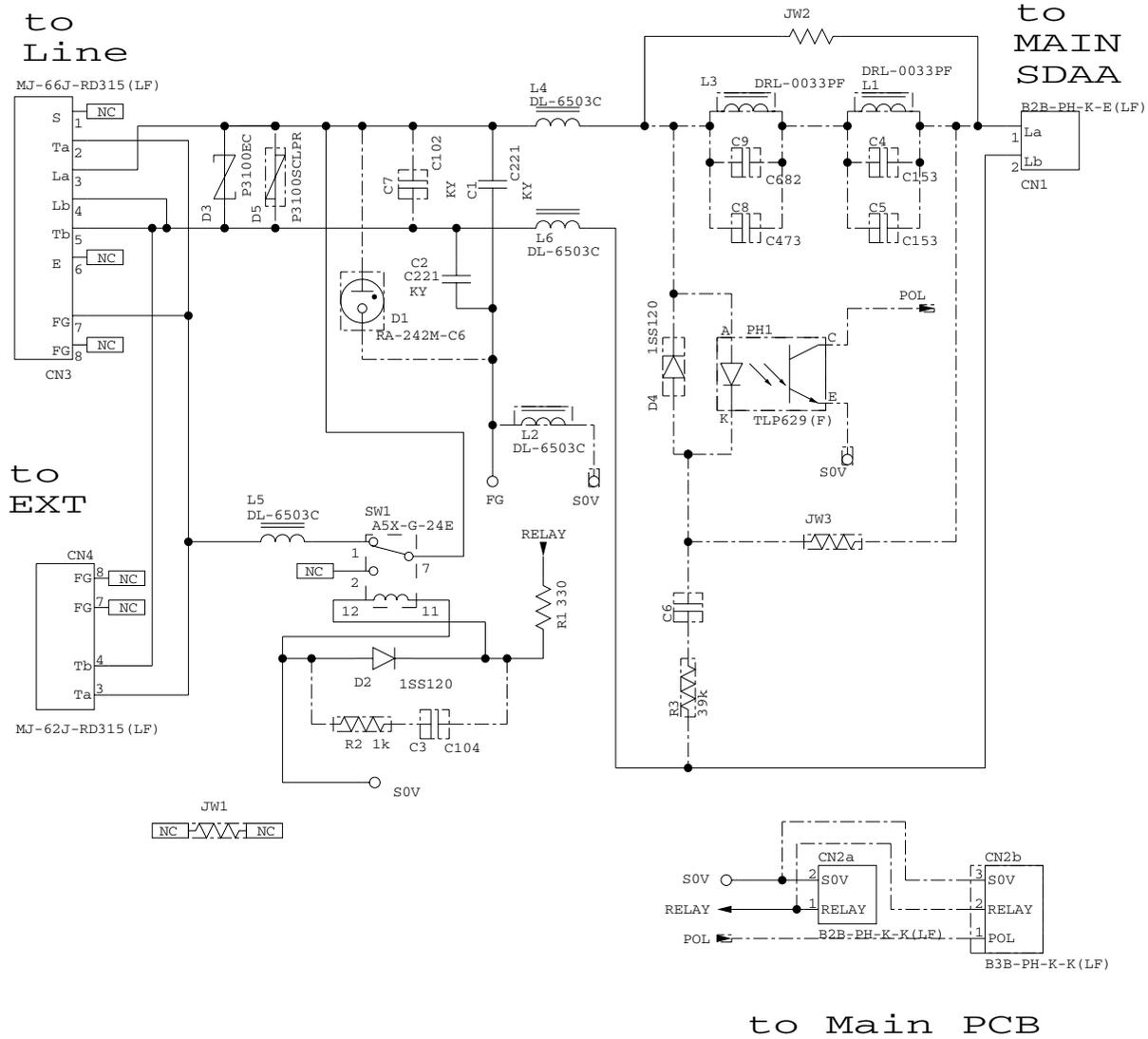


Appendix 6. Circuit Diagrams

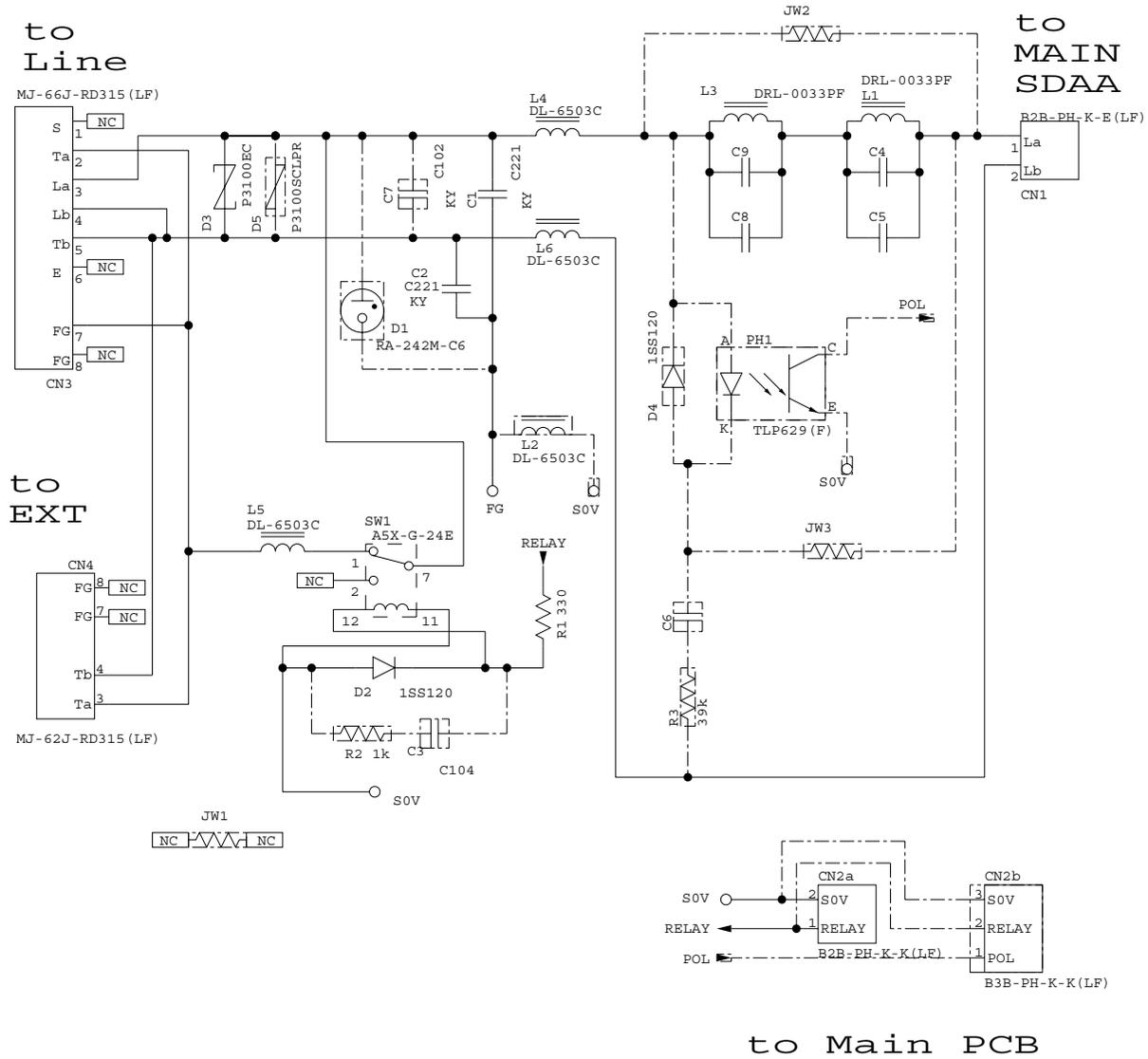
This appendix provides the circuit diagrams of the MJ PCB and power supply PCB.

- A. MJ PCB (U.S.A., Canadian and Asian models)
MJ PCB (European and Oceanian models)
- B. Power supply PCB (U.S.A. and Canadian models)
Power supply PCB (European, Asian and Oceanian models)

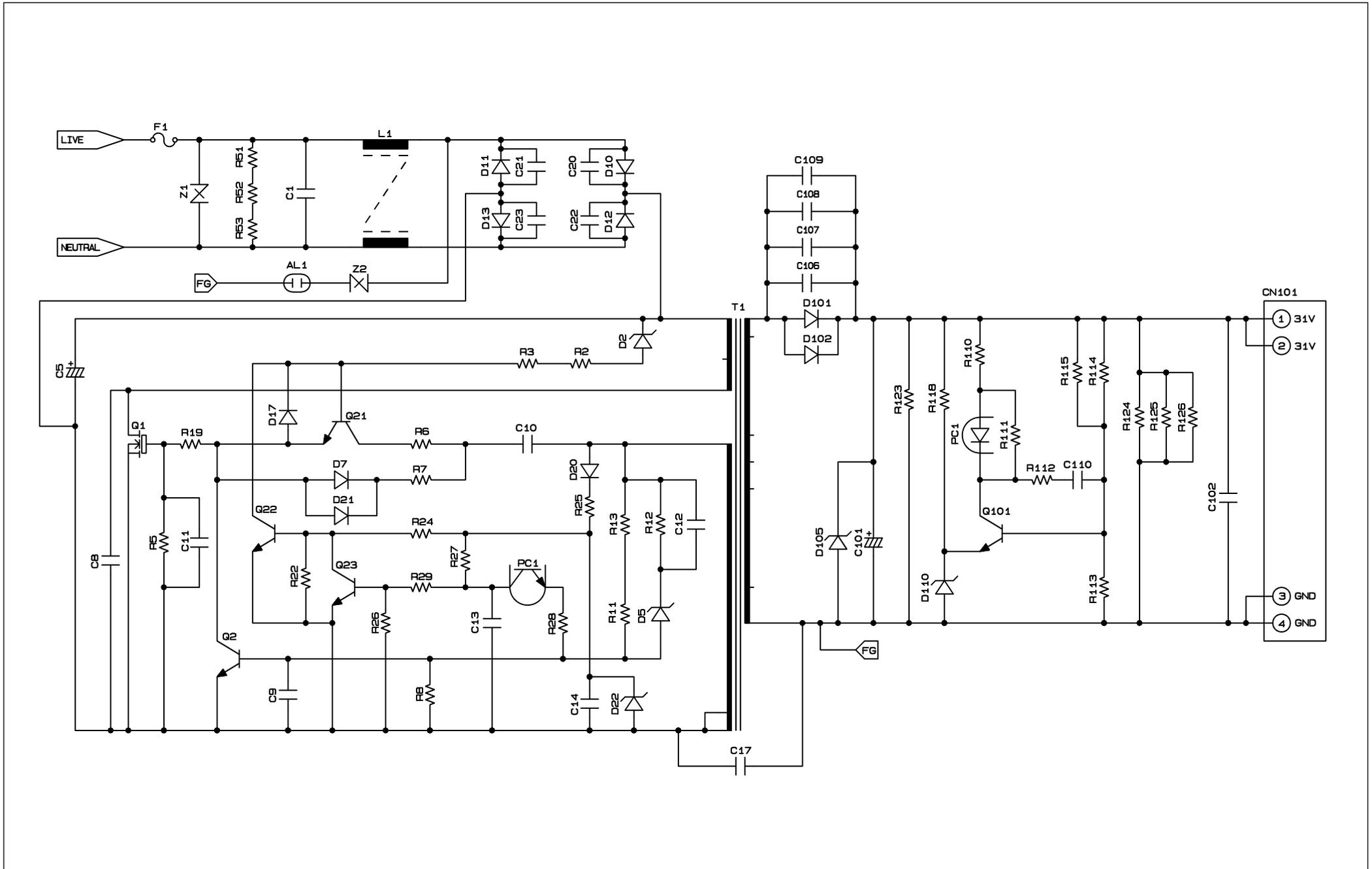
A. MJ PCB (U.S.A., Canadian, and Asian models)



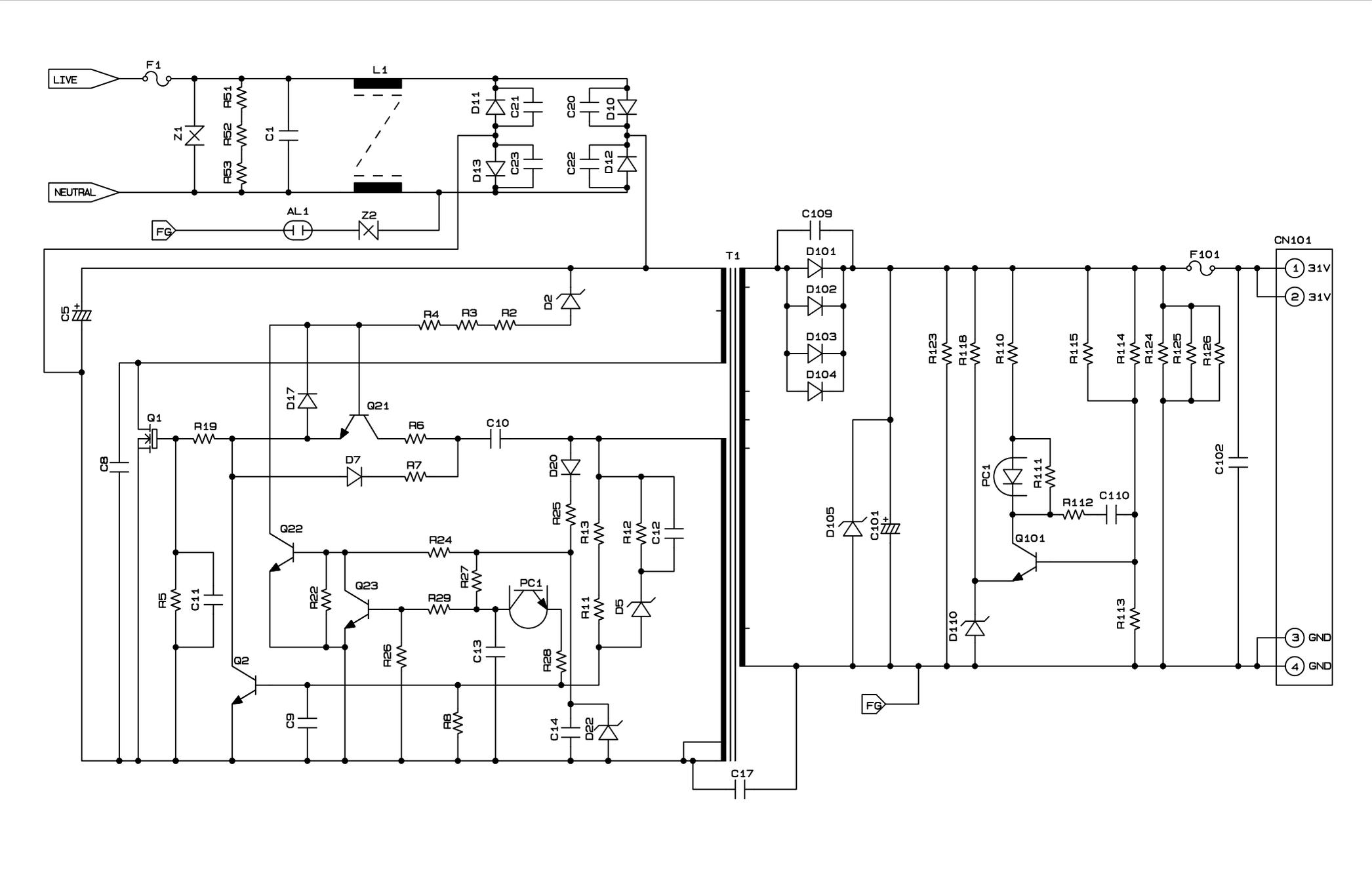
A. MJ PCB (European and Oceanian models)



B. Power supply PCB (U.S.A. and Canadian models)



B. Power supply PCB (European, Asian and Oceanian models)



Appendix 7. Deletion of Personal Information

This appendix provides instructions on how to delete personal information recorded in the machine and cordless handset(s).

A7.1 Deleting Personal Info from the Machine	App. 7-1
A7.2 Deleting Personal Info from the Cordless Handset(s)	App. 7-2

A7.1 Deleting Personal Info from the Machine

The personal information in the machine is recorded in the EEPROM on the main PCB. It cannot be deleted all by a single operation. Use Function codes 01 and 96 in the maintenance mode, unplug the power cord from the electrical outlet, and disconnect the backup battery*.

*For models with backup battery

[1] Using Function Code 01

Using Function code 01 (EEPROM parameter initialization) in the maintenance mode deletes station ID data, dial numbers (for one-touch dialing, speed dialing, and group dialing), and call transfer data that have been recorded in the main PCB.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the machine, press the **Menu and Black Start (Mono Start) keys** in this order. Next press the **▲ key four times** to make the machine enter the maintenance mode.

TIP: FAX models equipped with a numerical keypad can enter the maintenance mode in the same way as conventional models; that is, by pressing the **Menu, *, 2, 8, 6** and **4** keys in this order.

- (2) Press the **0** and **1** keys in this order.

Parameter initialization starts and the "PARAMETER INIT" appears on the LCD.

- (3) Upon completion of parameter initialization, the machine returns to the initial stage of the maintenance mode.

[2] Using Function Code 96

Using Function code 96 in the maintenance mode deletes the activity report.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the machine, press the **Menu, Black Start (Mono Start), ▼, ▲, ▼, ▲** in this order.

The machine enters the maintenance mode and displays the "■■ MAINTENANCE ■■" on the LCD.

- (2) Press the **9** and **6** keys in this order.

Parameter initialization starts.

- (3) Upon completion of the initialization, the machine exits the maintenance mode and returns to the standby state.

[3] Unplugging the power cord from the electrical outlet and disconnecting the backup battery*

*For models with backup battery

Unplugging the power cord from the electrical outlet and disconnecting the backup battery* deletes the Caller ID list, fax data received into memory, transmission verification report (for image), broadcasting report and batch transmission data (in the memory).

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) Unplug the power cord from the electrical outlet.
- (2) For models with backup battery, disconnect the backup battery harness from the main PCB (see [Chapter 6](#)).
- (3) Leave the machine for approx. 24 hours.

A7.2 Deleting Personal Info from the Cordless Handset(s)

The personal information recorded in the cordless handset can be deleted all at once by a single operation. The following procedure deletes the records of sent/received calls and telephone directory recorded in the cordless handset.

■ Operating Procedure

- (1) On the cordless handset, press the **Menu/OK**, *****, **Menu/OK**, and ***** keys in this order. The cordless handset displays the following.

Initialize
Settings?
1. Yes 2. No

- (2) Press the **1** key. The cordless handset displays the following.

All Delete?
1. Yes 2. No

- (3) Press the **1** key again.

All personal information recorded in the cordless handset will be deleted.

- (4) Press the **Off** key.

NOTE: Each cordless handset has individual personal information. If two or more cordless handsets are used, carry out steps (1) through (4) on each of them.

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